

SECRETARY WILSON DISCUSSES SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION

The Opposing Ideas, Voiced by Beveridge-Hill, Meet Squarely—Gifford Pinchot Given a Big Ovation.

PINCHOT'S TEARS FLOW AS HE UTTERS HIS THANKS

Secretary Wilson and President Finley Were Two of Today's Speakers at the Conservation Congress.

S. T. PAUL, Sept. 7.—The two opposing ideas of conserving the national resources met fairly and squarely today when Senator Beveridge in an address declared for national control, while James J. Hill argued the contrary.

Gifford Pinchot received an ovation that furnished the most dramatic moment of the congress. The former forester, tears streaming from his eyes, stood until the outburst of cheers had subsided and the spectators resumed their seats.

Just what Senator Beveridge was trying to say complimentary to Pinchot was drowned in a roar that rose the moment the trend of his remark became apparent. "Gifford Pinchot," said the speaker, and the outburst started. It grew until everyone was standing up, yelling and waving hats and handkerchiefs.

Senator Beveridge had no sooner retired than cries of "Pinchot, Pinchot," rang through the house. He was dragged forward by President Baker. His voice shook as he spoke.

"It is magnificent," he said, "to hear the sound policies of conservation acclaimed as has been done today. Conservation has won out. I thank you."

Mr. Hill's idea. "To pack the fact into a single statement, the need of the hour and the end to which this congress should devote itself is to conserve conservation. It has come into that peril which no great truth escapes—the danger that lurks in the house of its friends. It has been used to forward that serious error of policy, the extension of the powers and activities of the national government at the expense of those of the states. The time is ripe and this occasion is most fitting for distinguishing between real and fanciful conservation, and for establishing a sound relation of means to ends," said Mr. Hill.

Senator Beveridge. Said Senator Beveridge: "The United States is. The American people are a Nation—not 46 nations. In war we fight under one flag for our common safety; in peace let us strive under one flag for our common welfare.

All of this waste and robbery of the people's wealth must be stopped. No ancient and provincial interpretation of states' rights must prevent the enforcement of the people's rights. No special plea for hasty local development must hinder healthy general development. No temporary state policies compelled by the wealthy few must impair permanent national statesmanship for the general good of all.

The interest of the railways of the South in conservation and the interest of the people of the South in conservation are identical. President Finley of the Southern Railway, addressing the Conservation Congress today, "I will go further," continued Mr. Finley, "and state my unqualified conviction that any economic or governmental policy that is, in the last analysis, to the best interest of the people of any community is to the best interest of the railways by which that community is served. Conversely, my conviction is equally strong that any economic or governmental policy that is harmful to the railways is harmful to the communities served by them."

Therefore, Mr. President, in all that I say on the topic assigned to me—"the interest of the railways of the South in conservation"—I must be understood as presenting what I believe to be the interest of the Southern people.

Conservation as "Wise Use." "I am not sure that the expression, 'Conservation of national resources' is everywhere understood in its broadest sense. I think that to some minds it conveys only the narrow idea of the withdrawal from present use of some part of those resources. However important that kind of conservation may be in some localities and under some circumstances, I do not believe there is much occasion for its application in the part of the United States for which I am expected to speak—the states south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers and east of the Mississippi. I would define the type of 'Conservation of national resources' that should be applied in the section as being the wise use of those resources.

In some cases it may involve a measure of present self-denial, as when, in the case of an owner of forest lands, it impels him to cut only the matured timber and leave standing immature trees that have a present market value, but in that case, it leaves him with an asset which increases in value with each year's growth of the standing timber. In some cases conservation may mean the use of resources as in the maximum present, as in the case of soil; for I believe that I am convinced by the best scientific and practical methods available.

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DEMOCRATS MAKE GAINS IN VERMONT

Republican Plurality Drops Off 12,000—Losses Attributed to Rain Storm.

LAFOLLETTE SWEEPED THE STATE IN THE WISCONSIN PRIMARIES

Senator Burrows of Michigan Defeated for Renomination—Result of Nevada Primary.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 7.—Lieutenant Governor John A. Mead of Rutland, a retired physician and prominent business man, was elected governor by the republicans in the state election yesterday by a plurality of about 17,000 over Lawyer Charles D. Watson of St. Albans, his democratic opponent. The republicans elected the balance of the state ticket and both of their congressmen, but the democrats made gains in the legislature. The republican majority was the smallest with two exceptions since 1870, but the party leaders, Chairman C. H. Williams of the state committee declared last night that the rain storm was the principal cause of the drop of 12,000 in party plurality in two years.

Chairman Harris of the democratic state committee expressed satisfaction with the results and the democrats throughout the state were inclined to be jubilant. Mr. Watson not only carried his own city, but Montpelier, the state capital, as well, a feat unheard of hitherto in Vermont politics. Watson also ran well in the other counties, but the little hill towns stood loyally by Mr. Mead.

The returns were unusually slow in coming in.

LA FOLLETTE AND FRIENDS WIN; COUNTY OPTION MEETS DEFEAT

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 7.—United States Senator Robert M. LaFollette has swept the state of Wisconsin in the primary election for renomination, defeating his opponent, Samuel A. Cook of Neenah, by from three to five to one.

Although early returns showed considerable strength for E. T. Fairchild in the race for the republican nomination for governor of Wisconsin the latter figures are showing large gains for F. E. McGovern, who won fame as the anti-graft district attorney of Milwaukee. There is now a certain-ly that county option has been defeated by a big majority, for both of the candidates who are now in the lead are opposed to county option, though McGovern is the LaFollette supporter, and Fairchild figures as a supporter of the Taft administration. W. M. Lewis, also a LaFollette supporter but advocate of county option, is far behind the other two candidates.

The so-called progressive republicans seem to have won one congressman, as indications point to the defeat of W. H. Stafford in the fifth district. All other present congressmen are probably renominated. Congressman Charles H. Waisse of Sheboygan Falls is leading Burt Williams in the few scattering returns received for the democratic nomination for United States senator.

Senator Burrows Defeated. Detroit, Mich., Sept. 7.—United States Senator Julius C. Burrows of Kalama was yesterday in the primaries defeated for renomination by Charles E. Townsend of Jackson.

The primary election in Michigan, according to returns, also gives the republican nomination for governor to Charles E. S. Osborne of Sault Ste. Marie, former state railroad commissioner and present regent of the university.

Nevada Primary. Reno, Nev., Sept. 7.—Primary returns so far indicate democratic choice of Key Pittman of Tonesha for United States senator and D. Z. Dickerson, incumbent, democrat, for governor.

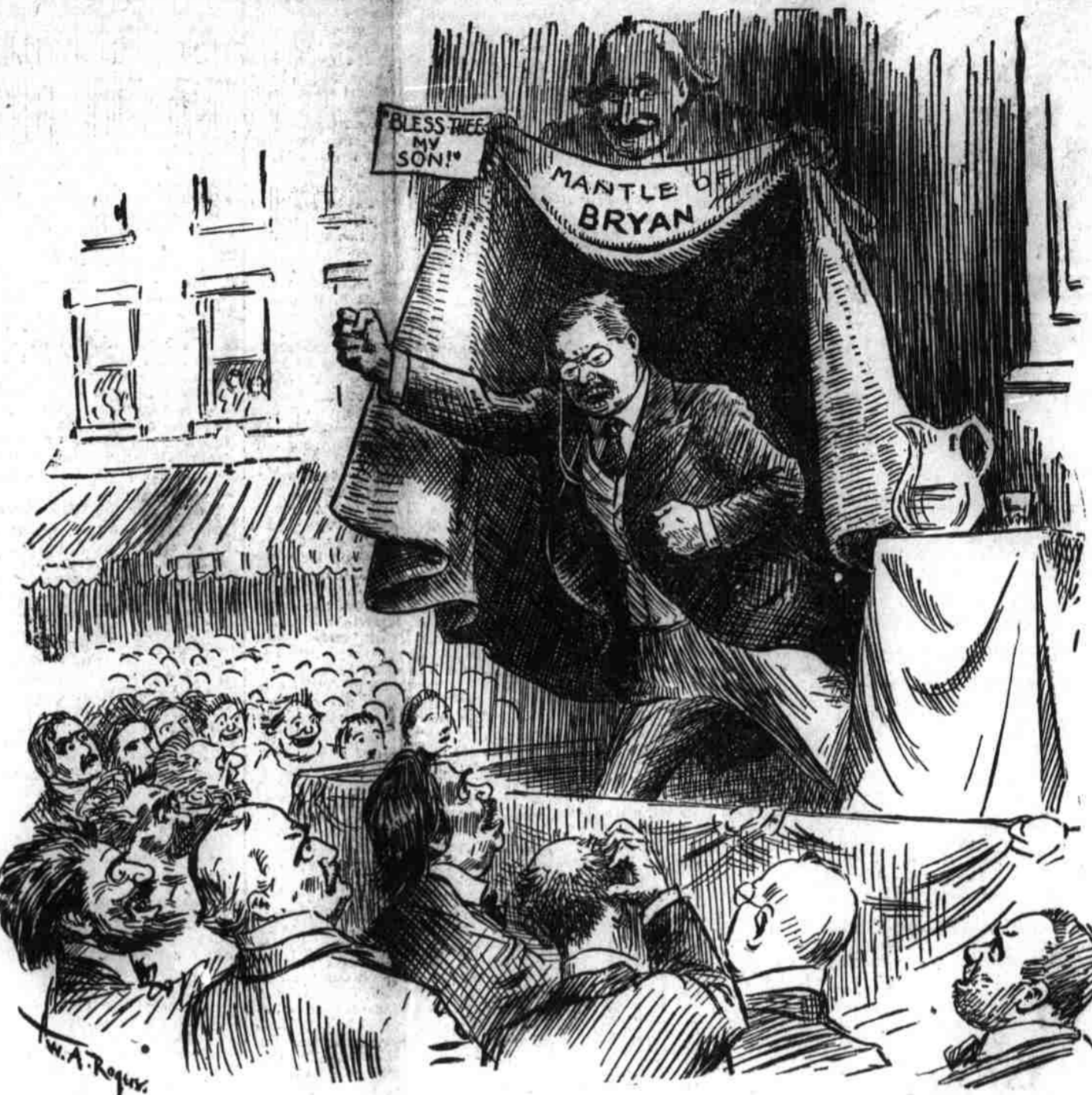
EIGHT PERSONS DROWNED IN A TEXAS CLOUDBURST

Comanche, Tex., Sept. 7.—Eight persons were drowned near Goshute as the result of a flood in the South Leon river Monday night following a downpour of rain estimated at ten inches.

The dead: MRS. GEORGE TERNEY AND FIVE CHILDREN. JOHN LENEAR. MRS. JOHN LENEAR. George Terry with his babe in his arms saved himself by climbing a tree. In Goshute county the flood came down the river with such force that the houses occupied by Terney and Lenear were carried away.

THE WEATHER.

For Asheville and vicinity: Partly cloudy weather tonight and Thursday. For North Carolina: Fair tonight and probably Thursday.



New York Herald and the Gazette-News.

AND THE MANTLE OF BRYAN DESCENDED UPON ROOSEVELT

DAMAGE TO ROADS RATHER EXTENSIVE ATTEMPT TO FORCE MAJORITY'S HAND MISSOURI OUSTS HARVESTER TRUST

They Had to Wiggle to Keep from Voting on a Resolution Sustaining Pinchot and Glavis and Condemning Secretary of the Interior Ballinger.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7.—At an executive meeting of the Ballinger-Pinchot committee this morning Senator Fletcher of Florida, democrat, introduced a resolution holding that Secretary Ballinger was an unfaithful public official and should be removed. Representative Madison, republican insurgent, from Kansas, offered a resolution holding that the charges which have been made by Pinchot and Glavis, former chief of the field division of the general land office, were sustained. Representative James, democrat, of Kentucky offered an amendment to Madison's substitute providing for the removal of Ballinger from office and Madison accepted the amendment.

Those voting for the substitute were Fletcher, Purcell of North Dakota, democrat; Graham of Illinois, democrat; Madison, republican, and James. When the vote was being taken Senator Sutherland of Utah, republican, and Representative McCall of Massachusetts, republican, left the committee room, insisting that the full committee should be present. The democratic members replied that they had been months considering the evidence, that a quorum was present and had a right to transact business.

Chairman Nelson took the vote, voting "present" himself, and then ruled that no quorum was present. James made a point of order that no member had raised the point of no quorum. The committee took a recess until Friday morning, when reports in keeping with the Fletcher resolution and the Madison amendment will be submitted.

The Asheville Poultry and Pet Stock association will hold its regular monthly meeting in City hall tomorrow evening at 8:30 o'clock and every member of the association is urged to be present and all others interested in fancy poultry are invited to meet with the association. Business matters of importance will come before the association and it is the desire of the officers that all members be present to take part.

The association at its meeting tomorrow night desires to perfect arrangements for the 1910 show which will be held December 5 to 12. It is intended that the 1910 show of fancy bred poultry shall be the best held in western North Carolina and all persons interested are invited to meet with the association and lend their aid toward making the show the "best ever."

General Urell Dies in Ireland. Washington, Sept. 7.—General Michael Emmet Urell, a civil and Spanish war veteran of Washington, died in Cork, Ireland, according to a cablegram received today. He was 45 years, a past excited ruler of the Elks and congressional medal of honor man.

High Waters in Japan. Tokyo, Sept. 7.—Serious floods threaten the cities of Osaka and Kobe. River banks are collapsing and much damage is probable. High water also is doing serious damage in the northern part of the main island.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION MEETS TOMORROW NIGHT YANCEY COUNTY APPLE CROP IS FAIRLY GOOD

R. S. Howland has returned from a business trip to Burnsville. He reports that the Yancey county farmers are not especially well pleased with their corn crops this season. They seem to think that they have had too much rain; at any rate they say that the corn crop is not quite up to standard. The wheat crop was very good and the apple crop, on which many Yancey county farmers depend for their money, is also very fair.

It is a significant fact that the larger part of the Yancey county apples, which at one time was a very important factor in the produce market in Asheville, has of late years been turned elsewhere with the advent of the railroad to that county.

Pullman Passengers Robbed. St. Louis, Sept. 7.—A robber last night entered the rear Pullman of Burlington train No. 1, which left the Union station at 9 o'clock and after shooting the fireman, J. N. Wirt, of Clarence, Mo., robbed the four passengers on the car and made his escape.

James R. Keene No Better. Lexington, Ky., Sept. 7.—There is no improvement in the condition of James R. Keene, the New York financier, ill of pneumonia. At the Good Samaritan hospital it was stated that Mr. Keene passed a fairly good night.

Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 7.—Special Commissioner Theodore Brace in his report to the Supreme court in the ouster suit filed yesterday, declared the International Harvester company, of New Jersey, a trust and a combination formed for the purpose and with the effect of destroying competition in the manufacture and sale of harvesting machinery.

The International Harvester company of America is said to be used merely as a selling agent by the New Jersey company in evasion of the Missouri laws which prohibit the licensing of its enormous capital of \$120,000,000. The subsidiary corporation, according to Commissioner Brace, once had capital and now has none. In his conclusions, the commissioner says he finds "that the International Harvester company of America is maintained by a New Jersey corporation as a mere fiction to evade the laws of states whose policy is not to encourage such vast accumulation of wealth and power in the hands of a few as may injure the welfare and prosperity of the many."

For the first five years the sales of the company in the United States amounted to nearly \$200,000,000. The decision is largely in favor of the United States but the winning of the fifth point by England gives that country what they consider the most important point submitted.

American fishermen claimed the right to fish within bays but this point decided against the Americans. The English have claimed the American fishermen had a right fish only within a three miles imaginary line connecting headlands across bays. This question was contained in the fifth point.

Bank Examiners Transferred. Washington, Sept. 7.—Twenty national bank examiners were transferred to new fields today, by order of the comptroller of the currency.

The shake-up among the examiners is taken as indication of the determination to enforce to the letter the provisions of the national bank act. Other transfers probably will follow. Among changes are J. K. McDonald, Southern Georgia and Florida, with J. R. Stevens, Northern Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, Fred A. Hull, Western Virginia and North Carolina, with John A. Armstrong, Northern Georgia and South Carolina.

Twenty Passengers Injured. Mansfield, O., Sept. 7.—Twenty passengers were injured, some seriously, when an interurban car on the Cleveland South-western railroad jumped the track and turned on its side at the city line today. The car was traveling at 40 miles an hour.

HE'S MIXED UP WITH SOCIALIST

Mayor Seidel of Milwaukee Replies Sharply to Recent Magazine Article of Roosevelt on Socialism.

DOUBTS COLONEL'S RIGHT TO PREACH RIGHTFOUSNESS

And Col Roosevelt Says That His Position on Socialism Can Easily Be Made Very Plain to Anybody.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—Col. Roosevelt arrived from St. Paul at 8 o'clock this morning and for nearly 24 hours will be the guest of the Milwaukee Press club on the occasion of its silver jubilee celebration. About 3000 persons greeted him.

During the day he will make about six addresses, finishing with a speech to newspaper men tonight.

Shortly after Colonel Roosevelt's arrival he found himself involved in a controversy with Emil Seidel, Milwaukee's socialistic mayor, who in a contribution to the Press club's souvenir newspaper, "The Big Stick," stated that if Roosevelt came to Milwaukee with the same ideas which he had expressed in a recent magazine article it was clear he could not serve the cause of honesty and decency in American political life.

"It is possible that I have misunderstood the article," stated Mayor Seidel; "but inasmuch as I am a socialist and as he has designated socialism as a thing which is 'against morals and religion,' 'abhorrent,' 'revolting,' 'which would replace family and home life by a glorious state of free lunch counter and state founding asylum,' I am sure that he will be pleased that I am not personally connected with his reception in the city."

Charging the colonel "with a cunning and deliberate purpose to create a false impression," he declared that the visitor "could lay no claim to the right of preaching morality or religion or civic righteousness."

Upon being shown this statement Colonel Roosevelt promptly declared that if anyone wished to know his views on what is usually called socialism they would find them set out in such a fashion that it was impossible to misinterpret or misunderstand.

TRIBUNAL SETTLES ANCIENT QUESTION

United States Wins Five of Seven Issues in New Foundland Fisheries Dispute.

The Hague, Sept. 7.—The United States has won five out of seven points submitted to the international court of arbitration in the New Foundland fisheries dispute with Great Britain, according to a decision handed down today. England won points one and five.

This decision settles a century old dispute which has been a source of constant diplomatic friction between England and the United States, involving Canada and Newfoundland. The decision is largely in favor of the United States but the winning of the fifth point by England gives that country what they consider the most important point submitted.

American fishermen claimed the right to fish within bays but this point decided against the Americans. The English have claimed the American fishermen had a right fish only within a three miles imaginary line connecting headlands across bays. This question was contained in the fifth point.

FOREIGN BANKS CONFER ON COTTON LADING BILLS

Consideration Not Concluded, and Conference Is to Be Resumed Tomorrow.

London, Aug. 7.—Representatives of the foreign banks met today and discussed the demand of British and continental banking houses that American bankers after October 31 guarantee all bills of lading on cotton. Consideration of subject was not concluded. The conference will be resumed tomorrow.

HURRICANE DOES DAMAGE IN THE CITY OF SAN JUAN

San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 7.—A hurricane, attended by heavy rain, swept the city last night, leaving much damage. Many buildings suffered considerably, trolley and electric light wires were torn down and without did up the railroads.