

RESPONSE

of the National Intelligencer.

NEW YORK, August 20th.

For the packet which sailed to-day exchange on England was effected at 108 1/2. There appears to be a plentiful supply at about that rate. Of course, little or no specie will go out, when exchange can be negotiated at 108 1/2 and 109. The difficulty in the money market, however, is the embarrassment of our moneyed relations with England. We are so closely connected with London, that we seriously feel the mutations of that emporium.

A flour fever seized our merchants yesterday, and raged till dark. It was difficult in the early part of the day to obtain authentic information respecting the prospect of the crops in Great Britain, and some rumored at one time that there was a prospect of no crop at all. It was well known also that orders had come from Liverpool for the purchase of flour, but at what price, and what quantity, was left to rumor. The result of this agitation was, that flour immediately went up 25 cents per barrel, and many dreamed that it would go up at least 25 cents more to-day. The market, however, to-day is at a stand still. The rise is not sustained.

The city continues remarkably healthy, notwithstanding many and constant changes of the weather, which are very much calculated to affect the health of the city.

New York, August 21.

Mr. Clay will be heartily welcomed to the city anon. The weather is beautiful. The rain has gone, and the sun is clear.

The Conservatives of this State have called a convention for the State Oct. 3. New York arms now for the conflict. The Whigs are undismayed. The rout in Indiana and the drawn battle in Tennessee but wakes up the Empire State to the magnitude of her vote and her position upon the Presidential question. A shout of defiance comes back from her hills and valleys, as the news of disasters elsewhere is spread abroad here. It is a pity that we are not to have a concentrated action, but a battle by platoons only, for the State Legislature;—and yet, if Mr. Van Buren gets us, he has got to do more than come—to take us.

The official organ quotes my correspondence in honor of Mr. Hoyt, the Collector of this port; to which I have no objection, but in the connexion with the official remarks. M. Hoyt is doing his duty, I believe, with fidelity to the Public; and there is not a breath of suspicion against his integrity. But he stands no better in this community than Mr. Swartwout did when Gen Jackson made him Collector, and when the Senate, by a party vote, and in spite of the Whig opposition in the Senate, made him Collector of New York. I am not going to be questioned by the Official respecting the corruptions in the New York Custom-house, either among its ex-officers or its existing officers. That Mr. Swartwout did not improve its morals because Mr. Woodbury did not require of him obedience to the laws, is a palpable fact. Even with all the faith I have in the integrity of the present Collector, I have not the least faith in some of his important subordinates.—Some of them are hardly naturalized citizens. A good portion of them are pensioners, purchased off from Park disorganizing Locofocoism, so as to buy silence of them. Whenever the importing foreigner out-bids the Government, men who sell their principles thus will also sell the Government. The Globe, however, is on the wrong scent in its allusion to an ex-official in the Custom-house, and it is none of my business to put it right.

New York, August 22.

For a record of the welcome, so hearty, so cheering, so abundant, given to Mr. Clay, I commend you to the Newspapers. We made no effort for a show. We spent no money. We drummed up no procession. The people came as the winds come. We have shown what New York numbers are, what New York enthusiasm is, what merit wins as well as power.

The Mayor of the city last evening called on Mr. Clay, and with great civility tendered him the use of the Governor's room in the City Hall for the reception of his friends, which offer was accepted; and to-day the City Hall from 11 o'clock to 2 o'clock was thronged with visitors. Mr. C. visited the Bowery Theatre last night, visits the Park Theatre to-night, the American Institute to-morrow, and Niblo's Garden to-morrow night. These theatrical and garden visits are necessary, because only in public places can the curiosity of the ladies be gratified who wish to see the without man.

The Globe accuses me of misrepresentations in my statements of the movements of Treasury notes, and has made "proper inquiries," &c. The Globe is unquestionably right that no money has been raised on Treasury notes "during the last week," because no bank, in the face of the community, dare now give the Federal Treasury money on hypothecated Treasury notes. I have no doubt that the negotiations of Mr. Woodbury with Mr. Newbold, the President of the Bank of America, for the hypothecation of an immense amount of Treasury notes was made prior to June 30, since which "no issues have been made;" but it is universally believed in Wall street—indeed it is not denied, and always admitted—that these hypothecated notes have been floating in market, and are now floating in market, for sale under the par of bank notes without interest. A Savings Bank has since June 30, taken \$100,000 in them. Thus the Globe quibbles and tells the truth, and I state facts without the quibble.

Now, as to the fact of the Government running the banks for specie. A check of a Collector for \$100,000, on the State Bank, was drawn in specie by a merchant who has a house in the Mediterranean, and who is the reputed agent of the Government there for paying the expenses of the U. S. squadron there. In the course of settling balances, the specie was supplied by the Bank of America.

Now that I have supplied the Globe with the data for my facts, it will do me a great favor, and the Public a greater favor, if it will by authority state what Mr. Hoyt, the Collector, does with Treasury notes after he receives them at the Custom-House. This is a question of importance, and Mr. Woodbury can have no objection to its being answered, after "proper inquiries."

New York, August 24.

The Liverpool steam-ship left about 3 o'clock. Louis McLane was one among the passengers. The rate of exchange has been 108 1/2, on bills drawn on the U. S. Bank—and, of course, when that institution can provide exchange for that, no specie should be shipped; but, it is said, some which the Bank of England loaned to this country has gone out.

A "long, low, black-looking schooner" has been off the coast, which the newspapers of yesterday described.—She is supposed to be a slave ship, in which the slaves have risen upon the captain and crew. The U. S. Steamship Fulton and the U. S. schooner Wave have been sent out after her.—The Collector of this port has sent an account of her to the Collectors at New-haven, New London, Newport and Boston, requesting the cutters to be sent out after her by the way of Montauk Point; and information has also been given to the Collectors of Philadelphia and Norfolk.

Mr. Clay left the city this morning for Philadelphia. He was honored to the last by all the hospitality, civilities, and attention it was in the power of his numerous friends to bestow. What has been done here in his honor has cost no preparation, no effort at all, no expense—but has been a voluntary heart-offering of a grateful city. The Pulaski Cadets this morning fired a national salute when he left the city. A great number of the people was on the wharves, near the Jersey Ferryboat, when he left.

The Rhode Island election for two Members of Congress is on Tuesday.—Desperate efforts have been made here and elsewhere to capture the two members from the Whigs, with what success we shall soon see.

The money market exhibits no changes for the better. The domestic exchanges are as bad as ever.

From the following paragraph it appears that Baltimore is not the only one of our Metropolitan cities whose peace and safety is endangered by popular disorders, though that by which the city of Richmond was threatened appears to have had its origin in misdirected zeal rather than in wilful malevolence: A mob frustrated.—We came very near having considerable of a mob in our peaceable city on the night of Monday. For several days it had been talked about that on that night the gamblers were to be mobbed. So seldom is there any riotous inclination evinced here, however, that we thought nothing of the report, and did not recollect that the appointed night had arrived until, from singular movements about the streets, we were reminded of it. Some hundred or more young men assembled at the market-house, and proceeded up town, about 10 o'clock, to carry out their design of "breaking up" the gamblers. But before they "commenced business" the police caused the bells to be rung, & the alarm of fire was given. This diverted the attention of

the crowd, and so confused it that it did not reorganize; and the night went off quietly, both parties to the affair that was to have been being allowed to sleep most placidly the greater part of the night, so as that could have been prevented by the interference of the one with the other.

Exeter (N. H.) August 20.

Our quiet village was thrown into a state of excitement this morning by the arrest of Hiram Whittemore, Assistant Postmaster at this place, by process issued by the U. S. Attorney, for purloining money from sundry letters as they passed through this office. It seems that several parcels of money, directed to Dover, have been missed, which led to suspicions of persons in this office; and Mr. Smith, the Postmaster at Dover, wrote to the Department, and got authority to search the mails as they passed this and other offices; and yesterday he caused letters, containing money, and directed to Dover, to be mailed at Haverhill and Epping, and then followed the mail from this place to Lamprey river, and there opened it, and found one of the letters mailed by him missing, and the money taken from the other two. He then returned to Exeter, and late last evening caused the Assistant Postmaster to be arrested and examined, and the identical bills contained in the two letters, which had been marked by him, were found on his person, and the other was found among the waste paper in the office.

We understand that Letters were yesterday received in this city from the United States Exploring Expedition, which, after having spent considerable time in pushing its exploration to the South, reached Valparaiso, on the Pacific Ocean, about the middle of May, the officers and crews of the vessels composing the squadron being generally in excellent health and spirits, notwithstanding the fatigues which they had undergone.

We learn, further, that the Expedition forced its way to a point further south than ever American enterprise has ever before reached, leaving considerably astern the discoveries of the French and Russian exploring expeditions, including the latest. This is a feather in the cap of our Navy.

National Intelligencer.

We regret to announce that our esteemed fellow-citizen, Commodore Daniel T. Patterson, of the United States Navy, and Commandant of the Navy Yard and Station in this city, expired on the morning of Saturday, the 20th instant, at a quarter past 8 o'clock, at his residence in the said yard, after a short but severe illness of 30 hours.

Nat. Int.

Artemas Ward, Esq., Chief Justice of the Common Court of Pleas of Massachusetts, has resigned that office, which he has held from the first establishment of the court.

TENNESSEE.

The Nashville Banner has the following statement of the result of the election for governor: Polk's maj. in Middle Tennessee, 4,403. Cannon's maj. in Western District, 1,987. Cannon's maj. in East Tennessee, 361. Polk's maj. in the State, 2,055.

The State Senate will consist of 11 Whigs and 14 Administration members. The House will consist of 33 Whigs and 42 Administration members.

Nat. Intelligencer.

The Annapolis Republican states that a Mr. Norman, and the horse upon which he was riding, were both killed by lightning last week, in the lower section of Ann Arundel county.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Henry Leonard, to be Secretary of the Legation of the United States at Paris.

John A. Parker, of Virginia, to be clerk to the Commissioner for marking the boundary between the United States and the Republic of Texas.

Churches in Virginia.—We gather from an editorial article in the Religious Herald, the following statistics in respect to the number of communicants in the churches in the principal Christian denominations in this State.

Table with 2 columns: Denomination and Number of Communicants. Includes Baptist (60,000), Methodist Episcopal (50,000), Protestant Episcopal (3,700), and Presbyterian (12,000).

Edward Kent has again been nominated for Governor of Maine as the whig candidate.

PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.

During a severe storm of thunder and lightning which passed over this town on Sunday afternoon last, the house of the editor of this paper was struck by lightning and considerably damaged. The clouds seemed unusually charged with the electric fluid, and in its descent it passed a considerable distance over the town before it reached our chimney, the top of which was considerably shattered, from the chimney it passed to the roof, splintering one rafter almost to pieces, it then divided and ran in three divisions into the room in the lower story where ourself and wife with our baby and another one of our little girls was sitting, splintering the studding and shattering the wall a good deal—it also passed into a clock setting on the mantle piece by means of a wire projecting above the case attached to a looking glass, passed to the pendulum, completely burning up the steel spring, passed down the pendulum rod, burning the brass on the ball and then out at the back of the case between the mantle piece and the chimney into the cellar, where it kill'd a cat with two kittens; the cat and one of the kittens was considerably burnt. Our wife was considerably shocked, also a gentleman who was setting in an adjoining room, having been unwell we had been lying down and had been up but a few minutes and was still setting on the bed when the fluid struck, which no doubt saved us from the shock. We were all within about four feet of the fluid, and how we escaped is a mystery indeed. It is altogether to the interposition of a kind Providence that we are now permitted to pen this article.

We have heard of several trees being struck and one person knocked from his horse, another had his horse knocked to his knees and considerably stunned.

Charlotte Journal.

From the South Carolinian.

MURREL MEN IN ANSON.

Our readers may recollect the article in our last paper, with the above caption—describing a man by the name of Young, who had been passing through Anson county, N. C., and another individual, in a carryall, whom it was believed, had persuaded off a negro man belonging to Mr. Wm. Ratliff in the neighborhood of Sneelsborough, N. C. We take the following notice of them from the Knoxville (Ten.) Register, of the 14th inst.

"We have the satisfaction of informing the public, that the above described Young and his associate together with Ratliff's negro Sam, have been arrested at this place; and the two former tried before Mr. Justice Polk, and committed to the jail of this county. They were brought before his Honor Judge Scott, by writ of habeas corpus, but were re-committed and for want of bail are still in confinement.

The School Law.—The county court of Guilford, last week proceeded to appoint the following named School Commissioners, agreeably to the Act of Assembly:

- Nathan Hunt, jr. Andrew Lindsay, Ed. W. Ogburn, Daniel Clapp, Jno. A. Foulkes, Robert S. Gimer, David Thomas, Jas. T. Morehead, William Reynolds, Joseph Gibson.

We understand that the Commissioners had a meeting, and adopted some preliminary steps, agreeably to the requisitions of the Act.—Greenborough Patriot.

Mr. Lemuel Sawyer, of Grand Gulf, Miss. (formerly of this State,) a brother of Hon. Samuel T. Sawyer, of the Edenton District, was thrown from his horse recently, on his way from Port Gibson, and instantly killed.—Raleigh Register.

Black Stoppings of ALL colors are advertised by a hoosier merchant.

THE CITIZEN

ASHEBORO N. C.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER

COMMON SCHOOL

We have not yet received of the vote on the school-law out the state; but we hope to soon. It is well settled however a large majority of the counties voted the proposed system; and of Guilford, Chatham and W. taken measures for carrying speedy effect. Our Court, (I cannot appoint superintendant first of November.

"The darkness hateth the light" opposition which the Van Buren have recently been making State to the proposed, (and not ally adopted,) system of public education, is a subject of universal among all the intelligent and pa country. The party are eding to play the same game ed. We perceive that the Locofoco ture of New Hampshire, on thumb of Isaac Hill, has passed to deprive all the students of institutions of the right of suff though they be of age and be public taxes. All this is easily ed for, by just repeating the cap this article: "The darkness hat light."

H. W. Guion, Esq. has become the proprietor of the Transcript. The paper is to be ed soon, and issued under the the "Whig Banner." Let Van ism in Lincoln and the upper fear and tremble. It must ve fore the Banner like the drive We have not the honor of a acquaintance with Mr. Guion; perceive that those who know sanguine in their expectations.

RHODE ISLAND.

The election for members of Co took place in this State on the 11 The former members Messrs. ghaht and Crauston, (Whigs) candidates for re-election. The candidates were Messrs. Do Thurston—Result not known.

Yellow Fever in New Orleans.—We learn from the Commercial B that from the 1st to the 17th of persons died in New Orleans of tal disease.

WHIG CONVENTION.

We invite attention to the proc of the Guilford people, copied on page. And while we highly ap nomination of Mr. Morehead, for Governor of this State, we disposition to be selfish. As we a former occasion, the Whigs h terials plenty; and we have no judicious nomination will be the Convention in November, p the Whigs of the State be simply sented there. We hope all the in the State will forthwith pro hold meetings, and appoint de according to the suggestions of following Circular:

TO THE WHIGS OF NO

CAROLINA.

Fellow-Citizens: During Session of the General Assembl members of that body, who posed to the policy of the pres administration of the General Gove passed a series of Resolutions mending to the Whigs of the St a Convention composed of De from the several Counties be City of Raleigh on the 12th dember next, to nominate a W didates for Governor, and appoin gates to the Convention which in Harrisburg, on the 4th day cember, following, to fix on Candidates for the Offices of and Vice President of the United The time designated for the and as it is of the highest imp