

# SOUTHERN CITIZEN.

BY BENJAMIN SWAIN.

WHAT DO WE LIVE FOR, BUT TO IMPROVE OURSELVES AND BE USEFUL TO ONE ANOTHER.

VOLUME 2—NO. XXIII WHOLE NO 73

TERMS—\$2 IN ADVANCE.]

ASHEBORO, N. C. FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1838.

[Or \$3 AFTER 3 MONTHS.

## SOUTHERN CITIZEN.

By B. Swain

Every Friday Morning.

### TERMS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance, or Three Dollars, if not paid within three months from the date of the 1st No. received.

No subscription to be discontinued till all arrearages be paid, unless at the discretion of the Editor.

A failure to order a discontinuance before the expiration of the Subscription year, is equivalent to a new engagement.

All letters, communications &c. to come post paid.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements will be conspicuously and handsomely inserted in new type, at \$1.00 per square of 10 lines, and 25 cts more for subsequent insertion. No advertisement, however short, will be charged less than for a square. Court orders and Judicial advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher; (we sometimes have to wait long for the pay.) Those who advertise by the year will be entitled to a deduction of 33 1/3 per cent, provided they pay in advance.

## The Markets.

### FAYETTEVILLE.

Brandy, peach,	85 a 00
Ditto, apple,	8 a 75
Bacon,	10 a 11
Beeswax,	23 a
Coffee,	12 1/2 a 13 1/2
Cotton,	8 a 9 1/2
Cotton Yarn,	20 a 30
Corn,	75 a 80
Candles, P. F.	18
Flaxseed,	75
Flour,	86 a 7 1/2
Feathers,	40 a
Iron,	5 1/2 a 6
Molasses,	35 a 40
Nails, cut,	7 a 7 1/2
Sugar, brown,	7 a 11
Lump,	10
Loaf,	18 a 20
Salt,	70 a 75
Sack,	8 a 9 1/2
Tobacco, leaf,	8 a 4
Cotton Bagging,	16 a 26
Bale Rope,	8 a 12 1/2
Wheat, new,	81 a 1 10
Whiskey,	40 a 45
Wool,	20 a 25

### CHERAW.

Beef in market,	0 a 7
Bacon from wago's	11 a 12
by retail,	14 a 15
Butter,	12 a 20
Beeswax,	20 a 22
Bagging,	16 a 24
Bale rope,	10 a 12 1/2
Coffee,	12 1/2 a 16
Cotton,	7 a 10
Corn,	75 a 80
Flour Country	650 a 750
Feathers from wagons	40 a 45
Fodder,	100 a 125
Hides green	5
dr	10
Iron	500 a 650
Indigo	75 a 250
Lime	350 a 450
Lard	11 1/2 a 12 1/2
Leather sole	22 a 25
Lea I bar	10
Largwood	10 a 12
Molasses	45 a 60
New Orleans	50 a 60
Nails cut assorted	8 a 9
wrought	16 a 18
Oats	40 a 60
Oil curriers	15 a 100
lamp	125
Impaid	110 a 125
Paints, white lead	325 a 425
Spanish brown	8 a 12 1/2
Pork	600 a 800
Rice	450 a 550
Shot, bag	225 a 250
pound	12 1/2
Sugar	10 a 12 1/2
Salt, sack	300 a 300
salt	87 a 10 1/2
Steel, American	10 a 12
English	14

## THE GOOD SAMARITAN.

CONTRAST.—All nations, from the remotest ages, have had ships; but Columbus only found out the way to America. Before the time of the great Spanish navigator, people were only enabled to paddle about the shores. Just as with the Life Medicines. It is but two short years since I first ventured upon an unknown ocean, and I have discovered the precious object I was in search of—HEALTH. Vegetable medicines were indeed known when I commenced my search, but their use was not. By the use of them, I have not only passed from the dejected invalid, to the hale, hearty and active man of business, but, comparatively speaking, I have renewed my youth. I can, then, with confidence, advise with my fellow citizens, who the reader will permit me to call the VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES are available to his own case? I have on file at my office, 346 Broad way, hundreds of letters, from some of the most respectable citizens of this my native land, voluntarily offering in testimony of the virtues of A GOOD VEGETABLE MEDICINE.

Persons whose constitutions have been nearly ruined by the "ill-infallible" mineral preparations of the day, will bear me witness that the Life Medicines, and such only, are the true course to permanent good health.

JOHN MORFAT.

## GENERAL REMARKS RELATIVE TO Morfat's Life Pills and PHENIX BITTERS.

These medicines have long been known and appreciated, for their extraordinary and immediate powers of restoring physical health, to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

In many hundreds of cases, where, in the very verge of an untimely grave, after all the deceptive nostrums of the day had utterly failed, and to many thousands they have permanently secured that uniform enjoyment of health, without which life itself is but a partial blessing. So great, indeed, has their efficacy invariably and infallibly proved, that it has appeared scarcely less miraculous to those who were unacquainted with the beautiful philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they consequently act. It was to their manifest and sensible action in purifying the springs and channels of life, and ending them with renewed tone and vigor, that they were indebted for their name, which, as mentioned upon them at the spontaneous request of several individuals whose lives they had obviously saved.

The proprietor rejoices in the opportunity afforded by the universal diffusion of the daily press, for placing his VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS within the knowledge and reach of every individual in the community. Unlike the host of pernicious quackeries, which boast of vegetable ingredients, the Life Pills are purely and solely vegetable, and contain neither Mercury, Antimony, Arsenic, nor any other mineral, in any form whatever. They are entirely composed of extracts from rare and powerful plants, the virtues of which, though long known to several Indian Tribes, and recently to some eminent pharmaceutical chemists, are altogether unknown to the ignorant pretenders to medical science, and were never before administered in so happily efficacious a combination.

Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels, the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened masses which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these, and leave such caked masses behind, as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent danger. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death, and hence the prejudice of the well informed men against the quack medicines of the age. The second effect of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means, the liver and the lungs the healthful action of which entirely depends on the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood, which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, course freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases, to which the Vegetable Life Pills are well known to be infallible:

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure healthy bile, instead of the stale and acid kind;—FURUNCLE, Populotion of the Heart, Loss of Appetite, Heart burn and Headache, Indigestion, Insomniac, Anxiety, Languor, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure. Constancy, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges have the bowels constive within two days. Diarrhoea and Cholera, by removing the sharp acrid fluids by which these complaints are occasioned, and by promoting the lubricative secretion of the mucous membrane. Fevers of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of perspiration in some cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstructions in others. The LIFE PILLS have been known to cure Rheumatism permanently in three weeks, and heal in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints. Dropsies of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder, they operate most effectually on these important organs, and

hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of Gravel, Alton, Hernia, the stony matter to which these creatures adhere, Jaundice and Consumption, by relaxing the air vessels of the lungs from the mucus, which even slight colds will occasion, which if not removed becomes hardened, and produces those dreadful diseases. Scoury, Ulcers, and Incontinent Stools, by the perfect purity which these Life Pills give to the blood, and all the humors;—Cutaneous Eruptions, and Bad Complexions, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, the morbid state of which occasions all Eruptive complaints, Scallous Clouds, and other disagreeable Complexions. The use of these Pills for a very short time, will effect an entire cure of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, and a striking improvement in the Cleanness of the skin. Consumption and Influenza, will always be cured by one dose, or by two, even in the worst cases. Piles, as a remedy for this most distressing and obstinate malady the Vegetable Life Pills deserve a distinct and emphatic recommendation. It is well known to hundreds in this city, that the Proprietor of these invaluable Pills, was himself afflicted with this complaint for upwards of thirty five years, and that he tried in vain every remedy prescribed within the whole compass of the Materia Medica. He however, at length, tried the medicine which he now offers to the public, and he was cured in a very short time, after his recovery had been pronounced not only improbable, but absolutely impossible, by any human means.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—The Proprietor of the VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS do not follow the base and unnecessary practice of the quack of the day, in advising persons to take his Pills in large quantities. No good medicine can possibly be so required. These Pills are to be taken at bed time every night, for a week or fortnight, according to the obstinacy of the disease. The usual dose is from 2 to 5, according to the constitution of the person. Very delicate persons should begin with but two, and increase as the nature of the case may require; those more robust, or of a very costive habit, may begin with 3, and increase to 4, or even 5 Pills, and they will effect a sufficient happy change to guide the patient in their further use. These Pills sometimes occasion sickness and vomiting, through very acid, unless the stomach is very foul, this, however, may be considered a favorite symptom, as the patient will find himself at once relieved, and by perseverance will soon recover. They usually operate within 10 or 12 hours, and never give pain, unless the bowels are very much impeded. They may be taken by the most delicate females under any circumstances.—It is, however, recommended that those in latter periods of pregnancy should take but one at a time, and thus continue to keep the bowels open; and even two may be taken where the patient is very costive. One pill is a solution of two table spoons full of water may be given to an infant in the following doses—A tea spoon full every two hours till it operates; for a child from one to five years of age, half a pill—and from five to ten, one pill.

THE PHENIX BITTERS, are so called, because they possess the power of restoring the expiring embers of health, to a glowing vigor through the constitution, as the Phoenix is said to be restored to life from the ashes of its own dissolution. The Phenix Bitters are entirely vegetable, composed of roots found only in certain parts of the western country, which will infallibly cure FEVERS AND AGUES of all kinds, will never fail to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury, infinitely more than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla, and will immediately cure the determination of BLOOD TO THE HEAD, or over full in the sickness incident to young females; and will insure a certain remedy in all cases of nervous debility and weakness of the most impaired constitutions. As a remedy for Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, the efficacy of the Phenix Bitters will be demonstrated by the use of a single bottle.

The usual dose of these bitters is half a wine glass full, in water or wine, and this quantity may be taken two or three times a day, about half an hour before meals, or a less quantity may be taken at all times. To those who are afflicted with indigestion after meals, these Bitters will prove invaluable, as they very greatly increase the action of the principal viscera; help them to perform their functions, and enable the stomach to discharge into the bowels whatever is offensive. This indigestion is easily and speedily removed, appetite restored, and the mouths of the absorbent vessels being cleansed, nutrition is facilitated, and strength of body and energy of mind are the happy results. For further particulars of MORFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHENIX BITTERS, apply at Morfat's Office, No. 346 Broadway, New York, where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle.—Caution: Beware of the counterfeit of the wonderful efficacy of both, may be there inspected.

In some obstinate and complicated cases of chronic and inflammatory Rheumatism, Liver Complaints, Pains and Agues, Dyspepsia, Paltry, Piles, injuries from the use of Mercury, gonorrhoea, and other diseases of long standing, it may be found necessary to take both the Life Pills and the Phenix Bitters, in the doses before recommended.

N. B.—These Pills and the Bitters will get all Mercury out of the system infinitely faster than the best preparations of Sarsaparilla, and are a certain remedy for the tainting of blood to the head, or all violent headaches, double vision, &c.—All persons who are predisposed to apoplexy, palsy, &c., should never be without the Life Pills or the Bitters, for one dose in time will save life. They regulate the circulation of the blood, draw all poisons from the head, restore perspiration, and throw off every impurity by the pores of the skin.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Persons using the Life Medicines, are advised to take the Pills at night, in sufficient quantities to operate two or three times on the bowels in the course of the next day. All do take a table spoon full of the Bitters half an hour before each meal. For those of a delicate or enfeebled constitution, half the quantity may be sufficient.—13—1y

For further particulars of the above medicine, see Morfat's "Good Samaritan"—a copy of which accompanies the medicine. A copy can also be had on application to the Agent Mr. G. G. Moffitt at Asheborough N. C.

## LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

THE invaluable medicine, so long anxiously expected from New York, has at length come to hand, and is now

### FOR SALE

at MY STORE opposite the "Citizen" Printing office.

F. G. MOFFITT, Agent Asheborough, N. C. June 1 1838. ALL orders, far and near, will be promptly attended to.

F. G. M. 21—

## BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public that he still continues to carry on the above business on west side of main street, and nearly opposite the printing office and is prepared with good materials to execute all orders in his line; he has on hand and will continue to keep an assortment of coarse and fine BOOTS, SHOES, PUMPS &c. executed in the most fashionable style, and warranted genuine. He returns his thanks to the public for past favors, and hopes to receive a continuance of the same. Repairing done neatly at shortest notice. He has on hand, for sale, a quantity of upper leather.

E. G. MOFFITT, Asheboro, N. C. May 28, 1838.—20

## Extracts from the Wife, by Dr. Alcott MORAL INFLUENCE OF THE WIFE ON THE HUSBAND.

Every wife has it in her power to make her husband either better or worse. This result is accomplished, not merely by giving advice and instruction alone. Both these have their influence; and as means of improvement, should not be neglected. But it is by the general tone and spirit of her conversation, as manifesting the temper and disposition of the heart, that she makes the most abiding impressions. These are modifying his character daily and hourly; sometimes even when absent.

It has been said of the wife of Jonathan Edwards, that by enabling him to perform his powers unembarrassed, she conferred a greater benefit upon mankind, than all the female characters that will ever live. A similar remark might be applied to the mother of almost every great and good man. Woman's true greatness consists, so it seems to me, in rendering others useful, rather in being useful herself. Or, in other words, it is her office to be seen and known in society, than to make others seen and known and their influence felt.

I might give numerous illustrations of the principle I am endeavoring to sustain both in this country and elsewhere. I might speak of the mother and the wife of Washington of the mother of Dwight, Franklin, Wilberforce, Whitfield, Timothy, and hundreds of others; for it was by the exercise of the duties not only of the mother, but of the wife, that these illustrious characters were brought forth to the world. But I will confine myself to a single instance; and that one in which the influence upon the husband was direct.

The case to which I refer, is that of Sir James MacIntosh, whose fame as a jurist, a statesman and writer is well known, not only in Europe and America, but in India; and whose efforts in the cause of science and humanity, have rarely been equalled. Few men have

done more, thro' the progress of long life, than he; and few have at any rate, been more distinguished for extensive learning, large views, and liberal principles, in law, politics and philosophy; but especially in his favorite department of the law. It was he of whom Sir W. Scott said, on a certain occasion, that he made "the most brilliant speech ever heard at the bar or in the forum." Yet this great man if we may believe his own story, owed no small share of his greatness to the assistance and influence of his wife. Of this the following extract from a letter of his to a friend, describing her character, after her decease, will most abundantly prove. The last clause includes it will be seen, a passing tribute to another person—probably his mother, which doubtless the extract I have made in exhibiting the influence of two females in the formation of a character, instead of but one.

"Allow me in justice to her memory, to tell what she was, and what I owed her. I was guided in my choice only by the blind affection of youth. I found an intelligent companion, and a tender friend, a prudent monitor, the most faithful of wives, and a mother as tender as children ever had the misfortune to lose. I met a woman who by the tender management, of my weakness, is gradually corrected the most pernicious of them. She became prudent from affection; and though of the most generous nature, she was taught frugality and economy by her love for me.

"During the most critical period of my life, she preserved order in my affairs, from the care of which she relieved me. She generally reclaimed me from dissipation; she propped my weak and resolute nature; she urged my indolence to all the exertions that have been useful or creditable to me, and she was perpetually at hand to admonish my heedlessness and improvidence. To her I owe whatever I am to her, whatever I shall be. In her solicitude for my interest, she never for a moment forgot my feelings or my character. Even in her occasional resentments, for which I but too often gave her cause, (would to God I could recall these moments,) she had no sullenness or acrimony. Her feelings were warm and impetuous, but she was placable, tender, and constant.

"Such was she whom I have test; and I have lost her when her excellent natural sense was rapidly improving, after eight years of struggle and distress had bound us fast to each other when a knowledge of her worth, had refined my youthful love into friendship, before age had deprived it of much of its original ardor. I lost her, alas! (the choice of my youth and the partner of my misfortunes,) at a moment when I had a prospect of her shearing my better days.

Who—what wife especially, can read these paragraphs, without feeling enkindled within her to be distinguished in the world, so not so much in her own name as by her influence on her husband's family, and through them on others! She thus becomes not so much the instrument of human anchorage, as the moving agent.

## WORTH TRYING.

It is said, on the authority of a paper read before the Entomological Society of London, that a net of fine black thread with the meshes an inch square, placed against an open window, will effectually exclude flies, owing to an optical illusion produced by the net in the eyes of the insect. If this be true, tidy housewives and watchful nurses, will find it a discovery of much importance.

Villencous.—An attempt was made a few days ago, we learn from the Franklin Argus, by some despicable wretch, to poison the family of Mr. Jeremiah Stansel of Springborough, Warren county, Ohio, by putting arsenic in the well. The milky appearance of the water, occasioned by the arsenic, happily enabled the family to detect the infamous attempt before any of the water was drunk.

We believe this is the second attempt made to poison the same family, who have no suspicion of the guilty villain. Cincinnati Whig.