

Asheville Daily Gazette.

Vol II: No. 297.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23, 1898.

Price 5 Cents.

Oestreicher and Company

28 S. MAIN ST.

We have some odds and ends, broken lots of different lines gathered during stock taking, and placed on sale to be closed at ridiculously low prices.

Children's and Misses' Caps in price from 25 to 50c Choice 15c.

25c Ladies' Cloth Sailors 15c
48c " Walking Hats 29c
45c Sailor " 29c
90c Walking " 50c

Fur Collarettes
Only a few on hand; choice \$5 Furs at \$2.75.

Cloaks
This department is still prepared to supply some high-grade Capes or Jackets at surprisingly low prices.

Children's Wraps
Nobby things at less than cost of material.

There are no Satisfactory Substitutes FOR

"MONARCH"
Canned Goods.
It is well to remember this.

G. A. GREER.
Busy as B's B's B's

My new goods purchased while in the east last week have arrived and being very anxious to have the larger part of them in shape for to-day's (Saturday) trade, am compelled to make this my first advertisement in my new home and new store a short one. The head line at the top gives the reason. We are never too busy, however, to show our goods and quote prices, in fact take pleasure in doing so. I am very anxious to meet the trade of Asheville and vicinity, and extend a hearty welcome to one and all if not to buy, come in and bother us—we like to be bothered, in fact we enjoy it, make a living by it.

A special for Saturday, January 23, and Monday, January 24, only—A California Lemon Cling Peach, good syrup and really worth 20c per can, for these two days, 15c per can.

P. L. Byard's
PURE FOOD STORE
Phone 49 19 Merrimon Ave.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Licenses have been issued for the marriage of the following persons:
C. C. Boone and Bertha L. Watkins, of Buncombe.
J. L. Page and Bell Budner, of Buncombe.

YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS

A Bill to Provide For Publishing the Pension List.

Silver Resolutions and Talk in the Senate.

The Teller Resolution Simply a Declaration of the Law.

Query as to Our Payment of the Hawaiian Debt

What Was the Constitutional Authority For the Act?—Big Land Grant For an Alabama Industrial School.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Senator Stewart spoke an hour and a half in the senate today on Teller's concurrent resolution declaring the government bonds payable in gold or silver at the option of the government. He said the resolution was only a declaration of law on the subject, which law was to be administered, after the administration had repeatedly violated it.

An amendment was offered by Senator Nelson, a republican of Minnesota, declaring it the duty of the government to maintain the parity of the two metals.

Senator Spooner introduced a resolution declaring for the maintenance of the gold standard until an international agreement on silver could be reached. The resolution was laid aside.

The bill increasing the pension of General Albert E. Pain to \$50 was passed. A bill was passed granting 20,000 acres of land for the use of the industrial school for girls of Alabama and of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute.

Senator Cannon of Utah today introduced a bill directing the publication of a list of pensioners in pamphlet form before January 1 next, and thereafter as often as congress may prescribe. A list of each state is to be published in a volume by itself and is to contain the names therein arranged in alphabetical order together with post office addresses and full details regarding the rate paid, increase if any, character of wounds of each pensioner, with history of each case, manner of termination of service, etc. One copy of each state list is to be mailed each newspaper published in that state.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Representative Hitt, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, submitted a privileged report from his committee in the house today recommending the passage of a resolution of inquiry, requesting the state department, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit to the house all the information in its possession relative to the military execution of Col. Ruiz, a Spanish envoy to the insurgents. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hitt also reported back, with an unfavorable recommendation, the Lewis resolution calling on the state department for a draft of the Hawaiian annexation treaty, and for information as to what constitutional authority the president has to contract for the payment of a Hawaiian debt of \$4,000,000 out of the public treasury. Mr. Hitt explained that the resolution had been offered at the last session and as the treaty had been made public there was no necessity for its passage.

THE OHIO BRIBERY

SOME PERTINENT TESTIMONY SUBMITTED YESTERDAY.

Alleged Conversations Relating to the Scheme of the Hanna Managers to Buy Otis' Vote.

Cincinnati, Jan. 22.—The committee from the Ohio senate appointed to investigate the charges of an alleged attempt of Senator Hanna's supporters to bribe Representative Otis held a session today. The principal testimony today was given by Allen O. Myers, Jr., key clerk of the Gibson house. He swore that on January 6 H. H. Boyce registered at the Gibson house and talked by long distance telephone to Hanna headquarters at Columbus. Myers swore that he was at another telephone and heard the entire conversation. Boyce was talking to a man he called Major. Boyce said he could get Otis's vote for \$10,000 cash and \$10,000 when the fight was over, according to Myers, and was told to exchange notes with Otis.

Several conversations ensued between Boyce and the headquarters at Columbus, one of which was heard at another tele-

phone by Miss Jacobs, a stenographer, who took down the conversation.

Clerk Ryland testified that Boyce left a package at the hotel. It was in a big white envelope and thick. He left it with Ryland for safe keeping and remarked that there was "more than \$5 in it."

Detective Miller testified that he was employed to shadow Boyce and H. H. Hollenbeck. He heard a conversation between the two over the telephone. Hollenbeck said to Boyce, "I have Otis here at the depot and can hold him all the evening if necessary. He says Droste and Lane will vote for Hanna. I think I can get something on Otis before morning, and if we get him we will be but one vote short."

HONORS TO DOLE

Plans For His Reception in Chicago and Washington

Washington, Jan. 22.—The war department is making preparations for a notable reception to President Dole upon his arrival in Washington. Orders have been given to have all the troops stationed in the city and vicinity assembled at the station under command of Col. Sumner, and a fine parade will mark the trip of the visitor from the train to his hotel, where he will be called upon by the high officials of the government. It is probable that President McKinley will exchange visits with President Dole.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—President Dole of Hawaii will arrive in Chicago tomorrow from San Francisco. Mayor Harrison will welcome the distinguished visitor at the depot, and with the representatives of the United States Government who are coming from Washington, will escort President Dole and his party to the Auditorium. A reception will be tendered President Dole and wife Monday afternoon at the Union League Club. The reception committee will include Mayor Carter H. Harrison and wife, Federal Judge Groscup and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. McMillan and others.

CUBAN DISCIPLINE

STORIES TOLD BY SURRENDERED INSURGENTS

Gomez Put to Death the Chief of His Squadron Because the Chief Intended to Accept Autonomy.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The Spanish legation today received the following from the secretary general of Cuba: "The insurgent officer, Augustine Roman, and five men of the squadron of Maximo Gomez have surrendered at Mapas. They declare that the chief of their squadron, Nestor Alvarez, was killed by Gomez because he intended to surrender and accept autonomy and that for the same reason Andres Alvarez and twenty men were imprisoned by orders of Gomez. Roman and the men with him ask authority to avenge the death of their captain."

The secretary general also said that Juan Maso, the insurgent leader, with his brigade surrendered, and, sending greetings to Blanco, accepted autonomy and recognize the sovereignty of Spain, offering at the same time to aid in the work of pacification. He said that Maso was dismissed from the Cuban army some time ago.

LONGSTREET COMMISSIONER

His Nomination Confirmed by the Senate Yesterday.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The senate this afternoon confirmed the nomination of Gen. James Longstreet of Georgia, to be commissioner of railroads, and Robert Butler (Mahone) of Virginia, to be consul at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

General Longstreet and his youthful bride have been here some time awaiting the disposition of his nomination and were very happy today over the senate's action.

Longstreet's nomination was only confirmed by a yeas and nays vote, after a sharp discussion lasting an hour and a half. Vest made the principal speech in opposition, his main objection being based upon Longstreet's record during the reconstruction period. Senators Caffery and Berry also opposed the confirmation. The vote was 35 yeas against 15 nays.

GOLD FIND IN ROWAN.

Mr. J. A. Bane who lives four miles from town and about one mile from the county home, was in town today with several large chunks of gold one which were pronounced by mining experts to be of a superior quality. Mr. Bane dug the precious ore up from a tract of land near his home yesterday. He discovered some gold on his land about two weeks ago and submitted it to mining experts for examination. They pronounced it very rich ore, though it did not compare with the specimens which Mr. Bane had in town today.

It is likely that the lucky possessor of the find will shortly have it actively worked and if it pans out with any degree of richness near to what the specimens on exhibition this morning indicate, Mr. Bane will reap a little financial harvest out of his mine.—Salsbury World.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded:
John W. Starnes to W. C. and J. H. McConnell, lot on water street, \$975.00.
R. G. Sanders to L. E. McCantless, lot on Vance street, \$1,600.00.

ESTABLISHED.

Good paying business for sale. For particulars address N. O. P. Gazette.

ON PATTON AVENUE, NO. EIGHTEEN CORNER STORE FOR RENT. APPLY TO H. C. CHELSEY, FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

CALIFORNIA'S GOLD JUBILEE

Celebrated by Pageants on Land and Sea.

Festivities in Which All the Country Participates.

The Notable Event to Have Its Beginning Tomorrow.

Scenes That Recall the Great Discovery of Fifteen Years Ago.

Reproduction of Sutter's Mill Near Which the First Gold Was Found—Great Display of Warships—\$50,000 to be Spent in Celebration.

San Francisco, Jan. 22.—The celebration of California's Gold Jubilee will begin on Monday and will last for six days. It will commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the discovery of gold by Marshall at Sutter's Mill. Governor Budd has announced that January 24 will be a legal holiday, and the celebration will be opened with a grand pageant in which representatives from all organizations of a civic, military and fraternal character will participate. The following societies will be seen in the procession: United States troops; Governor Budd and staff; California Pioneers; St.



Andrews Society; Regents of the State University; Volunteer Firemen; Real Italian Carabiniere; League of the Cross Cadets; Young Men's Institute; Native Sons of the Golden West; Deutscher Krieger Verein; Hannoveraner Verein; Turnverein, San Francisco Baeker Verein; San Francisco Commercial Travelers' Association; Fishermen's Benevolent Society and Arizona Pioneers.

The parade will be an imposing one, and floats have been entered by the different organizations, representing historical inci-



CAPTAIN MARSHALL (Who first discovered gold in California.)

dents and characters. Great preparations have also been made by the Jubilee Parade committee, who have ten floats. They are typical of the history of the state from time of the aborigines to the present day. A leading feature of the pageant will be a cavalcade of aids to Grand Marshal Morse consisting of five hundred representative citizens, selected by the well known organization "The Native Sons."

The Chinese residents of California have

made great preparations to have a gorgeous Oriental demonstration and display in the parade, and the Chinese division of the pageant will be one of the interesting features of the day. Among those who will participate in the procession are four pioneers who witnessed the discovery of gold by Marshall. Among these is Henry Fowler, who crossed the plains and went to Oregon in 1843, and the following year came down the coast by the old Oregon and Sacramento trail, settling in apa Valley. Most of the other living pioneers also came overland to California, making a prolonged and dangerous journey.

The afternoon of Monday will be given up to literary exercises in Woodward's pavilion, which has a seating capacity for six hundred people. In the evening there will be a series of tableaux and living pictures representing the mythological history of the state.

Tuesday, Jan. 25, will be given up to the "Native Daughters of the Golden West," who will give a reception at N. S. G. W. hall, and in the evening they will hold an immense jubilee ball.

Thursday will be set apart for the display of warships on the bay. All available warships on the Pacific coast will assemble in the harbor during the celebration.

Saturday will be given to a celebration of the school children who will assemble in Golden Gate park.

The celebration will come to an end by the opening of a mining fair in the Mehanic's pavilion, where the visitor will obtain an idea of the mineral resources of the Pacific states.

A reproduction of Sutter's Mill, made out of redwood logs erected on Market street, is attracting considerable attention.

The discovery of gold by Marshall at Coloma in January, 1848, marked the beginning of the phenomenal growth and development of the state of California. California soon developed her mineral wealth, especially her gold, of which she poured over \$15,000,000 into the channels of trade and commerce. Since that time the states of the west have been populated, the mines of Alaska and the slope have been developed and the vast regions which at one time were wild and forsaken are now the seat of commerce and human activity.

The Jubilee will be remembered by all visitors who have come here to participate, for the finance committee, in expending the sum of \$50,000, has done everything to fittingly entertain its guests.

ALARMIST VIEWS ON CHINA

THE ENGLISH-RUSSIAN DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

Question of One or the Other Yielding—Grave Forebodings in Yesterday's London Journals.

London, Jan. 22.—Alarmist views on the situation in the far east are the rule rather than the exception in London today. The deadlock between Great Britain and Russia at Peking is apparently unbroken and a compromise is impossible. It is a question of the one or the other yielding or a fight. The prevailing opinion is that Russia will yield when she is convinced of the grim reality of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's declaration made the other day.

The most wholesome and refreshing feature of the situation is the eager and unanimous welcome which all Great Britain has given to the virtue and vigorous policy to which the Salisbury government has committed itself. No declaration of a ministry has ever been received with such satisfaction and so unanimously. The country has witnessed, in the past few days, wonderful revival of self-respect, which has acted like a tonic and inspiration to the public spirit.

It is for this reason, perhaps, that the talk about war has excited little alarm or apprehension in the country at large and the grave forebodings in today's journals only serve to inspire popular enthusiasm.

It is important to note how prominent the moral support of the United States is everywhere considered in discussing the situation. Thus the Saturday Review today says: "In this policy England has the support of Japan and the United States, and the strength of either of these powers, added to England, in the Pacific, puts resistance on the part of Russia, Germany and France, singly or in combination, out of the question. Perhaps the enthusiasm with which the American newspapers have applauded the declaration of the chancellor of the exchequer arises from the fact that he has virtually proclaimed the Monroe doctrine for the far east."

YELLOW FEVER IN MISSISSIPPI.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 22.—Surgeon Carter of the United States hospital service, left this city last Thursday, and yesterday telegraphed from Meridian, Miss., for a special train to take him to Edwards, Miss, where he said six cases of yellow fever are reported.

HANNIS TAYLOR FOR CONGRESS.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 22.—At a dinner given tonight in honor of Hannis Taylor, ex-minister to Spain, Mr. Taylor announced his candidacy for congress from this district.

LIVELY SPAT IN GAY PARIS

Chamber of Deputies Has a Crisis of the Nerves.

Dreyfus Scandal May Cause Fall of the Ministry.

Compte de Bernis When Slapped in the Face

Leans Into the Tribune and Cuffs a Socialist.

Then the Chamber Breaks Out in a "General Uproar," and Suspends to Give the Contarants a Chance to Cool off.

Paris, Jan. 22.—To-day's sitting of the chamber of deputies, at which the Dreyfus scandal was brought up, terminated in the most violent scene ever witnessed in the chamber. The excitement in Paris tonight is likened to that during the Commune. Demonstrations of a serious character have occurred in all the large cities of France. The ministry is likely to fall.

After Prime Minister Meunier had explained that the government for judicial reasons would not make any revelations in regard to the idle talk concerning Dreyfus, Cavaignac withdrew his interpellation which had brought up the subject. M. Jaures, one of the socialist leaders, then took up the matter. The Comte De Bernis, a member of the Right, made a vehement protest against a revival of the question, whereupon M. Jaures called him a wretch and a coward. Comte De Bernis retorted hotly at which M. Gerault Richard struck him in the face. Bernis broke away from Gerault Richard and leaped into the tribune where Jaures was standing. He slapped Jaures in the face and in an instant every member was on his feet. The uproar became general and the president was powerless to stop it, so the tribune was evacuated and the sitting suspended.

The chambers did not reach a vote on the interpellation of Cavaignac, which demanded the discussion of the semi-official note in which the government declined to make public the alleged confession made by ex-Captain Dreyfus to Captain Renaud. M. Meunier in answering Cavaignac asserted the existence of Captain Renaud's report containing a denial of the confession.

Paris is all agog over the excitement in the chamber. Special editions of the evening papers published the story of the scene with scarce heads such as "Battle in the Chamber, 100 Deputies Engaged." The bureau de l'assemblee decided, in view of the intense excitement, not to reopen its sitting. This action was taken in order to avoid further violence.

The police were massed about the chamber after seven o'clock to-night, fearing a renewal of the disorder.

NORTH CAROLINA GEMS.

The rare beauties of nature, so well represented in Western North Carolina, are becoming better known every day as people who are better educated in the formation and utility of minerals have from time to time shown their appreciation of these Gems by using them in all kinds of adornment.

We have decided to close out some of these gems and offer them at prices that should make them all sell in a very few days.

WE OFFER:

One lot of 41 gems at 50 cents each.
One lot of 40 gems at 60 cents each.
One lot of 169 gems at 75 cents each.
One lot of 40 gems at \$1.00 each.
One lot of 32 gems at \$1.25 each.—Sold.
One lot of 5 gems at \$1.50 each.
One lot of 3 gems at \$2.00 each.
One lot of 5 gems at \$2.50 each.—Sold.
One lot of 3 gems at \$4.00 each.
One gem for \$5.00.

ARTHUR M. FIELD,
LEADING JEWELER,
Church Street and Patton Avenue, Asheville, N. C.



SAN FRANCISCO IN 1848, WHEN GOLD WAS FIRST DISCOVERED.