

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL V: NO. 62

ASHEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1900.

Weather Forecast—FAIR.

PRICE 5 CENTS

DESTREICHER & COMPANY



We desire to call attention to our line of

Tailor made suits...

Dress and walking skirts

Silk mercerized and mohair petticoats

Silk and wash waists...

Suits and skirts made to order.

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51 Patton Avenue.

MASSAGE AND PACKS.

Treatment for NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC and OTHER DISEASES.

SPECIAL: THURE BRANDT MASSAGE FOR FEMALE DISEASES; ALSO FACE MASSAGE.

PROF. EDWIN GRUNER, (Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly with Oakland Heights Sanitarium.)

55 S. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 206. Home or Office Treatment. Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

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...AT...

OAK HALL, TRYON, N. C.

One of the best equipped hotels in the South. Forty miles south of Asheville.

Joseph Hellen & Son, Proprietors.

Call for booklet at City Ticket Office, Patton Avenue.

\$500 REWARD.

A reward of Five Hundred Dollars is hereby offered for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons who have, or hereafter shall, wilfully and maliciously injure or destroy any telegraph wire or wires or any telegraph fixtures or instruments along the line of the Southern Railway Company. G. R. LOYALL, Superintendent. Asheville, N. C., April 17, 1900.

BROWN'S MINUTE BOYS.

A military company has been organized in connection with St. Matthias' school, of which Lieutenant H. B. Brown is principal, known as Brown's Minute Boys. The closing exercises of this school will take place at the Young Men's Institute Thursday night, May 3. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon on the day above named the "Minute Boys" will march through the streets with arms (wooden guns) under command of Lieutenant Brown.

MEDALS FOR SAMPSON'S MEN

Senate Appropriates \$25,000 for Mementoes of Victories Over Spain.

Resolution to Ascertain Revenue of Stamp Tax.

Senator Hoar Asks Number of Colored Men in Soldiers' Home.

To Ascertain Advisability of Establishing Separate Institutions.

DEMOCRATIC OPPOSITION IN THE HOUSE TO SECTION OF NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL PLACING \$500,000 IN PRESIDENT'S HANDS AS EMERGENCY FUND.

Washington, April 18.—In the senate Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, offered a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for the aggregate amount of revenue derived from the tax on notes, bank checks, insurance policies, leases, mortgages, telegrams, express shipments and medical prescriptions. The resolution went over.

Hale reported from the committee on naval affairs the joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to have struck off bronze medals for distribution among certain officers and men of the North Atlantic squadron, commemorating the naval engagements between the forces of Spain and the United States. The measure, which appropriates \$25,000, was adopted.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Hoar directing the secretary of war to inform the senate how many inmates of the national soldiers' home are colored men or Indians. In explanation Mr. Hoar said he desires simply to ascertain whether there is a sufficient number of colored inmates in the homes to warrant separate institutions. Mr. Pettus, of Alabama, asked that similar data concerning the national insular asylums be asked for by the resolution. It was agreed to and the resolution passed.

An effort was made by Money, of Mississippi, and several of his democratic colleagues to obtain consideration for a bill to revive and amend the act to provide for the collection of abandoned property and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts within the United States and acts amendatory thereof. It developed that strong opposition to the bill existed in the senate. Hale declared that the bill, if passed, would subject the United States treasury to a drain of probably \$150,000,000. He would, therefore, strenuously oppose its passage. Money challenged Hale's statement, saying it would take no such amount from the treasury.

Teller, of Colorado, urged that Money should not at this time press the measure, as further information was needed by the senate before it acted. Money then gave notice that he would call up the bill next Wednesday. The senate resumed consideration of the Alaskan civil code bill, Stewart addressing the senate on the pending Hansbrough amendment.

Washington, April 18.—Congressman Kitchin, of North Carolina, was the central figure of the democratic side today in the house, and led the minority in endeavoring to strike from the naval bill the appropriation of \$500,000 for emergency expenses, which the bill placed in the hands of the president for use at his discretion. He made a point of order against the appropriation and was supported by DeArmond, of Missouri. This was overruled by the chair, and upon Kitchin's appeal the chair was sustained by a vote of 94 to 92. Thereupon Kitchin moved to strike out the emergency fund from the bill. He made a warm speech, scoring the changeable policy, saying it would be a bad precedent to appropriate such an amount to be expended at the president's discretion. The speech made a

FOR RENT (Partial List)

FURNISHED—
7-room house, \$45 per month.
9-room house, \$50 per month.
5-room flat, \$32 per month.
11-room house, \$60 per month.
8-room house, \$35 per month.
5-room house, \$40 per month.
9-room house, \$75 per month.

UNFURNISHED—
5-room flat, \$18 per month.
7-room house, \$25 per month.
9-room house, \$35 per month.
12-room house, \$60 per month.
7-room house, \$16 per month.

Apply at our office for full description.
WILKIE & LaBARBE,
Real Estate Brokers,
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hit on the democratic side. Grosvenor and Williams engaged in a sharp controversy on the administration's policy.

There is to be no further delay about taking up the subject of anti-trust legislation. The plan of the republicans is to meet the democratic anti-trust declarations by pointing to the record of what the republican party has done. It is their purpose to go just as far in the direction of regulating legislation as it is possible under the present restrictions of the constitution, and at the same time adopt a joint resolution proposing to the state legislatures an amendment to the constitution that will remove all restrictions upon the power of congress. The measures which the republican leaders will endeavor to put through congress have taken shape in the house judiciary committee in the bill and resolution that will be reported to the house soon for an amendment to the constitution providing that congress shall have power to define, regulate, control, prohibit, repress and dissolve all trusts and monopolies and combinations or conspiracies to monopolize any part of trade or commerce, and contracts or combinations in the form of trusts or otherwise or conspiracies in restraint of trade or commerce. In the absence of legislation by congress these powers may be exercised by the states. Although many constitutional lawyers contend that congress has no power at present, to go further in the way of restraining trusts and combinations than was done in the Sherman anti-trust law, the members of the sub-committee of the house judiciary committee, appointed to consider this subject, believed something more could be done, particularly in the way of requiring greater publicity from corporations doing an interstate business.

The director of the census will make an effort to obtain exact returns from every gin and press in the south of the number of bales of cotton they handle during the present season. No gin is too small or insignificant to be overlooked, and the information sought is so important to the southern people that the enumerators and special agents anticipate their hopeful co-operation. The work will begin on the first of June, and if successful it is expected that a similar cotton census may be taken every year. There is only one means by which the exact amount of the crop can be obtained and that is from the ginning establishments. Every bale has to be ginned, whether it is consumed on the plantation or sent to Europe, and the director of the census proposes this year to count every bale that goes through the ginneries of the country.

The chief ground of opposition to the Nicaragua canal bill is that we would better obtain the territory and permission for the construction of a canal before the orders are issued to begin work and the money is appropriated to pay the expense. The department of state has assurances from both Costa Rica and Nicaragua that are entirely satisfactory, but they have not been formulated or signed.

FINLAY WILL RETURN HOME

Indianapolis, April 18.—Finlay, ex-secretary of state of Kentucky, who has been in this city for several weeks, and who was recently indicted for alleged complicity in the Goebel shooting, said today: "I intend to return to Kentucky and face the indictment against me. I am not willing to go back now and be thrown into jail, but when the time for trial comes, I shall go back and defend myself against the unjust charges brought against me."

GREAT SHIPMENT OF RAILS

Baltimore, April 18.—The British steamer Samora, loading at Sparrow's Point for Vladivostok, Russia, will carry the largest cargo of steel rails ever taken from an American port. The cargo will amount to 3,700 tons.

ENGLISH CHINA DECORATED TEAS AND SAUCERS, OUR OWN IMPORTATION, JUST AT HAND. J. H. LAW, 35 PATTON AVENUE.

Another big lot 80-pound joints matting just in at the Racket Store; cut as you like, at 15c a yd.

Baldwin's Headache Cure. Grant's.
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Grant's Catarrh Cure. Grant's.
Grant's Catarrh Cure. Grant's.
Grant's Catarrh Cure. Grant's.
Wood's Seeds at Grant's.
Wood's Seeds at Grant's.
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We sell our matting every day in the week at same price, cut it as you like it and as low as any in the city. Racket Store.

BAKER & CO.,

Scientific Refracting Opticians,
No. 45 Patton Avenue.
Examination Free.
Special attention given to repairing.

LONDON NEWSPAPERS CRITICISE BULLER

Robert's Report of the Spion Kop Affair Received With Surprise and Indignation

Gen. Warren Said to Have Been Ordered Home.

London, April 18.—Practically no developments have been reported in today's South African cables. From Wepener there is nothing later than Lord Roberts' message of yesterday, and presumably neither side has gained an advantage at that point since the last official despatches were received.

RETURN OF WARREN.

London, April 18.—It is persistently stated in military circles that Lieutenant General Warren, commander of the Fifth division of the South African field force, has been ordered to return home. It is said a peremptory order for Warren's return was "cabled to South Africa this morning." The war office declined to give any information on the subject.

ROBERTS' CRITICISM OF BULLER AND WARREN.

London, April 18, 4 A. M.—The government has chosen this as the moment to publish a despatch from Lord Roberts pronouncing censure upon Sir Redvers Buller and Sir Charles Warren, two of his most important subordinate commanders. This despatch, written February 13, has been in the hands of the war office for five weeks. Why it is published now, in the middle of the campaign, is not understood, unless it was expected that General Buller and General Warren will ask to be relieved of their commands.

The revelation of their incapacity must tend to undermine the confidence of the troops in their leadership.

Lord Roberts' despatch with the enclosures is the great feature of the London press this morning.

Whether the government has any special purpose or not in publishing the despatch, the way in which it has been received will make it more difficult to retain the censured commanders in active service.

In the despatch from Lord Roberts, dated February 13, Lord Roberts complains that the plans of operations are not clearly described in the despatches. After sketching General Buller's intentions, as communicated to Sir Charles Warren, who commanded the whole force, Lord Roberts points out that General Warren seems to have concluded, after consultation with his officers, that the flanking movement ordered by General Buller was impracticable, and, therefore, so changed the plan of advance as to necessitate the capture and retention of Spion Kop.

Lord Roberts continues: "As Warren considered it impossible to make the wide flanking movement which was recommended, if not actually prescribed in the secret instructions, he should, forthwith, have acquainted Buller with the course he proposed to adopt. There is nothing to show whether he did so or not. But it is only fair to Warren to point out that Buller appears throughout the despatch to have been aware of what was happening."

Regarding the withdrawal from Spion Kop, the retention of which had become essential to the relief of Ladysmith, Lord Roberts says: "I regret to be unable to concur with Buller in thinking that Thornycroft exercised wise discretion in ordering the troops to retire. I am of the opinion that Thornycroft's assumption of responsibility and authority was wholly inexcusable."

"During the night the enemy's fire could not have been formidable, and it would not have taken more than two or three hours for Thornycroft to communicate by messenger with Major Gen. Coke or Warren. Coke appeared to have left Spion Kop at 9:30 p. m., for the purpose of consulting with Warren. Up to that hour the idea of withdrawal had not been entertained. Yet almost immediately after Coke's departure Thornycroft issued the order, without reference to superior authority which rendered unavailing the sacrifices already made to carry into effect."

"On the other hand, it is only right to state that Thornycroft appears to have behaved in a very gallant manner throughout the day. * * * It is to be regretted that Warren

did not himself visit the Spion Kop in the afternoon or evening, knowing, as he did, that the state of affairs was very critical, and that the loss of the position would involve the failure of the operations. He, consequently, was obliged to summon Coke to his headquarters, and the command at Spion Kop thus devolved on Thornycroft unknown to Coke, who was under the impression that the command devolved upon Col. Hill, as senior officer. Omissions or mistakes, of this nature, may be trivial in themselves, yet they may exercise an important influence on the course of events, and I believe Buller was justified in remarking 'there was a want of organization and system, which acted most unfavorably on the defence.'"

"The attempt to relieve Ladysmith was well devised, and I agree with Buller in thinking it ought to have succeeded. That it failed may, in some measure, have been due to the difficulties of the ground and commanding positions held by the enemy, and probably also to errors of judgment and want of administrative capacity on the part of Warren. But, whatever faults Warren may have committed, the failure must also be attributed to the disinclination of the officer in supreme command to assert his authority, and see that what he thought best was done and also to the unwarrantable and needless assumption of responsibility by a subordinate officer."

The despatch concludes: "The gratifying feature of these despatches is the admirable behavior of the troops throughout the operations."

SEVERE CRITICISMS.

London, April 18.—Roberts' criticism of General Buller and Warren and Colonel Thornycroft continue topics of interest. The afternoon papers comment on the strictures of the British commander-in-chief, taking the same lines as the morning papers, praising Roberts for his frankness and speculating upon what the publication of the despatches at present portend. Some maintain there is nothing left for Buller but to resign.

The St. James Gazette is particularly scathing. Referring to Buller's report it says: "Never in the history of armies did it happen that a general scribbled confessions of failure and defeat, of useless deaths of men and of discredit to the flag."

The Globe declares that "a more pitiable record of indecision in plan and confusion in execution we have seldom read," and adds that what little reputation Buller had left has been scattered to the winds.

LYDDITE THROWN INTO BOER TRENCHES.

A despatch from Warrenton, April 17, says: "Finding the Boers busy making trenches, we exploded lyddite shells, following up these with maxims. Their ambulance was afterward seen on the spot. Presumably neither side gained any distinct advantage."

ATLANTIC COAST LINE CONSOLIDATION PROJECT

To be Voted on at Richmond Today by Stockholders.

Baltimore, April 18.—Another big railroad consolidation, promoted by Baltimoreans, will be consummated tomorrow at Richmond, where a special meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line will be held for the purpose of voting upon the proposition to unite under one management all the properties owned and controlled by the Atlantic Coast Line company of Connecticut, except the Richmond and Fredericksburg, and possibly the lines operated by the company in South Carolina. The preliminaries have all been arranged and all that is necessary to carry out the scheme is the approval of the stockholders.

SIX CENTS ADMISSION AT PARIS.

Paris, April 18.—The market price of admission to the Paris exposition fell today to six American cents.

GASOLINE STOVES FOR COOKING. THEY ARE SAFE NOW AND NOT EXPENSIVE. SEE THEM ANYHOW. J. H. LAW, 35 PATTON AVE.

Agency
"ROCKBROOK FARM"
CREAMERY BUTTER.

Preserves in Jars.

In this line the variety is so large and so varied in price that it is impossible to give anything like a comprehensive description in this limited space. We assure you we have the finest line, and that the prices are right and only ask that you give them a trial. Your satisfaction is certain.

CLARENCE SAWYER
Successor to W. F. Under,
6 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

POPULISTS NOMINATE

Dr. Cyrus Thompson Heads the Ticket Named at Raleigh Yesterday.

Convention a Large Gathering of People's Party Men.

Representative Southland Addresses the Delegates.

Constitutional Amendment and Election Law Condemned.

SKINNER MAKES MINORITY REPORT ON PLATFORM BUT THIS ONLY SERVED TO PROVE THAT CONVENTION WAS UNITED AGAINST HIM—THE FULL STATE TICKET.

Special to the Gazette:

Raleigh, April 18.—The populist state convention was held in this city today. The convention was a big demonstration, a large gathering of representative men of the party and harmony prevailed throughout. Owing to sickness, Senators Pettigrew and Allen could not get here. Representative Southland, of Nebraska, came for here. After the convention was called to order and the committee on platform was making up its report, Mr. Southland was introduced by Senator Butler. He made a most excellent speech and was applauded by all in the hall for his able effort. The platform condemns the amendment, but does not make it a party question. It condemns the election law and the extravagance of the last legislature.

Colonel Harry Skinner made a minority report on the platform and resolutions, but was unanimously set down upon by the convention. Some said he made a good democratic speech, but Dr. Mumpsal's rejoinder was withering and a masterly effort.

Senator Butler was elected state chairman. A straight populist ticket was named. The following is the ticket nominated: For governor, Cyrus Thompson; for lieutenant governor, A. C. Shuford, of Catawba; for secretary of state, J. C. Schulken, of Columbus; for treasurer, W. H. Worth; for auditor, Hal W. Ayer; for superintendent of public instruction, Prof. N. C. English, of Randolph; for corporation commissioners, Captain A. S. Pearce, chairman; J. T. Paschal, for commissioner of agriculture, Hon. J. M. Mewborne; for labor commissioner, J. Y. Hamroch; for judge of the Tenth district, L. L. Witherspoon, of Catawba; members of the national committee of the people's party of the state, Marion Butler, S. A. Lawrence, Dr. Cyrus Thompson; state central committee, Marion Butler, chairman; H. W. Ayer, vice chairman; James B. Lloyd, J. F. Mitchell, Z. T. Gorreth, A. S. Pease, J. F. Click; electors at large, Captain R. B. Davis, W. D. Merritt.

FIFTH DISTRICT CONVENTION.

Special to the Gazette.
Greensboro, N. C., April 18.—The executive committee of the republican party of the Fifth district met here today and called their convention to meet in Greensboro May 29, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for congress and electing delegates to the Philadelphia convention.

COAL MINERS STRIKE.

Wilkesbarre, April 18.—Four hundred and fifty men employed in the Butler & Chapman shafts of the Butler Coal company, Southville, Pitts township, went on strike this morning.

Wheat Hearts, the Ideal breakfast food.

Healthful for everybody— young or old.

Easily digested and exceedingly nutritious.

An appetizing dish, pleasing to the most exacting.

Trifling in cost but of highest food value.

Has no ingredient but the heart of wheat.

Every particle roasted at a heat of 400 degrees.

Altogether the best cereal food on the market.

Recommended by physicians as a valuable dietetic.

Takes but a few minutes to prepare for serving.

Sold by your grocer.

—WISDOM—
W. W. W.
(THREE W'S)
Pure Rye
IF YOU ARE WISE, BE CAREFUL WHERE YOU DRINK.
Whiskey
ANGELO MYERS
THE DISTILLER PHILADELPHIA
CARR & WARD
DISTRIBUTORS,
No. 23 South Main Street