

Asheville Daily Gazette.

VOL. VI. 21.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1901.

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PICTIOUS DEMONSTRATION IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Irish Members Resist the Police Who Were Called in to Remove Them From the Hall

Trouble Arose Over Question of Grants to Catholic Schools. Obstructive Tactics by the Nationalists Cause Enforcement of Closure Rule.

Scene That Followed Described by Speaker Lowther as Distressing to Englishmen.

London, March 5.—Tonight's debate in the house of commons on educational grants developed uproarious demonstrations on the part of the Irish members, which ended in the forcible ejection of twelve nationalist members. Deputy Speaker Lowther occupied the chair. The nationalists contended that the grants to the Catholic schools were insufficient and obstructed the vote. About midnight Government Leader Balfour, amidst loud protests from the opposition, moved closure, which was adopted. Lowther then put the vote on the question of passing the grants, the Irishmen groaning and shouting, "Gag." Members began to file into the division chambers, but the Irish retained their seats, talking loudly and venting their indignation. They refused, at the request of Speaker Lowther, to proceed to the division lobbies. Mr. Flavin, one of the nationalists, rose and said: "We feel it our solemn duty to protest against the way in which all Irish votes have been closed. It is a scandalous proceeding." Lowther informed the Irishmen that if they persisted in their refusal to vote they would send for the sergeant-at-arms. The Irishmen remained obdurate and the speaker, who was summoned, named twelve of the obstructionists. They refused to leave the house and the police were summoned. The speaker appealed to them to go quietly but their comrades shouted, "Don't go." "Send for Lord Roberts," and similar expressions. Messengers attempted to remove the nationalist Croan but he slipped and fell and clung to the bench, defying their efforts. Meantime pandemonium reigned. The members gathered around yelling encouragement to Croan. Policemen then appeared and dragged Croan out bodily. Nationalist McHugh struck a constable. The police next turned on him, but he was tougher than Croan and the police didn't succeed in getting him out as quickly. The speaker with much emotion ordered the police to assist and said this scene was distressing to Englishmen. He appealed to the Irishmen to have some respect for the dignity of the house. McHugh shouted, "We defy you. We defy the government. We defy the chair." He with other obstructionists was finally carried out by the police and the grants passed.

A PHILIPPINES JUDGE CALLED TO ACCOUNT

Manila, March 5.—The Philippines commission has summoned a native judge of the court of the first instance to show why he retained an administrator of an estate who was charged with appropriating the income of other heirs. The decision in the case is expected from precedent. There are a dozen similar cases rendered possible by Spanish law, which allows accused to challenge the competency of judges, thus avoiding trial.

YESTERDAY IN THE LEGISLATURE

Raleigh, N. C., March 5.—The Senate recalled from the house the bill to elect three supervisors of education for the state, and referred it again to the committee. The bill to apportion members of the

senate, on request of Brown was sent back to the committee. Kenney and Murfreesboro dispensary bills passed the senate. The school bill passed the house, ninety to three.

In the debate on the educational bill, Blount denounced the "teachers' trust." Winston's amendment to make four years a limit of superintendents' eligibility was defeated 49 to 30. The senate passed the bill to investigate the case of convict J. M. Johnson, who claims he is not Charles Bechtler.

BRITISH MILITARY SYSTEM ATTACKED

London, March 4.—In the House of Lords to-day Lord Wolsley vigorously attacked the British military system. The commander-in-chief, he said, was robbed of his usefulness. The commander-in-chief could only bring strongly the wants of the army to the Secretary of State. After that he could do no more. "It behooves Parliament," he said, "to devise a plan for the nation to decide between the experts and the economists. Great national risks are accepted because politically inexpedient to ask Parliament for money." He doubted much if they would ever have a contented army. It was an unworkable and impossible system. The Marquis of Lansdowne, the former War Minister, replied to Lord Wolsley immediately. He said he was constrained to say that Lord Wolsley while commander-in-chief had failed to understand his duties. He might at least have warned the government that one army corps was not sufficient to crush the Boers. He might have told the government before the South African war that Lady-smith was not a suitable military station. He might have prepared schemes for defensive and offensive operations. The mistakes and failures in South Africa were not owing to the system, but to the fact that it had not been carried out as faithfully as it might have been.

MARITIME MATTERS.

New Orleans, March 4.—The steamer Herculio, from Genoa, reports that on February 24th, latitude 25.53 north, longitude 66.45 west, she spoke the American bark Matanzas, of New York, bound from Havana for New York, forty days out, in water ballast. She had encountered heavy weather, and was blown off her course when within one hundred miles of New York. She was short of provisions; had ballast tank damaged, and was making for Nassau. The Haziemoor supplied her with necessary provisions. The steamer New York, from St. Vincent, Cape de Verde, reports that on February 20th, latitude 18.10 north, longitude 49.00 west, she spoke the Italian bark Farozia, from Smyrna, December 1st, for New York. All well.

THE SCHOONER GENERAL S. E. MERWIN STRANDED.

Cape Henry, Va., March 4.—The observer at Hatteras reports the three-masted schooner General S. E. Merwin, with copper ore from Boston for Norfolk, stranded to-day a half mile south of Gull Shoal Life-Saving station, about twenty-five miles north of Hatteras. The crew of seven men were all saved in the surf boat by the crew from Gull Shoal Life-Saving station and are being cared for at that station. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. She was carried by Cape Henry and was on the way up the coast when she stranded. She had three feet of water in the hold before she struck the beach and now has about six feet.

A WAR ON THE PRICE OF BEER.

Baltimore, March 2.—Application for a receivership for the Maryland Brewing Company was made in the Circuit Court to-day by the Citizens' Trust and Deposit Company, trustees under the mortgage to secure \$7,600,000 bonds, interest upon which was defaulted yesterday. A hearing was set for March 12th. A price cutting war between the Maryland Brewing Company and the independent breweries was inaugurated this morning by reduction in the price of beer from \$6 to \$4.50 a barrel by the company. This cut was met by some of the independent concerns, while others made reductions ranging from fifty cents to \$1 a barrel.

Wood's Onion Sets, Garden and Flower seeds at Grant's Pharmacy.

U Need Your Daily Bread We Knead it Daily For OUR HOME MADE BREAD YOU SHOULD TRY IT. Heston & Sons, Phone 183.

BIG SALE OF TIMBERLAND IN THE MOUNTAINS

Ten Thousand Acres go to a Philadelphia Firm.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 5.—A deal was announced today whereby the large lumber and milling firm of J. L. English & Co., and other land owners, have sold to Philadelphia capitalists 10,500 acres of land in Blount county. The amount involved in the deal is \$100,000. The firm of English & Co., which also owns land in Blount county, still owns 5,000 acres of land and its large mill on Little river, and will operate it until the logs now on hand are sawed up, when it will confine its operations exclusively to its mills and other property in Western North Carolina. The purchasers are a number of Philadelphia capitalists who have other interests in the south. McCormick & Co. are among them. Among other things, however, a railroad will be built from the west terminal of the Gamble's store extension of the Knoxville & Augusta road to Tuckaleechee Cove, a distance of twelve miles, and the lumber and logs gotten out will be shipped over it. The road will not only be of great benefit to the purchasers of this property, but also to other owners of mineral and lumber lands in the eastern portion of Blount county. Before the road is built large mills will be constructed. The property which has been purchased is said to be the choicest in the entire Appalachian range for lumber. The forests consist of pine, poplar, giant oaks, walnut, maple and various other classes of timber. The land is chiefly on the portion of the Smoky mountain that faces the south and is easily accessible by log roads that will be built. After the logs are cut they can be floated out with ease to Tuckaleechee Cove. It is said that the purchasers of the property have other lands in view and will purchase them if possible.

JOHN E. SEARLES ASSIGNS WITH HEAVY LIABILITIES

New York, March 5.—John E. Searles, for many years treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company, with office at William street, assigned today without preferences. He was engaged in financial and corporation business. His liabilities are estimated from one

A GERMAN MENACE AIMED AT RUSSIA?

Paris, March 5.—Chancellor Von Bulow's speech in the Reichstag today, in which he referred to the commercial relations of Germany and Russia and declared that Germany was no more dependent on other countries than they were dependent on Germany, caused astonishment here. It is considered a covered menace to Russia.

DISORDERS IN SPAIN.

Madrid, March 4.—Disorders have resulted at the city of Valladolid, capital of the province of that name, owing to a number of store-keepers refusing to close, as they had agreed to do. A crowd stoned their windows. The police charged and dispersed the demonstrators, several of whom were injured.

A RECEPTION TO GENERAL LEE.

Omaha, Neb., March 4.—General Fitzhugh Lee was to-night tendered a reception by the Commercial Club. General Lee has not decided on his future home, but will probably return to Virginia. He will join his family in Arizona in a few days to spend the remainder of the winter.

CHINA APPEALS TO THE POWERS.

Pekin, March 4.—Russia has withdrawn a portion of the Russo-Chinese agreement regarding Manchuria, and China has appealed to the powers in the matter. The Empress Dowager, it is reported, expresses reluctance to return to Peking.

ATTACKED BY A MOB.

London, March 4.—An infuriated mob at Shanklin, Isle of Wight, yesterday stormed the platform from which the ex-Monk Victor Ruthben was delivering an anti-Catholic lecture. Ruthben drew a revolver and kept his assailants at bay for a time, but finally fired, a bullet striking a purser. He claims he fired in self-defense.

AT 20 CENTS (WORTH 45 TO 65) A LARGE LOT OF S'N NEWWARE MIXING BOWLS, BEING CLOSED OUT AT 20 CENTS, AT LAW'S, PATTON AVENUE.

Do You Think of Investing in Real Estate in Asheville or Vicinity? If you do see us; we have several attractive bargains. In some cases the owners have instructed us to accept the best offer we can get. If you want to rent a furnished or unfurnished house with modern conveniences we can supply you. WILKIE & L'BARBE, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, 25 Patton Avenue. Phone 661. (Members National Realty and Loan Society.)

QUEEN WILHELMINA ENTERS

She and the Prince Consort Formally Greeted.

Amsterdam, March 5.—Queen Wilhelmina and the prince consort entered this city in state today. The royal party arrived by train at 11:30 and were received by the principal authorities and conducted to the royal pavilion, where had gathered a brilliant array of officials, including the governor of the province of Northern Holland and high military, naval, judicial and civil dignitaries. The burgomaster of Amsterdam delivered an address of welcome. The procession in state carriages and escorted by troops then traversed the streets of the capital, which in spite of the rain were packed with throngs of enthusiastic subjects. The route to the palace was lined by the civic guard and troops of the garrison. Salutes were fired as the procession advanced and the progress of the royal party was signalled by the ringing of church bells. The queen and the prince consorts were evidently greatly pleased at the enthusiasm of the reception and bowed incessantly to the crowds along the line of march. At the palace the queen mother awaited her daughter. After their greeting, Queen Wilhelmina and the prince consort appeared upon the palace balcony in response to the vicerious cheers of the throng which had been permitted to gather in front of the royal residences. The rains bedraggled the street decorations and the preparations for tonight's illuminations were hampered by the unfavorable weather.

MOSER SENTENCED.

Pekin, March 5.—Samuel Moser, tried on the charge of having murdered his wife and three children, was today sentenced to 21 years imprisonment in the penitentiary.

CHINESE MANDARINS WILL BE PUNISHED

Paris, March 5.—At a cabinet meeting held at the Elysee Palace today the foreign minister M. Delcasse, announced that all mandarins guilty of crimes at Peking would be punished. Two decrees which provide for the ninth article of the collective note had been promulgated, enumerating the punishments pronounced and ordering the suppression of examinations in the provinces where the anti-foreign outrages had occurred.

THE SIGNIFICANT MESSAGE.

Dr. Barron Preached Last Evening From Matthew, 1:21.

A fair number, considering the unfavorable weather, gathered in the First Baptist church last night and listened to Dr. Barron as he preached from the text, Matt. 1: 21—"Thou shalt call his name Jesus: for he shall save his people from their sins."

Among other things, Dr. Barron said: We have here a suggestive name and a glorious work. People of Bible times did not have the haphazard way of giving names which we have, but seemed to be guided by God in their selection. The names of God suggest his attributes. This is also true of the more than seventy names of the Son of God. The name Emanuel was intended to teach us that God is not far away in Heaven, but near us, around us and continuously with us. Then there is the name "Jesus." That name tells us that he is a man like ourselves and he is as much a man in heaven tonight as he was nineteen centuries ago. But he is also God and therefore able to help us. Jesus came to save us, not in our sins, but out of our sins; and if we do not trust him we must go away with our sins into eternity. There will be services at 10 o'clock this morning and 7:45 tonight.

During March, April, May, purify your blood with Grant's Sarsaparilla. Fine to 1/2. \$1.00. Grant's Pharmacy.

Brook's Asheville, N.C. THIS SIGNATURE ON YOUR PHOTOGRAPH IS EVIDENCE OF YOUR DISCRIMINATING TASTE. WE ARE ALSO MAKING LIFE-SIZED PORTRAITS IN CRAYON WHICH ARE UNEXCELLED ANYWHERE. BROCK'S Studio, 29 Patton Avenue.

TO ABROGATE THE CLAYTON-BULWER TREATY

Introduced in the Senate For

Roosevelt Signification of Enforcement in Senate.

SENATORS' PLANS UPSET BY INTRODUCTION OF CLOSURE

MAY RESULT IN A RE-ARRANGEMENT IN THE PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY WAS INTENSE.

Washington, March 5.—Senator Morgan today introduced a resolution in the senate declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty abrogated. It went over until tomorrow.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty intended to replace the Clayton-Bulwer treaty relative to the construction of isthmian waterways, died at noon yesterday. The death was caused technically by the fact that the last clause of the treaty allowed only the period of time up to March 4 for its ratification. Neither the government of the United States nor of Great Britain appears to have made any formal effort to extend that period.

Though the treaty is dead from the point of international law, it may still serve a purpose. It is understood here that the British government either has or is preparing a communication to the United States government based upon the senate amendments analyzing them carefully; pointing out their probable effect upon the original proposition, as seen from the British side, and perhaps suggesting some modifications. While it is impossible to predict in advance of the receipt of this communication just what attitude the state department will assume toward it there is reasonable grounds for the belief that it will be taken in new treaty with a view to meeting if possible the objections raised by the senate to the original treaty.

An immense throng crowded the galleries, all anxious to witness the proceedings. Vice-President Roosevelt was the particular magnet which attracted the crowds to the galleries, although the desire to see the opening exercises of the new senate was also a special attraction, particularly to the visitors out of the city.

The floral pieces presented to various senators were not many, but were beautiful—even elaborate in design. Among those remembered were Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, who returns to the senate after a lapse of several years; Mr. DuBios, of Idaho, also a former senator; Mr. Clark of Montana, who now returns to the senate after one of the most notable contests in the country; Mr. Wetmore, of Rhode Island; Mr. Bailey of Texas, who after several years of service in the house, comes to the north wing of the capitol; Mr. Carmack, of Tennessee, who also has served in the house and is an experienced legislator, and Mr. Simmons, of North Carolina.

As the golden hands of the ornamental clock opposite to the president's desk indicated the hour of noon Vice-President Roosevelt stepped briskly from the lobby through the right door of the chamber to his desk. Recognized instantly by the assembled crowds he was greeted with a wave of applause. The venerable and blind chaplain pronounced a feeling and brief invocation.

As the vice-president ascended to his desk, another great wave of applause swept over the galleries. Then with a single sharp tap of the gavel he called the senate to order.

Early in the proceedings Roosevelt (Continued from the fourth page.)

House Furnishing Goods a Specialty. The Prices ARE AWAY DOWN

The Store That Made Asheville Famous 80 PATTON AVE. 5 and 10 CENT STORE