

under-handed resorts, to dupe and deceive the people of this district. We have a list of some of Mr. Fisher's travelling agents; and our correspondents will be good enough to furnish us with the balance, or as many as they can collect,—for publication as soon as practicable. These sycophantic hirings ought to be known to the world,—that their merits may be duly appreciated, and their influence reduced to its proper level.

ANOTHER SHIFT.
Some of the Fisher-men, finding nothing else will do, propose betting largely on the Election. A hundred dollars, (wonder whose money?) was offered to be staked here this week, by one of the "travelling agents,"—knowing, as we suppose, that the Whigs, (or Henderson men,) have too much respect for themselves, their country, and the cause they advocate, to respond to such driving maneuvers; and thinking thereby to create an impression that Fisher's prospects were brightening, without jeopardizing their cash—they do it all for effect. They take special care however—where, and in what company, they resort to betting proposals; but sometimes get mistaken. It happened at one of the tax-gatherings in this County, that they met with a Whig who "would not take a banter, in any way they could fix it;"—and the consequence was, as might be supposed, they had to back out. Is it a part of the electioneering fund raised in Washington, that these fellows are sent out to bet with? We ask for information.

MR. FISHER NOT A SUB-TREASURY MAN!!

Strange that this gentleman should quarrel with the Whigs for calling him Sub-Treasury man. Hear what the Globe says of his politics:
"There is a strong ground for hoping that we shall carry the District lately represented by Mr. Reucher, who has declined, and will, be succeeded, we confidently hope, by a States Rights man of character and talent, who advocates independent Treasury."
The paper from which the above quotation is made is the organ of the Administration party. And although it cannot be supposed to know Mr. F.'s politics better than himself, yet the Editor of the Globe, as well as most other Van Buren Editors, knows full well, that he was one of their party, until he began to feel himself deeply interested to take a seat in the next Congress. What does he do then but haul off ostensibly and pretend to be a Whig. The matter has been, we have no doubt, secretly understood among the Editors & about home, as well as among the leading Van Buren voters. With that party, he passes at this moment, almost unanimously, but secretly, as a Van Buren man "good enough for them." And we further understood that these things are to be kept close as the secrets of Masonry, until after the election.

"Once a Coward and always a coward."—The Editors of the Salisbury Carolinian are still afraid to send their paper. We mention it here publicly, to save the trouble of answering the question five hundred times over every day,—whether the "Carolinian" can and fire yet? The opinion about here is that these gentlemen have been killed by Col—the famous letter-writer, who, in the time of the noted negro war, instead of mustering his men, as found—Where?—"under his wife's bed," covered up with sheepskins.

FAIRLY CAUGHT.

We have often had occasion to remark the low-cunning and falsehood of the Administration, (or Fisher) party in this District. We do not by any means include every individual composing that party in our denunciations here elsewhere. For we know, and frankly admit, that there are honest men in their ranks. But as a party, they are generally not entitled to confidence.—and this is proved by several considerations: Look to the wretched predicament into which they have either ignorantly or viciously plunged the Govern-

ment. Every thing out of order; and going to destruction. Then see the desperate effort they have made and are constantly making to hide and conceal the causes from public view. Public officers of all grades are daily defaulting and running away with the substance of the nation. And besides all this, who can witness, without a blush of shame—a gust of indignation and wrath, the means, the corrupt means resorted to by the party, to procure the election of their favorites.

We have seen enough in our own District to justify all that we have said and a thousand times more; but we are more particularly alluding now to a disclosure that has just come out on Dr. Montgomery, the Locofoco Candidate for Congress in the Hillsborough district. The facts are these:

Dr. Montgomery wrote two private letters to Mr. Deberry's District, stating the fact, that Mr. Deberry had voted for nearly all the extravagant appropriations of 1838, against which he is now declaiming. He wished these letters to be used privately, and thought they would have great effect,—as he had once beaten Gen. Barringer in the same way. These letters referred to the Journal and page where the votes were to be found. It so turned out that Mr. Morris (Deberry's opponent) found out that Mr. Deberry had been disappointed in receiving the Journals, and became more bold in the matter—at length he produced the letters publicly. But as good luck would have it, just as he brought out his evidences—convicting Mr. D. of inconsistency.—Lo! and behold! the Journals of Congress are brought forth! to the utter dismay of Mr. Morris. These documents are examined—according to reference in the letters. And DR. MONTGOMERY'S STATEMENTS ALL TURN OUT TO BE FALSE!!!

These facts we make out briefly from the last number of the Fayetteville Observer, which contains the Correspondence more at large.

IX. *Do it for the people.* The Literary Fund, by the joint action of the Whigs and Locofocos, has been appropriated to each district in equal amounts where the State shall be in favor of the establishment of Common Schools, which shall be paid for by the State Treasury, upon the warrant of the Governor, upon the certificate of the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the said fund, that such appropriation is in conformity with the provisions of the act in that behalf made, and that the same shall be applied to the support of common schools in the district to which the same shall be applied.

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MANUFACTURES.
We are never better pleased than when we are enabled to record any fact indicative of the growing enterprise, wealth and independence of North Carolina.—We therefore hail with particular joy the progress of the manufacturing interest among us. Nature has placed an insuperable bar to our rivalling our Southern neighbors in the culture of Cotton, and has pointed out with an unerring index, the road to prosperity in manufactures. We are rapidly travelling in that road.

The Richmond Manufacturing Company have lately started a portion of their machinery, which, we learn, is working handsomely. Their building, a handsome four story brick edifice, 84 feet long by 47 wide, is situated on a beautiful eminence a few hundred yards from the Town of Rockingham, the county town of Richmond. It is capable of containing 500 spindles, with necessary looms &c.; about 1000 spindles have been received; and other portions of the machinery will be received in the course of the ensuing winter.—Falling Creek, on which the Factory is situated, has a fall of more than 20 feet at that place, with water sufficient to drive all the machinery. White labor only is employed.

Messrs. Hall & Johnson of this town, in connection with Mr. W. Taylor, are assiduously engaged in putting up a Cotton Factory on Beaver Creek, in this vicinity.

Another company has been formed here, but a site is not yet fixed on. The Rockfish Company, in this vicinity, whose Factory will be by far the largest establishment in the State, are now prosecuting their work with energy. The main building will be completed in the course of a few weeks, and it is hoped that they will commence spinning this fall. To all we offer our best wishes of success.

Fayetteville Observer.
"Whigs to the rescue!" shouts the Banner. Better pitch your tune anew—say
"Hark, from the tombs, &c."
Union.

Well, any way you please. So here you have it:
"Hark from the tombs a doleful sound!
Thine years attend the cry!
Ye Locofocos view the ground,
Where you must shortly lie."
Memphis Enquirer.

"THE UNION OF THE WHIGS, FOR THE SAKE OF THE UNION."

This was the toast of Mr. Henry A. Wise of Virginia, at a fourth of July dinner near Philadelphia. It should be the watchword—and reply's from the St. Lawrence to the Sabine.—16.

In Illinois it is proposed to cultivate the Sunflower. It is said that more of the seed can be produced on an acre than of corn, and 25 cents a bushel are paid for it to make oil of. The cake, after the oil is pressed out, is good for cattle, and the stalks, in the broad prairies, make quite tolerable fuel.

Harvest Moon.—What is called the harvest moon, or the rising of the moon for several successive nights with small difference in the time, will be observable at the next full. The least difference will be 10 minutes. The next remarkable harvest moon does not occur until 1857.—*Wilmington Chronicle.*

A false friend is like a shadow on a hat: it appears in clear weather, but vanishes soon as a cloud appears.

WELLERISMS.

Money is very tight—as the thief said when he was trying to open a bank vault.
"The way of the transgressor is hard," as the thief said when he had to run away over frozen ground.
Don't you feel bilious, as the mosquito said when he plunged his proboscis into a man's leg.
You're a sharp one" as the pig said to the butcher's knife when it stuck him.

MARRIED,

At Col. Joshua Craven's, in this County, on Thursday evening the 25th ult. by James M. A. Drake, Esq. Mr. SAMUEL J. FINCH, (Foreman in the Citizen Office,) to Miss EMELINE A. CRAVEN, youngest daughter of Col. Craven.—All for Henderson.

You, my friends, have a journey before you,
Which we hope to see scattered with flowers,
May the mantle of love, thus spread o'er you,
Protect and enliven your powers.

Let the bride act the part that's assigned her;
And the groom never cease to do his,
If envy intrudes—never mind her,
Take ought from each other amiss.

Between those the most happily wedded
Some forbearance, now and then, is required,
And your progress through life will be aided,
If by virtuous affection inspired.

Say not that our lecture's too grave
For a guest that so lately was cheery:
A time to be thoughtful we have,
As well as a time to be merry.

We must close with a word to the single;
They would marry, but are want to deny it,
In connubial bliss you should mingle:
Then spur up your courage and try it.

Our Devil says we lack a line
To end the matter nicely:—
"Return my thanks for CAKE SO FINE;—
Just half enough,—precisely."

Common Schools.

The people of Randolph County will take notice, that at the next Election to be held for a member of Congress, on the 2nd Thursday (8th day) of August next,—an Election will also be held "to ascertain the sense of the people on the subject of Common Schools; and all who are in favor of raising by taxation, One dollar for every two dollars proposed to be furnished out of the Literary fund, for the establishment of common schools in each district, will deposit their vote with the word "School" written on it; those opposed to it will vote "no School" upon their ticket.—All who are eligible to vote for members of the house of Commons, shall be entitled to vote in this Election!"
ISAAC WHITE, Shff.
June 13th 1839.

ASHEBOROUGH FEMALE ACADEMY.



THE Exercises of the Female Academy at this place will commence on Monday the 17th day of June, instant, under the direction of

MISS ELIZA REA,
of Boston. The Trustees believe, from the testimonials she brings with her, that she is eminently qualified by her experience, her education and in every other respect, to take charge of such an institution.

The prices of tuition for a session of five months will be \$6 for Spelling, Reading and Writing; \$8 for Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic; and \$10 for Philosophy, Rhetoric, Needlework, &c.; and \$20 for Music on the Piano. Particular attention will be paid throughout to Spelling, Reading and Writing.

This place is believed to be as healthy as any other in the United States, and board may be had in any private family in the place at \$6 per month. It is intended to give a thorough course of instruction in this institution, and to qualify the pupils in every respect to take their places in society.

The Trustees flatter themselves that the distinguished qualifications of the lady whom they have engaged to take charge of the School, the health of the place, and the low price which the inhabitants have consented to charge for board, will attract to the institution a liberal share of public patronage.

J. WORTH,
HUGH McCAIN,
A. H. MARSH,
GEORGE HOOVER, Trustees.
June 14, 1839. 20.1f.
The Cheraw Gazette and Fayetteville Observer will insert 3 times.
BLANK DEEDS for sale here.

WANTED,

A First rate Shoe and Boot maker, to whom liberal wages and constant employment will be given—apply soon.
E. G. MOFFITT.
July 25, 1839. 26.1f.

THOS. SANDFORD,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,
Wilmington, N. C.
Refer to Messrs. E. L. & W. Winslow, John Huske & Son, Yarbrough & Ray, C. T. Haigh, E. W. Wilkings, C. J. Orrell, Joseph Baker, Curtis & Myrover.
Fayetteville.
July 5, 1839. 28-3m

COMMISSION & FORWARDING BUSINESS.

THE Subscribers have established themselves in Wilmington for the transaction of the above business, and solicit a share of public patronage.—Having been accustomed to the business, and intending to devote their attention exclusively to it, they pledge themselves to give satisfaction to those who may patronize them. Merchants living in the interior may rely on having prompt and early advices of arrival and shipment of their Goods, and those who supply themselves with Groceries from Wilmington, will be regularly advised of arrivals and the state of the market. Strict attention will also be given to the sale of Produce, Lumber, Timber, &c.
McGARY & McTAGGART.
Wilmington, May 20, 1839. 18-6m

REYNOLDS' FOUNDRY.

THIS Establishment has recently been removed to Stokes county, 4 miles East of Salem,—where the business will be continued under the proprietorship of JOSEPH WEASONER, & Co. A good assortment of Castings is still kept on hand at the former place. And in case application be made for such as are not immediately on hand, they will be promptly sent for to the Foundry, and had on short notice. Prices will continue as heretofore. If application be made by letter, address the Subscriber at "Center P. O. Guilford county" N. C."
JOE REYNOLDS.
June 26, 1839. 22-3m.

Land Sale.

BY Virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity in and for the County of Randolph, I shall expose to sale at Asheboro' on the 2nd day of August, the lands belonging to the estate of George Fraizer deceased lying on the waters of Brush Creek in Randolph county. Twelve months credit will be given, by the purchaser's entering into bond and security for the purchase money; and the Clerk and Master will reserve the title till the purchase money be paid.
J. WORTH, C. M. C.
June, 1839. 25 6w.

JOB PRINTING

Done, with neatness and despatch, at this office.
Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

THE MARKETS.

	Fayetteville	Cheraw.
Bacon,	12 a 13	10 a 12
Beeswax,	20 a 25	22 a 24
Brandy, apple	60 a 70	
ditto, peach,	100	
Butter,	20 a 25	15 a 25
Coffee,	12 1/2 a 13 1/2	12 1/2 a 15
Cotton,	12 a 12 1/2	14 a 17
Corn,	100 a 110	87 a 100
Cotton Yarn,	24 a 32	
Feathers,	45	40 a 46
Flaxseed,	100 a 125	
Flour, new	600 a 650	625 a 675
Hides, dry,		10
Iron,	550 a 600	550 a 650
Lard,	12 1/2	12 1/2 a 15
Molasses,	36 a 40	45 a 50
Nails cut,	7 1/2 a 8	7 1/2 a 9
Sugar,	8 a 12	10 a 12
Salt,	75 a 90	100 a
Tallow,		10 a 16
Tobacco, leaf,	8	10
Wheat,	100 a 110	
Whiskey,	50	
Wool,	17 a 20	