

THE MYSTERY MORE BAFFLING

Inquest Expected to End This Evening - Nothing Yet Learned to Warrant an Arrest.

FACE WAS DECOMPOSED MORE THAN THE BODY

Indicating, It Is Said, That Body May Have Been in Water from the Time of Death.

Hendersonville, Sept. 19, 3 p. m.—

The Hawkins case inquest was to have resumed at 3 o'clock, but it is probable there will be some delay, as Detective Bradford has not returned from a second visit to Mrs. Hawkins, mother of Myrtle, at Flat Rock.

George Bradley may again be placed upon the stand. W. C. Rector, who is assisting in the inquiry on behalf of the Hawkins family, will decide as to that after a conference with the detective.

One of the letters discovered, which at one time it was announced might lead to something definite, seems to have been written by Myrtle Hawkins to Hal Cooper. In it, it is said, she suggested an early marriage, saying that even if he was young, she could mother and care for him, and their being poor would not make any difference.

Every theory that could be based upon any piece of evidence is negated by some other piece of evidence. What could have been the strange odor that Robert Waddell says he noticed about the barn and sacks, that he never smelled before nor since except at the coroner's inquest last Sunday? The odor of animal decomposition is a familiar one.

In addition to the information gleaned by the doctors in the autopsy, the first mention of which was in yesterday's Gazette-News, it is now stated on reliable authority that the girl's face was in a more advanced state of decomposition than the rest of the body.

This would seem to indicate that the body was placed in the water at once after death, or that death occurred in the water. Yet physicians say that death took place in all probability as early as Thursday.

Might Have Sunk. It might have sunk, however, and later floated to the surface, might have remained submerged from Thursday, say, until Sunday morning. Medical jurisprudence teaches that while there are set rules as to the buoyancy of a living body, and of a dead body in various stages of decomposition, yet as to whether a body sinks, or how long it remains submerged, depend entirely upon individual conditions.

Prof. Crampton Brings Valuable Specimens from British Guiana to Place in Museum.

New York, Sept. 19.—The completion of another notable scientific expedition was marked today by the arrival here of Prof. Henry Crampton of Columbia university, after three months spent in exploring the wilds of British Guiana for the museum of natural history.

He brought many valuable specimens and photographs.

Fire at Norfolk Today. Norfolk, Va., Sept. 19.—The \$150,000 plant of the Cranston Wood Preserving works was damaged by fire to the extent of \$10,000 this morning.

NORTH MICHIGAN SEES PRESIDENT

Taft Passes Through Mackinac to Sault Ste. Marie—Spends Night at Marquette.

Mackinac City, Mich., Sept. 19.—For the first time in this city's history the president of the United States passed through here today en route to northern Michigan.

Leaving this evening he travels still further into the peninsula, with Marquette as his stopping place over night.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 19.—The president and party arrived here at 11:25 a. m. The president was immediately taken on a brief tour about the city.

This afternoon Taft was the guest of Sault Ste. Marie, where he lunched with Governor Osborne and inspected the locks of the St. Marys.

It seems that the trouble which had its culmination Sunday night in the knock-down and drag-out scrap, when several heads were cracked and eyes given a darker tinge, had its origin some weeks ago when one of the members, a former honored trustee, fell from grace and was removed from the "high estate."

The most serious situation is at Valencia, where a general strike was declared yesterday. The city was immediately placed under martial law.

The strikers have guarded a judge, and wounded other officers engaged in the trial of rioters who were arrested.

Strikes have been declared at Bilbao, Saragossa, Cadix, Huelva, Seville, Gijon and other cities.

The government has unearthed a plot to assassinate General Weyler, captain general of Catalonia.

The general union of labor has decided to call a general strike throughout Spain on a date to be fixed later.

Mr. Settle Held to Court. David Settle, who was held by a coroner's jury on a charge of killing a negro, Bob Allen, at his country place, 12 miles from Greensboro late Friday night, waived examination in Superior court in the sum of \$2500.

Ex-Judge W. P. Bynum has been retained to defend Settle. Judge Bynum will be assisted by relatives of Settle, who are members of the bar here.

It is probable that he will not be, since the docket is badly congested. When called for trial he will be arraigned either for murder in the second degree or manslaughter, there being no evidence whatever that there was any malice or premeditation.

There is still considerable talk here about the matter and it is not unlikely that unpleasant features will be injected into the case when the trial begins.

Criminal Court Convenes. Superior court for the trial of criminal cases convened here yesterday with Judge Oliver H. Allen presiding. Judge Allen's charge to the grand jury was exhaustive and consumed practically the entire morning session.

In the course of his charge, Judge Allen took occasion highly to praise the act of the last general assembly providing that on and after January 1, 1912, no man convicted of a misdemeanor shall be humiliated by being forced to wear stripes while working out a sentence.

He declared that the purpose of the foundation of the courts of the land rests not so much in the punishment of criminals as in the protection of orderly society and incidentally the uplift of humanity.

HEADS BROKEN IN CHURCH ROW

Dispute Between Factions of Colored Congregation at Greensboro Ends in Free-for-All Fight.

EXAMINATION WAIVED BY SETTLE'S LAWYER

Defendant Held on \$2500 Bond—Judge Allen Delivers Exhaustive Charge to Grand Jury.

Gazette-News Bureau, Daily News Building, Greensboro, Sept. 19.—

The question of who should ring the church bell for the night services at Zion church, colored, of Jacksonville, a small suburb of Greensboro, Sunday night resulted in a free-for-all fight among the clans and as a result many arrests have been made.

It seems that the trouble which had its culmination Sunday night in the knock-down and drag-out scrap, when several heads were cracked and eyes given a darker tinge, had its origin some weeks ago when one of the members, a former honored trustee, fell from grace and was removed from the "high estate."

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The first case taken up yesterday afternoon was that of state vs. The Red Oil company. Former Governor Aycock is counsel for the defense.

MARTIAL LAW FOR STRIKERS

Violent Outbreaks in Many Cities Arouse the Government at Madrid to Vigorous Action.

RIOTERS KILL JUDGE AND WOUND OFFICERS

Plot Is Unearthed to Assassinate Captain General Weyler—The Situation at Valencia Serious.

Madrid, Sept. 19.—King Alfonso today signed a decree suspending constitutional guarantees throughout Spain. This is equivalent to declaring the country under martial law.

This act was taken promptly to give the government power to deal sharply and promptly with the revolutionary agitation fermenting in many parts of Spain, especially in the cities and industrial districts.

The most serious situation is at Valencia, where a general strike was declared yesterday. The city was immediately placed under martial law.

The authorities are embarrassed in Cullera, where rioters have attacked officials viciously.

The strikers have guarded a judge, and wounded other officers engaged in the trial of rioters who were arrested.

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Flood of Lava Advances; Thousands are Homeless

MOUNT ETNA IN ERUPTION.

STOLYPIN DEAD; RIOTING FEARED

Government Masses 30,000 Troops at Kiev to Prevent Anti-Jewish Uprising.

Kiev, Russia, Sept. 19.—Mass for the repose of the soul of the late Russian prime minister, Stolypin, was celebrated at Kiev hospital today, where the statesman succumbed last night.

Emperor Nicholas participated in the ceremony and at its conclusion personally condoled with Stolypin's widow.

Thousands of persons, cheering enthusiastically and singing repeatedly the national anthem, accompanied the emperor through the streets from the hospital to the railroad station.

After an autopsy this morning the body of the dead premier was embalmed. Later it will be taken to St. Petersburg for burial in the Alexander Nevsky monastery.

Speculation as to Russian Policy. St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—Following Premier Stolypin's death from wounds inflicted by an assassin's bullets, speculation exists as to whether a more liberal or reactionary policy will be adopted.

A new chapter in Russia's history commences with Stolypin's death. Socialism and Judaism must be taken in an iron grasp.

The Reich considers Stolypin was big in individuality, but that he was politically bankrupt. The impression prevails that acting Premier Kokovsov's tenure of office will be brief.

Kiev, Sept. 19.—The Russian premier, Peter A. Stolypin, died last night from bullet wounds received at the hands of an assassin during a gala performance at the Municipal theater Thursday evening.

The Metropolitan Flavian blessed and consoled him in his last moments. His last words were, "Light me up."

Half an hour before his death, Stolypin asked the doctors to turn him on his side. He died peacefully, surrounded by several of his relatives and state officers.

All hope of the premier's recovery was abandoned yesterday morning. Saturday night indications of peritonitis were noted which became aggravated Sunday.

Physicians declared that the patient's evening declared that the patient's conditions were hopeless. Premature reports of the premier's death were current for hours before it occurred.

Several missions and embassies were misled by these reports and notified their governments.

Jewish Outbreak Threatened. The authorities at first decided to conceal the news of the premier's death until morning, fearing outbreaks. This was found to be impossible and after the announcement was made all the attention of the authorities was centered in the protection of the Jews.

Representatives of the Jewish community were panic stricken and begged for protection and 30,000 troops were poured into Kiev in preventive excesses.

The city is oppressed, but calm. M. Kokovsov, the minister of finance, who was appointed acting premier after M. Stolypin was shot, has sent a peremptory circular to the various governors on the maintenance of order. It is stated on excellent authority that M. Kokovsov will be appointed premier.

TRUSTS' HEAD IS INDICTED

Federal Court Grand Jury Returns True Bills in Case Against United Shoe Machinery.

VIOLATION CHARGED OF THE SHERMAN ACT

President Winslow and Two Directors Alleged to Be Criminally Liable—History of Case.

Boston, Sept. 19.—An indictment was returned today against officers of the United Shoe Machinery company and a second indictment was found against the company itself by a grand jury of the federal court here.

The defendants are charged with conducting a business in restraint of trade.

Individuals indicted are President Sidney N. Winslow and Edward P. Hurd and George W. Brown, directors.

The indictments charge the defendants with working through the instrumentality of the United Shoe Machinery company in a way to make them as individuals criminally liable under the Sherman act.

Complaints made to the department of justice against the United Shoe Machinery company—the so-called "shoe machinery trust"—brought the attention of the government to the case.

It is understood that the corporation was charged with being a monopoly in restraint of trade. Infractions upon the patent laws were also alleged, it is said.

Prompt action on the part of the government followed the receipt of the complaints. In April—a few weeks after they had been filed—William S. Gregg, special assistant to United States Attorney General Wickesham, began a government probe.

Special Agents George E. Kelleher and James L. Bruff, assisted Mr. Gregg in his search for evidence.

The result of the work of these government officials was that on July 26 of this year Attorney General Wickesham ordered United States Attorney Ass. P. French and Mr. Gregg to present evidence obtained by the federal grand jury that reported today.

The Shoe Machinery Company. The United Shoe Machinery company came into being in 1889. It was founded by Sydney N. Winslow, its present head, who learned shoe making in a small factory in Salem, Mass., owned by his father, who to secure advantages of combining allied interests formed a corporation embracing the three leading companies then making shoe machinery—(Goodyear Sewing Machine company, Consolidated and McKay Lasting company, and McKay Shoe Machinery company)—were consolidated. The company was reorganized in 1905 and subsequently auxiliary companies sprang up in Canada, Great Britain, France and Germany.

That same year the manufacturing of all its shoe making machinery was concentrated in one large factory at Beverly, Mass. The United States Shoe Machinery company now employs 4000 hands, who turn out 20,000 shoe machines yearly.

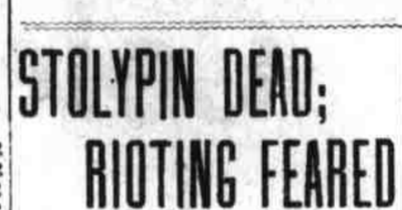
The royalty system, by which the corporation disposes of its machines, allows a shoe manufacturer to lease machines, paying rentals in royalties on every shoe made. A manufacturer may buy machinery if he gets it from the United Shoe Machinery company, provided he buys his "findings"—such as wire nails and eyelets—from the company.

It is asserted that the royalty paid the United company is about two and two-thirds cents per pair of shoes. Last year the company brought suit against Thomas G. Plant, a Boston shoe manufacturer, charging patent infringement. Plant sold out his shoe machinery plant and patent rights to the United company after a bitter fight.

A few months later an independent company—the Breenhan Shoe Machinery company of Lynn, Mass.—was also purchased by the United company.

Unexpected Investigation. The next important happening in the life of the United Shoe Machinery company was the unexpected government probe. The special grand jury was called August 1. Government agents stated before serving subpoenas that the question of leasing grand jury to consider. The jury made an extensive investigation, sitting four and five days a week during the entire month of August.

Announcement of the climax in the government's inquiries was coincident with a proposal for a state investigation by Governor Eugene M. Foss, a democrat, who in a message to the legislature, which was then in session, pointed out the need of a statute to reach the alleged monopoly. The legislative committee on rules said that an anti-monopoly bill already enacted covered the situation.



MAP OF DISTRICT AROUND MOUNT ETNA.

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THE SHAKERS DISAVOW FLORIDA HOMICIDE

New Hampshire Colony Desires Law to Take Its Course with Alleged Slayers.

Canterbury, N. H., Sept. 19.—Reports that Shakers of this state intend raising a large fund to defend Elizabeth Sears and E. B. Gillespie, members of the Shaker colony at Kismet, Fla., who it is alleged, administered chloroform to Sadie Marchant, a tuberculosis victim, administered by Elder Arthur Bruce, of the Canterbury Shaker colony.

Bruce said: "Brother Gillespie and Sister Sears acted most unwisely. Nothing desired by the Shakers for other than justice before the law."

If at the trial it appears that chloroform was administered with intent in a manner illegally to cause the death of Sadie Marchant, no Shaker would demur if punishment according to the law is followed. The Shakers as a whole will have nothing whatever to do with the legal aspects of the case and will not furnish funds for the defense.

THE MAINE ELECTION IS STILL IN DOUBT

Majority is Apparently for Repeal, But the Prohibitionists Do Not Concede Defeat.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 19.—Governor Plaisted and his council, in session until midnight canvassing in session on the question of the repeal of the constitutional prohibitory amendment voted on at the special election Monday, reconvened today to continue the tabulation on other questions voted on at the same time and to give the clerks of towns in which returns are disputed an opportunity to present evidence of error and make corrections.

The figures tabulated last night showed an apparent official majority of 25 in favor of repeal, but these figures, Plaisted declares, are not final.

"The apparent majority on the wet side," said the governor, "has not disheartened the prohibition workers. They are busy taking steps to see that the returns from towns which they still maintain voted dry, despite the official returns, be corrected."

Lackawanna Strike Not Serious. New York, Sept. 19.—Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railway officials said today that unless 1000 of a total of 4300 track employees were on strike.

The road officials do not regard the situation as serious.

Bomb Hurlled at Motor Car Wrecks Chicago Buildings

Chicago, Sept. 19.—A nitro-glycerine bomb hurled at an automobile today wrecked a concert hall and shattered buildings within a radius of a block.

Detectives are working on the theory that the explosion may be the result of a feud growing out of the strategy of alien bankers in the west.