

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL V: NO. 188

ASHEVILLE, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1900.

PRICE 5 CENTS

OESTREICHER & CO

We desire to call attention to our new line of

French Flannel Waists.

We are showing these in all the leading colors and newest styles. Prices \$3.50 to \$7.50.

Also a line of

Mercerized Black Waists.

These are absolutely fast color and the lustre warranted to last. Prices \$1.50 to \$2.50.

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If we have it, it is the best.



Our stock of....

Evaporator Pans

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ASHEVILLE HARDWARE COMPANY

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

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STEAM BATHS.

Treatment for: Nervous, Rheumatic and other diseases.

Special: Thur Brandt Massage for Female Diseases; Also Face Massage.

PROF. EDWIN GRUNER,

55 S. MAIN ST. TELEPHONE 206.

(Graduate Chemnitz College, Germany. Formerly with Oakland Heights Sanatorium.)

Home or office Treatment. Office Hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Grant's No. 24 cures Cold and La Grippe. 25c. Grant's Pharmacy.

Grant's Pharmacy does an excellent prescription business, as their file number, 149,198, shows. This splendid record is attributed to the use of pure drugs only, great care in dispensing. Prompt service and moderate charges. It is a good place for your general drug wants, too. Their phone number is 10.

4100 BODIES

RECOVERED

Latest Estimates Place Number of Known Dead at 7000.

Heart Breaking Discovery in Ruins of Orphan Asylum.

Dead Children Tied to Sisters in Bunches of Eight.

Twelve Thousand Acres of City Habitation Devastated

STORM VICTIMS STREWN THICKLY ALONG THE COAST FOR TWENTY MILES—MORE INSTANCES OF THE SHOOTING OF VANDALS CAUGHT ROBBING THE DEAD.

Galveston, Sept. 13.—The estimates today place the number of known dead at 7,000, the missing 1,000 and bodies recovered 4,100.

The best informed residents of Galveston estimate that twelve to thirteen hundred acres were swept of habitation by the tidal wave and the storm. It can be said that not one Galveston home escaped without damage. Charitable institutions suffered greatly. The Catholic orphan asylum disappeared, leaving but slight traces in the form of ruins. It was supposed that the inmates, some ninety-nine sisters and little children, had been swept out into the gulf when the waters receded. Within the past few days the bodies of several of the victims at the asylum have been found. The spectacle presented was such as to make the most stout-hearted break down. It appears when the heroic sisters found the waters rising all around the asylum they tied the children in bunches and then each sister fastened to herself one of these bunches, determined to save them or die with them. Two of these bunches were found under the wreckage. In each case eight children had been fastened together and then tied to a sister.

MANY BODIES CREMATED.

Galveston, Sept. 13.—Cremation is being vigorously pushed. Four hundred bodies, mostly those of women and children, were cremated today. They were unrecognizable and presented a harrowing spectacle, the odor of the burning flesh being added to other horrors. From ten to twenty bodies are gathered by different squads, thrown on to a pile of wreckage and kerosene and petroleum were poured on and the fire started.

RELIEF FUNDS.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 13.—Governor Sayres received \$500,000 in all today from various sources for the relief of the sufferers. The governor authorizes the statement tonight that he has not thought of calling the legislature together in extra session for the purpose of making appropriations for relief. He says he has confidence that the people will meet the emergency.

WATERWORKS REPAIRED.

Galveston, Sept. 13.—The crisis of the water situation has passed. By tomorrow it is expected that the repairs will be so far completed that water can be turned into the mains and the pumps set to work, which will give sufficient pressure to carry the water into buildings. This will enable the flushing of closets, thus removing a serious menace to health. The stench from clogged sewers and closets was becoming stifling. Quite a number of outside doctors are arriving, relieving the over-worked local physicians in caring for the sick and injured.

THE DEAD ALONG THE COAST.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 13.—Mr. John S. Moody, a member of the committee sent from Houston to take charge of the relief station at Texas City, reports as follows: "To the Mayor: "Sir—On arriving at Lamarque this morning I was informed that the large

est number of bodies were along the coast of Texas City. Fifty-six were buried yesterday and today within less than two miles extending opposite this place and toward Virginia City. It is yet six miles further to Virginia City, and the bodies are thicker where we are now than where they have been buried. A citizen inspecting in the opposite direction reports dead bodies thick for twenty miles.

"The residents of this place have lost all—not a habitable building left—and they have been too busy disposing of the dead to look after personal affairs. Those who have anything left are giving it to the others, and yet there is real suffering. I have given away nearly all the bread I brought for our own use to hungry children.

"A number of helpless women and beggar children were landed here from Galveston this afternoon and no place to go and not a bite to eat. Tomorrow others are expected from the same place.

"Every ten feet along the wreck-lined coast tells of acts of vandalism; not a trunk, valise, or tool-chest but what has been rifled. We buried a woman this afternoon whose finger bore the mark of a recently removed ring. Other details too long to enumerate."

KRUGER'S FLIGHT.

Causes General Botha to Sue for Discontinuance of Hostilities.

New York, Sept. 13.—A despatch to the Tribune from London says: The flight of President Kruger to Lorenzo Marques may enable General Botha to open negotiations with General Buller and bring the war to an end. President Kruger, however may return to Komatiport, or if he stays at Lorenzo Marques, Botha may continue the struggle, dividing his forces into small bands. All conclusions based upon Reuter's announcement of Kruger's arrival in neutral territory are premature, since the door through which he is reported to have retired from the Transvaal remains open. If General French occupied Barberton and the British columns are advancing toward Komatiport the door may be closed within a week and Botha released from all obligation to keep his burghers in the field.

The news however is still too indefinite to justify premature talk about a last ditch. Buller is pressing on after Botha over the mountains, but has captured abandoned stores rather than commandoes in arms, and French is still a long way from Komatiport.

The official record of the operations conducted by Generals Methuen, Barton and Hildyard and the generals in the Free State proves that the territories occupied are swarming with guerrillas and discontented Boers, who are unwilling to abandon the struggle. This is one of the worst features of the situation. Resentments caused by the campaign are embittered and opposition to British rule will have to be stamped out by strenuous and vigorous police work during a long period.

The political effect of the reports of President Kruger's retreat from the Transvaal have been instantaneous. Rumors of the dissolution of parliament at an earlier date than previous reports have indicated are already in the air.

FALL OF FRENCH BROAD.

Government Officials Engaged in Making Soundings—River Low.

Officers of the government are making soundings in the French Broad river with a view to ascertaining the exact fall of the river to the mile. The men were at work below Pearson's bridge yesterday and will continue the test as far down the river as Hot Springs.

It has been ascertained that the average fall of the French Broad is fifteen feet to the mile between this city and Hot Springs. Of course there are places where the fall is concentrated, and it is believed that a short distance above Hot Springs the fall is twice as great as the number of feet mentioned. The officers said such a test had been made by them annually for several years, and that the river was lower now than it had been for some time. It was for this reason that the test is being made, as the minimum fall can now be ascertained.

The government has this work done primarily for the information of those seeking water power, and in this way a great service is done western North Carolina.

The Australian coasting steamer Kameruka, while going from Eden to Sydney, travelling at full speed, struck on a reef at Moruya Head. There being no rockets on the ship, the captain tied a life line to some pigs, which formed part of the cargo, and had the animals put overboard. The pigs swam to the shore, taking the line with them, and by establishing communication every soul on board was rescued.

A fresh supply of Pabst Malt, Long Island Malt and Malt Mixture at Grant's Pharmacy.

White Rose Glycerine soap that many think equal to the imported, 10c. cake, 25c. box. Grant's Pharmacy.

Finest Cigars at Grant's Pharmacy.

Remember me for cots and cot mattresses.—Mrs. L. A. Johnson, 43 Patton avenue, phone 166.

500 pairs men's light weight Tan Shoes at cost. G. A. Meeks

Best grades coal, coke, hard coal. Lowest prices. Phone 40.—Asheville Ice & Coal Co.

WILL REBUILD RUINED CITY

Galveston Shall Rise Again Says Its Leading Newspaper.

The Waves That Lash Its Shores are Consecrated.

Will Bravely Undertake the Vast Work of Restoration.

Encouraged by the Sympathy of the Entire Nation.

SOME RAILROAD MEN THINK ANOTHER SITE SHOULD BE CHOSEN FOR THE CITY, BUT NOT SO ITS RESIDENTS.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 13.—The following editorial appears in today's News:

"At the first meeting of Galveston's citizens Sunday afternoon after the great hurricane for the purpose of bringing order out of chaos, the only sentiment expressed was that Galveston had received an awful blow. The loss of property and life is appalling—so great that it required several days to form anything like a correct estimate. With sad and aching hearts, but with resolute faces, the sentiment of the meeting was that out of the awful chaos of wrecked homes and wrecked business, Galveston should rise again.

"The sentiment was not that of bury the dead and give up the ship, but rather bury the dead, succor the needy, appeal for aid from a charitable world and then start resolutely to work to mend the broken chains. In many cases the work of upbuilding must begin over. In other cases the destructions are only partial. No, the sentiment of Galveston will be Galveston must survive and fulfill her glorious destiny.

"Galveston shall rise again!" Galveston having been isolated since the storm of last Saturday night, the stricken citizens of the town have not been informed as to the thrill of horror which went over the world when the news of the catastrophe was spread. The Associated Press brings the cheery news that in every town in the United States, commercial, religious and charitable bodies have organized into relief committees. At present thousands of dollars and hundreds of cars of supplies are en route and will reach the sufferers of Galveston just as soon as it is possible to boat them across the bay. If the desolation here has been awful, the sympathy and humanity of a great nation has been ample, and very soon the local committee will be enabled to assist the destitute thousands.

"What the News desires most to say to the surviving victims of last Saturday's catastrophe is that in the knowledge of a world-wide sympathy which is encompassing us, we must not give way to despair. If we have lost all else we still have life and the future and it is toward the future that we must devote the energies of our lives. We can never forget that we have suffered; we cannot forget the thousands of our friends and loved ones who found in the angry billows that destroyed them a final resting place. But tears and grief must not make us forget our present duties. The bright and ruin which have desolated Galveston are not beyond repair; we must not for a moment think Galveston is to be abandoned because of one disaster, however horrible that disaster has been. We have our homes here, even if those homes are in ruins, and if we loved Galveston before, how much stronger must that affection be, and how much more sacred it must be when we think of our loved ones, whose dust consecrates not only the land, but the very waves which lash its shores.

"It is a time for courage of the highest order. It is a time when men and women show the stuff that is in them, and we can make no better acknowledgment of the material sympathy which the world is extending to us than to answer back that after we shall have buried our dead, relieved the sufferers of the sick and destitute, we will bravely undertake the vast work of restoration and recuperation which lies before us in a manner which will convince the world that we have the spirit to overcome misfortune and rebuild our homes. In this way we shall prove ourselves worthy of the bound-

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That we are always prepared to supply you with the best

Wines and Whiskies...

both imported and domestic at the

Boston Saloon

CARR & WARD, Props.

23 South Main Phone 282.

less tenderness which is being showered upon us in the hour of desolation and sorrow.

(Signed) "A. H. BELO & CO."

LIKELY THAT GALVESTON WILL PROMPTLY REBUILD

Belief That Residents Won't be Willing to Adopt Another Site.

New York Sept. 13.—Railroad men in the city have been discussing with great interest the possibility that Galveston may be rebuilt on a different site less liable to the onslaught of the Gulf of Mexico than the flat sand island which has twice been denied by wind and wave. It is rumored that the Southern Pacific company heads a movement to build the city on a spot forty miles to the southwest of its present location at the mouth of the Brazos river. But representatives of the railway systems which connected Galveston with the outside world before the occurrence of the present disaster say that her residents will rebuild on the same island in spite of the terrible experiences. They believe Galveston, injured financially though her citizens have been, will be rebuilt by them without the aid of outside capital.

BUILDING BRIDGE TO GALVESTON.

Arkansas City, Kan., Sept. 13.—All the available bridge and building material on the Oklahoma division of the Santa Fe and its branches has been gathered together and pile drivers and tools of that department have been sent to Texas to rush the work of getting a railroad into Galveston.

Houston, Sept. 13.—The Western Union Telegraph company has strung two wires across Galveston bay and will have them in working order tonight.

FIRE AT CHAPEL HILL

Special to the Gazette.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Sept. 13.—Fire in the business part of Chapel Hill burned one dwelling and two stores this afternoon. Some other property was damaged, and at one time it looked as if the entire business section of the town was doomed.

The fire started in a small dwelling, owned by Col. Peckham of New York, and occupied by W. H. Thompson and family. Very close to his house was the large new farm house building of J. D. Webb, which was also burned, though the contents were mostly saved. The building occupied by S. L. Herndon, undertaker, was also destroyed.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At New York— R H E
New York 5 10 2
Chicago 6 6 2
Batteries: Matthews and Bowerman; Cunningham and Kling.

At Brooklyn— R H E
Brooklyn 7 12 0
Cincinnati 2 10 9
Batteries: Weyhing and McGuire; Newton and Kahoe.

Second game— R H E
Brooklyn 13 12 2
Cincinnati 9 12 8
Batteries: Kitson and Farrell; Scott and Peitz. Called in seventh on account of darkness.

At Philadelphia— R H E
Philadelphia 11 16 0
Pittsburg 6 15 1
Batteries: Frazer and Douglass; Chesbro and O'Connor.

At Boston— R H E
Boston 4 9 3
St. Louis 6 11 3
Batteries: Pettinger and Sullivan; Jones and Buelow.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Buffalo, 5; Chicago, 1.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 3; Cleveland, 5.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 13; Detroit, 4.

"ROCKBROOK FARM" CREAMERY BUTTER.

CUT PRICES.

GRAPE JUICE.

Quarts cut from... .55c to 40c
Pints cut from... .35c to 25c
1-2 Pints cut from... .20c to 15c

LIME JUICE.

Quarts cut from... .35c to 30c

ROOT BEER.

Quarts cut from... .20c to 15c

True FRUIT SHRUB in Raspberry, Strawberry and Orange. Pints from 30c to 25c.

CLARENCE SAWYER

GROCER.

6 NORTH COURT SQUARE.

RUSSIA'S DECISION

Will Leave a Force of Fifteen Thousand Men at Peking.

Other Powers Announce Their Quota,

Except England, Whose Policy is Yet Undecided.

Further Tales of the Butchery of Missionaries.

THE HODGES KILLED AT PAO TING FU—HORRIBLE TREATMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN BY BOXERS.

London, Sept. 14.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times in a despatch, dated September 4, says that Russia has decided to withdraw her legation from Peking, leaving a purely military command. He adds it was expected an announcement of this decision would be made officially to other powers. The other powers will presumably also withdraw their legations, Peking remaining under military control of the powers during the winter. At the last meeting of the commanders it was announced that Russia would maintain 15,000 troops in China during the winter. The German commander said Germany would keep the same number. The Japanese commander announced that Japan would maintain an army of 22,000. The British general could make no announcement regarding his government's policy, which, doubtless, is still being considered.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Minister Conger cables the state department under date of September 6 as follows:

"Hodges killed Pao Ting Fu." The Hodges are Presbyterian missionaries. Minister Conger's message is an answer to cabled inquiry from the state department as to the fate of Courtland Van Rensselaer Hodge and wife, Elsie Campbell Hodge. The couple were natives of Philadelphia.

THE SLAUGHTER OF MISSIONARIES.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—A staff correspondent of the Record, who is at Tien Tsin, sends much new information regarding the massacre of missionaries. He says, under date of Tien Tsin September 3:

Authentic news is now forthcoming from native Christian refugees relative to the massacre of missionaries at Fou Chou Fu in the province of Shansi on August 15. It was the regular Chinese troops who killed the Americans, among whom were:

Mr. and Mrs. Atwater and their two children.
Mr. and Mrs. Price and four children.
Mr. and Mrs. Legren.
Mrs. English.
Mrs. English was beheaded after great torture.

The reports of massacres in Tai-yuen Fu, Shansi province, are likewise verified. Thirty-three members of the English mission in that place were imprisoned in the yamen under the supposed protection of the governor. The latter admitted boxers to the yamen, with the result that all the missionaries were killed and their heads were placed on the gates of the town.

An American, Miss Combs, was burned alive at Taku, as were also the French priests seized there. The American mission was destroyed, and

(Continued on fourth page.)



A Real Estate Sign

is usually a fingerboard to wealth. It points out the road closer than anything else can. There's money to be made in real estate, lots of it. We have some offers to make which it will be worth your while to consider. In the way of some nice residence lots on French Broad avenue, also some nice lots on Montford and Cumberland avenues.

J. B. Bostic Company
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