

GUDGER'S CLAIMS TO NAME "DEMOCRAT"

Rest Upon a Very Doubtful Basis, Says Maj. Moody.

Speeches of the Two Candidates at Franklin.

Hard to Tell Where Gudger is "at" on Any Question.

Correspondence of the Gazette.

Franklin, Macon Co., Sept. 18.—Moody opened here today to a good sized crowd. He said that two years ago he and Crawford made a canvass of the district and tried to discuss the great issues of the campaign. No one doubted that Crawford was a democrat. For years he had expounded the principles and doctrines of the democratic party more ably than any other democrat in western North Carolina. Neither could any man say that he was in doubt as to Jim Moody's position on any of the questions that divide the two great parties. He had always been a republican and willing to state his position on any question. Gudger, on the other hand, is something of a puzzle. He calls himself the democratic candidate. He is not the democratic nominee. They have none. But is he a democrat? No man knows where he stands on any question that divides or has divided the nation in national politics. Where does he stand on the money question? He condemns the conduct of the war in the Philippines, but does not say what he would do in the premises, except to stop the war. He can't do that, for it is over long since. Where is he on the tariff? He says he is "in favor of Protection for Revenue." "What does that mean? What has he to say about trusts? Merely that they are big. He does not even say whether he prefers them large or small or objects to them of any size. No matter what your views on national policies may be, he gives you but one reason to vote for him, namely: "He needs the money, indeed he does."

He arraigned Gudger very severely for his vote in the impeachment proceedings, when he voted for conviction when the judges on trial had been guilty of no other offence than deciding a case according to the law as it had been laid down for nearly a century by the decisions of the court.

For something like a half hour he spoke of the beneficent effects of protection and sound money, contrasting the gloomy years of Cleveland's second term with the prosperous period of Harrison's term and the wonderful six years of republican rule since McKinley was first elected in 1896. He spoke of the mines and factories in the district that were closed down during Cleveland's administration and which reopened when McKinley came in and have been running with increasing forces of employes ever since. Of constant and abundant employment at good wages now, as against scarce and partial employment then.

He described the petty and unpatriotic attitude of the democrats in congress, acting as mere obstructionists, and posing as the ardent champions of the "little brown men" in the Philippines and the detractors and maligners of our soldiers there. He quoted the dramatic rebuke administered by Amos J. Cummings (the Tammany democrat, lately deceased) to the democrats in congress during the debate upon the bill to provide shelter for the army in the islands. All but 16 of the democratic members opposed the bill, and Mr. Cummings, stepping into the middle of the aisle, and facing his party associates, said: "I am amazed at your course in this matter. If I should cast my vote against furnishing shelter for our soldiers serving in those islands I should expect to be paralyzed and to be damned."

He also remarked that although the democratic national congressional committee had refused to circulate Carnack's speeches (and thereby implied an intent to drop their attacks upon the army) it is the only national subject which Gudger make any effort to discuss.

Gudger replied in about the usual strain, dividing his time in the usual proportions of two-thirds nigger and state issues and one-third to matters of some national importance and to horse play—mostly horse play. He said that Moody contracted the "horse distemper down in Cuba," that "he dropped a mauling of beef on his big toe," and that the honors paid him by the Cuban republic were in recognition of these things. He told a tale that is a regular part of his program, and told it once too often. A very prominent democrat who was present with some ladies rose, and saying "There are ladies in the house," promptly escorted the ladies out of the hall. Mr. Gudger tried to apologize as the party withdrew, but they did not return.

He today made a statement that may suggest an explanation of his remarkable phrase, "Protection for Revenue." Here it is: "I am willing to protect the factory, but not to such an extent as to make the factory owners the millionaires and the poor farmers the paupers of the country." This seems to recognize the value of the principle of protection as such and as opposed to the idea of "tariff for revenue only," and merely to advocate a lesser degree of protection, a lower tariff. Now this is practically what McKinley advocated in his great address at Buffalo; it is about what the republicans of Iowa have embodied in their platform, except that the republicans are willing to protect the farmer as well as the manufacturer. Now, if you know just what he means, you know just where he stands. Do you class his position as republican or democratic?

He is in favor of granting independence to the Philippines, and thinks Hoar said the Philippine war cost six hundred million (he always says six hundred billion, but he can't mean that). He particularly desires that the Ga-

zette man should write it down. It is written! He fears that there will be a deluge of laborers from the tropics in the United States if we keep the Philippines. It would sorely puzzle him to cite a case, in all history, where a tropical race emigrated in any great numbers to a colder country except the negro. They came in chains, by no wish of their own.

Elsewhere he has amused himself with sneers at R. D. Sisk, who was nominated in this judicial district for judge, but whom he says Pritchard and Moody took off the ticket "without his consent or knowledge," the place being given to Baylus Cade of Waynesville. As this is Dan Sisk's home he omitted the usual sneers, but Moody scored him for being guilty of them elsewhere, and read Sisk's letter to Pritchard, in which he gave his reasons for declining to run. There can be no doubt that Sisk has gained friends and Gudger has lost votes by the whole transaction. As I understand that Mr. Sisk has sent the letters to the Gazette, I do not give them here.

At one point of the Gudger speech, when he was attacking Moody in what he probably considered his most effective manner, a gentleman in the audience suddenly shouted in stentorian tones: "Hurrah for Jim Moody." "Oh, yes, of course," said Gudger, "you republican; you'll shout for Moody," etc., etc. The "republican" was Mr. Bob Porter, for many years one of the most active of the leading democrats of this county.

Gudger now claims that Moody's story of his presence in Raleigh to help on Pritchard's election to the senate is a whole year wrong as to the date, otherwise it is O. K. As affecting Gudger's status as a democrat, the grave importance of this question of dates will be at once apparent—perhaps!

Franklin, N. C., Sept. 18 1902. Editor of the Gazette.

As Hon. J. M. Gudger, Jr., has taken it upon himself to discuss Judge Cade and myself on every stump so far in the present campaign against Major Moody, I have decided to let the public and my many friends in the 16th district know the true facts. So I hereby send you copy of two letters that will explain themselves.

Very truly yours,
R. D. SISK.

Franklin, N. C., Aug. 25, 1902.
Hon. J. C. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C.
Dear Sir:—The republicans of the 16th Judicial district conferred the honor upon me of recommending my name to the State convention for Superior court judge for that district.

The democratic press of the state seems to think that it is an unpardonable crime for a man to be only 26 years of age to have practiced law for only 5 years and to get the nomination for judge on the republican ticket; now while I care but little for what my enemies may say, and while I appreciate the great honor conferred upon me by the convention, and feel that if elected I could serve the great state of North Carolina fully as well as many of the nominees on the democratic ticket, yet I must respectfully decline the nomination, so that our party may nominate some man of more mature years and experience. In doing so I feel sure that the democratic party will find fault with whoever the republicans may nominate although he be a saint.

Hopeing that the State convention will not consider my name, and as my age is the only fault which they can find, I cannot be hurt since my district nominated me without my consent and while I was a candidate for another office. I respectfully decline the honor.

With best wishes for the success of the party, I am, very truly yours,
R. D. SISK.

J. C. Pritchard, chairman; D. C. Pearson, secretary; C. G. Bally, treasurer.

HEADQUARTERS.
Republican State Executive Committee.
Marshall, N. C.

Marshall, N. C., August 26, 1902.
Mr. R. D. Sisk, Franklin, N. C.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of the 25th, inst., notifying me of your declination of the nomination of Superior court judge of the 16th Judicial district has been received, and I have this day accepted the same.

With best wishes, I am, very truly,
J. C. PRITCHARD,
Chm. Rep. State Ex. Com.

Tariff on Cattle.
Havana, Sept. 20.—An order was published today placing a duty of \$2 a head on cattle imported for other than breeding purposes.

The brightest dream of a rhapsodist's heaven is not so beautiful as the every day reality of a gentle mother surrounded by a troop of loving children.

If we prepare ourselves to do without fortune we shall enjoy her all the more should she knock at our door.

A TRUE SAYING
"Most Men Dig Their Graves With Their Teeth."

The wrong kind of food fills more graves than any other cause. It is easy to retain good health by the use of proper food and it is pleasant too. The Rev. G. M. Lodge of Iowa City, Iowa, made a successful experiment.

"I am 65 years of age and a preacher. Last winter I went to Kansas and had charge of two churches. A little use of Grape-Nuts food made me believe it to be a true brain and nerve builder; I wanted to experiment further with it so I used Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper for three months with the best results. I not only never had better health in my life but the effect on my brain was wonderful. I had become forgetful of names and persons and things, was often unable to recall even the names of old friends.

After using Grape-Nuts for two weeks forgotten names came to me and the days and weeks passed my memory was wonderfully quickened as to names and dates, and mental ability in general. I could preach without manuscript or notes as never before and in a month or less I said to myself, "Grape-Nuts is a brain food," and as such I now recommend it."

It also gives health and blood, nerve and muscle. Cheerfully and earnestly I advise students, clergymen, teachers and all mental workers to use Grape-Nuts steadily and systematically if you wish to excel in mental and literary work, renew your age and feel well. It is the best nerve and brain food I have ever known."

WAYNESVILLE

Waynesville, Sept. 20.—Waynesville turns out as many newly married couples as any town of like population in the state, and yet there are plenty of bachelors and good-looking old maids left. But the wedding bells ring merrily on. The next marriage, unless another couple are keeping matters quiet, will be Mrs. Kate C. Waiter and Mr. George E. Pegues, both of Waynesville, which happy event will occur on the 25th inst. The friends of these two popular people have long suspected such news, but the announcement has only been made a few days.

Dr. J. W. Bradfield and family, who spent the summer here, left today for their home in Charlotte. Dr. Bradfield came here an invalid, but goes away in good health.

Court convenes here Monday. There will be a large number of cases to hear, among them a murder or manslaughter trial.

Messrs. F. E. Presnell and Leon Kilian have returned from Charleston, where they went on an excursion.

Mrs. S. L. Hopper and daughter, who have been running the National hotel, left today for their home at Gaffney, S. C.

Mr. W. E. Miller has sold his farm two miles from town. It is said that he received a good price for the property.

Editor G. C. Briggs has returned from Durham, where he went on business.

Misses Hattie Siler and Mary Slagle went to Asheville this afternoon and will return Monday.

HOT SPRINGS

Special to the Gazette.

Hot Springs, Sept. 20.—There was a general rush for the ping pong parlor, card rooms and bowling alleys during the two rainy days which broke up the week of perfect weather. Indoor amusements have been more or less cast aside with the opportunity for indulging in golf and tennis, not to mention horseback riding, and it was with increased zest that they were resumed. Bridge whist seems to claim a great deal of attention and the guests daily assemble to determine the best players in this intricate game. Mrs. E. C. Laird has given some very delightful little parties at her cottage. Early morning walks seem to be quite popular and certainly there can be no greater pleasure than scrambling up the sides of the historic old mountains. Just now autumn is laying her devastating hand on the foliage and great splashes of red leaves stand out in bold relief against the various shades of green and yellow. Friday night there was a picnic to Paint Rock, the party starting out early in the evening and returning later by moonlight. Refreshments were served and everyone had the jolliest kind of time. A number of guests are booked for the coming week, and among those registered in the last few days are:

Mrs. C. J. Fuller, Mr. J. T. Fuller, Memphis, Tenn.; Mr. D. G. Devenish, Miss Enamie, Max Marcus, Asheville, N. C.; Miss M. Duncan, Mrs. M. C. Scott, Montgomery, Ala.; J. B. Thomas, T. C. Burke and family, Macon, Ga.; W. P. McGhee, Raleigh, N. C.; H. H. Walsh, Robert M. Mann, Clinton, N. C.; Asa Hatfield, Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. J. E. Fugh, Brooklyn; E. C. Holt, Wilmington, N. C.; T. W. Andrews, Charlotte, N. C.; W. Percival Smith, Georgetown, S. C.; Edwin Hopkins, Knoxville, Tenn.; C. L. Corpening, Battle Creek, Mich.; M. D. Huntoon, Bristol, Tenn.; M. Foster, London, Eng.

NEW STYLE OF STORE.

A Paris Innovation in the Matter of Trade.

In the Architectural Record for September Pierre Calmettes describes M. Dufayel's remarkable establishment in Paris. This is one of the most interesting centers of French commerce, both on account of its magnificent decoration and because of the system of business practiced there. It is the center of a great credit scheme. For a small sum—usually one-fifth of the whole price—any one can purchase whatever household goods he may require and settle the balance by weekly installments varying from 20 cents to \$4. This system has been readily appreciated by both rich and poor, and it is reported that 3,000,000 customers have placed orders with the firm, and 3,000 clerks are employed in booking and sending off these orders, which amount to \$25,000,000 in the course of a year.

It is not an extensive dry goods emporium such as we have in America, but more of the nature of a banking and order concern. In an immense gallery are 250 mahogany desks. Here come the customers and take their places in a row of armchairs and await their turn to pay their installments or receive credit notes they have applied for. M. Dufayel does not sell clothes, underlinen and other articles directly to his customers, but gives in return for a small installment an order on one of the 400 shops with which he has business connections. For such goods he pays cash and recoups himself by the weekly payment. M. Calmettes assures us that the profits of the business are not made on the purchase price, but by getting a fair discount from the seller by paying cash down.

Coming to America to Learn.

Several more Prussian nobles will visit the United States. They are Count von Tiele Winckler, Count Adelbert von Sierstorff, Count A. von Pourtales, Count von Vernstorff and Baron von Ruhle, representatives of aristocratic Prussian houses, who are coming with the emperor's consent to study social conditions and observe the methods used here in educating the sons of leading American families.

Count von Tiele will do the reporting to his sovereign. Count von Sierstorff has family connections in the United States.

Pyry-Balsam 's' opes the "talking" and "feeling" of the throat.

The singer, like the sailor, moves with most difficulty on solid ground.

Personals.

Capt. Van C. Lucas, U. S. A., and family of Wilmington are at Victoria Inn.

Clarence A. Worrall came in yesterday from Cincinnati. His picture of Asheville and the surrounding country is now on exhibition there. It has recently been exhibited in Chicago, and is enthusiastically received everywhere.

H. R. Farren, manager and associate editor of the Eustis, Fla., Lake Region, is in the city.

Rev. A. B. Morse and family, who came here in 1895 from New Haven, Conn., have gone to Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Green have returned from New Market, N. H., where they spent several weeks.

J. W. Pless of Marion was in the city yesterday.

Capt. J. C. M. Valentine of the United States weather bureau has returned to the city. During the past week he has been at his home in Hendersonville, recuperating from an attack of appendicitis.

J. G. Grant of the collector's office has gone to Hendersonville.

Frederick J. Lambert has returned to Philadelphia, after spending the summer at his cottage in Victoria. Mrs. Lambert will remain in the city for several months before joining him.

Dr. Morris, Mr. Colby and Hiram Lindsey are spending Sunday at Chimney Rock.

Mrs. M. Weiss of Philadelphia is expected today to visit her son A. B. Weiss who is ill.

Miss May Joyner has gone to Chimney Rock.

Miss Clara Emanuel arrived in the city from Marshall on Friday night and left yesterday for Greensboro.

WHY VAUGHAN WAS LET OUT.

Refused to Bring Suit Ordered by Department of Justice.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 20.—An official letter from the department of justice received here explains the "neglect of duty" which led to the dismissal of District Attorney Vaughan at Birmingham.

Some three years ago Vaughan was instructed to bring a certain suit in chancery. Some 20 letters of instruction have followed to the same effect, but no action has been taken. Some 30 days before the dismissal a peremptory order was sent for a report on the matter and Vaughan waited 20 days before replying that nothing had been done.

What the subject of the suit was is not stated, but his ejection followed.

TO EXPEND \$1,000,000.

Extensive Improvements for Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 20.—It is given out that the Louisville and Nashville has determined to expend about \$1,000,000 on extensive repairs on the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern.

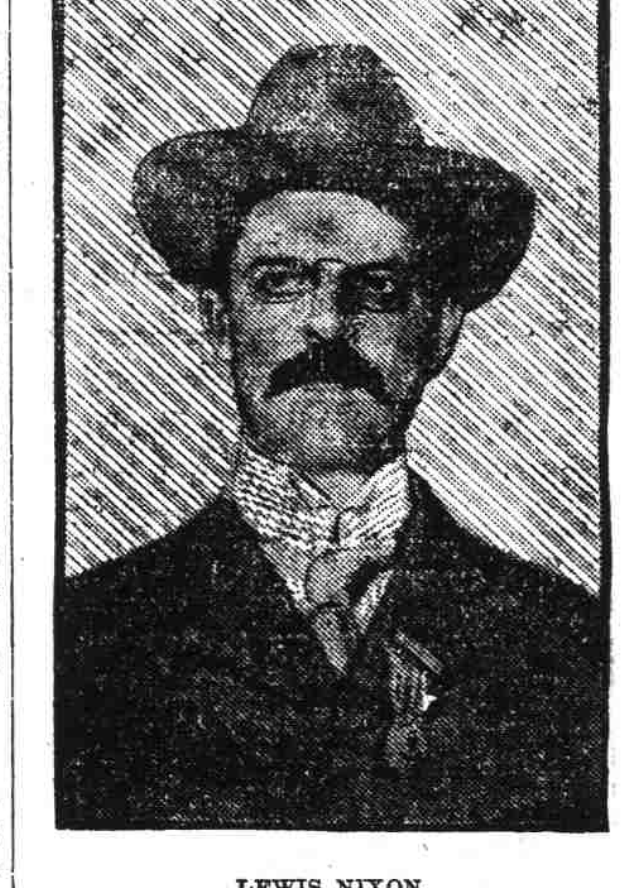
This road, which was acquired by the Louisville and Nashville last spring, will be the chief line in the Louisville and Nashville's proposed air line from Cincinnati to Atlanta, via Jellico and Knoxville. Grades will be greatly reduced, steel viaducts and stone culverts built and the road rebalanced where needed. The work to be done is largely from the Tennessee state line to Marietta, Ga.

NOTED DESIGNER OF SHIPS.

Lewis Nixon, Former Tammany Chief, Who Heads Ship Combine.

Lewis Nixon, who has just been elected president of the United States Shipbuilding company, though still a young man, has made an international reputation as a shipbuilder. He designed the battleship Oregon, which made the phenomenal run from Seattle to Key West during the Spanish war.

Mr. Nixon also designed what is known as the Indiana class of battle-



LEWIS NIXON.

ship and personally superintended the construction of the Indiana and Massachusetts.

Mr. Nixon is a Virginian by birth and is forty-one years of age. When he was eighteen, he entered the Naval academy, and on his graduation in 1882 he stood at the head of his class.

In 1891 he was married to Miss Sally Lewis Wood. When Richard Croker resigned as leader of Tammany Hall last year, he named Mr. Nixon as his successor. After four months in office he retired from the position.

The Gazette "wants" one cent a word.

THE North Carolina Hot Springs MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL, Hot Springs, N. C.

A STRICTLY HIGH CLASS HOTEL, in a beautiful park of 100 acres, surrounded by some of the grandest of North Carolina's famous mountains; with an incomparable climate, and hot mineral waters and baths, unsurpassed in the world. Only an hour's ride from Asheville, on the main line of Southern railway. Fine golfing, horseback riding and driving, tennis, bowling and various delightful amusements. Write us for illustrated booklet.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

Band Concert

Riverside Park

Sunday Afternoon
At 4 O'clock.
By First Regiment Band



OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE
51st Year
PREPARES for the UNIVERSITIES and COLLEGES as well as for BUSINESS, for TEACHING, and for LIFE. Situated NEAR GREENSBORO, N. C., over 1,000 feet above the sea level, in view of the mountains. Largest and Best Equipped Fitting School for Young Men and Boys in the South. Rates: \$125.00 to \$175.00 per annum.

FOR BEAUTIFUL CATALOGUE, ADDRESS
J. A. & M. H. HOLT - Oak Ridge, N. C.

ASHEVILLE COLLEGE

For Young Women.
DEPARTMENTS
Primary, Preparatory, Seminary and Collegiate.
SPECIAL SUBJECTS:
Elocution, Science, Physical Culture, French and German.
Rates reasonable, work thorough. Open Sept. 22, 1902.
J. A. JOSEPH, Prin., Asheville, N. C.

PEARY'S LATEST ENDEAVOR.

Dr. Cook Says He Has Added Valuable Material to Science.
New York, Sept. 20.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of Brooklyn, who was with Lieutenant Peary on one of his arctic trips and with the Belgica expedition to the South pole as chief surgeon, expresses the opinion that Peary's latest endeavor was by no means a failure, and that the explorer has added material to the annals of science which will be found invaluable; in fact, more valuable than the actual discovery of the pole itself.

"All this talk about the terrible dangers to be met before reaching the pole is sheer rot," continued Dr. Cook. "A man, all things taken into account, is just as safe on the Arctic ice fields as he is in New York. There are few germs there, no contagious diseases, no miasmatic swamps, no sewer gas, no decaying vegetables, no rotting rags. Everything is on ice. There is no danger in traversing the ice fields, nor from the cold which is not so severe as the cut of the saline blasts on the Atlantic seacoasts.

"It is the food question," he added, "that is the cul de sac that closes up the way to the pole."

When this problem is solved reaching the pole will, in his opinion, be quite a simple undertaking.

Hotel Montreat.

"Land of the Sky" Elevation 3,000 feet. New hotel with all modern comforts. Hot and cold water baths, toilets, electric bells, gas, telephone, telegraph, etc. Open fireplaces and wood furnaces. An ideal spot at which to spend the fall and winter months. No consumptives taken. Location, 15 miles from Asheville, N. C., and but 2 miles from Black Mountain station, Southern Railway. For terms, Booklet, etc., address
W. D. PAXTON, Prop., Montreat, N. C.

Wants—We want your trade. Hiram Lindsey, the Grocer.

Professional.

F. F. HARKER,
Organist All Souls', Biltmore
Late sub-organist of York Minister England, will receive pupils for Piano, Singing and Harmony. Summer session at the School of Music, 34 Patton avenue, Asheville, N. C. Hours 3 to 4 p. m. daily.

Dr. A. Stauffer, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate of Germany.
Office: Chambers & Weaver's Livery Stable. Phone 18.

SELECT SCHOOL

MISS FORD'S PRIVATE CLASSES will meet September 23, 222 Haywood street. Phone 579. Eod. till Sept. 29.

Buckwheat Flour and Maple Syrup. Hiram Lindsey, the Grocer.

If this advertisement doesn't please you, just say so and send me some suggestions. Hiram Lindsey, 450 S. Main St.