

Asheville Daily Gazette.

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ASHEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 27, 1900.

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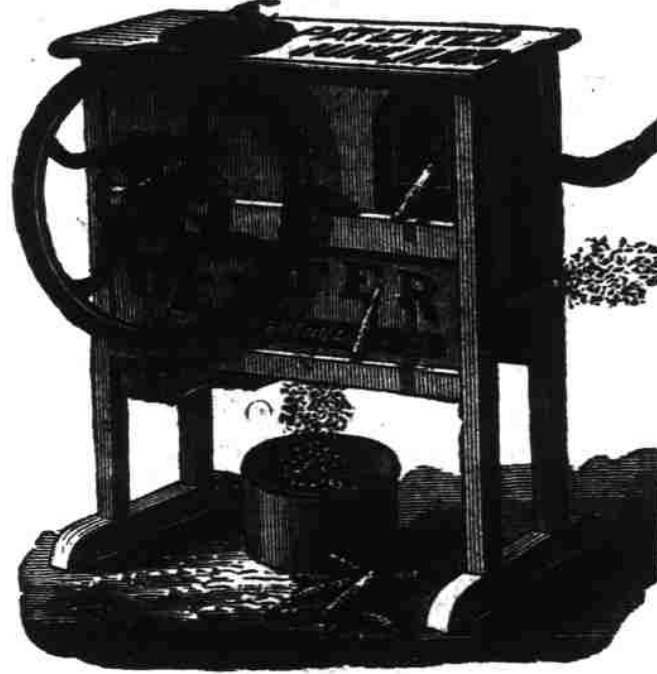
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Home or office Treatment. Office hours, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., 2. to 4 p. m.

Hot biscuits and delicious coffee served free this week at Pennington Bros & Co's. Be sure to see the great Majestic Range.

A large line of furniture of all kinds for fall trade being received daily. Our line will please you. Your patronage solicited. MRS. L. A. JOHNSON, 43 Patton Avenue.

ARBITRATION SUCCESSFUL

Miners at Jeddo Reach an Agreement With Their Employers.

Will Return to Work Pending Final Settlement.

Italian Miners Fight in the Lackawanna Region.

Less Than One-Half the Reading Collieries Working.

GRIEVANCES OF EMPLOYEES BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF OPERATORS BY STRIKE AND CONFERENCES HAVE BEEN HELD - UNWILLINGNESS TO TREAT WITH THE UNION.

Hazleton, Sept. 26.—Arbitration has won a preliminary victory in the anthracite coal region. The miners employed by the Markles, at Jeddo's, replied today to the firms' answer. They accepted the three firms' replies to their grievances, asked for arbitration on five and reserved the right to ask for arbitration on another by reference to a committee. They also agreed to return to work pending a decision. The members of the firm were pleased with the men's action.

Less than one half of the Reading coal mines are at work. The task of organizing the men into unions is proceeding steadily.

Labor leaders in the Scranton district declare if the operators make any concessions to the men these concessions must be before the miners return to work and not afterward.

One thousand two hundred miners of the Lykens Valley region met at Williamstown today and after listening to a labor agitator refused, unanimously, under advice of a priest, to go on strike.

WILL NOT RECOGNIZE UNION.

Scranton, Sept. 26.—It appears that the strike has brought to the attention of the operators in a more marked manner the grievances of their employees and that in the various conferences held the opportunity has been afforded to discuss the grievances both from their own standpoint and that of the men. Public sentiment, especially as regards the question of the price charged miners for powder, has also been a material factor in the proceedings and an understanding exists that when work is resumed the terms of settlement will be made known.

But there is an understanding that come what may the settlement shall not be affected through the united mine workers. While the many mine workers are anxious to settle the strike and return to work regardless of the means by which an amicable settlement is made, there is quite a strong sentiment to remain out until the union is recognized and until that organization is satisfied that work can be resumed advantageously to the union.

HAZLETON REGION QUIET.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 26.—The request of Sheriff Harvey that troops be sent to Luzerne county, made yesterday, is still under consideration but it is almost certain that none will be sent until there are further developments requiring their services. The entire Hazleton region was very quiet today, no marches or disturbances having occurred anywhere during the night of this morning.

The sheriff did not specify any command. He informed the governor that under no circumstances would he shoot a man; that he "would not make the mistake that Sheriff Martin made three years ago when a score of men were shot to death by deputies at Lattimer."

The governor replied to him that he would take the whole subject under careful consideration and would let him know later what he would do in the matter. Sheriff Harvey will have another talk with the governor during the day.

In speaking further on the question firearms the sheriff said:

"I know they are fighting for what they think is right. I have given positive orders to my deputies that they must not do any shooting; that they can be calm and try to reason with the men when they see the strikers are about to commit violation of the law."

BLOODSHED IN LACKAWANNA REGION.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 26.—The first bloodshed which may be laid to the strike of the miners in the Lackawanna region is reported this morning from Dudley, a mining settlement at the foot of the mountain in old Forge township, about six miles from Scranton. Three men were wounded in the row, in which about twenty revolver shots were fired. The participants were all Italians and were mostly men who had before the strike been working in Jersey No. 1 mine, near Bendheim, an organization of English-speaking unionists, but who became members of the United Mine Workers two weeks ago. Previously there was bad blood between these men and others of their own nationality who had been on a strike at Jersey for six months and several clashes occurred. Last night the men got into a fight on the roadway near Barberton. Revolvers were drawn by several and when the battle was over three men were down in the road, one so badly wounded that Dr. Timlin this morning had little hope for his recovery. Several arrests have been made.

The man dangerously wounded is Nick Gemilore, only one man is under arrest, the others having fled.

SAYS TROOPS HAVE BAD EFFECT.

Shenandoah, Pa., Sept. 26.—Organizer George Garris of the United Mine workers came here today and formed an organization of English-speaking mine workers. He announced that 250 men had signed the membership roll. Mr. Harris made the following statement:

"Of the 35,000 mine workers of the Ninth district (Schuylkill) I can safely say that fully 27,000 are now idle and by Thursday evening the tie up in this district will be complete. We regret very much that the county authorities were influenced to call the state troops. However, it must be admitted even by those who are responsible for their being here, that their appearance along the streets and on the hill sides has had the opposite effect to that intended. The sentiment of a majority of mine workers who have a drop of Anglo-Saxon blood in their veins is against being escorted to and from their work by soldiers or deputy sheriffs."

SKIRMISHES INCREASING IN PROVINCE OF CAVITE

Paranaque Attacked—Americans and Filipinos Killed.

Manila, Sept. 26.—Skirmishes are increasing in many places in the province of Cavite. The seaport of Paranaque

THE EMPEROR OF CHINA ACCUSES TUAN AND CHWANG

From a staff correspondent the Laffan Bureau:

Shanghai, Sept. 25.—A memorial sent to the throne by Li Hung Chang and the viceroys of the southern central provinces asking for the denunciation of Prince Tuan, Prince Chwang and the leaders of the boxer movement was opened at a meeting of the privy council, September 20. The meeting was attended by the emperor and dowager empress and by Prince Tuan, Prince Chwang, Kang Yi, president of the ministry of war, who favored the rebels; General Wang wen Shaz and Chao shu, who are accused of making a report to the dowager empress in favor of the boxers.

After the memorial was read the emperor pointed his finger at Tuan and

was attacked by rebels. Two Americans were killed, and five wounded. The American troops located two bands of insurgents numbering 400, killed 35, wounded 14 and captured 12. A steamer ascending the Catubig river with a party of Americans abroad was riddled with bullets of concealed Filipinos on the river banks.

TEXAS' LATEST DISASTER.

Losses a Million Dollars and Rivers Still Rising.

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 26.—A conservative estimate places the loss by the storms in various sections of the state at fully one million dollars. This is exclusive of the great gulf coast disaster on September 8, the property losses of which are now said to be over thirty millions and the loss of life fully eight thousand. The rivers are still rising.

A SPLENDID LOT OF THREE-FOLD SCREENS, OAK, SILKALINE FULLED. PRICE \$1.38. J. H. LAW, 35 PATTON AVENUE. 198-24

Lemons 15 and 20c per dozen at Kroger's.

Want advertisements in the Gazette bring sure returns.

In daily demand—Baldwin's Headache Cure. Safe and sure. 25c. Grant's Pharmacy, phone 10.

Aquarium supplies. Grant's Pharmacy.

Let us show you what 50c. will buy in the way of a good bristle hair brush. The History of the Devil, illustrated. Bathing's Book 50c. 195-62

ROOSEVELT ASSAULTED

Hit by a Club in the Hands of a Rioter at Victor, Colorado.

Mob Broke Into the Hall in Which He Was Speaking.

Shouting the Battle Cries of "Coeur d'Alene" and "Bryan"

Rioters Followed Roosevelt's Train to Cripple Creek.

WERE THERE HALTED BY A STRONG FORCE OF POLICE—ROOSEVELT INSISTED ON FINISHING HIS SPEECH AT VICTOR DESPITE DISORDER.

Victor, Colo., Sept. 26.—Some roughs met Roosevelt with sticks, stones and vile epithets when he attempted to speak here this afternoon. He was struck with a club but not hurt. The meeting developed into a riot, but despite the turmoil Roosevelt insisted on finishing his address and refused to leave the hall where the meeting was held until he had concluded. In the crowd that attacked him were many miners from the Coeur d'Alene district, in Idaho, and they raised the name of Coeur d'Alene as an alternate battle cry with the cry of "Bryan." The meeting had hardly gotten under way when the mob that assaulted Roosevelt entered the hall. It was due to the strenuous efforts of Lieutenant Bell, of the First volunteer cavalry, and General Irving Hall that no bones were broken. They broke into the centre of the crowd and kept the campaign organizations which surrounded Roosevelt from coming in direct contact with the rioters until just before Roosevelt reached his train. Then the use of clubs and the throwing of stones began and bloody heads and bruises were plenty. The man who struck Roosevelt was ridden down and trampled on by one of Roosevelt's mounted escorts. He was carried away before he could be arrested. The train departed from Victor amid a shower of stones, Roosevelt standing on the back platform despite the efforts of his friends to get him into the car.

The mob followed the train to Cripple

Chwang and said: "You have caused all the inconvenience and disgrace of the court and the king being compelled to leave Peking. Now can't you make a suggestion of some way to get out of this trouble?" The dowager empress, pointing her finger directly at General Wank Wen Shaz, who was reported at one time to have been killed while assisting foreigners, and afterwards was said to have had a fight with Prince Tuan's forces, said: "You are the only intelligent man in the council, and we must depend on you wholly to suggest plans. You are commanded in answer to the present memorial to show us a way out of the difficulty."

Tuan and Chwang listened angrily to the words of the emperor and empress, but made no reply and the audience ended.

Creek but a strong force of special police was present and the rioters halted some distance away and contented themselves with making a noise.

Bath, Me., Sept. 25.—The torpedo boat Bagley was launched this afternoon. The vessel was christened by Mrs. Daniels, sister of the late Ensign Bagley.

A set of 17 copper steel and enameled cooking utensils, well worth \$8.10, absolutely free with every Majestic Range sold this week at Pennington Bros. & Co.

They never disappoint: Columbian Insecticide, for Roaches; Columbian Liquid, for Bed Bugs; Mundus, for Ants. Sold at Grant's Pharmacy, phone 10.

CALL AND SEE That we are always prepared to supply you with the best

Wines and Whiskies... both imported and domestic at the

Boston Saloon

CARR & WARD, Props. 23 South Main. Phone 202.

REMOVING AMERICAN TROOPS BEFORE WAR IS DECLARED

Rapid Trend of Events in China Toward a Conflict.

Washington, Sept. 26.—It is believed that General Chaffee, being at Tien Tsin, has by this time received the instructions cabled him yesterday relative to the reduction of his force in China. If he returns to Peking to execute the order it would be Monday at least before he can begin the movement toward Tien Tsin. It is thought here that with a view to preventing any possible misunderstanding he has already acquainted the military representatives of the powers at Tien Tsin of the projected withdrawal of the American forces. This is deemed more necessary because of the possibility of the appearance of Field Marshal Von Waldersee at Taku or Tien Tsin at any moment. It is desirable that the change of the status of the American troops shall have taken place before he appears on the scene.

The rapid trend of events in China toward actual and formal war which is regarded as certain to follow a refusal on the part of Germany and some of the other continental powers to enter into negotiations for a settlement with China, is regarded here as justifying the decision of the state department to withdraw the American troops now that the purpose for which these troops were sent into China has been accomplished.

The department has held from the first that a state of war did not exist with the Chinese government, and it secured the assent of all the powers to this proposition. It still does not believe there is sufficient ground for changing that position and refuses to be drawn into war without such ground. What effect, if any, a declaration of war upon China by Germany alone or in an alliance with other powers would have upon the negotiations which Mr. Conger has in hand, can only be conjectured.

Mr. Conger was to arrange the preliminaries for a meeting between the representatives of the powers of China with a view to effecting a harmonious settlement. His action was not to be mandatory in any sense upon any power and each was free to reject the good offices of the United States if it saw fit. A failure of Mr. Conger's efforts would not, it is believed, involve much change in the American program. Our government would simply be obliged to deal directly with China, with a view to the protection of our interests, abandoning further efforts to bring the powers into harmony in the settlement.

As to the military plans already laid down they will be unchanged, it is said here. If the belligerent power or powers seize upon Peking the American minister will still remain there and General Chaffee's legion guard will stay with him, but take no part in the war. The power in possession can find no valid objection to the presence of this legion guard. At Constantinople the legations and embassies all have their canvasses, or legion guards, and while they are not numerous the principle is recognized and mere business does not affect it.

BRYAN'S SILVER CANDIDACY.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Chairman Hopkins, of the silver republican committee to notify Bryan of his nomination by that party, submitted his letter of notification to Chairman Jones at the democratic headquarters today. It will not be made public until Bryan gives his reply.

IT'S POPULAR.

1500 boxes of Wheat-Hearts were consumed in Asheville during August.

A new lot of Roger & Gallet's Violet extracts and Violet soaps. Grant's Pharmacy, phone 10.

Fresh, fragrant Cold Cream, fine for the skin. 15c. Grant's Pharmacy, phone 10.

1000 pairs Men's Summer Vici Kid Shoes, tan and black, at actual cost at G. A. Mears' Shoe Store.

"ROCKBROOK FARM CREAMERY BUTTER."

of all kinds in profusion which will please the grown as well as the young.

Olives in thirty styles. Preserves best grade only. Pate de Foie Gras. Game Pates, truffled. Russian Caviar. Anchovy, etc., etc.

Clarence Sawyer, J. B. Bostic Company

6 N. Court Square, 23 Patton Avenue.

HOWARD CONVICTED

Jury Finds Him Guilty of the Murder of William Goebel.

Verdict Fixes the Punishment at Death.

Breaking Down of His Alibi the Turning Point Against Him.

Jury Was Divided for Some Hours on the Degree of Penalty.

SOME AT FIRST FAVORED LIFE IMPRISONMENT—EXPRESSIONS OF JURORS PREVIOUS TO THE TRIAL THE GROUNDS FOR A MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 26.—Jim Howard was found guilty of the murder of William Goebel and will pay the death penalty. The prisoner was charged with being the principal in the assassination of Governor Goebel.

The jury in the case had made no verdict when the court met at 9 o'clock this morning. The court convened and Judge Cantrill sent the jury out to consider the case. The jury retired to its room at 9:10 and returned with its verdict at 9:43. The court room was crowded with spectators and the vast crowd was white with suppressed excitement as Foreman Crutcher, of the jury, passed the written verdict up to the clerk. Deputy Clerk Elliott read the verdict, which found the defendant guilty and fixed his punishment at death.

Howard occupied a seat by his attorney. He did not display the least agitation and was apparently no more concerned than any other person in the court room.

The verdict was a surprise as the general public was led to believe that the jury was divided on the question of the guilt or innocence of the defendant, but it turns out that the difficulty in reaching a verdict was over the degree of punishment, some of the jurors favoring the life imprisonment while others stood out for the death penalty and finally won their associates over.

One of the jurors after the jury was discharged stated that a number of ballots were taken, but the first resulted in a unanimous vote in favor of a verdict of guilty. After that the ballots were as to the degree of punishment, and on the ballots ten men voted for the death penalty while two voted for life imprisonment. This was while the jurors were in the jury room yesterday afternoon. The first ballot today resulted in a verdict the two jurors who had voted for life imprisonment gave in to the majority and voted for the death penalty.

After the verdict was rendered Howard was remanded to the jail where he was followed by his boom friend, John G. White, who seemed almost paralyzed by the verdict. Howard's cheeks also blanched as he stood up to accompany the jailer back to his cell. The jury which tried the case was divided politically, nine democrats, one republican and two anti-Goebel democrats.

The verdict of the jury, it is believed, was based largely upon the destruction of Howard's alibi, upon which he depended solely.

One of the jurors admitted that the failure of Howard to bring any of the occupants of the executive building on January 30 to testify that he was not there was considered by the jury as an indication that he was there. The testimony of Gaines as to seeing Howard run out of the grounds and also of Stubeffeld, who swore that Howard confessed the killing a few days after the murder were the other principal points upon which the jury relied.

(Continued on fifth page.)



Every Man Should have a home. The laboring man whose wages are small, should not think that a home is beyond his reach. He can buy a cozy little home, and it is the best investment he can possibly make. We want to talk to the laboring men.

J. B. Bostic Company 23 Patton Avenue.