

Asheville Daily Gazette.

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ASHEVILLE, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1900.

PRICE 5 CENTS

Final Clearance Sale of Wash Waists....

at the following tremendous price reductions.

Colored Waists

The \$1.25 and \$1.50 quality at 79c

The \$1.75 and \$2.00 quality at \$1.25

The \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.00 quality at \$1.50

White Waists

Twenty different styles—the \$1.25 quality at 79c

The \$1.50 quality at 98c

The \$1.75 and \$2.00 quality at \$1.25

The \$2.25 to \$3.50 quality at \$1.48

The \$3.00 quality at \$1.75

The \$5.00 quality at \$3.00

OESTREICHER & CO

51 Patton Avenue.

We Have Just Received a Car-Load of

Hoosier Grain Drills.

An examination of this Drill will decide your purchase.

Asheville

Hardware Company,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

SOUTHEAST COR. COURT SQUARE.

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MASSAGE.

AND PACKS.

Treatment for: Nervous, Rheumatic and other diseases. Special: Thor Brandt Massage for Paralysis; also Face Massage.

PROF. EDWIN GRUNER,

55 S. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 204.

(Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly with Oak and Heights Sanatorium.)

Home or Office Treatment. Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 3 to 5 p. m.

SMOKE TRAYLOR'S

MAGISTRATE

1-CENT CIGAR.

AN APPEAL FOR ARMISTICE

Li Hung Chang Cables This Government to Prevent Troops' Advance.

Fears it Will Shake Foundation of Empire.

Report That Allies Have Reached Peking and Entered.

No Confirmation of This Has Yet Been Received.

SHIPPING FIRMS AT SHANGHAI

APPEAL TO ENGLAND NOT TO SEND TROOPS INTENDED TO BE LANDED NORTH—THE FRENCH THREATEN TO LAND A FORCE IF THE BRITISH PERSIST.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The state department makes public communications exchanged between the Chinese minister and Acting Secretary of State Adee with regard to the Chinese overtures for an armistice. The first document is a cablegram received by the Chinese minister dated August 15 from Li Hung Chang, which was handed Adee today. It refers to the approach of the allies to Tung Chow and says he has memorialized the imperial government to negotiate an armistice with the commanders. He earnestly requests the powers to telegraph the commanders after arriving at Tung Chow to stop their further advance on Peking. He declares such an advance would cause alarm to the emperor and endanger the empire. He says the Chinese will be grateful if the appeal is complied with. The memorandum in reply which was handed the Chinese minister this afternoon comprises the two dispatches sent by General Corbin to Consul Fowler at Chefoo, the Chinese note from Adee to the Chinese minister and an extract from an undated message from Conger, which it is believed had been sent from Peking between August 5 and 11, which arrived today.

The first dispatch of Fowler to Chaffee informs Chaffee of the appointment of Li Hung Chang to negotiate a cessation of hostilities and acquaints him of the reply of the United States, wherein it undertakes to negotiate a cessation of hostilities on the condition that foreigners and ministers are delivered safely to the allies. This dispatch is dated August 12. A second dispatch, dated August 14, authorizes Chaffee to make any arrangements, in concert with other commanders, with the Chinese he may see fit for the safe delivery of the ministers and foreigners to the allies without referring the matter to Washington.

Adee in his note informs the Chinese minister of the receipt of advices from Conger stating that the attack of the imperial troops on the legations has not ceased and says until they do so the United States cannot stop the advance on Peking.

CIPHER STILL A SECRET.

An extract from Conger's message says that the cipher is safe, and that the foreigners have been completely besieged since June 23. He adds: "Continued artillery and rifle firing until July 17. The only attack was one last night. French, Italian, Belgian, Austrian and Dutch legations and safe foreign property in Peking is destroyed." He gives the names of seven marines killed, and says all other Americans are alive. The extract concludes: "The nearing of the allied forces gives hope."

PLAN TO RESCUE MINISTERS.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The United States government has consented to have the foreign ministers and other foreigners in Peking delivered by the Chinese authorities to the allies at one of the city gates if the commanders of the allied forces will consent, after satisfying themselves that the rescue of the foreigners may be accomplished in that way. Arrangements for rescue is left entirely to the commanders of the relief columns.

The Government has absolutely refused to consent to the Chinese proposal that the ministers and foreigners be escorted by imperial troops to Tung Chow, and Li Hung Chang, whose appeal to that effect was received by the government today, has been so informed.

NO DEFINITE NEWS OF ARRIVAL. London, Aug. 17.—Definite news of the arrival of the allied forces at Peking has not yet reached London, though indirect reports to that effect have been received from several sources. These are regarded as guess work. A news agency's telegram from Rome quotes an alleged official despatch, dated Taku, Aug. 14, stating that the allies began their attack on the capital Monday, after establishing headquarters at Tun Chuan, and that the British legation had opened communication with the relievers.

LANDING OF BRITISH TROOPS.

London, Aug. 16.—The situation at Shanghai absorbs British attention. The Times, today in its second edition, publishes a despatch from Shanghai, dated Wednesday, August 16, which says: "Admiral Seymour through the con-

al, has instructions that the which it was intended to land here shall proceed north. This will be done August 16 (today) unless the order is countermanded in the interval by the foreign office. The final decision of the latter is awaited. The principal British banks and shipping firms have telegraphed to Lord Salisbury that the government's decision (to send the troops north) will have a disastrous effect, and urging the government to reconsider the matter. The foreign consuls are equally alive to the results of such action on the Chinese and are addressing an identical note to their governments, with the object of inducing the British to land troops." France has 1,100 troops on board the transport Cochar, which arrived at Hong Kong yesterday, August 15, conveyed by the French cruiser Friant. These troops, the French consul at Shanghai, informed the other consuls there, would be landed at Shanghai if the British persisted in landing troops at that place. A news agency despatch from Shanghai, dated Tuesday, August 14, represents the United States consul general, Mr. Johnnie Goodnow, as joining with the French and German consuls in opposing the British plans.

The British foreign officials decline to enter into the reasons for not landing troops at Shanghai, but the foreign office is credited with being unwilling to persist in any course not approved by the other powers. The foreign office is expected to make some explanation later.

WILDMAN'S REPORT.

New York, Aug. 16.—A despatch from Chefoo quotes Edwin Wildman, the correspondent, as follows: "I learn from a thoroughly trustworthy Chinese source that the army of the allies reached Peking on Monday. I have every reason to believe that the army forced an entrance and that envoys and their friends were rescued today. They are probably safe with the Christian army."

CABLEGRAMS RECEIVED.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The despatch received from Minister Conger this morning, together with the appeal of Li Hung Chang, were turned over to Secretary Root, who took them to the White House and laid them before the cabinet. The message from Minister Conger is the first one that has been received showing that cablegrams sent him have reached him. A portion of the despatch of this morning is an answer to inquiries made to him. The despatch also contains the names of the marines killed in the assaults on the legations.

COLORADO TROOPS FOR CHINA.

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—The transport Warren sailed at noon today with the Ninth (colored) cavalry for Taku by way of Nagasaki. Several army officers, besides those of the regiment, sailed on the transport to join their regiments in Manila or China. Three hospital stewards and 100 men of the hospital corps who will be assigned, some to China and some to the Philippines, also took passage. The Slam, with more than 5,000 tons of freight for Honolulu, Guam and Manila, and the Aztec, with horses for China, also sailed today.

HAD NO CASE.

Catawba Citizens Acquitted of Charge of Assaulting a Registrar.

Newton, N. C., Aug. 16.—The case against H. P. Lynch, E. I. Sigmon and Dalton Dellinger for assaulting and disturbing Registrar C. M. McCorkle was tried Tuesday evening. After the hearing of the testimony of C. M. McCorkle, George McCorkle and one George Coulter for the prosecution and the testimony of A. P. Lynch, E. I. Sigmon and Dalton Dellinger for the defense, the court ordered the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

Are you partial to Vanilla flavor? Try Blue Ribbon—made from the choicest Mexican Vanilla Beans. It has a deliciousness that you don't get in other brands.

Aside from the question of saving money, the certain satisfaction of having the most delicious flavoring made, pays to buy Blue Ribbon.

HORSE OWNERS.

If your horse should have Pink Eye or influenza we can supply a trustworthy treatment. Grant's Pharmacy.

Lipton's Tea. A new lot in halves and pounds. Grant's Pharmacy.

Turnip Seeds at Grant's Pharmacy.

Order Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla and you do away with all the guess work about getting the best.

You will be surprised how much better Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla are than other brands.

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE....

We have for sale a well constructed country store building; also seven room dwelling, stable, 30 acres land, fine orchard and vineyard, in nearby small town. Enquire at our office for full particulars.

WILKIE & LABARBE, Real Estate Brokers, Phone 661, 23 Patton Avenue.

TROUBLE BETWEEN FOREIGN POWERS

England, Russia, France and Japan May Clash as a Result of the Chinese Contest.

New York, Aug. 16.—A special from Washington says: "Russia's occupation of New Chwang without adequate reason caused the decision to land troops at Shanghai, in which Great Britain is supported by Japan. Germany apparently is paying no heed to Russia's policy at Shanghai and proposes to offset it by stationing a squadron there and landing troops to protect her interests. This important information, just received in an official quarter here, presents a comprehensive view of the attitude of four of the principal powers interested in the Chinese situation with respect to the treaty ports of the empire. In view of the determination of the American government not to interfere with the action of England and Russia in landing troops at the ports named, the powers are thus divided with respect to this portentous complication in the international situation. Great Britain and the Japanese oppose the occupation of New Chwang by the Russians and the former has landed troops at Shanghai to counterbalance the czar's move in the north. Russia, Germany and France object to Great Britain's action at Shanghai, while the St. Petersburg government will not withdraw and thus remove all reason for the policy of the British government in the south. The United States remains neutral. The occupation of New Chwang by Russia has aroused great excitement in Japan. It took place, according to information received here, August 4, and though a despatch from Admiral Courtesolles received in Paris referred to the subsequent evacuation of the treaty port, nothing confirming this has been received here. There were a few boxers on the outskirts of the town, but their operations were unimportant and it was unnecessary for the Russians to occupy the port 'for the protection of foreign interests' as their government alleges. Instead of leaving the administration of the port, the levying of customs duties, etc., in the hands of the Chinese officials, it is declared that the Russian commander, who acted in accordance with instructions from his superior general, took over the municipal government, administered justice in the courts and installed Russian officials to collect the customs duties. Russia, in fact, extended her sovereignty over the port. This procedure, in the face of repeated Russian declarations that the czar had no designs upon New Chwang, has deeply incensed the Japanese government, because of its apprehension that the act of her great northern rival is simply preparatory to the extension of Russian sovereignty over the whole of the north of China, of which New Chwang is the entrepot.

The international situation has, according to diplomats here, entered upon a most dangerous and complicated phase, and the greatest skill will have to be exerted to prevent trouble between the powers.

VISIT FROM GREEK WARSHIP.

First One Ever Received in the United States.

New York, Aug. 16.—The United States is soon to receive a Greek warship, the first in the history of the country. The second class cruiser Nauarchos Malautis sailed from the port of Athens on July 17. Philadelphia will be the first American port at which she will stop. The Malautis will then come to New York. The Greek consul in this city said that he expected to see the vessel drop anchor in New York harbor not later than the first fortnight in September.

Have you tried Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla? 10 and 25 cent bottles.

Those delightful Water Ices are made more delicious with Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla.

Best grades coal, coke, Lard coal. Lowest prices. Phone 40.—Asheville Ice & Coal Co.

Try Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla. It means more delicious desserts for Sunday dinners.

Nothing is so refreshing these hot days as lemon sherbert. Blue Ribbon Lemon makes the best.

Pink Eye treatment at Grant's Pharmacy.

CALL AND SEE

That we are always prepared to supply you with the best

Wines and Whiskies...

both imported and domestic at the

Boston Saloon

CARE & WARD, Props. 23 South Main. Phone 265.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS IN THE POWERS CASE

The Case Will Probably be Closed by Saturday.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 16.—Four speeches have been made in the Powers trial. Victor Bradley concluded his speech today and will be followed by W. C. Owens for the defense and B. B. Golden for the prosecution and J. H. Tinsley for the defense. Col. T. C. Campbell will speak Friday morning, followed by ex-Governor Brown and Commonwealth Attorney Frankland will close Friday night or Saturday morning. That is the plan now, and the Youtsey case will be called and the selection of a jury begun Saturday. The large majority of the people in Georgetown still believe it will be a hung jury.

Judge Denny said the killing of Goebel could not affect the Powers contest for secretary of state, as Goebel's contest was before the legislature and Powers' before the state election board. After Burton made the talk about using cartridges to settle the contest, Powers made a speech asserting that he would abandon the office, the honor and everything, and return to his humble mountain home rather than have any bloodshed.

Victor F. Bradley spoke an hour for the prosecution. He said if the proof showed anything it showed the conspiracy in which Powers was to see that the armed mountain men were gathered up; that Taylor was to provide money for the transportation; John Davis was to feed the men while in Frankfort, and Youtsey was to look after the details of the plan to kill Goebel. He thought Powers' own statement that he locked and bolted the door leading to the next office on the inside before he left on January 30 was conclusive that he wanted no one of his clerks who had a key to be able to get in that day and interfere with the plans of Youtsey, who had a key to the door leading to the main hall.

WANTS ITALY TO BUILD LARGER NAVY

Signor Crispi Thinks It Necessary to Increase It.

Rome, Aug. 16.—La Riforma Heritima publishes an article by Signor Crispi, in which the ex-premier urges an increase of the navy. He says that during the existence for eighteen years, of the triple alliance, Italy has not had an organized defense. From 1890, he further says, to the present time, 2,650,000 pounds have been spent on the navy, which, however, has descended from third place in 1890 until it is now seventh among the navy powers. Signor Crispi, continues the article, cannot be defended without a strong fleet, nor can many Italian colonies be safeguarded against foreigners. Signor Crispi asserts that the economical future of Italy demands that she exert for new fields in the extreme orient, and he concludes by warmly recommending that the government provide for the necessities of the situation, for to relinquish a fleet proportionate to the needs of the country would be to abandon the sole hope of safety to which Italy could trust her fortune in the day of trial.

PRESIDENT OF REPUBLIC OF COLUMBIA RESIGNS

May Put an End to Revolutionary Movement

New York, Aug. 16.—A cablegram was received here from Bogota, announcing the resignation of President Sanclemen of the republic of Colombia. Vice President Marquise will serve out the four years that remain of his term. The action of President Sanclemen will bring about a change in the political system of Colombia and may even end the revolution which has been in progress for ten months.

Remember me for coals and cot mattresses.—Mrs. L. A. Johnson, 43 Patton Avenue, phone 166.

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OLIVES

In 27 styles of bottles from 10c to 80c.

OLIVES

In 5-gallon kegs, from \$6.55 to \$8.50.

OLIVES

In bulk, at 50c per quart

Do not fail to see our window display of Olives

CLARENCE SAWYER

GROCER.

1 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

THE RIOTING IN NEW YORK

Disturbance Very Similar to the Late New Orleans Trouble.

Many Negroes Beaten by Mobs of White Hoodlums.

Police Take Vigorous Measures and Disperse the Crowds

Ten Thousand People Gathered at One Point Yesterday.

POLICEMEN USE THEIR CLUBS

FREELY TO CLEAR STREETS AND SIDEWALKS—THE MURDER OF A PATROLMAN STARTED THE DISORDER.

New York, Aug. 16.—There was no serious renewal of the fighting between the whites and blacks on the west side tonight. This was partly because most of the ring leaders on both sides were either in jail or hospital after their six hour street battle of the late night and morning before and partly because there were as many policemen as there were wound batteries in this district. There were squads of cops on all the streets. Along Seventh, Eighth, Ninth and Tenth avenues between Twenty-eighth and Fortieth streets. They did not have much to do but drive away crowds of non-combatants who were out to see the fight. In Eighth avenue at one time there were 10,000 persons. There was some excitement here, for a crowd of one hundred or more white men hung to the corner of Thirty-fourth street in spite of orders to move on. Chief Devery, who was at the West Thirtieth street station, sent out Inspector Thompson with eighty men to clear the corners. The chief's only order as to how the job was to be done was to use clubs if necessary, and that order was cheerfully obeyed by every one of the eighty cops under the personal supervision of the inspector, who showed how things should be done. One hundred on the corner didn't wait longer to see the negro baiting, but went home to nurse their own bruises. A large number of negroes heavily armed and looking for trouble were arrested during the day.

Peace was not restored in the anti-negro district until after 3 o'clock this morning. During the riot, it is estimated, 500 police were on duty, and ambulances from every hospital on the west side were kept busy. The police estimate puts the number of wounded at 50 and the number of arrests at 40. The most desperate hand to hand fight during the riot was that between Detective John Kennedy and a negro, Lloyd Lee. Lee acted like a madman when Kennedy ordered him to move on. Refusing to do this he said to Kennedy, "I know you. You are Thorpe's partner. I have been laying for you," and at the same time slashed Kennedy in the shoulder, inflicting a deep wound.

Kennedy pulled his revolver and fired four shots. One bullet went through Lee's jaw. Policemen came running from different directions and went in search of Lee.

In the search another negro, David H. Carr, was terribly beaten, and when taken to Bellevue it was found that he had a fractured skull, a fractured arm and a battered face.

Kennedy was taken to Bellevue, where he identified Lee as his assailant. Captain Cooney and Kennedy say Lee threatened to "do" Kennedy because the latter was Thorpe's partner.

While Kennedy and Lee were in the struggle word was sent to Captain Connor that Kennedy had been killed. This intensified the excitement among

(Continued on fifth page.)

Don't Get Hot

standing over a hot stove in a hot kitchen. You don't need a hot kitchen if you use WHEAT-HEARTS. To be thoroughly digestible, cereals must be well prepared in a hot place some time or other. It's hot enough in our factory but that's so you can be cool. We prepare WHEAT-HEARTS up to the two last minutes—and those two minutes is all you need to cook it. You save fuel, have a cool kitchen, and enjoy the most satisfying and reasonable food for hot weather.

"It's Wheat-Hearts we Want."

The Wheat-Hearts Comp'y

ASHEVILLE, N. C.