

Asheville Daily Gazette.

Vol. 3 No. 181.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1898

State Library

Price 5 Cents.

September Greetings

Oestreicher & Co. will, in a very short time, be ready at their new and commodious store on Patton Avenue, to greet Asheville friends and customers with a new and up-to-date stock, now being selected by Mr. Oestreicher, who writes us that he was unavoidably delayed, causing our intended move to be postponed a few days. During this extended sojourn at our old place, goods will meet with sad havoc in price slashing, as nothing will be moved that can be converted into cash.

Monday and Tuesday

30c each for any of the 50 and 60c Shirt Waists,
55c each for any of the 75c \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 Shirt Waists.

Not many Silk Shirt Waists left. Remainder at tempting prices.

Two Black Brocade Satin Skirts worth \$9.50. Will go for \$6.98.

One worth \$5 for 3.98.

One Blue Serge suit, size 34, for 4.98—Value \$6.50.

One Black Serge, price \$12.50 for \$7.50.

Two Tan Blazer suits, value \$8.50, for \$6.50.

Sateen, Morine and Brilliantine Underskirts from \$1.00 to \$3.50.

One lot yard wide 10c Percalé at 6 1/2c.

One lot wash Dimities and Lawns at 7 1/2c—former price 15c.

Few Lawn dresses and outing wrappers at cost.

OESTREICHER & CO
28 S. Main St.

We were asked yesterday what kind of Hams we had. We informed the lady that we had Banana, Ferris, Gold Band, Kingan's Reliable, Dove and Tropical. The lady replied, "Send me a Banana, I prefer that to all others."

We sold more hams in August than any two houses in the city, jobbers included; if not we will donate one case to the Children's Home. Books to be the test.

GREER.

Birds.

Keep their health good by using
...BISHOP'S...

BIRD MANNA,
...BISHOP'S...

BIRD Dainties,
...BISHOP'S...

BIRD HEALTH RESTORER
...AND...

...BISHOP'S...

BIRD SEED
...AT...

HEINITSH & REAGAN,
DRUGGISTS,
Church St. and Patton Ave.

DREYFUS CRISIS

Minister of War Cavaignac Sends in His Resignation.

Action That Will Doubtless Force Retirement of Cabinet.

Situation Gravely Complicated at the French Capital.

Public Demands That Nothing in Connection With the Strange Case Remain Longer Uncovered—Cabinet Council Adjourned Until Wednesday—Esterhazy Still at Liberty.

Paris, September 3.—The Dreyfus situation was gravely complicated tonight by the resignation of Minister of War Cavaignac, who found it impossible to harmonize his views with those of the majority of the cabinet.

This action almost certainly forces the retirement of the cabinet and precipitates a dangerous political crisis.

The Dreyfus case will again be thrown into the chamber of deputies and become a subject of popular passion and perhaps of violence.

The following despatch was sent last evening before M. Cavaignac's resignation:

THE GOVERNMENT'S COURSE.

Paris, Sept. 3.—The Dreyfus scandal, or what is now the army scandal, is the supreme topic here. The body of Lieutenant Colonel Henry, the confessed forger, was today taken to his native town and buried without military honors. The cabinet council was postponed until Wednesday, when the government policy will probably be decided.

Minister Cavaignac's opposition to a revision of the Dreyfus case is so strong it is said he will resign if a majority of the cabinet insist. The opposition of the army will probably increase the public demand that nothing be left uncovered. Vague threats that war would be the inevitable result of the publication of the whole truth fails to frighten the French people.

Two scandalous facts now command attention. Lieutenant Plequart, lately the head of the war office intelligence department, who sacrificed a brilliant military career through the effort he made to right the wrong done to Dreyfus, and who, when ousted from the head of the department, was succeeded by the confessed forger Henry, is still in jail. Flequart declared nearly two months ago, immediately after M. Cavaignac's speech in the chamber of deputies declaring that the forged letter, then for the first time made public demonstrated Dreyfus' guilt "in

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A STEAMER BLOWN UP

Government Boat Destroyed by a Torpedo in the Mississippi.

Four Men Killed—The Vessel Was at Work Taking up Mines Placed in River at Opening of the War.

New Orleans, Sept. 3.—The United States steamer Meiggs, of the snag boat service, was blown up this morning in the Mississippi by a torpedo or mine placed there at the beginning of the war. The Meiggs was blown to atoms and Captain Starr, Sergeant Needham of engineer service, Ralph Rogers and Pat Corless were instantly killed and D. B. Reederick and Fritz Koch were seriously wounded. The only other one on the boat Lieutenant Jerjis was unhurt.

The work of taking up or exploding the mines has been proceeding for some time but it was impossible to locate all, some having drifted from their moorings. The Meiggs was engaged in putting stays on the mines when the accident occurred.

BIG BATTLE IN THE SOUDAN

Reported Loss of 2000 on the Anglo-Egyptian Side and 8000 Dervishes Killed

London, Sept. 4.—Shortly before midnight a telegram was received saying that General Kitchener had taken Enderman.

The Anglo-Egyptian forces, the dispatch said, had lost two thousand killed and wounded and the Dervishes eight thousand.

No further details were given. Both the war office and the foreign are silent on the subject.

WENT DOWN IN THE AWFUL GALE

Schooner Gregory and Crew Among the Lost off the Coast.

Savannah, Sept. 3.—Savannah's mail famine is, at an end. Much of the long delayed mail from the north arrived this afternoon.

There is no longer any doubt about the fate of the schooner Douglass Gregory, bound from Philadelphia to Savannah, coal laden. The vessel is a wreck near Martin's light ship, and Captain Stillwell and all on board with the exception of two seamen are thought to be lost.

THE KEY WEST FEVER REPORT.

Tampa, Sept. 3.—Dr. Glennan, of the marine hospital service, came from Key West today and declares there is no yellow fever there, though other surgeons have reported to the contrary.

SPECIAL IN CHINA.

Decorated china teas and plates; a choice lot; odd patterns; from 20c. to 50c.; all in plain figures. Everybody wants them at the price.—J. H. Law, 35 Patton avenue. 178-2t

PRESIDENT AT MONTAUK

Visited Every Portion of the Big Long Island Camp.

Including the Hospitals—Praised the Gallant Men in a Brief Speech—Regulars to be Returned to Their Posts.

Camp Wikoff, Sept. 3.—The American army which marched to victory in Cuba was visited today by its commander in chief. For five hours President McKinley walked or drove under the boiling sun so as not to leave camp or hospital unvisited. He devoted his time to private soldiers and won the hearts of the fighting men by his interest. He left the camp with the love and confidence of every man.

The president's train arrived at 8:45, and while there was little pomp about the reception accorded him it looked imposing with the Third and Sixth cavalry being drawn up in salute.

The president's greeting to Roosevelt was especially cordial. He visited Wheeler's headquarters and then called on Shafter, who is still in his tent. Shafter said he expected to take charge at noon tomorrow. The president then made the round of the hospitals, addressing a word or two to each man, and frequently expressing his sorrow at the wasted appearance of the sufferers. In the camps of the well men the president was accorded a hearty ovation, and made a speech in which he highly praised the gallant men. Before he left the camp in the afternoon McKinley gave orders to return to their posts at the earliest opportunity to all the regulars whose barracks are east of the Mississippi.

M'KINLEY IN NEW JERSEY.

Patterson, N. J., Sept. 3.—President McKinley and party arrived here early this evening and to-night he is the guest of Vice President Hobart. Naturally this small city was elated at having such distinguished guests and an enthusiastic reception was accorded them.

POOR WELCOME TO TORAL'S MEN

Sad Home Coming of the Spanish Soldiers From Santiago.

Madrid, Sept. 3.—The manner in which Spain's soldiers from Santiago were allowed to return to their homes has aroused indignation in this city and will harm the government immensely. The returned troops were brought here by train but no official was at the station to meet them, nor were ambulances provided to take the sick to their homes. Some were helped by compassionate spectators but many went on foot until they sank exhausted under the very palace windows.

It was the finishing touch to Spanish mal administration.

During the Cuban war there were 92,000 rewards bestowed on the army. The time has now arrived for punishments.

Uncle Sam wants Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, but what the American people desire above all is Grape Sun Cured Tobacco. 172-2m

Umbrellas recovered while you wait at J. D. Blanton & Co.'s shoe store.

A Happy Smile

Is always seen on the face of the person who drinks our soda. It is the excellence of the soda that makes the smile of course. The drinks that give the broadest smiles are Egg Phosphate, Ice Cream Soda, Orange and Lemon Phosphates. And there are others, too. Come in and smile.

Paragon Pharmacy Co.,
Cor Patton Ave
and Haywood St.

FIRST N. C. COMES HOME

Change in Mustering Out Order—Second Regiment Retained.

Also the Third North Carolina Will Remain in Service—Georgia and South Carolina Men Remain.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Adjutant General Corbin gave out tonight a full list of the volunteer organizations ordered to be mustered out and of those to be retained in the service until further orders.

Among those to be mustered out are the First and Second Alabama, Batteries A and B, Georgia artillery, and the First North Carolina regiment. Those to remain in service include the Third Alabama, First, Second and Third Georgia, Second South Carolina and Second and Third North Carolina. This order countermands yesterday's order as to them mustering out.

THE PEACE COMMISSION

Will Justice White Serve?—The Problem of the Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 3.—No word has come to the state department to confirm the report that Justice White would decline to serve on the peace commission.

President McKinley is expected back Monday for two weeks of important work before taking his vacation. He will instruct the peace commission and it is understood that the chief demand will be a permanent cession of Manila and a part if not all of Luzon as a basis for the consideration of the general Philippine question.

The data for the use of the commissioners is being put in shape by Assistant Secretary of State Moore.

Dewey has sent a lengthy report on the Philippines, which is said to contain a strong argument in favor of the retention of the islands or at least enough to make a strong naval station.

BETTER REPORT FROM SANTIAGO

Death Rate Decreasing—Steamer Leaves for Montauk.

Santiago, Sept. 3.—The steamer Santiago sailed for Montauk Point today with 100 sick soldiers and 750 laborers. The death rate in the city is decreasing there being only 22 deaths yesterday. Two weeks ago the mortality was from 50 to 70 daily. Fifteen thousand were fed today at General Wood's supply depots.

BROOKE STARTS FOR SAN JUAN.

Washington Sept. 3.—A despatch from Ponce says that General Brooke has left with an escort for San Juan, where he expects to arrive in five or six days. The transport Mississippi has sailed for New York with volunteer cavalry and artillery.

CZAR'S MOTIVE

Europe Looks Askance at Disarmament Proposal.

England Decided in Its Disbelief in Russia's Good Faith.

Characteristic Move of a Nation That is to be an Aggressor.

Nicholas' Action Believed to Mark the Approach of a Crisis in the Strained Situation of the European Powers—War Preparations Will not Cease.

Paris, Sept. 3.—Now that astonishment, which was the chief emotion excited by the czar's disarmament proposition, has somewhat subsided, it is possible to gain some idea of the effect of his circular upon European opinion, official and popular. The transports of joy with which lovers of peace welcome the utterance have disappeared and suspicion of the motives and objects of the proclamation is rapidly becoming general.

In no country is disbelief of Russia's good faith so great as in England. This incredulity finds expression chiefly in criticism that the proposal is impracticable. France is not only skeptical, but exasperated and angry that such a radical move should be made without even a preliminary hint to her as an allied nation. In Italy even the czar is not credited with acting in good faith, while the Russians themselves admit that almost universal distrust is not unnatural in the light of recent Russian policy.

It has been pointed out in every capital in Europe that almost every great war in this century has been immediately preceded by some pacific declaration from some country, which proved the aggressor. Moreover no country has been so active lately in increasing her armament and aggression in all directions as Russia. For the present they are not counting that Europe dreams of relaxing for a moment the mad competition in building warships and equipping armies. The czar's action certainly marks the approach of a crisis, which must come when the limit of endurance has been reached.

It is possible, but not probable, that the crisis may have a peaceful solution.

GERMANS LEAVE MANILA.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Dewey reported to the navy department today that the situation at Manila was unchanged except that all the German warships except two had left. Three British and two French warships still remain.

During a number of years of experiments, which demanded large outlays of cash, we have been trying to produce the native North Carolina gems, cut and mounted, at a figure to compete with the ordinary imported semi-precious stones. We have just succeeded in accomplishing what we consider a very important and difficult task, and we can now offer to the public a beautiful line of native North Carolina gems that are better proportioned and polished than any we have ever had, at prices about one-half less than formerly. It is always our study and desire to furnish the public with the class of jewelry and silver we are known as handling at the very lowest market prices.

ARTHUR M. BURLD,
Leading Jeweler,
Asheville, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

THE WINYAH SANITARIUM,

A Special Private Institution for the Treatment of Lung and Throat Diseases.

KARL von BUCH, M. D., Medical Director.

RATES, \$20.00 PER WEEK and upward, according to the room selected, includes everything excepting medicines, which are supplied at cost. A certain number of rooms are reserved at a lower rate for patients whose financial circumstances require it, and to such the medicines are also included. Patients can enter and leave at any time. Advanced cases not admitted.

Winyah Hotel and Sanitarium Co.

HOT SPRINGS, N. C.

T. D. GREEN,
Manager.

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL

88 miles from Asheville. Reduced rates round trip tickets from all points
SPECIAL REDUCED SUMMER RATES.

BISCUITS.

We now represent one of the best Cracker houses in the United States.

Hotels, boarding houses and families will find it to their interest to see us before buying.

SNIDER'S

6 Court Sq.

ARTHUR M. BURLD,
Leading Jeweler,
Asheville, N. C.