

Asheville Daily Gazette.

Vol. 3; No. 296

ASHEVILLE N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1899

Price 5 Cents.

Oestreicher & Co.

25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

DRESS GOODS Monday & Tuesday.

A CUT THIS DEEP means quite a saving to anyone who will make the calculation on a dress. No funny business; our goods are marked in plain figures and are always as represented. Figuring on this basis reduces new and desirable Dress Goods to cost.

Our East Window is ticketed 33 cents for choice. See if your piece is in the lot.

OESTREICHER & CO., 51 Patton Ave.

THREE STRONG POINTS IN FAVOR OF Low Prices:

- First: Our Conveniences for despatching business at our present stand, makes it possible for three men to do the work that required four at our old stand, a saving of twenty-five per cent in labor.
- Second: The volume of business we are now doing requires only a small margin for profit, to make it pay.
- Third: We are in direct touch with all importers, packers and manufacturers, and get our goods at prices usually paid by wholesale grocers.

G. A. GREER. 53 PATTON AVE.

Chapped Hands.

Do you want relief? If so try a sample bottle of Hygienic Cream. Large Bottle for 10 cts.

Last week we received orders from Norfolk, Va., Springfield, Ohio, and New York City, which well tends to prove it has merit. HENITSH & BEAGAN, Druggists, Church St and Patton Ave.

NO MORE COURTS

Caucus Decides to Reorganize Criminal Circuits.

A Proclamation from Russell Kills Superior Courts Project.

Governor Sends Message Telling Why He Removed the Wilsons.

First Bill to Restore White Government in Eastern Counties Passed by the House—Many new Bills.

Special to the Gazette. Raleigh, Jan. 17.—Governor Russell braced up and the caucus tonight refused more superior courts. Senator Glenn, for the steering committee, reported that Russell demanded the appointment of one judge and a solicitor if two superior courts were created, and two if three superior courts were established.

Hearing this the caucus, the members of which were previously favorable to two new superior courts, turned about and appointed a caucus-judiciary committee consisting of Senators Glenn, Jerome and Justice and Representatives Craig, Rountree, Clarkson and Council to prepare a bill to abolish the original courts with the understanding that new criminal courts be re-established. There were no formal resolutions, only a set speech by the speaker against new superior courts.

Messrs. Glenn, Rountree, Justice, Winston and Craig made remarks. The roll by districts was called and two thirds reported that the state needed no more superior courts. One third wanted seventy-three additional weeks. Frank Ray proposes to have the supreme court judges help hold superior courts. It is claimed that this is unconstitutional. Colonel V. S. Lusk is here. He quietly must have braced up Russell, Murphy, Webb and Bourne will return tomorrow.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DAY IN BOTH HOUSES

Russell's Copious Message on the Railroad Commission Removals; Committee to Consider It.

Special to the Gazette. Raleigh, Jan. 17.—The governor's message delivered to the house and senate today is really a reply to the request of the committees on the part of each branch, although the governor says he makes his report as required by the railway commission law. He evidently wants to show some independence. The general impression is that the governor has made out a stronger case than was expected. Some members say he certainly has made a clear case against S. Otho Wilson. An Asheville man or men (one man I think) seems to be the principal character in the story, and he tells a right lively tale, the governor says. The governor's message recites the law which provides that it shall be the duty of the governor to suspend any commissioner who shall hold any railroad stock or bond or who shall have "any interest in any way in a railroad," or who shall become "disqualified to act," and says it is manifestly the intent of the act to secure absolute inde-

pendence of the commissioners of the railroads. The governor has personally underscored the words "any interest" and "any way," which he says mean that a commissioner shall "not enter into any contracts" with railroads; "that he shall not make money out of them, or seek to make it; indeed it amounts to a prohibition against his having any dealings with them except those which are open to the public such as buying tickets." Having laid down the law the governor says: "Applying these principles to the case at hand . . . I reached the conclusion that S. Otho Wilson should be suspended." The causes assigned are that Otho leased the Round Knob hotel from Colonel A. B. Andrews, vice president of the Southern, and Major James Wilson, another commissioner, nominally for his mother but really for himself; that he leased it with the understanding that the Southern railroad would abandon its eating houses at Asheville and Hickory; that the railroad gave free transportation to Otho and his goods. The reasons for removing Major Wilson are that he was mortgaged to Colonel Andrews for \$4,000; that he was part owner of the Round Knob hotel, which was valueless unless used as a railway eating house. The governor then argues that these facts disqualify the Wilsons from properly performing their duties; that they would disqualify them from being jurors for or against the Southern. He says the fact that Major Wilson, when asked to show cause why he should not be suspended, sold his hotel interest, made no difference.

The governor says he obtained his evidence against the Wilsons by voluntary information. He refrains from furnishing names because the writers of the letters "might regard it as a breach of confidence," but he promises to give the names to an investigating committee. Then follow extracts from letters written by some person or persons who plainly live in Asheville. The writer says that S. Otho Wilson thought he was the proprietor of the Glen Rock hotel and proposed to sell the lease of the Round Knob hotel, which would then be closed to the great advantage of the Glen Rock, which was the dinner station before the leased Round Knob, promising that the writer would have the free use of the telegraph line, and supplies would be dead-headed by the conductors or baggage master; that free transportation was al-

(Continued on fifth page.)

THIS POST FOR PENSIONS

Georgia Confederates Send Butler a Memorial Favoring His Bill.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Butler presented in the senate today a memorial of the Confederate veterans of Muscogee county, Ga., requesting that the senator press the bill granting pensions to Confederate soldiers, as by so doing "it would show to the world that we are one people."

They desire this, they say, "not as mendicants for pensions, but in response to the grand and patriotic sentiments of our president and as voicing the sentiments of every patriot who loves his whole country and respects the valor of the dead Confederate soldiers as the brothers of a united country."

The resolutions adopted by the Confederate camps in their states against the passage of the bill were presented by Senators Gorman, Jones and Berry.

LIBRARIAN YOUNG DEAD

Washington, Jan. 17.—John Russell Young, librarian of the congressional library, died at his residence this morning after a protracted illness.

Children's Winter Shoes, 5 to 8, 60c. at G. A. Meares and Sons' Shoe Store.

FILIPINOS WITHDRAW

Five Thousand Troops Stationed at Manila Called Back.

Senator Foraker's Speech Has Made a Favorable Impression.

German Consul at Manila Emphatically Denies Collusion Charges.

Three Hundred Spanish Prisoners Given Up and Others are to Follow But Friars are Held.

Manila, Jan. 17.—The situation is somewhat improved. An insurgent newspaper announces that 5,000 Filipino troops which had reinforced those around Manila a fortnight ago, had been withdrawn into the interior. The paper also comments favorably upon Senator Foraker's recent speech in the senate.

The German consul emphatically denied in an interview today that there was or had been any collusion, either officially or personally on the part of himself or on the part of any resident Germans with the Filipino government. He said the German government had ordered its consul at Iloilo not to accept the charge of the protection of Spanish interests, as Senor Rios had requested him to do upon his withdrawal from Iloilo for fear of complications with Americans.

Three hundred Spanish prisoners left here for Spain today, leaving 7,500 to be repatriated.

The Filipino government at Malolos announces that it is preparing to release Spanish civilian prisoners but not the friars.

The American Filipino commission has not yet completed its work.

CANAL BILL IN THE SENATE

Pettigrew Opposes Payment of \$5,000,000 to the Maritime Company.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The senate discussed the Nicaragua canal bill today. It rejected the amendment declaring that the bill should not become a law until the government had secured the right to maintain a naval force in and to garrison the points along the canal. Senator Sullivan (democrat, Mississippi) offered an amendment limiting to five millions the amount to be paid to the Maritime company for compensation or reimbursement. This was agreed to.

Senator Pettigrew (silver, Dakota) said that no canal would be built and that the only effect would be to pay five millions of dollars to the manipulators of the scheme. The only con-

DAVIS' Cherry and Glycerine

CURES COLDS AND COUGHS QUICKLY

You will like it. Not at all bad, and contains no harmful drug. Large Bottle 25c. Prepared and sold by the Paragon Pharmacy Co., B. S. DAVIS, Manager. Opp. Post Office. Night bell at side door.

Intors of the scheme. The only con from the company the property it possessed for what it was worth.

Senator Caffery (democrat, Louisiana) offered a substitute for the bill, appropriating one hundred and forty millions for the building of the canal, not more than twenty-eight millions to be spent in one year. The substitute appropriates six millions for the purchase of all valid concessions or grants and abrogates the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. The executive session then adjourned.

TREATY RATIFICATION LACKS SIX VOTES

Ten Senators Doubtful; Democratic Amendment to Free Filipinos.

Washington, Jan. 17.—A close canvass of the senate on the question of the ratification of the peace treaty shows for ratification, 54; opposed, 26; doubtful, 10. It will take sixty votes to ratify the treaty. The opposition is being led by Gorman. The democratic senators say they have a sufficient number pledged to amend the treaty in a manner to make it acceptable to the entire senate. This amendment provides that there shall be no extension of the sovereignty of the United States over the Philippines, but that Spain shall evacuate, leaving the Filipinos free to establish their own government.

SPOONER WITHDRAWS FROM EWART CASE

He was Unalterably Opposed to the Confirmation of the Judge.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Spooner this afternoon gave notice that he would decline to serve further on the Ewart case. It is difficult to tell the significance or effect of this action. Senator Pritchard says the retirement of Spooner will not be unfavorable to Judge Ewart. Spooner was unalterably opposed to confirmation. W. A. H.

ANOTHER ARREST IN THE BAKER CASE

South Carolina Taken for Complicity in Negro Post Master Killing.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 17.—Allen Bilk, a prominent citizen of Lake City, was jailed today on the charge of being implicated in the killing of the negro postmaster, Aker, and his child, a year ago, and the serious injury of others of his family.

United States marshals went to Lake City tonight to make the arrests of prominent residents, against whom the government officials are said to have ample proof.

Splendid assortment of rubber shoes to fit almost any shoe at J. D. Blanton & Co.'s shoe store.

Rock Ledge family hotel, under northern management, is setting an excellent table; try it.

THERE IS SOME Very Bad Postum, AND SOME Very Good.

You can get thin, weak, tasteless Postum most anywhere.

You don't know what good Postum is until you have tasted the genuine article with the charming flavor and food elements brought out.

We buy direct from the manufacturer, and always have it fresh—either wholesale or retail.

Snider's, On the Square.

EAGAN TO BE ARRESTED

McKinley and Cabinet Decide to Court Martial Him

Order of Arrest to be Issued Today and Eagan Sent Home.

Won't be at Liberty to Leave His House Without President's Permission.

Alger's Attempt to Implicate Miles Is Turned Down—The Court Martial Will Also Be Appointed Today.

Washington, Jan. 17.—After President McKinley and his cabinet decided today to try Commissary General Eagan by court martial and had turned down Secretary Alger in his attempt to have General Miles included in the investigation, arrangements were made at the war department for the issuance of a formal order for the trial.

A copy of the order will be served on General Eagan and he will be placed under arrest and ordered to proceed to his home. Pending the settlement of the case General Eagan will be obliged to remain there and cannot leave his house except to attend the trial without the authority to do so, which can only be granted by the president himself.

TO BE ARRESTED TODAY. Washington, Jan. 17.—It was officially announced today that Commissary General Eagan would be placed under arrest before the close of office hours tomorrow and a detail of the court martial to try him would be announced tomorrow night.

MILES MAY BE RELIEVED

Of His Command and Sent Home—Has Talked Too Much.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The belief is growing that the Eagan case will involve General Miles in some way. The administration is very much displeased with the manner in which he has acted in giving out interviews respecting the present controversy. It is hinted tonight he may be relieved of his command and ordered home.

FIFTY REPUBLICANS REFUSED TO VOTE FOR HALE

Augusta, Jan. 17.—Senator Hale was re-elected today but on account of his opposition to expansion fifty republicans absented themselves from the session of the legislature as a silent protest against his views.

We wish to take this opportunity of expressing to the people our sincere thanks for their very liberal patronage and kind expressions. We also wish to thank those who were lenient with us in regard to engraving, as the demands this year were very unusual.

Arthur M. Field, Church St. and Patton Ave. Asheville, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1888. THE WINYAH SANITARIUM. A Special Private Institution for the Treatment of Lung and Throat Diseases. RATES, \$22.50 per week and upward, according to the room selected. Includes everything, excepting medicines, which are supplied at cost. A certain number of rooms are reserved at a lower rate for patients whose financial circumstances require it and to such the medicines are also included. Patients can enter and leave at any time. Advanced cases not admitted. Winyah Hotel and Sanitarium Co.