

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL. V: NO. 107

ASHEVILLE, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1900.

PRICE 5 CENTS

OESTREICHER'S

sale of
Housekeeping Goods.

Commencing Monday, June 4, we will put on sale 100 MILL ENDS of TABLE DAMASK. The pieces range in length 2, 2 1-2 and 3 yards. We will sell the

\$1.39 quality at 95c yard.
\$1.00 quality at 69c yard.
\$1.15 quality at 85c yard.
75c quality at 59c yard.

In Towels we offer two extra special values in Linen Huck—our

\$1.40 quality at \$1.10 doz.
\$1.95 quality at \$1.65 doz.

CURTAINS.

We are showing the latest makes of Bobbett Curtains, controlling one of the most celebrated makes for this market. Prices range from 69c. the pair to \$10.00 the pair.

OESTREICHER & CO

51 Patton Avenue.

"Standard the World Over."



The Columbus Buggy Co.'s No. 20.

Neatly gotten up in carmine gear and green leather trimmings. Can furnish with either solid leather or solid rubber top.

Asheville Hardware Company, Agents.

SOUTHEAST COR. COURT SQUARE.

PHONE 87.

Kelley Springfield Tire put on in our Rubber Tire Department.

"MASSAGE" AND PACKS.

Treatment for: Nervous, Rheumatic and other diseases.
Special: Thur Brandt Massage for Female Diseases; also Face Massage.

PROF. EDWIN GRUNER,

(Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly 15th Oakland Heights Sanatorium.)

Home or Office Treatment. Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 5 to 8 p. m. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 206.

Wood's Seeds for summer planting. Grant's Pharmacy.

One of the best insecticides is what is known as Slug Shot. It will destroy almost any kind of bug on almost any kind of plant. It is as effective as Paris green while much safer and cheaper. Sold at Grant's Pharmacy.

Bordeaux Mixture at Grant's.

While the rain is on is a good time to sow lawn grass. Get Woods' Evergreen Lawn grass at Grant's.

Paris Green at Grant's.

Can you use a Lenox Sprayer? We have one; price \$3. at Grant's.

For Bed Bugs, Moths and Fleas, use the Columbian Liquid. It is excellent; 50 cents at Grant's.

TO ACT INDEPENDENTLY

Instructions to Minister Conger at Pekin to Hold Aloof.

Act Energetically to Protect Our Interests, Though,

One Hundred More Marines Sent to Kempf.

Reported That Empress Dowager Has Fled to Russian Legation.

MESSAGE FROM CHINESE EMPEROR PROPOSING THAT THE POWERS DEPOSE EMPRESS, ESTABLISH JOINT PROTECTORATE GOVERNING THROUGH HIS MAJESTY.

Washington, June 11.—Today's developments in the boxer troubles, as far as relate to us, indicate that the administration is deeply concerned over the situation. The policy of holding aloof from the political moves which it is feared other nations will make, is being strictly adhered to, and to the urgent request of Minister Conger for instructions, the reply was sent for him to act energetically in protecting American interests at Pekin and Amsere, acting independently, as far as practicable.

He is to avoid committing the government in such a way as to forbid it acting freely in any condition that might arise. On receipt of despatches this afternoon from Admiral Kempf, Secretary Long sent the following to Admiral Remey, at Manila, to send by the Solace immediately and with all despatch 100 marines, arranging, if practicable, that after this landing the Solace shall continue her homeward voyage as previously ordered.

Admiral Kempf sent several despatches today saying that the situation is serious and requesting a battalion of marines from Manila to enable co-operation with other nations in sending troops to Pekin.

EMPEROR'S PLAN.

London, June 11.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express claims to have been entrusted with the "duty of transmitting to the world a poignant personal appeal in behalf of himself and his country from the unhappy emperor of China." The value of the despatch will doubtless be estimated differently by the world than by the empress. The correspondent explains that the appeal comes through Weeng Tung, who for many years was the emperor's tutor. The message asserts that the emperor approved the proposition for sending the anarchy brought about by the empress. He fears universal civil war and therefore proposes that the foreign powers shall remove him from the palace, where he is a prisoner, declare the empress and her ministers usurpers, and bring the emperor, Kwang Hou, to some place deemed suitable for a new capital under new conditions. It proposes that the foreign powers declare a joint protectorate governing through his majesty. Sweeping reforms are called for in the emperor's plan with all laws excluding foreigners abolished.

Tien Tsin, June 11.—Four trainloads of troops have now started for Pekin. The foreign troops are now at Long Fong, forty miles from Pekin, which is doubtful if they reach before noon tomorrow.

TROUBLE AT TANG SHAN.

Tien Tsin, June 11.—Telegraphic communication between here and Pekin was interrupted. A special train left at 5 o'clock this evening with fifty British troops to guard Tong Shan. It is considered that the number will be inadequate. If trouble arises in Tong Shan all the northern China railways will be at a standstill. Owing to difficulty in securing the viceroy's permis-

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For "all sorts and conditions of men."

We can please you if it is possible.....

Also a few unfurnished left.

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sion for a third special train to start for Pekin, the foreign troops occupied the cars by force.

The Chinese driver ran away with his locomotive. The crowd tried to pull up the track, but the troops cleared the rabble away at the point of the bayonet and seized the engine. On learning of this the viceroy granted permission and the train left at 5:15 p. m. with about 500 men. The force was made up of 85 Germans, 80 British and the rest French troops.

RUSSIA READY TO ACT.

London, June 11.—The return of the emperor of China and the dowager empress to Pekin from the summer palace is regarded as a hopeful sign, but otherwise there is no favorable news from China, with the exception that there is evidence of a continued perfect understanding between the various powers and the announcement that the international guards will probably arrive at Pekin today. Should these prove sufficient to restore order, Russia is apparently preparing to deal with the crisis, judging from a despatch from St. Petersburg, which follows: "As a result of an understanding between the Russian government and the other powers, a despatch has been sent to the effect that further ordering of 6,000 of the Russian garrison there shall be held in immediate readiness to leave for Tien Tsin whenever the Russian minister at Pekin asks for their assistance, or circumstances require their intervention."

According to a despatch from Shanghai, dated today, 4,000 Russians, with twenty guns, have already been landed at Tien Tsin and are marching in the direction of Pekin. Shanghai rumors, however, must be accepted with caution. The London Missionary society yesterday saying all the society's missionaries in north China are safe; but that those stationed west of the city of Pekin have been obliged to seek refuge at the British legation.

A despatch from Pekin, Saturday, June 9, says: "A body of forty boxers, armed with knives, have looted and burned the Pekin club, race track and grand stand building."

Another edict issued this morning orders the military governor to police the streets with cavalry and infantry. Nevertheless in the neighborhood of the legation the street continues thronged with the roughest kind of mob ready to break out at the slightest provocation. United States Minister Conger has sent twenty marines and the British minister, Sir Claude MacDonald, twelve marines, to guard the Methodist mission, where members of all denominations of Protestants had gathered. The Roman Catholics assembled in the North Cathedral, west Pekin, have a small guard of French marines, but the converts have been well armed by Bishop Favier and will desperately resist attack.

Business is practically at a standstill. Constantly increasing streams of boxers parade the streets at their pleasure, much to the alarm of merchants, although there has been no looting of native shops.

MISSION HOUSE BURNED.

Berlin June 11.—The German foreign office has received a despatch from Pekin dated Sunday afternoon, saying the American mission house "Tung Chou, the river port of Pekin, has been burned by natives. The officials of the foreign office suppose this happened Saturday or Sunday morning. The despatch also says the international club, outside of Pekin, has been burned and that the Belgian secretary of legation was attacked by Chinese soldiers. The foreign office interprets the latter news as confirming the serious view it has taken of the situation, and expresses fear that the German embassy will be next attacked.

An official of the German foreign office called attention to a remark ascribed to Col. John Hay, the United States secretary of state, to the effect that the United States could not enter into an alliance with the powers regarding China, and added: "There is no question of an alliance, which is unnecessary, but only of a political combination for a specific purpose. There is no political question, but a police question. The case involves the interest of no single nation, but of all in common."

It was further added that the foreign office that there are now 650 foreign soldiers in Tien Tsin. Of the 1,500 now on the way to Pekin, 150 are Germans. They will repair the railroad as needed, probably reaching Pekin today. One of the two telegraph wires to Pekin, which was destroyed, has been restored. The German gunboat Tiger has been ordered to sail for China immediately. The German governor of Tsing Tow has been ordered to co-operate in quelling the disturbances.

ATTITUDE OF FRANCE.

Paris, June 11.—In the chamber of deputies this afternoon, M. Derys Cochin conservative, asked the government if adequate measures had been taken to arrest the insurrection in China and protect the French flag. The minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, replying, said China was a country of secret societies and that any one of these gave the signal for the insurrection. The acts of the rebels, he added, showed that for them the enemy is western civilization. They attacked schools, missions, railroads and telegraphs and the movement has become one of peril for all foreigners, and even at Pekin the insurrection has its accomplices, who are ready to join it.

Continuing, the foreign minister said:

(Continued on fifth page.)

BAKER & CO., Scientific Refracting Opticians,

No. 45 Patton Avenue. Examination Free.

Special attention given to repairing.

WAKE COUNTY DEMOCRATS LAUNCH THEIR TICKET

Talking of "Liberty" at the Headquarters of the Ring—Mid Summer Thaw of Snow.

Gazette Bureau.

Raleigh, N. C., June 11.

The main thing of interest in Raleigh Saturday was the democratic county convention which was well attended, both by delegates, candidates and spectators. The convention met in Metropolitan hall, and was presided over by James Haffadavit Pou. In accepting the chairmanship, he seemed mightily pleased with the honor conferred upon him, spoke pleasantly of the promises made and broken by the "fusionists," but made no mention of his 1898 affidavit with revenue attachment. He made some remarks about the lack of revenue officials in this convention, a remark prompted, no doubt, by recollections of the good days when his master, Mr. Simmons, (vance being dead) became the chief "red-legged grasshopper" of the eastern district.

The main interest of the convention centered in the nomination of senator. There were four candidates for this nomination, Mr. W. B. Snow, Mr. N. B. Broughton, Mr. E. P. Maynard and the present incumbent, Mr. F. A. Whitaker. Mr. Whitaker was a squeezed lemon from the start; and Mr. Maynard having entered the race late received what he termed a flattering vote in the primaries but found his round hopes flattened in the round up. His friend, Mr. B. C. Beckwith, "filled with the get-together-spirit" against which "the world, the flesh and the devil wrapped in the black skin of the republican party" could not, he felt, prevail in August, spoke well for Maynard, the solidifier, the harmonizer, the lawyer-farmer and farmer-lawyer. But the contest was between Broughton and Snow. And it was a right pretty fight for four ballots, when Broughton won.

Snow was the city candidate and was backed, it is said, by the whiskey men. He is a bright young lawyer, 23 years old, and "stands for every principle and every platform enunciated by the democratic party in the last twenty-five years." So said one of his associates. A political centipede, verily. And standing for so much, he surely can stand to be defeated. There was a delegate from Cary who wanted to go forth under the Snow-white banner, and believed that when the democratic party triumphed in August it would have triumphed eternally.

From the beginning there was an effort, frequently repeated, to stampee the convention for Snow, and it was having its effect. But the tide was stayed when W. N. Jones, Broughton's friend, arose with pale face and tense muscles, and said: "This is no time to whoop and holla. You know in your souls who should be nominated. I hold no man's conscience, but you know that if the question were submitted to the homes of this county to decide whom they would name yelling 'Snow' would not decide it. I could mention right here some things that are going on, but this is not the place to speak them. I call to the bar of every delegate's conscience this question: 'What ought I to do.' The responsibility is yours. In my heart—don't vote for Broughton if you feel that you ought not." This speech did the work and Snow vanished before August.

When Broughton came on the rostrum he praised Snow and said that he should have something to say hereafter, which may or may not be true; it is only a democratic campaign promise, neither signed nor sworn to. "Talking about getting together," said Broughton. "We are already together." Seeing the audience cold in Snow spots, he cried out: "I shall be elected, and I will not represent myself; I will represent every interest of Wake county." What he meant by that I don't know. He then advised the delegates to go home, "Smile at your wife and children; kiss them every one, and look up to heaven and thank God that you live in a land of freedom and liberty; for we are going to be free, have the freedom of our fathers." He said in conclusion that he was not going to be unkind to the negro, that he would do what he "thought best" for him, and I suppose that he will exercise the golden rule to-

ward the poor, illiterate white man according to the same pious judgment. It occurred to me that these men would also like to live in a land of freedom and liberty and have something to thank God for, after kissing their wives and little ones.

The nominees for the house in Wake are: J. P. Pearson, E. C. Beddingfield, ex-corporation commissioner, and R. U. Simms. Simms is the man who said in a speech in Chatham county a few days ago, "We are going to rule this state or make it a graveyard. Going to rule it if it takes blood and fire."

I am told that a leading democrat of Catawba county said to a republican a few days ago, "You ought to help us carry the amendment, and get rid of the purchasable vote, both white and black." This democrat clearly gave away one of the democratic secrets, that it is the intention of the democratic machine to rid themselves of all voters that are in their way.

The Caucasian will come out this week with a cartoon that every white man in North Carolina should see. It illustrates how the Simmons machine will conduct elections in this state after the amendment passes, should such a calamity befall the state.

Mr. Robert Vincent, who has held a position on the Morning Post of this city, will leave today to accept a like position on the Morning Herald of Newport News, Va.

The secretary of state has incorporated the following new companies: Granville Mining company, of Granville county, capital stock, \$20,000; E. P. C. Hambley and others incorporators.

Clayton cotton mills, of Clayton, N. C.; capital stock, \$120,000. A Horne and others incorporators.

Asheboro Machine company of Asheboro; capital stock, \$5,000. B. J. Holt and others incorporators.

Mr. D. H. Senter left yesterday to attend the Harnett county populist convention, which meets today.

POSTMASTER AND FAMILY KILLED

Hired Man Committed the Deed With No Motive.

Moosomin, Assinaboine, June 11.—The sheriff's posse, which returned here last night from Welwyn village, twelve miles north, brings details of the killing of Postmaster McArthur and four other members of his family, the fatal wounding of another and the serious wounding of two others by John Morrison, McArthur's hired man. Besides McArthur killed, were his wife and three sons, aged 12, 8 and 4.

The daughter was the only one of the family spared. The murderer awakened her to tell her what he had done and that she was spared. Then he rushed from the house, saying that he was going to shoot himself. He was found later badly wounded but not fatally. There appears to be an utter absence of motive for the act.

LYNCHING AT THOMASVILLE.

Thomasville, Ga., June 11.—A negro was lynched at Metcalf, ten miles from here last night. He was captured near the residence of D. Streuger, who charged that the negro made an attempt to assault his daughter. The mob then killed him. The coroner will hold an inquest the negro body and an effort will be made to convict the lynchers.

Courtney is selling Hasan's Tan Shoes at \$4 for one week.

The person who got the wrong hat at Odd Fellows hall Thursday night will please return it to Wilkie & La Barbe's office.

Clothing reductions at Courtney's for one week.

Boys' Wool Suits at cost for one week at Courtney's.

We are headquarters for cots and cot mattresses. Styles to suit everybody. Mrs. L. A. Johnson, 43 Patton avenue.

"ROCKBROOK FARM" CREAMERY BUTTER.

Singapore Pineapple Chunks

In 1 1/2 lb. Cans, 20 cts.
In 3 lb. Cans, 35 cts.

These goods are packed were grown and are superior to any packed in this country, as they are ripe when cut from the plant. When canned here they are shipped green and artificially ripened afterwards.

Lotus Peaches

One lb. Can, 15 cts.
The peaches are sliced very thin and are very popular.

CLARENCE SAWYER

Successor to W. F. Saider. 6 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

BRITISH MET SEVERE DEFEAT

Lord Roberts Line of Communication Cut at Roodeval.

English Loss of Life Is Severe.

Boers Captured Over Five Hundred Men—Wounded Returned.

Communications North of Kroonstad Cut Since June 6

THE NEWS CAUSES GREAT UNEASINESS IN LONDON—WHERE IT WAS THOUGHT FREE STATISTERS WERE AVOIDING BRITISH DETACHMENTS.

London, June 11.—Lord Roberts' telegraphic communication is still apparently cut off. The thoroughness of the Boer attack on his communications and the disaster to the Derbyshires is unknown, and is causing increasing uneasiness.

General Buller has apparently not advanced beyond Gans Viei. Kruger remains at Machadodorp with a guard of 1,000 men. He will go to Leydenburg, where it is resolved to make a desperate stand.

THE DISASTER.

London, June 11.—Lieutenant General Sir Frederick Forestier-Walker, in command of the lines of communication in South Africa, reports another disaster to the British troops June 7 at Roodeval, where the Boers cut Lord Roberts' line of communications, the Fourth battalion of the Derbyshire regiment were all killed, wounded or made prisoners, except six enlisted men. Two officers and fifteen men were killed and five officers and 72 men were wounded, many of them severely. The Boers returned the wounded to the British. The officers killed were Lieutenant Colonel Baird-Dougllass and Lieutenant Hawley. The wounded include Colonel Wilkinson and Lieutenant Blanchard, of the Canadian infantry.

It is inferred that the Boers captured over 500 men and as late as June 10 held positions cutting off the British forces north of Kroonstad from reinforcements. A despatch from General Forestier-Walker says General Methuen was fighting within ten miles of Heilbron. Communications north of Kroonstad have been cut since June 6.

LEAGUE GAMES.

At New York—R H E
New York 8 13 4
St. Louis 1 5 3
Batteries—Merrill, Warner; Hughes, Robinson.

At Brooklyn—R H E
Brooklyn 8 13 1
Pittsburg 7 9 2
Batteries—Kennedy, Farrell; Phillips, O'Connor.

At Boston—R H E
Boston 4 7 2
Chicago 13 24 3
Batteries—Cuppy, Sullivan; Garvin, Chance.

At Philadelphia—R H E
Philadelphia 8 14 0
Cincinnati 13 24 3
Batteries—Orth, Douglas; Phillips, Wood.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Chicago—Chicago, 2; Detroit, 1.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 3; Indianapolis, 2.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 9; Buffalo, 3.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 2; Cleveland, 4.

The most enterprising and successful merchants of Asheville advertise in the Gazette.

For No Reason

is Asheville more pre-eminent than on account of its fine climate all the year round. It is America's first resort, because perennially livable. It is the same way with Asheville's famous products.

WHEAT-HEARTS!

It is the first breakfast food for all the year; it is always invigorating. WHEAT HEARTS is prepared for serving in two minutes because we've milled the wheat, roasted the gluten and converted the starch to dextrine before it reaches you. WHEAT HEARTS makes a tempting dish with which nothing else compares if you but try it once you'll understand why "It's Wheat-Hearts we Want."

The Wheat-Hearts Comp'y,

ASHEVILLE

WISDOM

W. W. W. (THREE W'S)
Pure Rye
IF YOU ARE WISE, BE CAREFUL WHERE WHEN WHAT YOU DRINK
Whiskey
ANGELO MYERS
THE DISTILLER PHILADELPHIA

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