

CIRCULAR ISSUED BY CARR MEN WHAT ONE HALF OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY THINKS OF THE OTHER HALF. A Number of Fights on Court Square Yesterday.

Democrats Held Final Rally at the Court House Last Night—A Rather Tame Demonstration—Hon. W. T. Crawford Speaks.

The political pot simmered yesterday afternoon and last night. Crowds gathered on Court square where there was a great deal of talking and some fighting. The disturbances were confined exclusively to democrats, the senatorial contest having caused the ill-feeling. There was a large quantity of Simmons and Carr liquor flowing about and it is safe to say that "old corn" added materially to the warmth of the occasion. There were several arrests.

The Carr people issued a complete series of circulars during afternoon and in a pointed way half of the democratic organization expressed its explicit opinion of the other half. Such pertinent and far-reaching interrogations as the following were flung at the opposition through the medium of circus type:

"WHO IS BEING SUPPORTED? By every corporation lawyer in North Carolina? By every grinding trust in the Old North State? By the Raleigh Post, owned by A. B. Andrews, of the Southern railway? By the General Electric company, which owns all the street railways and electric lights in Asheville? By J. D. Murphy, attorney for the Southern railway, and chairman of the democratic party of Buncombe and of the Ninth congressional district? By every court house ring in North Carolina, and by every office holder in Buncombe county, according to Hon. Locke Craig, member-elect of the next legislature?"

"By sixteen of the lawyers of the Asheville bar, the agent of the Southern railway, the superintendent of the General Electric company, who is also an alderman and votes away the franchises of the city of Asheville at the dictation of a Boston corporation? By every member of the old Cleveland revenue ring in the western part of North Carolina, Samuel L. Rogers, corporation commissioner and every ring and machine follower and henchman in North Carolina, besides every hungry office seeker, who is greedy to get to the pie counter? The answer to each is: 'CHAIRMAN F. M. SIMMONS.'"

SUNDAY WEDDING.

Miss Ida Young and E. W. Whiteside Married.

Miss Ida M. Young and E. W. Whiteside were quietly married Sunday evening at the parsonage of the Haywood Street Methodist church. Rev. J. N. Huggins, the pastor, performed the ceremony. Only a few friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Whiteside will reside at 175 Charlotte street. The bride is a daughter of the late Colonel W. R. Young, and is a native of Asheville. Mr. Whiteside has a position as printer with the Asheville Printing company.

He who has lost all confidence can lose nothing more.

BILTMORE DAIRY...

Pure Certified Jersey Milk

The richest milk on the market, and the only milk produced under sanitary control. Prices from November 1 to May 1:

Per quart, 8 cents. Per pint, 5 cents. Cream, per gallon, \$1.00. Cream, per gallon, for double standard, 5.00. Phone No. 66.

BILTMORE DAIRY...

Don't Forget That

We can show you more styles of Overcoats, Ulsters and Reefers for Men and Boys than any other two houses in the city combined.

Men's, \$6.00 to \$25. Boys', 2.50 to 15.

My Moore ASHEVILLE, N.C.

"THE OUTFITTER." Phone 78. 11 Patton Ave.

THE ELECTION OF TODAY.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Nov. 5.—The day before the battle finds the forces of both great parties in Maryland in complete line with good prospects of a full vote. The registration in all parts of the state has been phenomenal, a fact which both sides are satisfied. This heavy registration indicates a marked increase over the vote of 1896 when it was below the average and was considerably less than that cast in the state election in 1896.

OREGON.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 5.—It is estimated that the vote of Oregon tomorrow will be cut down 15,000 by reason of the faulty registration law. The registration books were closed previous to the election in some cases and the law makes no provision for opening them again until 1902. The registration for the June election was 100,038. Chairman of the republican state committee 29 claims that McKinley will receive at least 10,000 plurality and the democrats concede the state to the republicans.

INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5.—One of the heaviest fought campaigns in the history of Indiana closed today. Bryan and Roosevelt have visited nearly every section of the state, the former having made four tours of the commonwealth. The indications are that a very heavy vote will be cast.

THE REPUBLICANS CLAIM THE STATE BY 30,444. THE DEMOCRATS DECLARE THEY HAVE THE STATE WON BUT WILL NOT GIVE ESTIMATES.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, Nov. 5.—In this state the campaign has been attended with little excitement. In this city there has been no general parade nor any attempt to combine the slightly political meetings into a big demonstration. The leaders of both parties seem equally confident and it is impossible from surface indications to predict the result of the election. The republicans claim the state for McKinley by 12,000, while the democrats claim that Bryan will have 15,000 plurality in the state, and that not less than four of the seven congressmen elected will be democrats.

WASHINGTON STATE.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 5.—Both the republicans and democrats are building for their respective candidates a complete victory in the state. The republicans claim 2,000 majority, while the democrats say that Bryan will carry the state by not less than 10,000 majority. Bryan carried the state in 1896 by 12,493.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 5.—The day before election finds both parties confident in their claims of Delaware. On account of republican factional divisions and the arrangements of the districts the democrats are almost certain to carry the legislature and thus elect the United States senators. The total vote will be from 42,000 to 45,000.

COLORADO.

Denver, Nov. 5.—The registration has been largely increased throughout Colorado this year, mainly through the activity of the women voters. In Denver, 69,016 names are registered, 20,000 over 1896. On the national ticket the question appears to be merely the size of Bryan's majority. The incoming legislature will elect a United States senator to succeed Wolcott.

SENATOR CHANDLER'S FORECAST.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 5.—Senator William E. Chandler today gave out the following election forecast: "The election is certain to result in republican success, and McKinley will have a larger vote in the electoral college than he had four years ago. Of the so-called doubtful states, all will go republican. New Hampshire will go McKinley about 20,000 plurality and will elect a republican governor by about 15,000. The legislature will be republican in both branches."

NEW JERSEY.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 5.—At republican state headquarters in this city today there was the utmost confidence that McKinley would carry New Jersey by 30,000 to 40,000 plurality and that the republicans would elect six of the eight congressmen.

More concern was felt about the senate and assembly, but the republican managers claimed that they would surely elect enough to have a majority on joint ballot in the legislature.

IOWA.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 5.—Iowa is expected to cast 600,000 votes tomorrow, the weather continuing favorable for the first time in its history. Both republicans and democratic campaign chairmen are agreed that McKinley will carry the state, and the only discrepancy is as to the size of the majority.

KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 5.—The election in Kansas tomorrow in addition to presidential electors is for a full state ticket, congressmen, both branches of a legislature which will elect a United States senator to succeed Lucten Baker. There is complete fusion on national and national tickets in opposition to republicans. It is generally conceded that the republicans will elect congressmen in the first and fifth districts. The fusion forces apparently stand the best chance in the third. Both sides make strong claims for all districts except those three. The republicans seem to have the best show in the seventh.

Bryan carried the state four years ago by 13,000, and two years ago the republicans elected Gov. Stanley by 16,000. This year both sides claim the state.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, Nov. 5.—Advices today from various sections of the state indicate little interest so far as the Louisiana results are concerned. The republicans concede the state but hope to make a respectable showing on the vote polled. The democratic managers said today a solid congressional delegation will be returned. The republicans say that they are hopeful in two, the second and third district. Indications point to excellent weather in the state. Interest in New Orleans is largely confined to the result in other states. The city vote will fall considerably short of that cast in the municipal election last November when it reached nearly 34,000.

CONNECTICUT.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 5.—Perhaps the feature of this day preceding the general election is to be found in the distribution by the democrats of pasters on a most elaborate scale. It is stated that into every household in Connecticut holding a voter there has gone a complete set of democratic pasters.

It seems that the great effort of the democrats is to be made on the state ticket, and the republicans are leaving no stone unturned to bring the figures of their candidates for state officers as close to the McKinley vote as possible.

The republican leaders are so confident as ever, and the democrats are today in an enthusiasm which leads them to talk of a democratic landslide. In 1896 McKinley carried Connecticut by 53,845.

MINISTERS DISCUSSING

CHINESE SITUATION

The Question of Special Protection for Missionaries.

Pekin, Nov. 4.—The discussion by the foreign ministers of the question of securing guarantees from China that outrages similar to the recent ones will not be repeated is likely to develop the fact that the allies are not unanimous in the opinion that special protection should be afforded the missionaries.

Japan is not a Christian country and Russia has no missionaries. These nations are not likely to oppose protection to missionaries, but may endeavor to put the question as unimportant and have it left to future negotiations by the individual nations concerned. One method of guarantee which it has been suggested would be effectual, is that there should be a defense provision in the peace treaty for the protection of all foreigners in China and punishment of local officials who shall be responsible for outrages, stipulating the nature of the punishment to be inflicted. In the discussions of the ministers up to the present the future status of the empress dowager and the proposed government reforms have only been referred to casually. The stipulations on the latter point are unlikely to fulfill the hopes of reformers. The reports sent out by the Germans as to the turbulent conditions prevailing hereabouts are unquestionable exaggerations. They are continually complaining that their boats are being fired upon on the river Yang Tsun and Tung Chow. The German guards reply by firing upon natives, and since the advance to the relief of Peking some 500 Chinamen have been shot along the Pei Ho. It has been shown that many of the victims have been innocent coolies. The boats of other nations do not report attacks. The same conditions prevail at Peking, the only shooting being in the German section. The shooting around Pei Marsh was von Walderssee's quarters at night is such that one of the officers said it was dangerous for an officer to stick his head out of doors as a stray bullet might hit him. In the American section, formerly the toughest of the city, only two Chinese have been killed since the American occupation. Advances from official Chinese sources say that there is no possibility of the return of the court to Peking before spring. The ministers will hold another meeting November 11. The ministers will probably then be ready to present united demands which will probably include most of the French propositions.

These demands will have the effect of an ultimatum, but an actual threat probably will be necessary before a definite reply is obtainable. Your correspondent has received from Chinese sources a statement that a Mahomedan rising is threatened near Singan Pu, which menaces the throne. This would further complicate the situation. General Tung Pu Hsiang, who commands the troops surrounding the troops surrounding the throne, is in absolute control. He was originally a Mahomedan and headed the rebellion against the government. He was bought off.

THE LATEST FROM CONGER.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Mr. Conger's last advice to the state department indicate that satisfactory progress is being made by the ministerial corps at Peking toward the arrangement of a basis upon which negotiations shall be had with the Chinese for a final settlement. The ministers have passed upon the question of punishments and also upon several other important points, which will figure in the negotiations. The results have not been made public. The Russian minister is understood to be participating actively in the discussions and the proceedings are harmonious. So far as these have been confined to the effort to secure a perfect agreement by all of the ministers upon the basis of negotiation and up to this time no effort has been made to deal directly with the Chinese government. It is the understanding that when the ministers themselves have agreed upon their program there will be little difficulty in securing its acceptance by the Chinese government which is indeed powerless to offer serious resistance to the united demands of the powers.

BLUE PROSPECT FOR BRYAN.

As Indicated by the Betting on the Result in the Nation.

The following was received by Thomas S. Rollins, chairman republican congressional committee, last night in reply to a telegram of inquiry as to the political situation in the nation:

Republican Headquarters, New York, Nov. 5, 1900. Republicans are offering 6 to 1 on McKinley. No democratic money in sight. N. B. SCOTT.

PATTON-KENNEDY.

Young Couple Were Quietly Married Sunday Afternoon.

Miss Julia Patton, daughter of B. F. Patton, was Sunday married to Mr. Joseph Kennedy. The wedding was a very quiet one and very few persons were aware of the intentions of the young couple. Miss Patton had been visiting in Knoxville. She was met at the station on her return by Mr. Kennedy and a number of friends and the bridal party went at once to the parsonage of Pastor Huggins, of the Haywood street Methodist church, where the ceremony was performed.

CAPT. G. M. ROBERTS.

Is Seriously Ill at His Home in Busbee.

A large number of Asheville people will regret to know that Captain Good M. Roberts is critically ill at his home in Busbee. An Asheville gentleman who was in Busbee yesterday, says that Captain Roberts has pneumonia and that two physicians are almost

DEMOCRATS MEET

AT THE COURT HOUSE

Miscellaneous Eloquence From Locke Craig.

A democratic meeting was held in the court house last night. The advertised attractions were ex-Congressman Crawford and Judge Merrimon, but the program seemed to have undergone some change, and finally consisted of a speech more vigorous than logical by Locke Craig and a short wall to the tune of "They Stole My Seat" from Crawford, who did not arrive until after the proceedings had begun. Before the main performance, a small boy made an alleged speech on subjects which he did not understand. (The youth afterwards announced that he had been paid a dollar to do it.)

An announcement was made that Mr. Crawford had been speaking at Marion and was expected here before the meeting was over. Meanwhile Locke Craig held the fort. He attempted to ridicule Major Moody's recent illness and also accused the major of having betrayed his trust in the matter of the Buncombe prohibition bill.

During this speech Mr. Crawford arrived, but Mr. Craig, after offering to stop, went on speaking for a long time. His effort included a good many flowers of rhetoric and one strong argument, though the latter being against the democrats may not have been intended by the speaker. He said some of the Filipinos in working out their own destiny, the dietetic eccentricities of our proteges are of some interest. If we set them absolutely free and then keep other nations from interfering, it is easy to see that complications might arise if the gentle natives, when tired of another, should happen to eat German traders or other foreign residents of the archipelago. But Mr. Craig did not develop this line of thought. He spoke of the twenty million dollars paid for ten million Filipinos—\$2 a piece—and said that this was "what we pay for a nigger for about ten minutes on election day." This throws an interesting light on local democratic methods.

Ex-Congressman Crawford complained that his seat had been stolen. He also denounced the statements published about his record on the automatic car coupler bill. He complained that Mr. Rollins, having left on his mind the impression that he would correct the statement, nevertheless had not done so. Mr. Crawford in his eagerness to get back at Mr. Rollins himself failed to deny that he had voted against the bill. He alluded to the republicans with their methods of chicanery, methods of cowardice and methods of rascality, but failed to explain what right the Simmons army had to object to such things.

CRAWFORD STILL IN TROUBLE.

His Explanation Not Satisfactory to Railroad Men.

W. T. Crawford says the statement made in the Trammens' Journal of October, 1900, to the effect that he voted against the car coupler law is false. Here is the record bearing on the subject: On page 5927 of the Congressional Record, Fifty-second Congress, First session, the rules were suspended and the bill passed, and there is NO RECORD THAT HE EVER VOTED FOR THE BILL. IN FACT HE DOES NOT STATE THAT HE VOTED FOR ITS PASSAGE. See his circular issued November 3, 1900.

The car coupler bill was passed in the senate, with certain amendments, and came back to the house for concurrence on February 27, 1893, and Mr. Crawford voted against it. See Congressional Record, Fifty-second Congress, second session, page 2248.

The bill, however, passed with its amendments on February 27, 1893, 185 voting for the bill, and 84 voting against it. See Congressional Record, Fifty-second Congress, second session, page 2248.

MR. CRAWFORD VOTED AGAINST THE BILL AS AMENDED AND THE RECORDS SHOW THIS FACT.

SWANNAHOA COUNTRY CLUB.

Annual Election of Officers Held Yesterday Afternoon.

The annual election of officers of the Swannanoa Country club occurred yesterday afternoon. Dr. S. Westray Battle was elected president; R. S. Howland, vice president, and J. J. McCloskey, secretary and treasurer. Mr. McCloskey was also chosen captain of the club.

The board of governors is composed of Captain O. W. Budd, T. W. Raoul, Dr. Cheesborough and R. S. Smith.

TIE GAME OF FOOTBALL.

Special to the Gazette.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 5.—The score between the University of North Carolina and Sewanee today in Atlanta was 0 to 0. It was mostly a kicking game.

R. J. H. Jr.

HANNA TO VOTE.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Hanna made his last speech of the campaign at noon today, addressing several thousand railroad employes and steel workers about Chicago. The senator left this afternoon for Cleveland, where he will vote tomorrow, after which he will go to Canton to be a guest of the president.

HURRYING TO SELL HIS COTTON.

Littleton, N. C., Nov. 3.—I saw a farmer today (democrat) going off to sell his cotton at 8 1/2 cents, saying that he had rather sell at that price than risk Bryan's election and the panic that would surely follow.

R. J. L.

A locomotive has a headlight and a blonde woman has a light head.

Even in the "fatherland" they invariably speak the "mother tongue."

Ceremonies may differ, but true politeness is ever the same.

THE SUNDAY CONCERT.

Meets With Opposition Among a Number of People.

The Innes concert, given at the opera house Sunday evening, provoked a great deal of adverse criticism. Special mention was made of the concert in a number of churches and church members were advised to remain away. This advice must have borne fruit, as the audience was small.

In addition to the pastors of the various churches Mayor Blair and others opposed the concert, and Mr. Innes and the members of his organization only escaped being defendants in a civil action, as they thought, by leaving the city before 12 o'clock Sunday night in a special train. Mr. Innes said before leaving that he did not fear the result of such an action, and if he alone would have been detained the prosecution would have been given an opportunity to make a case against him. The band had to get away or suffer a large financial loss, as there were contracts to play in Spartanburg and Greenville. If these engagements had been broken the band would have been answerable to a suit for damages.

As a matter of fact no suit would have been brought against the musicians, but they had no way of knowing how much there was in the talk at that time. Mayor Blair said yesterday that no legal steps would have been taken as this matter was fully discussed and it was ascertained that there was no law directly bearing on the subject.

As the people came out of the opera house Sunday night they were handed slips of blue paper on which were printed the words, "Have you been saved?" and "Where will you spend eternity?" The young men who handed out the slips are members of Bethel M. E. church, south.

BRYAN'S "CASE"

From the Medical Brief.

Mr. Bryan's unusual behavior toward the party which nominated him is an interesting psychological study to physicians. * * * Mr. Bryan has a touch of paranoia, as experts call it. He is the supreme Boss and the most dangerous crank the country ever produced. His earnestness, sincerity and determination give him a delusive appearance of honesty which passes with the multitude, and the force of his will enables him to impress and hypnotize the susceptible and unstable, while it silences the clear sighted but weak men of his party.

Mr. Bryan's very crankiness attracts the mentally diseased, men of dissatisfied and impractical turn of mind, who believe things can be bettered by simply turning them upside down. Revolutionists, innovators, crack-brained reformers and the like will vote for him. Also a great many intelligent men under the influence of party prejudice and affiliation. But these will be fewer than ever before. The force of regularity has lost much of its power to blind men and govern them like machines.

WOMAN'S WASTED STRENGTH.

It has been vaguely asserted that health is already fashionable—and it probably is in some isolated circles—but it is certainly not throughout the great mass of well to do women, in spite of the increase in golf playing, tennis, boating and "physical culture" among women. Look around you in a slough walk down any fashionable avenue in any large city on a pleasant day. You will see nearly every woman whom you meet with a more wasp like waist than ever before, and with clothes more hampering, more voluminous, heavier. Among your own acquaintance count the cases of nervous exhaustion and various kinds of "his." Women cannot be strong and healthy when the paltry ten dollar worth of strength which she has to spend every day (and she may be sure that it is a fixed amount, and better expressed by ten cents than dollar) has to be frittered away in resisting the pressure, of several pounds to the square inch, of her corset around her body, and in carrying skirts which weigh from 2 to 10 pounds more than they ought to. The handicap is too great for any woman to bear without paying the penalty.—Kate Upton Clark, in the November Woman's Home Companion.

ESMERALDA INN.

Esmeralda Inn, Hickory Nut Gap, Nov. 5.—The latest arrivals at Esmeralda Inn, Hickory Nut Gap, were Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hunt, Cincinnati, O.; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Welsh, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Ingalls, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Lucile E. Montague, Duquene, Ia.; Mr. J. E. Montague,ilmington, U. C.; Miss Harriet Gabe, Galesburg, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. Seldon Gabe, Galesburg, Ill.; Mr. Charles Mosser, Cincinnati, O.; Mr. E. H. Smith, Virginia, Mrs. E. J. Henry, New London, Conn.; Miss D. S. Brown, New London, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. Robt. M. Mackey, Philadelphia, a.; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. French, Chicago, Ill.

The weather is delightful. Roads are good and the Gap looks grand in its autumn foliage.

REST-CURE PLACE.

One of the most beautiful homes in Asheville, charmingly situated, surrounded by 62 acres of land; on street car line; 10 minutes' walk to postoffice. Elegant general table for rest-cure boarders. Hygienic diet for those under treatment.

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Hair, Wool and Cotton Mattresses repaired on short notice at McInturf's Mattress Factory, 47 Eagle street. Phone 693.

When you want prompt acting little pills for the nervous gripes use DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Dr. T. C. Smith.

Our Big Annual Soap Sale Will take place Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, November 5th, 6th and 7th. That is Usually Sold At 10 cents, 15 cents and 25 cents--ALL will be Sold for 6 cents Each, 3 in a Handsome Box. See Front Window Today. 500 CAKES FINE TOILET SOAP SUMNER, DEAL & COMPANY