

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL V: NO. 138

ASHEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1900.

PRICE 5 CENTS

OESTREICHER & COMPANY SPECIAL

All wool plaid back Walking Skirts, such as are selling everywhere for \$7.00 — our SPECIAL price this week....

\$4.58

Colors Brown, Tans, Blues, and Greys.

We have just received and put on sale the latest shapes

Walking Hats...

98c

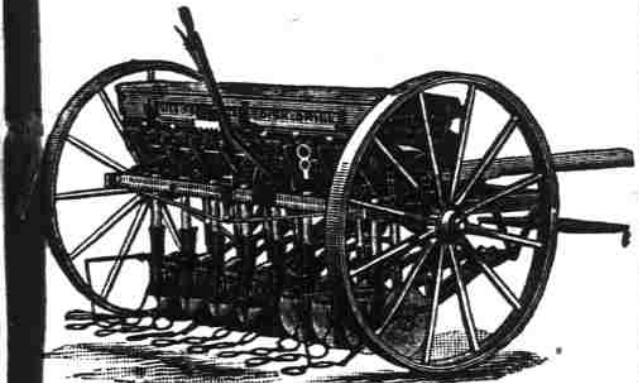
\$3.00

Cut prices on all summer stuffs.

OESTREICHER & CO

51 Patton Avenue.

The disks revolve on chilled bearings. The side thrusts are also against a chilled surface.



REMEMBER THE HOOSIER.

The disks make a furrow same as a Hoe Drill. Will do good work on a hillside owing to the superior way the disks are mounted, and work where others fail.

ASHEVILLE HARDWARE CO., AGTS
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
SOUTHEAST COR. COURT SQUARE.
PHONE 87.

MASSAGE AND PACKS.

Treatment for: Nervous, Rheumatic and other diseases.
Special: Thur Brandt Massage for Rheumatic Diseases; also Face Massage.

PROF. EDWIN GRUNER,

5 S. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 206.

Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly with Oakl and Heights Sanatorium.

Home or Office Treatment. Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2 to 4 p. m.,

SMOKE TRAYLOR'S

MAGISTRATE

5-CENT CIGAR.

Grant's Polson Oak Cure is an absolute specific; seldom more than one application necessary; 25c. Grant's Pharmacy.

The price is little yet; it is as pure as any made—Grant's Talcum Powder, 10c box; 3 boxes 25c. Grant's Pharmacy.

TO RAZE PEKIN TO THE GROUND

The Most Common Suggestion for Revenge Against China.

Native City of Tien Tsin Occupied by the Allies.

Total Casualties in the Assault of About 600 Men.

Many Large Conflagrations Caused by the Gun Fire.

GALANT FIGHTING BY BRITISH, AMERICANS, JAPANESE, AUSTRILIANS AND FRENCH TROOPS—DOUBT OF LI HUNG CHANG'S INTENTIONS.

London, July 18.—It was not until today that the full measure of the wrath of the nations against the barbarous orient could be realized and understood. Never has such a mighty cry for vengeance swept over earth. Nothing adequate to quench the thirst for revenge has been suggested and the feeling of impotence is beginning to exasperate Europe. The Times concludes a panegyric on the martyrs of Pekin by saying: "We have but to mourn and avenge them." But how? The most common suggestion is to raze Pekin and demand from whomever is in power there two heads for every one European slain. The reply would probably be: "Certainly take 10,000 heads instead of 2,000." And they would be delivered without arousing more than the most indifferent emotion in the oriental heart. Indeed few of China's 400,000,000 would ever hear of the incident. The impotence of civilization against the infernal work of these hordes is so complete it would almost be as useless to flay waves for a drowning shipload of human beings as to attempt to punish China. Yet something must be done. No one knowing the orient believes it will be possible to lay hands on those actually guilty. Therefore it is not surprising that the powers are unable to agree on anything beyond the capture of Pekin in a campaign as ruthless and deadly as the engines of war can make it.

Uncertainty as to the future plans implies no disagreement. I am able to make an announcement which is so important that it may almost be taken as a guarantee of the peace of the world, as far as the far eastern question is concerned. It is this: France will uncompromisingly oppose any division of China and even any change in the so-called spheres of influence in that country. Russia's plans or desires will have no effect on the French attitude. China must, said the French statesman who is authority for the above, be governed by the Chinamen, as it would be useless for any nation to attempt to keep that vast mass of humanity under control.

AT TIEN TSIN.
No details have yet been received of the success that followed the temporary check of the allies at Tien Tsin on July 13, but further particulars of the action on July 13 do not show that the allies were repulsed, though they were unable to achieve their purpose within the day and their losses were great. The attack on the native city began with a heavy bombardment, which silenced the Chinese guns within the city. Simultaneously a force of the allies captured eight of the enemy's guns mounted on the embankment east of the city and a fort containing five guns. Meanwhile the rest of the allies, including the Americans, attacked the western arsenal and cleared it, after three hours' of the hardest fighting yet experienced.

The Japanese, British and French field batteries and British machine guns poured in a hot fire, to which the enemy replied with a deadly rifle fusillade. After the arsenal had been evacuated the allies advanced toward the native city. The Japanese infantry,

with a mounted battery, advanced to the city walls, supported by the American and French infantry and the British reserves reinforcing them later. The allies found it impossible to enter the city and encamped outside. It was believed Friday that another attempt to enter the place would be made Saturday. The casualties of the allies were heavy, especially among the French.

NATIVE CITY OCCUPIED.
The Russian commander at Taku replies that at dawn July 14 the native city was stormed by two columns. The Japanese occupied the city. The total casualties were about 600.

ANOTHER MASSACRE.
The Mail's Shanghai correspondent telegraphs that a massacre occurred on July 9 at Tai Yuen Fu, capital of the province of Shensi. Forty foreigners and 100 converts were killed. Another Shanghai despatch says that Prince Ching and other friendly officials conceived a scheme to enable Sir Robert Hart, director of customs, to escape from Pekin, but Sir Robert refused to leave the other foreigners. The Mail's correspondent warns the public to distrust the denials of massacres.

CHINESE GUNS CAPTURED.
Tien Tsin, Friday, July 13.—In today's combined attack upon the native city over forty guns bombarded the Chinese positions. The fighting was most determined and the allies' losses were very heavy. Eight Chinese guns were captured and the Chinese were driven out of the west arsenal after a fierce cannonade. A strong mixed force is now close to the walls and it is expected an assault will be made tomorrow.

WILL HOLD LI HUNG CHANG.
New York, July 17.—A despatch from London says: In the lobby of the house of commons last night it was declared that the government has issued orders for the seizure of Li Hung Chang and for his imprisonment at Hong Kong, pending his deportation to some place in India, in the event of his carrying out his project of proceeding northward by sea, in compliance with the summons he has received from Pekin. English gunboats and cruisers are hovering off the coast of the province of Kwan Tung with orders to intercept any vessel, no matter what flag it flies, having the viceroy on board, and to secure his person.

It is resolved to hold Li Hung Chang as a species of hostage and, moreover, it appears that Sir Henry Blake, the governor of Hong Kong, has obtained strong proof that the old viceroy of Canton, in spite of his professions of friendship for the foreigners, is in thorough sympathy and league with his old friend and patron, Prince Tuan. Sir Henry cables that no less than 50,000 Mausers and a quantity of quick-fire guns have reached Canton since the beginning of the year and have, with the knowledge and approval of the viceroy, been judiciously distributed among those most likely to do execution therewith against the foreigners.

REMEY'S REPORT.
Washington, July 17.—Admiral Remy this morning cabled the navy department as follows:
"Chefoo, July 17.—Hope to get wounded from Tien Tsin either to hospitals at Taku or on board Solace. Following casualties apparently confirmed: Marines—Captain Davis, killed; Captain Lemley, Lieutenants Butler and Leonard wounded. Army—Colonel Liscum killed, Majors Reagan and Lee, Captains Noyes, Brewster and Bookmiller, Lieutenants Naylor, Lawton, Hammond and Waldron wounded. Total killed and wounded reported 773. Russians and Japanese lost heavily.

"Our total losses reported 213, about 40 marines, but number believed to be exaggerated. Have officer on shore especially to get authentic number and names, which will be promptly telegraphed.

"City and forts now in hands of allies. Admiral Seymour returned to fleet. Officer ashore is Admiral Alex. Jeff at Tien Tsin. (Signed) Remy."

ALL WELL ON OREGON.

The following despatch was received at the navy department this morning: "Noji, July 17.—Oregon passing through Simonofski straits on way to Kure. All well. (Signed) Wilde."

The secretary of state has received a despatch from Mr. Allen, minister in Korea, saying that boxers Sunday, July 14, destroyed the Catholic mission three miles from the Korean boundary and fifty miles from the American mines.

WU TO LEAVE.

San Francisco, July 17.—Ho Yow, imperial consul general of the Chinese empire, is officially preparing to receive passports for himself and attaches. In an interview he said: "I have understood that Minister Wu at Washington is ready to leave at any time. I have not yet received definite orders from him."

Ho Yow added: "The Chinese in this state are to a man heart and soul against the boxers and their actions. I have just attended a meeting of the Chinese merchants of San Francisco at which it was decided that they would immediately close their business here if necessary and offer their services to the United States and go to China and fight under the United States with the allied powers."

TIEN TSIN PORTS CAPTURED.
London, July 17.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Evening News, telegraphing under date of July 17, says: "The allied troops resumed the attack upon Tien Tsin on the morning of July 14 and succeeding in breaching the walls and capturing all forts. The Chinese were completely routed and

(Continued on fifth page.)

OUTRAGE ON WHITE MEN

Congressman Linney and President L. L. Jenkins of the National Bank of Gastonia Assaulted With Eggs

Special to the azette.
Gastonia, N. C., July 17.—Hon. R. Z. Linney had an appointment to speak here last night, and notwithstanding the fact that he was continuously interrupted and disturbed, he made a great speech in behalf of human liberty and free thought in the face of a howling multitude.

The town authorities made no effort whatever as far as could be seen to preserve the peace, although they had been previously approached and requested to do so. These are sad words for the writer to use, but it is no time to conceal the truth when men are denied the protection of the law. Let it be said, however, for the sake of the reputation and good name of our proud city, that several prominent citizens and honorable democrats did attempt to maintain order, but in vain.

After the speaking Mr. Linney and L. L. Jenkins, the republican nominee for state treasurer, were treated, to a shower of egg while walking to the hotel together. We must believe, until otherwise convinced that such conduct as above described, has lost the democratic cause many votes, and will meet a just rebuke at the polls.

BURKE POPULIST PARTY AGAINST AMENDMENT

Statement of Condition of Affairs by Seven Men.

At a meeting of the populists of Burke county a majority of the townships being represented it was decided to ask the then chairman, Mr. P. W. Patton, to call a convention, which request he refused to comply with, saying he would have nothing to do with it. The state chairman of the party then appointed Mr. S. C. Kerley to act as chairman for the county, who issued a call for a county convention. A majority of the townships being represented the convention was declared regular and empowered to elect a new chairman and transact any other business necessary to be done, which it did. Nominations for county candidates were made and R. A. Cobb was elected permanent chairman for the next two years.

Mr. P. W. Patton or any other member of the party has a right to withdraw as an individual from the party and no criticism should follow, as the principles of the populist party teach free speech, free thought, free ballot and a fair count. But being for human liberty and knowing that many of their brethren are poor, and have not the advantage of an education and hence if the amendment and election law should be carried into effect they will not be able to comply with the requirements, therefore will be disfranchised, and to bring about this state of affairs the populists of Burke county will not be willing to be a party thereto, and as a party will work and vote for every citizen who is 21 years old, has lived in the state 12 months, in the county 90 days, and has not been convicted of any crime, to have the privilege of registering and have his vote counted as cast as the constitution of the state and of the United States guarantees to every citizen.

E. A. Poe, S. C. Kerley, D. H. Peeler, W. E. Coffee, J. K. Clark, Theo. Clark, R. A. Cobb.

Always think twice before purchasing anything at a sacrifice.

Whose extract of Vanilla do you use? Grant's is absolutely pure and of superior strength. 25c box. Grant's Pharmacy.

We have the best remedy for catarrh and call it Grant's Catarrh Cure! Would like to tell you about it. Grant's Pharmacy.

A good book-case for \$4 at Mrs. L. A. Johnson's.

Gazette want ads reach the people of Asheville.

Best returns for Gazette want ad.

CALL AND SEE

That we are always prepared to supply with the best

Wines and Whiskies...

both imported and domestic at the

Boston Saloon

CARR & WARD, Props.

23 South Main. Phone 268.

RAILROADS TIED UP FOR TWO DAYS IN TEXAS

A Big Steel Bridge Washed Away—Bodies Recovered.

Galveston, July 17.—The details of the Coleman waterspout disaster are still unobtainable. It is believed the first estimate of the dead is too low, that the total will be at least fifteen. General Manager Polk, of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe road, says the line is washed out in fifty places, aggregating nearly four miles of track. Six bridges are gone. Some of the bridges were carried a mile away by the water. Ten bodies have been recovered, among them the corpses of J. C. Speth, John Euloisette, four four children. The names of the victims are difficult to obtain, the vicinity of the Coleman being dotted with camping outfits, people going there for their summer outing. The railroad can not resume operations within two days. This morning reports are received that the big steel bridge of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass railroad has been washed away by the flood in the Guadalupe river in Southwest Texas.

PRESIDENT RETURNS.

Washington, July 17.—The president, accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou arrived in Washington today at 1:40 p. m. in a special car attached to the regular Pennsylvania train out of Canton last night. The president was met at the depot by Secretary Root and Adjutant General Corbin.

ROOSEVELT'S CAMPAIGN.

Chicago, July 17.—Governor Roosevelt, who passed through here last night on his way to St. Paul, said he would begin his part of the campaign about September 10.

YERKES NOMINATED.

Louisville, Ky., July 17.—John W. Yerkes was nominated for Governor by the republicans of Kentucky this afternoon in convention lasting little more than two hours.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Brooklyn—	R H E
Brooklyn.....	13 6 4
New York.....	7 10 6
Batteries—McGinley and Farrell; Dohoney and Bowerman.	
At Philadelphia—	R H E
Philadelphia.....	4 5 3
Boston.....	9 15 1
Batteries—Pratt and Dougless; Cuffy and Sullivan.	
At Pittsburgh—	R H E
Pittsburgh.....	2 4 9
Chicago.....	0 4 2
Batteries—Chesbro and O'Connor; Griffith and Donohue.	

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Indianapolis—Rain.
At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Milwaukee, 4.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 8; Minneapolis, 5; called end eighth inning on account of rain.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 3; Kansas City, 1.

NOTICE.

On the first day of August, 1900, I will sell at my shop in Limestone township, Buncombe county, N. C., to the highest bidder, for cash, a one-cup open-topped buggy belonging to Kip Foster and Ben West, for a bill of repairs amounting to \$15.

ROBERT CLAYTON.

July 18, 1900.
A new lot just at hand of fine copies celebrated statuary, small pieces—poets, musicians, etc. They are not expensive. J. H. Law, 35 Patton ave. 2t

Stone jars for ice water or milk, in all sizes, at low prices now, at Law's. 35 Patton ave. 2t

Stone Filters and Ice Water jars. They are most desirable this hot weather, and they cost about half what they used to. J. H. Law, 35 Patton ave. 2t

SPECIAL SALE

All sailor hats will sell at 25 cents Wednesday, July 18. L. Mitchell.

"ROCKBROOK FARM"

CREAMERY BUTTER.

YOU

WANT

FRESH

Crackers

We have them in wood boxes,

paper cartons and tins, from 5

cents to 45 cents per package.

Try the Venice wafers at 45 cts.

You do not have to eat them;

they just melt in your mouth.

CLARENCE SAWYER

GROCER.

6 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

CHAFFEE TO BE MAJOR GENERAL

In Accordance With Decision to Retain Him in Supreme Command.

Miles Want'd Bates to Go to Taku.

The Brigadier Generals Likely to be Sent to China.

Grant Will Probably be One of Their Number

CABINET DECIDES NOT TO CALL

AN EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS UNLESS FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS REQUIRE IT.

New York, July 17.—A special from Washington says: President McKinley, upon his return to Washington, will promote Brigadier General A. R. Chaffee to be major general of volunteers, in consequence of the decision of the cabinet meeting to retain General Chaffee in supreme command. It was made possible by the legal decision obtained that the promotion of Lieutenant General Miles and the resultant promotions caused a vacancy in the grade of major general of volunteers. Lieutenant General Miles has recommended that Major General John C. Bates be sent to Taku, but members of the cabinet are satisfied with General Chaffee. It is expected in view of the large increase in the American force that at least three brigadier generals will be sent to command brigades under General Chaffee, and among those mentioned are Brigadier General Fred D. Grant and Brigadier General R. H. Hall.

NO EXTRA SESSION.

Cabinet Decides That Facts Now Known Do Not Require It.

Washington, July 17.—The cabinet held a long meeting today, after which the following statement was given out: The president has determined that the facts now known to the United States do not require or justify the calling of an extra session of congress. Should further developments indicate that he will be unable to do what is required with the means now at his command, and the action of congress is necessary to furnish either men or money or authority he will not hesitate to call it together.

This covers practically the action of the president and advisers who continued in consideration of the situation until late tonight.

GEN. WOOD IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 17.—Gen. Leonard Wood and his family arrived here today from Havana. Gen. Wood will proceed at once to Washington when seen at Quarantine, he said: "I have not been called home to consult about the removal of troops from Cuba to China, but to talk over general matters in relation to my post in Cuba. I do not know that I will be selected for a command, but I want to go."

PERUVIAN MINISTER.

Washington, July 17.—Manuel Alvarez Caceron has been appointed Peruvian minister to the United States.

AUCTION SALE.

E. Coffin, auctioneer, will sell at the southwest corner of courthouse on Wednesday, July 18, at 12:15 o'clock, a surry, a well-made walnut bedstead, a mattress and set of bed springs. Anyone wishing anything sold at auction can send it between 11 and 12 o'clock.

Don't Get Hot

standing over a hot stove in a hot kitchen. You don't need to have a hot kitchen if you use WHEAT-HEARTS. To be thoroughly digestible, cereals must be well prepared in a hot place some time or other. It's hot enough in our factory but that's so you can be cool. We prepare WHEAT-HEARTS up to the two last minutes—and those two minutes is all you need to cook it. You save fuel, have a cool kitchen, and enjoy the most inviting and seasonable food for hot weather.

"It's Wheat-Hearts we Want."

The Wheat-Hearts Comp'y,

ASHEVILLE.