

ALL DEMANDS GRANTED NAVY

Brazil's Mutinous Ta... All They Asked from Congress, Surrender—Amnesty Granted.

INCREASED PAY, ABOLITION OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Capital, Which Slept With Guns of Its Own Navy Trained upon It, Now Quiet—Little Damage Was Done.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 25.—The naval mutineers surrendered today, congress voting them amnesty. All mutineers' demands, including increased pay and the abolition of corporal punishment, were granted by the government.

Last night the capital slept with its own navy's guns trained upon it. It was thought the revolting vessels were making ready for a combined attack on the city. Later it was discovered that the firing was directed only at the naval arsenal. Cannonading did not last long. No great damage was done.

The morning broke with the mutinous craft outside the harbor. They did not return to port until several hours had elapsed. When congress met both houses passed resolutions conceding the sailors' demands. As soon as congress' action became known, the mutinous crews surrendered, and the revolt was ended. The city was soon quiet, resuming its normal activities.

The mutiny which broke out on the night of November 22, on board the battleship Minas Geraes and subsequently extended to other vessels of the fleet, was in a critical stage last night. The mutineers sent to the government a strongly worded ultimatum, demanding an increase in pay, the abolition of corporal punishment and several other unpopular regulations.

The senate, which had been called in extraordinary session to consider the situation, voted unanimously in favor of amnesty to the rebels, but the chamber, after discussing the matter most of the day, adjourned without taking final action.

Last night the battleship Sao Paulo and the cruiser Bahia, withdrawn from the harbor, but the battleship Minas Geraes took up a position opposite the government palace. During the course of the day an effort was made through Deputy Carvalho to induce the mutineers to surrender, but they refused to do so until the government grants their demands. It is officially declared that the mutiny is entirely without political character and is looked upon merely as an effort of the sailors to enforce certain demands for concessions from their officers.

About 10 o'clock on the night of November 22, Captain Neves, commanding the battleship Minas Geraes came back from dinner on board the French training ship Duguay Trouin. He heard a violent uproar and a faint lade of shots. The crew had revolted. Captain Neves and two other officers offered resistance to some of the sailors and were killed and one officer was mortally wounded.

The insurrectionary movement then broke out on board the other Brazilian dreadnaughts, the battleships Sao Paulo and the scout ship Bahia. All the officers having been landed a plain sailor of the first class named Jean Candido took command of the squadron.

Amunition was provided, provisions were requisitioned and a coal depot on the Isle of Vanna was taken. The mutineers sent a message to President Frisco, setting forth their claims on board ship for an abolition of corporal punishment and an increase in their pay, and dimention of the work with which they are burdened by reason of the maintenance of incomplete crews.

The statement added that a bombardment of the city and of other ships in the harbor would follow the refusal of the demands. The government refused to grant the demands of the mutineers and a moderately severe fire was soon opened by them upon the city.

On the morning of the 23d there was further firing on the city by mutineers, the shots coming at infrequent intervals. Little damage to the city resulted from the bombardment, however.

Besides Captain Neves and the two officers several sailors also were killed.

At 7 o'clock on the morning of the 23d the Minas Geraes, the Cao Paulo, the Bahia and the battleship Marshal Florina fired on the fortress, which refrained from responding.

The squadron took up a position opposite the city and fired the big guns from all quarters of the ships. A shot from a small caliber gun entered a house on Castello Hill, in the center of the city, killing two children and a woman.

About 1 o'clock in the afternoon a small boat flying a white flag appeared alongside the Sao Paulo. It carried Deputy Carvalho, a retired naval officer who desired to talk with the mutineers. A little later the deputy returned to shore and made a report to the chamber of deputies which had been convened in special session to deal with the revolt. The entire membership of the chamber declared its support of the government.

NO MOTIVE FOUND IN TRUNK MURDER

The Mystery Seems No Nearer Solution Than on the Day the Sealed Trunk with Its Skeleton was Found—Theory After Theory Is Exploded—Robbery Motive no Longer Appears Possible.



MISS ELLEN ENRIGHT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—One of the puzzling factors confronting the police who are investigating the murder brought to light through the discovery of a man's body in a trunk that for seven years lay hidden in the basement at No. 450 West Fifty-fourth street is the absence in the facts that have been uncovered of any basis on which they might build a reasonable theory of motive.

It is doubtful, the police believe, whether they can make further progress until it is established beyond doubt whether the two men whose names have figured prominently in connection with the case are dead or alive. Efforts are confined to attempts to get some trace of William Lewis, wanted as the owner of the trunk, and Albert C. Callier, known as an artist and an intimate friend of Lewis.

Confirmation of the report that a brother of Callier was in this country in 1903 and made inquiries concerning the whereabouts of the artist was not forthcoming at the offices of the French consul, at No. 35 South William street. Neither was a denial made, it being stated that the records were not public. At police headquarters it could not be learned whether the police had been requested to be on the watch for Callier at that date.

An artist with studios in this city told the police he was acquainted with Callier and his brother, Rene Callier, 20 years ago in France. While the latter later went to Africa and enjoyed success as a mine operator, the former came to this city.

Information previously obtained by the police shows that Callier, friend of Lewis, boarded in 1899 and 1900 with Mrs. Mary Kenney at 305 West 116th street. Callier left her home in 1901, but, according to the latest story supplied to the police, he was seen by a friend in June, 1902. Callier then said he was well supplied with money and showed a ticket for a steamship that was to leave soon for France. It was at this date that Lewis moved from his boarding house at No. 262 West sixty-third street and went to live in West 116th street with Mrs. Kenney. It was then also that the trunk the contents of which were exposed a week ago was shipped by Lewis to his friend Phillip Meagher, then living in West Forty-seventh street.

Did Not Act Like a Murderer. What natural conclusion might be drawn from these facts, the disappearance of Callier and the appearance for the first time of the trunk, seems to



ALBERT C. CALLIER, MISSING ARTIST FRIEND OF WILLIAM LEWIS.

wholly unsubstantiated by subsequent events. Instead of trying to keep in the background, as one might believe, Lewis, after he moved to Harlem, began systematically to make himself known. He joined a political organization, kept regular habits, seemingly was never without a position and had laid every plan to be married in January, 1905, to Miss Ellen Enright, superintendent of a nurses' registry in West 125th street.

Then, on the day before the date of his wedding, Lewis suddenly disappeared from his boarding house, at No. 234 West 124th street, and went to live for the next six months with Phillip Meagher, No. 450 West Fifty-fourth street. Eight months later, February, 1906, Lewis appeared for a few minutes at home of Mrs. Kenney. This is the last trace that the police have of him.

The statement of the Meagthers that Lewis was without funds when he lived with them, together with the stories of the scores of persons who remembered Lewis during the three years he roomed in Harlem, that he never lived beyond the limits of a salesman's salary are the most damaging facts against the theories that the body found in Lewis' trunk is that of Callier, who was murdered for his money.

COTTON SUPPLY REPORT ISSUED

At Close of October, Preliminary Report Says, Amount of Fleece Staple on Hand Was 3,328,708 Bales.

SUPPLY FOR TWO MONTHS PERIOD, 6,082,396 BALES

Exports, 2,093,386 Bales; Consumption, 750,299; Stocks, September 1, 998,396; Imports, 13,002, etc.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A preliminary report of the supply and distribution of cotton for the two months period ending October 31, issued by the census bureau, shows that the supply was 6,082,396 bales. This including stocks held at the beginning of the period, 998,396 bales, ginlings, 5,070,617 bales; imports, 13,002 bales.

Distribution for the same period was, exports 2,093,386 bales, consumption 750,299 bales, and stocks at the close of October, 3,328,708 bales. Segregation of stocks held, October 31 was, by manufacturers, 675,448 bales; by independent warehouses, 2,374,260 bales and elsewhere, 279,000 bales.

MILLIONS SECURED BY FRAUD SAYS HITCHCOCK

Postmaster General Says Cotton Firm of Knight, Yancey & Co., Worked Clever Game.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Commenting on the arrest Wednesday by postoffice inspectors of John W. Knight, senior member of the cotton brokerage firm of Knight, Yancey and company, Decatur, Ala., Postmaster General Hitchcock yesterday gave out a statement in which he says that the operations of this concern through the alleged fraudulent use of the mails would doubtless exceed a million dollars. The alleged fraud was committed, he says, by the use of bogus bills of lading, covering fictitious shipments. Mr. Hitchcock asserted that by making false reports of shipments to insurance companies, certificates of insurance were procured covering both railroads and marine risks. The genuine insurance certificates were accepted as indicating the honesty of the shipments, and the bills of lading thus accompanied were negotiated by note brokers who procured payment of the foreign importers on delivery. The cotton purchased, Mr. Hitchcock says, never arrived.

Mr. Hitchcock declares that the transactions of Knight, Yancey and company were similar to those of another concern in Corinth, Miss., whose members were recently indicted on evidence procured by postoffice inspectors.

The postmaster general's statement further alleges that "the investigation developed that the two concerns had an arrangement by which they exchanged drafts, each holding power of attorney for the other to accept such draft and that together they committed frauds aggregating between two and three million dollars."

FORMER I. C. OFFICIALS ARE INDICTED FOR FRAUD

Alleged That Harriman, Taylor, Ewing and Blucker Got Nearly Five Millions by Padding Bills.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Frank B. Harriman, John M. Taylor and C. L. Ewing, former officers and employees of the Illinois Central railroad, and Joseph E. Blucker, were today indicted for conspiracy in connection with frauds alleged to have been practiced against the railroad. Two counts in the indictment also charge the operation of a confidence game.

It is charged that nearly five million dollars was illegally taken from the Illinois Central by the four men named, by padding expense bills presented by various concerns.

High Winds and Strong Tides. New York, Nov. 25.—High winds and strong tides threaten shipping in harbor. This afternoon the three-masted schooner, Alvie B. Phillips, from Jacksonville, went ashore off Governor's Island. The schooner is owned in New Haven.

Carnegie Is 73 Years Old. New York, Nov. 25.—Andrew Carnegie was showered with congratulatory messages on his seventy-third birthday today.

ALL QUIET TODAY SO FAR AS KNOWN

Recent Reports Indicated That Chihuahua Was Menaced by Revolutionists, but the General Situation is Said to Have Improved—Alarm is Diminishing.



FRANCISCO J. MADERO

FACADE OF THE NEW THEATRE ZACATECAS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Quiet prevails in northern Chihuahua, Mexico, according to state department advices. Recent reports indicated that Chihuahua was menaced by revolutionists, but the general situation is said to have improved. The alarm of the Mexicans is diminishing.

Laredo, Nov. 25.—The situation is quiet along the Mexican border adjacent to Laredo, according to state department advices. Recent reports from all points embraced in the jurisdiction, extending from Matamoros to Columbia, 30 miles above Laredo, on the Mexican side of the river, and says everything is quiet along the border and in the immediate interior.

The Mexican government still maintains a cordon of troops which is guarding the border. On the Mexican side of the river troops are on guard from Brownsville to Del Rio. Consul Diebold says the Mexican government has the situation well in hand. Sporadic outbreaks may occur,

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S SON CHARGED WITH MURDER

John Sears, Half-Breed, Held for Killing the Aged Rev. A. L. Armstrong and His Wife.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 25.—John Sears, a half breed, son of Elizabeth Sears, a negro, housekeeper for Rev. A. L. Armstrong and his wife, the aged couple who were victims of a horrible murder Wednesday night at their home in Dutch Neck, is in jail, and has failed to establish an alibi. Sears stands charged with the double murder.

Sears is surly and reticent. The half-breed has lived with his mother in the Armstrong home since he was an infant. Prosecutor Crossley declines to say whether Armstrong's will, found after the murder, disclosed Elizabeth Sears as one of the beneficiaries of the Armstrong estate.

Said to Have Confessed. Trenton, N. J., Nov. 25.—John Sears, it is said, has made a confession. Prosecutor Crossley will make no official statement that a confession has been made but there seems no doubt that Sears has admitted the shooting. He will be prosecuted for first degree murder.

Farm School Wins. The annual Thanksgiving baseball game between the Farm school and Gosh's Creek teams was played yesterday. Farm school winning by a 7 to 6 score.

Three Persons Drowned. New York, Nov. 25.—Three men were drowned in Jamaica Bay yesterday. The dead are J. Hogstom, Harry Hoppen and Louis Keister, all of Brooklyn.

he says, but the troops are adequate to cope with the situation and any uprising will be immediately suppressed.

Notwithstanding the tranquil conditions, alarmists rumors are still in circulation. These rumors are not confined to the border towns but are current in the capital, Mexico City. If the whereabouts of Francisco I. Madero is known no intimation is given out by the Mexican authorities.

Government Has Upper Hand.

Boston, Nov. 25.—Julian C. Edgerly, a Boston newspaper man, has received a personal telegram under yesterday's date from Paul Hudson, general manager of the Mexican Herald, a newspaper published in Mexico City, in which it is declared that government forces have the upper hand in the revolt which is in progress. The telegram is dated November 24 and reads:

"Border reports greatly exaggerated. From official advices am satisfied government forces ample to control situation in northern states."

PRESIDENT KAVANAUGH'S CRITICISM OF MR. TAFT

Speaks of His "Growing Indifference" Toward the Movement for Deep Waterways.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 25.—President Taft's "growing indifference" toward the deep waterway movement and his "favorable leaning to the Ohio river" which was declared "official partiality" formed the subject of severe criticism in the address of President Kavanaugh of the Lake's-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterway association at the opening of the fifth annual convention today. He declared the president had mistaken the sentiment of the nation and urged the convention to strive for legislation so strong as to be effective, lines from any quarter, however, excepted.

TELLS OF BRIBERY. Senator Bilbo Resumes Testimony at Yazoo City Hearing—Much Wrangling of Counsel.

Yazoo City, Miss., Nov. 25.—Senator Theodore Bilbo today resumed his testimony in the trial of L. C. Duhaney, charged with bribery in connection with the recent senatorial election. Senator Bilbo related the story of the alleged bribery.

There was much wrangling between counsel over the competence of testimony.

THE WEATHER. For Asheville and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday, cooler tonight. For North Carolina: Fair tonight and Saturday, cooler tonight.

NAUGHT TO SAY AS TO OUTLOOK

James J. Hill, Reported to Take A Gloomy View of the Business Prospect, Refuses to Discuss It.

VALUABLE LESSON TAUGHT COUNTRY BY LAST ELECTION

Party Lines no Longer Exist to Important Extent, Demagogue and Agitator Have Lost Their Grip.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—James J. Hill talked with President Taft today. He recently was reported gloomy over the business prospect, but would not discuss the subject. On politics, the financier said:

"The last election taught the politicians and the country something valuable. Party lines no longer exist to an important extent, and men are thinking and voting along independent lines. The demagogue and the agitator have held away so long that it is really a relief to see a flag of warning hoisted for their benefit. The laboring man is no longer swept off his feet by buncombe, sweeping assertion and promises. He wants something definite. I am told, too, that the negro voters exercised unusual independence in the last election, thousands of them voting the democratic ticket for the first time."

President Keeping His Own Course. President Taft had a protracted meeting with the cabinet, discussing various features of his forthcoming message to congress, and some prospective judiciary appointments. The president will not send these appointments to the senate until after the message has been read. Mr. Taft has not indicated his final choice, but the impression is growing that Justice Hughes will be named chief justice of the Supreme court. Who will get the two vacant associate judgeships on the Supreme bench possibly will remain secret until the names are actually sent to the senate. The president is keeping his own counsel.

A FORMER ASSEMBLYMAN IN "WHITE SLAVE" TRADE

Jesse Bluestone and Samuel Mosenen Found Guilty of Complicity, by Jury in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburg, Nov. 25.—Jesse Bluestone, a former member of the Pennsylvania legislature, and Samuel Mosenen, was today found guilty of complicity in the white slave trade.

Rachel Weiner, aged eighteen, told amid sobs how she was lured from a factory by promises of rich clothes and high living. The men were charged with placing the girl in unlawful resorts for the purpose of receiving money from her.

JACK JOHNSON ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF ASSAULT

Complainant is a White Girl, Member of Same Theatrical Company as Black Pugilist.

New York, Nov. 25.—Jack Johnson, the negro champion heavyweight pugilist, was arrested this afternoon on a warrant issued by Magistrate French, charged with assault upon Emily Cooper, a white girl, who is a member of the theatrical company in which the prize fighter is appearing.

PROTEST MADE BY WRIGHTS AGAINST THE DREXEL RECORD

Drexel's Friends Not Distracted—Wright's Say Aero Club Officials Should Have Seen Flight.

Philadelphia, Nov. 25.—J. Arm-Drexel's friends are not disturbed by the report that the Wright brothers will protest to the Aero Club of America against the official acceptance of record of Drexel's flight Wednesday, when he established a new world's altitude record for aeroplanes of 9970 feet.

The Wright protest, it is reported, is that Drexel's flight was not made in sight of proper officials of the Aero Club.

Strike Rioting in Chicago. Chicago, Nov. 25.—Three persons were shot and many others subjected to injury in a riot by striking garment workers, attacking non-union workers on the northwest side today.