

Ashville Daily Gazette.

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ASHEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1899.

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Mushroom Ketchup,
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Walnut Sauce.

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Shrewbery
Tomato Chutney.

Bengal Chutney.

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GENERALS DISAGREE

Boisdeffre Threatens to Come out Against Mercier.

Paty de Clam Will Escape a Cross Examination.

Colonel Cordier Testifies in Behalf of the Prisoner.

Yesterday was a Day of Comedy in the Drama at Rennes—De Freycinet Reveals no Secrets.

Rennes, Aug. 29.—There were touches of light comedy in the Dreyfus trial today, which, though sometimes inappropriate, afforded not an unwelcome relief. Even sensational evidence of startling incidents had become monotonous, and a touch of fun, however forced, served to restore the mental equilibrium. So, at least, every one in the court room, including the unfortunate Dreyfus himself, found it during the three hours that Colonel Cordier held the platform.

The evidence of ex-Minister of War De Freycinet, which the public expected would prove dramatic and sensational, was chiefly remarkable for what it did not contain. It was practically null and void.

Outside the court room, however, the air is still filled with rumors about a crisis in the situation which everybody believes is close at hand. One of the most persistent rumors is to the effect that there is a division among the group of generals which will soon become an open rupture. It is known since the Henry forgery and suicide General Boisdeffre has taken no active part with Mercier and Roge and the others who are so frantically seeking to block the course of justice. He scarcely conceals his disapproval of their policy and his personal relations with them have recently become strained. It is now asserted that since Captain Freyetaeter gave testimony Saturday it has been with the greatest difficulty that General Boisdeffre has been restrained from returning to the stand and championing the cause of Dreyfus. General Gonse alone of Boisdeffre's old associates had sufficient influence to prevent him from following the dictates of his conscience and separating himself from these defenders of the "honor of the army."

It is regarded as unfortunate that du Paty de Clam's deposition will be taken without any representative of the defense being present. The Figaro today asserts the contrary, but this is a mistake. Du Paty de Clam will escape all cross examination.

COURT MARTIAL.

Rennes, Aug. 29.—General Mercier and most of the other generals interested in the case were present in the court hall this morning when the court martial opened.

Colonel Cordier, deputy chief of the intelligence department under the late Lieutenant Colonel Henry, and who since his previous appearance in court has been released by the minister of war from the oath of professional secrecy, was the first witness. The witness deposed strongly in favor of Dreyfus and was most amusing in delivering his testimony. He kept the court in roars of laughter by his comical witticisms. He several times mentioned the ambassador of Germany, which caused the president of the court to intervene and tell the witness he must not introduce the ambassador's name.

The heavy corrections of the witness when he was repeating the same slips of tongue and the amusing manner in which he avoided mentioning Germans at other times caused the greatest merriment.

Major Lauth confronted Colonel Cordier and stated he was incorrect in saying there were no anti-Semites on the general staff since Cordier himself

was one. The colonel retorted, turning as he cried, "Quite true. I was an anti-Semite but I never bore false witness against the Jew. I am an honest man." This evidence was applauded.

General Roge next confronted Colonel Cordier. The general assumed the same supercilious air which characterized him when he appeared at the witness bar, strutting about the stage in disdainful attitudes. His evidence, however, was not very striking, nor was that of Colonel Fleur, or Archivist Gribelin, who also contested the minor points of Cordier's deposition.

Finally General Mercier confronted Colonel Cordier. The general's remarks were of small importance, the most interesting being a repetition of Colonel Sandherr's opinion of Mathieu Dreyfus when the prisoner's brother went to see the colonel to ask for justice in behalf of Captain Dreyfus. Mercier admitted that Sandherr said, "Mathieu Dreyfus impressed me as an honest man who was prepared to make many sacrifices to save his brother."

M. de Freycinet, former minister of war, former minister of foreign affairs, and premier followed Colonel Cordier on the witness stand. The court room was packed. Evidently the public was anxious to see the former minister at the witness bar. De Freycinet began by expressing the pain experienced at the troubles his country was undergoing. Later he said he remembered a conversation with General Jamont, at which there was reference to money coming from abroad in support of the Dreyfus agitation. De Freycinet delivered a patriotic speech, rather than a deposition, concluding with the words, "All the world will accept your verdict, which will open an era of reconciliation."

GUERIN SHOWS NO SIGNS OF SURRENDERING.

Why He Has Some Sympathy.—People Leaving Paris in Fear of Trouble.

Paris, Aug. 29.—The blockade of the headquarters of the anti-Semite league continues. Guerin still maintains his defiant attitude. Nothing worthy of note occurred today.

The reported death in Guerin's house has no confirmation, unless it be obtained from the odors now rising from the inclosure. They are simply unbearable and the neighboring houses are being watered with disinfectants by order of the government.

It is reported the London hotels are full of Parisians desirous of escaping the troubles of the capital.

Guerin may be tried by the government for attempt at assassination on account of his drawing a weapon on a police agent.

The reason why Guerin finds so much sympathy is entirely outside his wild teaching of "death to the Jews," but on account of the growing disgust in France for the police raids, illegal arrests and illegal seizures of papers.

The French are slowly growing away from the idea that a state reason is a sufficient excuse to practice flagrant illegalities, not only in the Dreyfus case, but in any kind of affair the police may choose to select.

One serious piece of news after another comes quickly from the French colonies demonstrating the absolute chaos created by such administrations as those of Lebon and Guilan. They left the colonies full of revolts, murders, corruption and slavery. The stories all make sensational reading. Guilan's system in Madagascar, which became so tainted during his governorship, is being rapidly corrected by his successor, who has much native discontent to deal with, and the ultimate pacification of the country is still a long ways off.

Chanoine and Voulet are in a state of rebellion, but the two officers may yet found an empire which the European powers might one day have to recognize. It is evident if the two rebellious officers carry out their treat and establish a kingdom in Africa of their own they would find plenty of French adventurers of the De Mores-Guerin type to come and share it with them, to say nothing of Italian and Prussian outlaws. A good many men who are regarded as shady in France would be glad to play a role in the new empire.

The government has no intention of overlooking any recent offenses and will undoubtedly bring suit against the Libre Parole, Le Soir and L'Intransigeant for their effort to stir up a rebellion.

The reception of Henry Lavedan into the Academie Francaise has been delayed for three months and the elections to vacancies caused by deaths have been deferred until next year on account of the unsettled condition in France.

LAWYERS FAVOR PEACE TREATY

Resolutions by Bar Association.—Sympathy for Labori Tabled.

Buffalo, Aug. 29.—At the meeting of the American Bar Association today the committee on international law, in its report on arbitration, says: "It is of the first importance that the treaty be ratified. We urge upon every member of the association to do all in his power to arouse public attention to the subject and to direct it in favor of ratification by the senate of the action of the American delegates to The Hague."

The association also presented a resolution renewing its adherence to its former declarations, assuring Labori, Dreyfus' counsel, of the sympathy of the association in his suffering from assault while in the discharge of his duties, and expressing appreciation of his steadfast courage in the vindication of justice was tabled on a point of order that it had no reference to international law.

J. R. McLEAN'S MAN IS SET ASIDE.

Norton Defeated for Chairmanship of the Ohio Convention.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 29.—The city is crowded with democrats in attendance on the convention which meets tomorrow. A canvass of the situation late tonight leaves little doubt that McLean will be nominated. The committee on permanent organization tonight, however, rejected Congressman Norton as permanent chairman of the convention. This was a decided surprise, inasmuch as Norton is one of McLean's most active agents. He was also slated for the place and even had his speech prepared. McLean's adherents on the committee threatened to present a minority report. In the event of this there will be an early and square test of strength. McLean's opponents are jubilant over the defeat of Norton.

THE SITUATION IN THE TRANSVAAL

Awaiting Chamberlain's Reply.—Warlike Preparations.

London, Aug. 29.—A Johannesburg despatch to the Times today says it is believed in the Transvaal that the dispute with Great Britain will remain unchanged pending the receipt of Chamberlain's reply to Kruger's proposals.

London, Aug. 29.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Lorenzo Marquez says that sentries there have been doubled, owing to the fears that the Boers will make some attempt to gain possession of the arms and ammunition which were recently seized by the Portuguese authorities. The streets are patrolled by troops with drawn swords. Many arrests have been made of persons who are suspected of being concerned in a plot to seize the munitions of war.

The British warship Tartar is lying about 1,200 feet from the Portuguese warship India, on which the seized munitions are detained. Many horses and mules are arriving for the Portuguese.

The Telegraph's correspondent at Fort Salisbury, Rhodesia, says that Colonel Baden-Powell, who arrived at Buluwa three weeks ago, has already raised two regiments of mounted rifles, and that the formation of gun detachments is progressing rapidly. There are many volunteers for the cavalry. There is an abundance of material without drawing on the police or miners.

A despatch to the Daily News from Johannesburg says that many small traders are being ruined by the political uncertainty, which has caused the stagnation of business. Fifteen hundred families are in receipt of daily relief, and there is much distress that is

not reported. Unless something decisive occurs speedily, thousands of British subjects will be alienated from their allegiance to England, in whose promises they are losing confidence.

DISTILLERY RAIDED NEAR MARION

Farmer and His Son Arrested—Large Amount of Liquor Captured.

Marion, N. C., Aug. 29.—Last night Deputy Marshal Gallespie, with Deputy Collectors Rolland and T. C. McCoy raided an illicit distillery six miles from town, captured the still and fixtures and a Marlin rifle and arrested M. H. Jimerson, his son and a negro named Young. They also captured sixty gallons of whiskey and 2,500 gallons of beer and mash.

All the defendants waived examination and gave bond to court at Statesville. Jimerson is a prominent farmer. The distillery had suspended as a government concern.

GERMAN AND BRITISH WARSHIPS IN COLLISION

Both Considerably Injured.—Fault with the German Ship.

Berlin, Aug. 29.—While the German warship Aguir was participating in the naval manoeuvres tonight she was run into by the British steamer Aberfoyle and a large hole stove in her side. The bows of the Aberfoyle were shattered. The Aguir was to blame as she was steaming under orders without lights.

BASEBALL GAMES YESTERDAY

At Cleveland—	R. H. E.
Cleveland	3 3 4
Boston	9 12 1
Batteries: Knepper and Duncan; Nichols and Bergen.	

Second—	R. H. E.
Cleveland	3 12 2
Boston	11 14 3
Called in the seventh on account of darkness. Batteries: Collofflower and Duncan; Meekin and Clarke.	

At Pittsburg—	R. H. E.
Pittsburg	3 8 5
Brooklyn	6 10 3
Batteries: Leever and Schriver; McJames and Farrell.	

At Cincinnati—	R. H. E.
Cincinnati	4 4 1
Baltimore	5 12 3
Batteries: Hawley and Peltz; Kitson and Smith.	

At Louisville—	R. H. E.
Louisville	7 11 3
Philadelphia	8 13 5
Batteries: Woods and Zimmer; Piatt and McFarland.	

At St. Louis—	R. H. E.
St. Louis	7 13 4
Washington	13 12 3
Batteries: Dowling and Criger; Dinneen and Roach.	

At Chicago—	R. H. E.
Chicago	2 7 5
New York	6 9 3
Batteries: Garvin and Donohue; Gettig and Wilson.	

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Brooklyn at Pittsburg.
Boston at Cleveland.
Baltimore at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Louisville.
New York at Chicago.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Clubs.	W.	L.	Pc.
Brooklyn	75	35	.682
Boston	70	42	.625
Philadelphia	71	44	.617
Baltimore	66	43	.605
Cincinnati	61	49	.555
St. Louis	62	53	.543
Chicago	59	56	.500
Pittsburg	55	55	.487
New York	50	61	.450
Louisville	48	62	.436
Washington	39	73	.348
Cleveland	19	96	.165

When you buy a refrigerator, remember the "odorless." For sale by Mrs. L. A. Johnson, 27 N. Main street.
It cures all headaches, Baldwin's headache Cure, 25c. Grant's Pharmacy.

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Direct from the refinery.

Pillsbury's Best Flour

Direct from the mill by the car load

OBELISK FLOUR

BY THE CAR

and all goods in large quantities FOR CASH. These are facts the consumer might consider to his advantage.

SNIDER'S

On the Square.

M'KINLEY'S ADDRESS

Chief Topic of Discussion at the War Department.

How Officers Interpret the President's Pittsburg Remarks.

Suppression of Rebellion a Question of National Honor Now.

Feeling General in Department that War Will End Before Beginning of Next Rainy Season.

Washington, Aug. 29.—President McKinley's speech at Pittsburg is the chief topic of discussion at the war department. Much enthusiasm is displayed at his announcement that the United States would not withdraw until her insurrection is suppressed. The feeling is general among the officers that the insurrection will be suppressed before the beginning of the next rainy season. They interpret McKinley's remarks to mean that if a hundred thousand men are not sufficient to conquer the Philippines he would ask for a force sufficient to meet all requirements. General Corbin expressed the general sentiment prevailing at the department when he said today that the suppression of the rebellion had now become a question of national honor.

M'KINLEY AT EAST LIVERPOOL.

East Liverpool, Aug. 29.—President McKinley and wife spent a quiet day at the residence of John M. Taylor, whose guests they are. Mr. Taylor drove the president and Mrs. McKinley about after breakfast. Tonight several thousand gathered in front of Taylor's house. Congressman Taylor, of the district, made a short address welcoming McKinley. The president replied, expressing pleasure at their welcome. He was tired and begged to be excused from making a speech, adding that he came here for rest and not for speech-making. He leaves for Canton tomorrow.

BRYAN TO THE ORATOR.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 29.—Final assurance was received from Bryan today that he will attend the democratic national carnival at the Texas state fair held here in October. He will be orator of the day.

WHEELER SUCCEEDS FUNSTON.

Manila, Aug. 29.—General Wheeler has been ordered to report to General MacArthur. He will be given command of General Funston's brigade. General Wheeler will proceed to San Fernando tomorrow.

BLAND'S SUCCESSOR CHOSEN.

Jeffersonville, Mo., Aug. 29.—Shackelford, democrat, has been elected to succeed the late R. P. Bland in the Eighth congressional district.

PETITION FOR GOEBEL'S WITHDRAWAL.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 29.—Between 5,000 and 6,000 democrats throughout Kentucky have signed petitions urging William Goebel, nominee of the Louisville convention for governor, and ex-Gov. Brown, who was nominated for governor by the Lexington convention, to withdraw from this contest and refer the question of a state democratic ticket back to the people, in order that another convention may be held and an entirely new ticket put in the field. In his speech accepting the nomination at the hands of the Lexington convention, ex-Gov. Brown said that if the democrats of Kentucky wanted "harmony" they could get it in twenty-four hours by simply having both the democratic tickets withdrawn. The impression has gone out that Bryan also favors that course.

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If there is anything you can use in the lot of Novelties we are

Closing Out

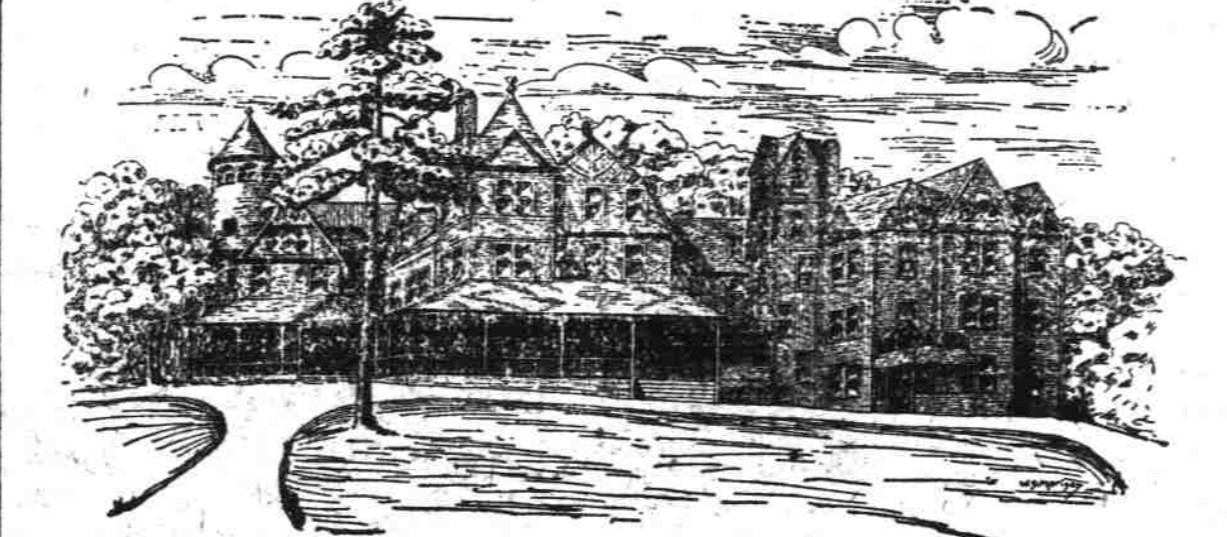
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Arthur M. Field.

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