

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL. IV: NO. 187.

ASHEVILLE, N.C., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1900.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

OESTREICHER'S Stock- Taking Sale....

Today we are making especially low prices on all cut pieces of

RIBBONS AND TABLE LINENS.

Our object is to save measuring and re-rolling. We can safely guarantee a saving of 25 to 30 per cent.

OESTREICHER & CO
51 Patton Avenue.

..MASSAGE.. AND PACKS.

Treatment for NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC AND OTHER DISEASES.
Special: THURE BRANDT MESSAGE FOR FEMALE DISEASES; ALSO FACE MASSAGE.
PROF. EDWIN GRUNER,
(Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly with Oakland Heights, Sanitarium.)
55 S. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 206.
Home or Office Treatment.
Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

INDANG CAPTURED.

General Scawan Takes Possession With Small Loss.

Manila, Jan. 8.—General Scawan's column has occupied Indang, which lies 22 miles west of the Southern extremity of Laguna de Bay. The rebels offered but slight resistance. One American was killed. The Americans captured a number of rifles and a quantity of ammunition. Everything is quiet at Inua.

STOCK EXHIBITION AT TOPEKA.

Topeka, Jan. 8.—The Kansas state poultry exhibition and the Kansas Improved Stock Breeders' association opened in this city today. Tomorrow the Kansas State Temperance union, which controls the liquor traffic of the state meets, and the day after the state board of agriculture convenes, making this a gala week in Topeka's history. The railroads have made reduced rates and the city is crowded. One of the special features of the stock breeders' meeting will be the discussion of the Texas fever quarantine.

IOWA REPUBLICANS UNITE.

Des Moines, Jan. 8.—The struggle for supremacy in the republican party of this state ended tonight when Senator Gear was nominated by the caucus to succeed himself. The name of A. E. Cummins, who was the candidate of the opposition, was not presented to the caucus as it was seen he had no chance to win.

JUMPED THE TRACK.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 8.—The Norfolk and Western passenger train west bound, left the track just east of Pultask. The engineer, John Smith, of Bristol, was badly hurt, and fireman Percy Cromer was killed. Two postal clerks whose names were unknown were seriously hurt. Passengers were bruised but not badly injured.

"In winter's cold and summer's parching heat," use Camphorine, for chapped hands and face, tan, sun burn, etc. 25c. all druggists.

Want Ads.—One cent a word.

CASUALTIES NOT YET PUBLISHED

Terrible List is Expected, Though, When White's Figures are Known.

May Disturb the Relief of English People.

Boers Will Probably Not Accept This Defeat as Final.

Buller's Demonstration Was Continued Until Nightfall.

WHEN GENERAL WHITE SIGNALLED VICTORY HIS TROOPS RETURNED TO THEIR CAMPS—A RAINSTORM FINALLY TURNED THE TIDE AGAINST THE BOERS, WHICH A GALLANT BAYONET CHARGE ASSISTED.

London, Jan. 8.—The sense of intense relief with which the country learned that General White's troops had repulsed the vigorous attacks on Ladysmith after seventeen hours fighting, has not yet been disturbed by the publication of the list. It was intimated at the war department that some statement would be available in the morning. Meanwhile absolutely nothing is known of the situation since the Boers were repulsed. Critics warn the public not to expect that the Boers will accept the defeat as final.

General Buller's demonstration in the direction of Colenso to aid General White was continued until nightfall Saturday when White signalled victory and the troops returned quietly to camp.

STRENGTHENING DURBAN.

London, Jan. 8.—The Central News says it learns that the war office has considered the possibility of dispatching the British troops in Natal and is consequently strengthening the defenses of Durban while the road from Pietermaritzburg to the coast is receiving the most careful attention.

BOER REPULSE AT CAESAR'S CAMP.

London, Jan. 8.—The war office today published the following despatch from Buller:

"Frederic Camp, Natal.—The following has been received from White, dated yesterday: 'An attack commenced on my position but was directed chiefly against Caesar's Camp and Wagon Hill. The enemy is in great strength and has pushed the attack with the greatest courage and energy. Some of the entrenchments on Wagon Hill were three times taken by the enemy and retaken by us. The attack continued until 7:30 p. m. One point in our position was occupied by the enemy the whole day, but at dusk in a very heavy rainstorm they were turned out at the point of the bayonet in a most gallant manner by the Devons, led by Colonel Park. Colonel Ian Hamilton commanded on Wagon Hill, and rendered valuable services. The troops have had a very trying time and behaved excellently. They are elated at the service rendered the queen. The enemy were repulsed everywhere with very heavy loss, greatly exceeding that on my side which will be reported as soon as the lists are completed.'"

SUFFOLKS DISGRACE THEMSELVES.

Telegrams from Rensburg say seven officers and thirty men of the Suffolks were killed and about fifty captured. General French's announcement that the Essex regiment had been sent to replace the Suffolks is more bitter to the latter's friends than the list of casualties, as the only inference deducible from the fact is that the Suffolks disgraced themselves and their flag by bolting and leaving a few of their more staunch comrades to fill the Pretoria jails.

The stock exchange was greatly depressed today owing to the situation at Ladysmith. Consols fell almost a half. The exchange received the news of the Boer defeat at Ladysmith with cheers and prices ascended in all departments.

GATACRE SHOTS A GUIDE.

A private of the Irish rifles, who

fought at Stormberg, in a letter to his folks, says that when Gatacre saw the position the guide had led the troops into he shot the guide dead with his own revolver.

THE SEIZURE OF THE HERZOG.

Hamburg, Jan. 8.—Herr Adolph Woermann, one of the owners of the German vessels seized by the British, was interviewed today. He said: "The last one taken is the Herzog. She had on board Dutch, Belgian and German ambulance corps. All these were traveling bona-fide under the Red Cross. It is certainly the first time such a corps has been detained by a hostile government. Their services were offered to the British but were refused. We cannot help considering the action of the British as chiefly intended to prevent the German East African line from continuing its service on account of the competition we have made against the English lines. We consider the seizure entirely illegal and against everything that has been considered as the law of nations. What the consequences will be we cannot say."

Herr Woermann is not only a large shipowner, but one of the largest German investors in the East African possessions. He is a personal friend of Emperor William and is generally understood to be carrying out the imperial wishes in regard to African colonization and commerce.

BOERS REFUSE TO LET US REPRESENT BRITAIN

New Precedence in Diplomatic Relations—Will Our Government Submit?

Washington, Jan. 8.—The Transvaal government has thrown a diplomatic bombshell in assuming an attitude directly at variance with the courtesy that marks the relations between friendly nations. The United States has been notified by the Boer government that it cannot permit Stanley Hollis, the American consul at Pretoria, to represent the interests of Great Britain during the war, but that he will, in a personal capacity, be allowed to continue to care for British prisoners at Pretoria. The only reason given by the Boers for this new rule of procedure is that they didn't want any British representative in their territory.

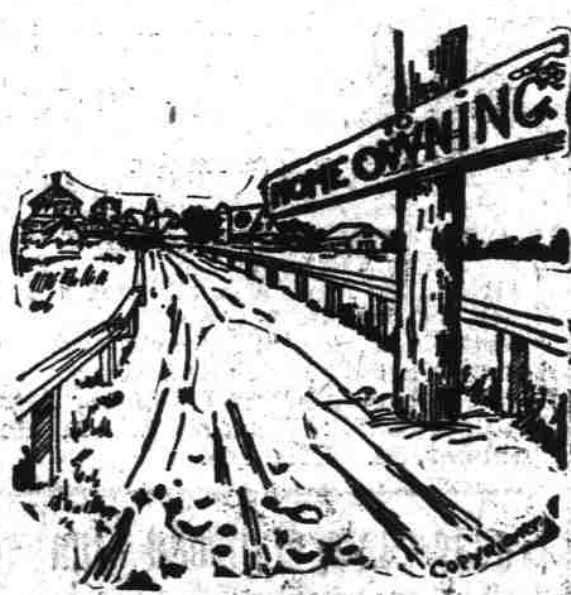
Just what this government will do, remains for President McKinley and Secretary Hay to determine. That they will bow to the decision of the Transvaal is not expected. Even Spain did not hesitate to allow British officials to represent the United States during the late war. The practice has become recognized as a matter of right, and the attitude of the Boers causes considerable annoyance.

Throughout the entire negotiations with the Transvaal the United States has shown a feeling of tolerance for possible ignorance of the customs of civilized nations. It is a question now, however, whether the government will not adopt a course which will more plainly show its displeasure over the restrictions placed on its representatives.

In some quarters there is a disposition to interpret the attitude of the Boers as a plain hint that the Transvaal regards the United States as British sympathizers; in other words, not neutral, in the present struggle. Such a designation of a government which has merely sought to carry out the civilized custom, is naturally offensive.

There is no question, however, of the right of the Boers to refuse to recognize the officer of a neutral nation as a representative of the enemy's interest. Just what may be done, beyond protesting, is not clear. The government might withdraw Hollis, but this would be an abandonment of the humanitarian work in which Hollis is engaged in a personal capacity, and would leave American interests uncared for. When the new consul, Hay, arrives at Pretoria, his presence may bring about a better understanding.

Mrs. F. R. Darby says: "Camphorine is not only good for chapped hands but for burns and inflamed surfaces also. My husband would have been badly burned the other day had not used Camphorine quickly and freely."



The Way to Home Owning

is easy enough by our plan. Write or call on us for particulars, telling us as nearly as possible what you want. There's no reason why you should not own YOUR OWN HOME. If you do not listen to our warning and take advantage of some of our offers in Real Estate, you may regret it when the old boy says: "If you wish to rent now, and buy later, you cannot do better than call on us: we can aid you in many ways where you can't aid yourself."

WEAVER & ALEXANDER,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
26 Patton Avenue.

MARTIAL LAW MAY BE DECLARED IN KENTUCKY

If Contested Seats are Given to Democrats—Separate Government Possible.

Frankfort, Jan. 8.—Rumor has become current that in event of the democratic legislature and contest board here granted the contested seats to democrats, the republicans will refuse to surrender, Governor Taylor will declare martial law and appeal for some legal remedy, and the matter will be taken to the United States court. Republicans refuse to discuss the situation, saying that they expect to win, but in case of an adverse decision, it is likely that a separate government will set up.

Ex-Governor Bradley was tonight nominated for United States senator by the republican joint caucus. The ballot for senator will be taken in the legislature tomorrow. Blackburn's election is assured.

GUNBOAT ORDERED TO SAN DOMINGO CITY

French Consul Has Brought About International Complications.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The gunboat Machias, now at San Juan, has been ordered to San Domingo City, where the French consul has succeeded in stirring up an interesting international row on account of the failure of the Dominican authorities to pay the indemnity guaranteed by treaty. The United States consul at San Domingo asked for a warship to protect American interests in connection with the threatening punitive measures of the French government but orders to the Machias were issued before his request was received, the department deeming such a course advisable in view of France's stand.

The interest of the United States comes from several circumstances, one being that much American capital is invested in the San Domingo improvement company, upon whose revenues the French government has placed an embargo in order to secure payment of the indemnity. The Monroe doctrine is also involved through reports from Paris that instructions to effect a landing if necessary had been issued to the French admiral. The difficulty grew out of an agreement to pay an indemnity, made by the late President Heureau, which the present government declares was a personal obligation on Heureau's part.

EUROPEAN COALITION AGAINST ENGLAND SURE

A Nation to Take Initiative Step all That is Needed.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The seizure of the German steamer Herzog and her removal to Durban have reawakened popular anger, which the release of the steamer General had partially allayed. The foreign office had received no communication on the subject from Great Britain up to this afternoon, and it is stated this fact causes great uneasiness. The government's attitude is not known, but the emperor is represented as being painfully impressed over the whole affair, and it is asserted that the situation is extremely critical. A European coalition against Great Britain is declared to be inevitable were any power willing to take the initiative.

A JACKSON ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrating the Defeat of British in 1815.

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—Eighty-five years ago today, General Andrew Jackson, at the head of 5,000 hastily recruited and inexperienced American militiamen defeated 10,000 British troops under General Pakenham. Today is being very appropriately celebrated by meetings of the Jackson club and other patriotic societies and is generally observed as a holiday. Peace had been concluded between the two countries December 24, 1814, but in those days of slow ships and no telegraph, neither army had the least hint of the declaration. At dawn, January



A MOTHER IS VERY PARTICULAR

about her boy's health—about the way he is protected from severe cold—but she sometimes forgets about his eyes. She somehow fails to realize that the headache he complains of is the result of defective eyes.

BAKER & CO.
Scientific Opticians,
45 Patton Ave.—Blair's Furniture Store.

EXAMINATION FREE.

8, 1815, the British commenced the attack. Behind the earthworks Jackson had erected were the riflemen from Kentucky and Tennessee. These men could shoot. They were arranged in two lines and under orders not to fire until the enemy were within 200 yards. The British advanced as steadily as on parade and presented one solid wall of red coats, then the order to fire came. Along the top of the earthworks ran a crackling line of red that curled upward into streams of gray smoke. The squirrel hunters from Kentucky and Tennessee were at work and every bullet found its man. The British loss was frightful. The entire time consumed in routing the enemy was twenty-five minutes, yet their loss in killed and wounded was 2,100 and 500 prisoners. The Americans lost six killed and thirteen wounded. The famous Highlander regiment which was recently depleted by the Boers lost over 500 men in the battle of New Orleans.

S. DANA GREENE AND WIFE DROWNED WHILE SKATING

Drawn by a Sail They Were Carried Into an Opening in the Ice.

Schenectady, N. Y., Jan. 8.—S. Dana Greene, general sales manager of the General Electric company, and his wife were drowned late this afternoon. They were skating with a sail on the Mohawk river and were carried into a large opening made by the ice harvesters. The first known of the accident was when an ice dealer heard a woman's screams and saw a woman struggling in the water. He got a boat and brought her ashore. She died without regaining consciousness. Greene's body was not recovered until two hours later.

Greene was a son of Lieutenant S. Dana Greene, who commanded the Monitor in battle with the Merrimac after Captain Worden was disabled. Young Greene graduated in a military academy in 1883, but soon after graduating resigned and went into the electrical business. He served during the Spanish war on board the Yankee with the New York naval militia. His wife was a daughter of Admiral Chandler, of Batavia, N. Y.

ANTI-AMENDMENT LEAGUES TO BE FORMED

By the North Carolina Republican League.

Special to the Gazette.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 8.—The executive committee of the state republican league has been called to meet at the Carrolton hotel, Raleigh, Saturday evening, January 13, at 8:30 o'clock. The time and place of holding the state convention of the league is to be determined. Steps will also be taken to organize anti-amendment leagues throughout the state.

TO PREVENT DISEASE IN SCHOOL

System of Inspection Inaugurated in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—Nearly two thousand fifty physicians have volunteered their services as medical inspectors for the daily inspection of the pupils in the public schools who show symptoms of illness. It will be the duty of the physicians to report at once to the principal if he finds any pupil has or is threatened with any disease of a contagious character and the one afflicted will at once be sent home. The inspections, which begin today, are made under a new system inaugurated by the committee on medical inspection of the board of education. It is expected that in this way all contagious and infectious diseases will be detected before they can be spread, as well as to improve the general health of the school children. The services of the volunteer physicians end at the school and they do not treat the children unless called in by the parents to do so.

Grant's Digestive Cordial for Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation. Price 50c at Grant's.

"ON THE SQUARE"

Agency
"ROCKBROOK FARM"
CREAMERY BUTTER.

FRESH CHEESES

ROQUEFORT,
NEUFCHATEL,
PHILADELPHIA CREAM,
FULL CREAM,
SWISS,
MACLAREN'S IMPERIAL,
PARMANSAN,
SAP SAGO,
FINE APPLE,
MILK.

CLARENCE SAWYER
Successor to W. F. Snider,
4 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

NORTH CAROLINA AMENDMENT

Morgan Addresses the Senate on the Resolution Recently Introduced.

Pritchard Will Speak on the Subject January 22.

grew's Rampant Defense of the Filipinos.

Census Information in Regard to Agriculture.

FINANCIAL BILL GOES OVER UNTIL TODAY—PENSION RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED WITH SEVERAL IMPORTANT FEATURES. RESOLUTIONS PASS THE HOUSE TO INVESTIGATE UTAH POSTMASTERS AS TO POLYGAMY.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, attracted considerable attention in the senate today, when speaking upon his resolution calling on the war department for information as to the alleged interview between the Filipino general, Torres, and General Otis by saying he believed we attacked an ally. "I believe," he went on, "that we have been guilty of the grossest treachery. I believe we have gone further in dishonor toward an ally fighting with us than any nation ever went in all history." The resolution and its substitute, offered by Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, calling for all the despatches and reports relating to the Philippines, went over. Pettigrew also offered a resolution authorizing mediation in South Africa, and said he would speak on it tomorrow.

The resolution heretofore offered by Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, as to the deprivation of negroes in North Carolina of the right of suffrage, was taken up and modified so as to declare that such denial was in violation of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution and of the fundamental principles of a republican form of government. Senator Morgan, of Alabama, spoke against the resolution. Morgan said he had nothing but good will toward the black race, but he would not flatter its vanity nor reward with power those who had cursed the country with negro suffrage. He had always regretted the necessity that had put him under arms in open hostility to the government, but he felt that it was a high honor, and that the confederates were only white men that defended the white race against the deliberate attacks of so-called reformers, who desired to establish negro equality.

Senator Carter, of Montana, reported the census committee bill conferring on the director of the census the power to employ clerks and also agents, not to exceed thirty-five, to gather special information relating to agriculture. He asked immediate consideration for the bill but it went to the calendar on objection.

Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, gave notice of an amendment to the pending financial bill repealing the tax on the circulation of state banks. THE FINANCIAL BILL GOES OVER. At 2 o'clock the financial bill was laid before the senate and went over for the day. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, remarking that there was no desire on the democratic side to delay it, as it was recognized the republicans had a majority.

Before adjournment several amendments to pension laws were adopted, including the following: To make a widow receiving an outside income pensionable at \$96 yearly, when such income doesn't exceed \$250; allowing an aggregation of minor disabilities in estimating pensions, and providing that a widow's pension begins from the date of application, not from the death of her husband.

IN THE HOUSE.
Immediately after the reading of the journal in the house today Dalsell, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on rules, reported back the resolution introduced last week by Lentz, of Ohio, for an investigation of the charges that John C. Graham, postmaster of Provo, Utah, and Postmaster Smith, of Logan, Utah, were guilty of polygamous practices, with the recommendation that it pass so amended as to provide that the investigation be made by the committee on postoffices and post-roads instead of by a special committee. The resolution passed without a division. Adjournment was taken until Wednesday.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Senator Morgan delivered his speech today on the North Carolina amendment resolution. Senator Pritchard presided over the deliberations of the senate during the delivery. Senator Pritchard will speak in support of the resolution Monday, January 22.

Senator Pritchard has secured the passage of his resolution declaring the eligibility for pensions of soldiers who had prior service in the confederate army. The resolution will now go back to the house and if it becomes a law will benefit hundreds in North Carolina.

The Pearson election contest will be heard on Wednesday, the 17th.