Waynesville Mr. Gudger accused the Gazette correspondent who is travellng through the district reporting the debate of the congressional candidates of "misrepresenting" him and "prejudicing the people against him." It is improbable that any one took the charge very seriously, yet we decided to forestall its repetition. We wished to be certain of doing Mr. Gudger absolute justice and to give the people who have not heard him an accurate ddea of his lucidity and vigor of expression. We desired to give our readers an intellectual treat. We obtained therefore a very accurate stenographic report of his speech at Leicester on Wednesday. Considerations of space prevent its publication in full today and so we must omit from this issue those portions relating to the Philippine situation and to purely state issues. We will print those later. What we print today is not picked and chosen a sentence here and a paragraph there It was spoken as it was written. There is nothing with and nothing added. Study it. Mak your democratic friends study it, and learn what sort of a statesman the man is who is masque-

rading as their nominee. After considerable time spent in discussing Philippine affairs Mr. Gudger

took up what n.wy be called the Lusiness issues as follows: That prosperity story is the same old story that has been told years and years ago. Let's do right, let's think right, let's be just. I say let's be just, my friends. If we be just, let's look back to the history of this country. In the administration of Harrison people had gone wild on certain things. In 1887 and 1890 and along there people were speculating all over this country from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean. Asheville was one great town covering almost all of western North Carolina. Property was bringing big prices. Go to the registration books and see the thousand and thousand dollars of mortgages brought on by speculation. In 1892 the crash began to come. It began in 1891. Think of that great strike in Pennsylvania when thousands and thousands of workmen were thrown out before Cleveland was ever elected. John Sherman passed a bill through the through the house. About that time Cleveland came along and he reaped what was coming on the American people for years and years and years. My friends, mica was never on the protected list until 1898. It had been on the free list for forty years. At the time this country was running its great mica mines, it was always on the free list. My friends, I tell you what governs prices. It is the question of supply and demand and the cornering by the trusts and combinations of the country. Those are the two great things that cause high prices. Let's be honest and see if I cannot show you that fact. About three years ago, wheat in this country was worth \$1.25 a bushel. In one campaign they talked about dollar wheat. Wheat went right on up and reached \$1.25 and then it began to come down. Why was that? The supply was great and the demand was small and then you saw the price of wheat coming down. Where is wheat today? Down to seventy-five and eighty-five cents a bushel. Now, my friends, suppose that just at that time wheat had been at \$1.25, people would have said, look at your dollar wheat and \$1.25 wheat. Same way with cattle. I admit that fine cattle is bringing a high price. That is because there is a great demand for that kind of cattle. But I leave it to every man here today, republican or democrat, if the common calf is not down half its brice. Everybody here knows that calves are down on hundred per cent. in price. I am speaking about the common calf; you must talk about the regular thing in the country, you can not talk about the special thing. I told some people over here the other daylot of ladies were present—suppose now girls, suppose in this country there was

Now, my friends, on the tariff question, I want to state this proposition. Here is the trouble with this great high protective tariff. There was a time when it was necessary. When the republican speakers talk to you, they always speak of the democratic party as being for free trade. If you ever point to me where the democratic party has declared for free trade I will admit it. The democratic party is in for a tariff. We want a tariff to protect the common people. We have come to the time when the capital of this country has formed a trust representing five hundred millions of dollars, more than the United States has and Germany combined. What have they done? They set the prices up. My friends, you can buy goods in foreign countries twenty no eruption on the skin; the flesh was per cent cheaper than you can buy in smooth and white. I consulted sevthis country. Take bob-wire is seven- eral good physicians, but with no avail. ty-five cents to one dollar on one hundred pounds cheaper abroad, and so it is with every line of articles that we have got. In other words, they have just got in the position where they are squeezing the life out of the people. My friends, Speaker Henderson, the speaker of congress when Jim Moody was there, was nominated to congress awful itching deep down in my flesh, have been issued to change all engines from Iowa the other day and refused but thought I would try to see if there running on the Carolina Central divisto accept the nomination in his state was any virtue in it. I had used it on- ion of the system between Hamlet and because his state favored a resolution ly a few days when I discovered that Wilmington into wood burners. This that the tariff must be lowered.

only on hundred ladies and five hun-

dred young boys that wanted to marry

-the supply was small and the demaind

was great-what chance for those girls

to marry?-quick and fast. You re-

verse that proposition and put five

hundred girls and one hundred boys to

marry them, and what is the oppor-

tunity—the chance is small for the sup-

ply is great.

My friend speaks of McKinley and I had used it ten days, my wife said: ply of coal is running very short. talks about his being sent back to congress when McKinley was running in one direction and he was running in another. When do you expect to get to McKinley in that way? Here was McKinley running on a platform advocating the gold standard and my friend here was running on a platform decluring for free silver. Senator Pritchand was the same way and Marion Butler and when those men were elect- strong coffee, and the itching returned. ed to the United States senate both of When I came back home I commenced thom declared for silver and James using Postum again, and the itching Moody voted for them. When you talk | coased. Then I decided that coffee in about free silver puts me in mind of a some way produced the itching. I fellow who had a grey hound. One day that grey hound got after a rabbit and the rabbit ran through a wire fence and the greyhound was running so sast that when he struck the wire fence he split himself half in two. The man fer from indigestion, nervousness and

Leicester, Oct. 8.-A few days ago at at the other tail end and every time after that that the dog barked he barked at both ends. So it is that Mc-Kinley was barking at one end and my friend, Major Moody, barking at

> Mr. Gudger then jumped back into the Philippine question for a few moments and thence into a long talk on state issues.

> We quote also his reply which will be seen to be a little gem, remarkable for its clearness of thought and elegance of expression:

> In rejoinder, Mr. Gudger says: "My friends, ne tells you that I got a job when I was in the legislature and that is where some of the money went. You all know that a solicitor gets four dollars for his case and he gets not a cent more besides what the court al-

Jim Moody tells about the increase of the State courts. Senator Pritchard himself approved of that. My friends, he talks about trotting me down hil and then smelling of me; let me tell you, you need not trot Jim Moody one step but smell of him at any time and if you don't get the worst biny goat smell then I will give it up. He talked to you about my wanting to slander the soldier. Did I say anything against a soldier? Not a word. The soldier doesn't ray this money: they never paid this six hundred million dollars. A part of this went to them and the other part went to jobbers. Now he talked to you about the Jack Campbell bear. He told you Jack .Campbell was in the hole-that is right. He told you that Moody was the buffalo on top-that is right. You have read the story about the bear in the hole and the fellow had the tail of the of the bear. Now my friends, Secator Pritchard has hold of the tail of the coor nigger. If the tail hold of Senator Pritchard slips on the of Justice Shiras to retire has been

THE CONNAUGHT PEASANTRY

London, Oct. 10 .- A striking proof of the poverty of the Irish peasantry is afforded by the census returns of the province of Connaught, which have just been published. The population of the province is 646,932, or just 10 per cent. less than 10 years ago. Nearly 90 per cent. of the total number of families were in occupation of prem ises consisting of less than five rooms and of these 24 families lived in parof a room only, 10,392 were occupants of one room, and 47,543 of two rooms. In the 10,404 one-room tenements in the province there were 586 instances where the occupants exceeded seven in num ber, including 91 cases of 10 persons, 34 of 11 persons and eight of 12 or more persons living in one room.

The emigration figures are startling In the last decade 117,750 persons lef the province, while in the last half century 617,255 persons have emigrated from Connaught, the large majority of them going to the United States.

IOWA CHRISTIAN ENDEAVEROFS

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Oct. 10 .- The convention of the state society of Christian Endeavorers in session here is one of the largest meetings in point of attendance ever held by the society in Iowa. The sessions are to continue three days, during which time ministers evangelists and educators of prominence are to be heard on subjects dealing with church society work.

A NEW TEXT

Southern Preacher Gives Food For Thought

Coffee works in many different and unsuspected ways. Mr. E. L. Wesson, pastor of Baptist church of Sardis, Miss., writes:

"I loved coffee from my infancy, and never knew of it hurting me until I was 33 years old. I suffered with headaches if forced to do without it, and sometimes used it three time a day, but headache had been one of the ills of our family, and therefore I thought it was an inherited evil for which coffee was a special remedy, but about nine years ago I began to suffer from sleeplessness, which continued until it seemed as if my nerves would wreck for want of sleep, and yet I could not

A friend suggested that I quit coffee except for breakfast, which I did, and so found that I could sleep a little better, but my headaches continued, and my nervous system would sometimes seem as if the very fibres of my flesh were moving within me. It went on until three years ago I began to suffer at night with an itching sensation on my limbs below my knees and on my arms below the elbows, and sometimes all over my body, but there was

I had no idea that the coffee I drank in the morning caused it, but finally decided to stop coffee for a while, and try Postum Food Coffee. Wife made Line, asked to what extent the Seait according to directions, so that I board is affected by the coal famine. liked it equally as well as coffee. I replied that the situation is critical and had no idea that it would relieve the really serious. He says that orders the itching was not so severe. When 'What is the matter with you? You do not seem to be troubled with that itching sensation.' I told her that I Columbia to bring over to Henderson, did not know what was the cause, but for engines on the first division. We I knew that I was not troubled with think we will be able to get coal suf-

I then went over to preach in another Mr. Huger was asked is the stake town, and while there drank some had increased the price of coal to the crink Postum three times a day and rest as well as I ever rested, and never have headaches any more. I believe that hundreds of preachers who sufwent down in great excitement and worry would find rest and health if found what was the matter and put they would quit coffee and use the dog back together with half of his Postum."

FARMERS CONCLUDE THEIR CONGRESS Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Rollins are

Macon, Ga., Oct. 10 .- There was no diminution of interest apparent at the session of this the last day of the National Farmers' congress. The chief features of the day were the discussion of papers as follows: "Mutual Relations of Northern and Southern Farmers." by E. W. Wickley of Mississippi: "The Labor Problem from the Farmer's Standpoint," by John M. Stahl of Illinois; "Farm Products in zier, leave today for their home in Sathe Markets of the World," by O. P. Austin, chief of the bureau of statistics of the United States agricultural

ST. ANDREWS CONVENTION

Boston, Mass., Oct. 10.-There was an increased attendance at today's sessions of the annual convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. The day was begun with the celebration of holy communion in Emanuel church, the Berkeley yesterday. celebrant being Bishop Olmstead of Colorado. Business sessions were held both morning and afternoon in Symphony hall and consisted of animated discussion of ways and means for promoting Christian citizenship in general and the work and influence of the St. Andrew society in particular. The speakers including, besides well known churchmen, a number of bankers and business men of prominent in various parts of the country.

JUSTICE SHIRAS

EXPECTED TO RETIRE

Washington, Oct. 10 .- Justice Shiras today completes 10 years' service on the Supreme bench and thereby becomes eligible for retirement on his full salary of \$10,000 a year. Although no formal announcement of the intention coon nigger, you will see what darkens | made, it is expected by the members of the bench and bar that he will do so. He was appointed to succeed Justice Bradley in 1892, and during the 10 years of his service has won a high reputation for learning and acumen. He is a graduate of Yale in the celebrated class of '53, and was admitted to the bar in 1856 and practiced in Pittsburg until he was elevated to the bench. He has been in feeble health for some time,

> perative if he would prolong his life. President Roosevelt has been considering former Attorney General Griggs of New Jersey for the position, while Senators Quay and Penrose have re commended J. H. Brown of Pennsylvania. Attorney General Knox has also been mentioned, but it is believed that he would perfer to remain at the head of the department of justice.

> and, although he is very much interest-

ed in his duties, his doctors have in-

formed him that his retirement is im-

CRIME INCREASING IN ENGLAND

London, Oct. 10.-England's criminal population is rapidly on the increase, as is shown by the figures contained in the annual report just issued by the commissioner of prisons. How big the is shown by the statement that there were 17,163 more persons sentenced to ordinary imprisonment and 183 more to long terms of penal servitude. So population pressed upon prison accommodation that during the year between three and four thousand prisoners of both sexes had to be transferred to provincial gaols, the commitments in the metropolis having increased from 38,373 in 1891 to 53,591 in 1901.

ARRIVAL OF SIAMESE PRINCE

New York, Oct. 10 .- The Hamburg-American line steamship Furst Bismarck, which is due to arrive at quarantine today, has among her notable passengers the crown prince of Siam, Chowfa Maha Vajiravudh, and his ton. After his official reception by place early in the coming week, the crown prince and his party will start on a tour of the country, visiting a large number of the chief cities and other places of interest.

ANOTHER OHIO COAL ROAD

Youngstown, O., Oct. 10.-Active work is about to commence on the Youngstown & Southern railroad, a new line for which a charter and right of way have recently been obtained. The road will extend from this city through Boardman, North Lima and intermediate points to Columbiana, O. a distance of about 25 miles. It will assist in opening up 28,000 acres of the richest coal territory in this section of Ohio, heretofore undeveloped for lack of railroad facilities to get the product to market.

RAILROADS SUFFERING

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 10.—Superintendent F. K. Kuger, of the Seaboard Air work is to be done at once, as the sup-

"We have," said Mr. Huger, "about twenty-hundred tons of coal at Columbia and tonight we are loading coal in the itching any more and was thankful ficient to supply all our main line en-

> railroads. He replied that it had not, Or Store. as the roads all were supplied under contract at fixed prices, but that was not the trouble. He said the coal could not be secured if double the contract price was offered.

strate what nerve force really is

Personals.

here from Marshall. Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Johnson, who.

have been at the Windsor for several months, leave today for Charlotte.

Mrs. Frazier, who was severely injured by falling down the elevator shaft of the Windsor hotel several weeks ago, and her son, H. F. Fra-

O. L. Watts of Lynchburg was among yesterday's arrivals.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Carter of Lynchburg are at the Swannanoa.

J. B. Ensley of Beta, N. C., was in town yesterday.

W. R. Pulliam was registered at the

J. G. Warlick of Charlotte was

among yesterday's arrivals. Clifford Smith of New York was in

town yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Rogers of Memphis are registered at the Swannanoa.

J. L. Courtney and B. L. Ehard were among yesterday's arrivals at the

Andrew Ordoff of Canton, O., was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Floyd of Lexington arrived at the Windsor yester-

Dr. Louise Crow of Greenville, Wis., who has been at Mrs. McCrary's, on Haywood street, left for Chicago yes-

Dr. Montgomery of Alabama and Mr. Rice of Baltimore are among the reent arrivals at the Bon Air.

Miss Lillie Buxton leaves for New York today.

Dr. and Mrs. Boardman of Brooklyn arrived here yesterday for a visit to their daughter, Mrs. M. H. Hunt, on Cumberland avenue.

A. building yesterday morning. The work will be continued now until the building is under roof and enclosed. This is going to mean an expenditure of about \$5000 and it is absolutely necessary that payments of subscriptions should be prompt, that the directors may meet every installment due on the contract.

It seems a pity to have to stop the work at that point, as the building is so badly needed every day, but it is increase is as against the previous year better business policy, the directors say, to "pay as you go" and keep out of debt. It is earnestly hoped that some of the wealthy friends of this work, either here or elsewhere. will see severely in London has the criminal the great need of the early completion of the building and make it possible.

SALE OF TICKETS IS VERY ENCOURAGING

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. held a called meeting at the Hotel Berkeley yesterday afternoon to ascertain the success of the canvass for season tickets for their star course.

The reports were encouraging and showed a sale of over two-thirds the necessary number. The response of the citizens has shown their appreciation of an effort to bring high class attracsuite. The royal visitor will be met tions here at a price within reach of here by representatives of the state all. The sale of season tickets will department and escorted to Washing- continue tomorrow and Monday at the same rate, i. e., one season ticket ad-President Roosevelt, which will take mitting two people (including reserved seats) to the entire course of six attractionsa beginning on next Monday night with the Boston Stars and closing in March with Ralph Bingham.

NAVAL BASE AT CULEBRA

Boston, Mass., Oct. 10.-In pursuance of orders from Washington, Rear Admiral Coghlan leaves today on the cruiser Olympia for Culebra Island and San Juan. In preparation for the winter manoeuvers he will establish a naval bas at Culebra, which will be the headquarters for the emergency squadron under his command to be maintained in the West Indie during the progress of Latin-American political troubles. On his arrival at Culebra, Admiral Coghlan will use the gunboat Vixen as his temporary flagship

If there is such a thing as poetry of motion, the kangaroo must be in the spring-poem class.

FROM COAL FAMINE Some women are so modest that they won't even own up to the size of their

YES! Is All O.K.

It tells you where that CUSTOMER lives whose house number you have forgotton. You need the new City Directory in your office

Hackney & Moale,

This signature is on every ben of the genuine

Laxative Brome-Quinine Tablete

1902

ASHEVILLE DAILY GAZETTE

The Leading Newspaper of Western North Carolina,

Brings the news every morning to 100 North Carolina towns, before the arrival of any other newspaper and is THE news. paper of a populous section of territory covering more than 10,000 square miles. No other daily newspaper in North Carolina has so large an exclusive territory.

During the last year the Daily Gazette has increased circulation in its own broad territory more than 50 per cent. adding[30 postoffices to its lists. In the city of Ashevi. it has attained an unprecedented success and enters the outh year of its life with the largest reading clientelle evepossessed by a newspaper published in Asheville.

Every intelligent resident of this growing metropoilis the mountains reads the Daily Gazette, and it is the newpaper read by all the visitors to the city. The most promise nent and enterprising business firms of the city are paires. of its advertising columns.

The News Service of the Gazette

is unsurpassed by any daily newspaper published for West. ern North Caro na readers. It is complete in all that interrests our people. To a full day and night telegraph service of the news of the world is added a full service of State news by telegraph from the Daily Gazette's special represent. ative at Raleigh, covering all topics political, social, religious and industrial, accurately, completely and interestingly, a special Washington service, adapted especially to the interest of North Carolina readers, especially those in the time zette's own exclusive territory, the representative of the Int. Gazette at the National Capital being one of the Gazette's own home office staff detailed for the work during the sions of Congress, and at other times a North Carolinian versant with the topics and news sources at Washington excite the interests of Gazette readers.

The Daily Gazette

IS A SUBSCRIBER TO

The Unrivalled Press News Service of the Laffan News Bureau.

(New York Sun) and every topic of the world's news is not only fully covered in the telegraphic service furnished exclusively to the Gazette in Western North Carolina, but is most interestingly treated and its accuracy and reliability commends it strongly shead of any press news service furnished to the daily newspapers.

In all the Western North Carolina towns the Gazette Das specical correspondents and the events especially of the mountain region, receive their due attention in its news columns.

Editorially, the Gazette advocates the progressive policies of the Republican national party. - It stands uncompromisingly in opposition to dishonest elections, corrupt political combinations and extravagance in the administration of the affairs of this state, producing unnecessary tax burdens. The Gazette favors every movement that looks to the moral and educational betterment of the state and to a promotion of industrial progress. The Gazette looks upon the building of good roads, the extension of the free public school system, and the rural free delivery of the mails as important factors in the upbuilding of the state.

During the past twelve months the Weekly Gazette has made notable progress in extending its circulation throughout the state, from the mountains to the ocean. It is now supplanted by the Semi-Weekly Gazette, filled to the brim with the history and comments on the events that are of the greatest interest to its readers, with much well selected miscellaneous mtter, reading for farmers, etc. It aims chiefly at a rural circulation, and for the country people of North Carolina there is no paper that gives equavalue for the rate of its annual subscription.

Club rates for several copies of the Daily or Weekling .Gazette, or either in combination with other newspapers w be furnished on application.

It takes a nervous woman to demon-strate what nerve force really is The secured if double the contract price was offered. The takes a nervous woman to demon-strate what nerve force really is The secured if double the contract price was offered.

Asheville, N. C.