Danderine

Makes your hair grow long, heavy and luxuriant and we can prove it

Get a 25 Cent Bottle Now and Forever Stop Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Dandruff

Hair Becomes Soft, Fluffy, Lustrous and Abundant After a Danderine Hair Cleanse

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and velvety softness to the hair, and a few weeks' use will cause new hair to sprout all over the scalp. Use it every day for a short time, after which two or three times a week will be sufficient to complete whatever growth you desire.

Immediately after applying a little Danderine all dandruff will disappear, all itching of the scalp will cease and there will be no more loose or falling hair.

If you wish to double the beauty of your hair in ten minutes surely try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or any excessive oil—In a few moments your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

If you care for beautiful, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter—A real surprise awaits you.

AS TO THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER

THE DOCTORS' REPORT

Text of Their Statement to the Commissioners in the Matter of County Health Officer.

To the Board of County Commissioners, Buncombe county:

Your committee appointed to look into the work done by your health officer and outline the work that he should do should he be employed for all the time, beg to report:

We have conferred with the county health officer, and after a conference with the jailer, superintendent of the county home, and superintendent of the convict camps, he reports the following estimates as a fair average of the work done, on a basis of one month's work:

County Home.	
An average of 6 visits per month at $5	$ 30.00
Twenty-five extra patients at each visit at 50 cents	75.00
County Jail.	
Twelve visits per month (an averages, at $1.50	18.00
Ten extra patients at each visit, at 50 cents	60.00
Convict Camp.	
Busbee: 6 visits, 7 miles, at $5	30.00
Average 15 extra patients	45.00
Hominy: average 6 visits, 9 miles	42.00
Average 15 extra patients, at 50 cents	45.00
Children's Home.	
Average 2 visits	4.00
Average 4 extra patients at 50 cents	4.00
Inspection of jail $4, county home $7, Busbee convict camp $9 (these inspections required by law and fee fixed by law)	27.00
Commitment and release of insane	15.00
Examination prisoners sentenced to road and county home	15.00
Quarantine, average 4 cases	44.00
	$414.50

The above does not include surgical work; does not include the fumigation of the court house, which has been ordered done by the judge presiding, or the grand jury room, or both, and is done after every session of court.

We learn that the present health officer gives free medical service to the superintendent and guards and other employes at the convict camp, jails and other county institutions.

While the above figures, as we are informed and believe, are a fair average of the work done from month to month, yet we are informed that the health officer has done work amounting to as much as $150 in one week, which would be at the rate of more than $600 per month, computed on the same basis as the above charges. It should not be forgotten that the health officer furnishes his own horse and buggy, or other transportation, including the upkeep of the same, while the sheriff is furnished a horse and buggy, its upkeep and whatever other transportation is needed.

The health officer has been called upon to go to distant parts of the county to examine persons making applications before your board; he has been called upon recently to examine a watershed, the water from which was being sold and delivered to hundreds of citizens of this county. He is the only officer upon whom they may call; they have a right to call upon him. It is needless for us to tell you that he responds promptly and cheerfully to all these demands, regardless of whether you pay him or not.

There are 113 school buildings in this county, outside of Asheville. In case you pay him for all his time, he is required to inspect these buildings and grounds before school begins each year. Upon a fee basis, he is entitled by law to $4 each for these inspections which, as you can readily see, amounts to $452 per year, or an average of nearly $40 per month for the 12 months. You may, or may not know that your health officer has been making these inspections, whether you pay him or not; in fact we are informed and believe that he has finished these inspections, save a part of one township.

It may be interesting for you to know some of the findings of these inspections. More than three-fourths of the school buildings have no closets of any kind; in many places there are not sufficient woods, except at a great distance, for a child to conceal itself. In another place the only clump of bushes that will conceal a child is just above the spring, so the boys use this instead of a closet. The very thought of it is revolting; but should these boys be diseased it is criminal, and you commissioners are the criminals, because you do not send the gospel of sanitation to these people through your health officer as the law intends and provides.

Allow us to say that the people of Buncombe county are just as good as the people of any other county in this, or any other state. They are anxious to improve their conditions, they receive the health officer gladly, and when these and other things are called to their attention they set about at once to make the needed improvements. The county board of education is co-operating with the health officer in these inspections, the chairman of the board often accompanying him. The county superintendent of public instruction appreciates this work, and co-operates with the health officer in every possible way. And, gentlemen, there is something that may interest you when election time comes. The people, the "deer peepul," are interested in this work, and have been heard to wonder and to inquire why the board of county commissioners allow the health officer to do this work at his own time and expense, and why they do not pay him for these valuable services.

What the health officer should do in addition to what he is doing:

He should visit the schools and give illustrated lectures on public health and sanitation. This is being done in the county of Guilford. There lectures are usually given in the evening, and the entire community turns out to see and to hear them, and they are productive of great good. He must visit all the premises where any complaint is made and pass upon the matter of whether or not the thing complained of is a nuisance, and if so, have it abated. He should visit the schools, and inspect the children for various diseases, and if found, offer treatment, if they desire it. Recently the United States department of agriculture notified certain counties in the state of Kentucky that they could not ship any more cattle out of that state until they cured them of lice and ticks, yet in this county children are allowed to go to public schools with their heads full of lice and empty of knowledge, and you will not pay one cent to have your health officer to find out these and other things, and instruct them how to cure and prevent them. The state of Pennsylvania is spending hundreds of thousands of dollars annually to stamp out tuberculosis among its cattle, and you are not spending one cent to prevent tuberculosis among the people of your county. He should visit the schools and offer free vaccination to the children. The state does not quarantine smallpox any more—when smallpox breaks out again as it has done every year for the last ten, it will be a choice between being vaccinated and having small-pox. There were more case of smallpox in North Carolina last year than any other state in the union. The people should be instructed in these things—you should pay the health officer to do it.

The health officer should have every case of contagious or infectious disease reported to him, should keep records of the same, should inspect each case and get all the information possible in connection with the cause of same, and instruct the people of the household how to prevent the others from taking the disease. There are seven cases of typhoid at this moment on Bee Tree creek—from a spring by the side of the road there may be transmitted hundreds of cases to various parts of this and other counties, and yet you sit idly by and allow it,—this is criminal. Should one of these boys attend school and use the clump of bushes above the spring for a closet, it would rapidly spread throughout the entire neighborhood, and you would be criminally guilty. The health department of Asheville has saved the people of Asheville enough money this summer on typhoid fever alone to pay the semi-annual interest charge on their entire bonded indebtedness, but you will have no such thing in the county.

The health officer should keep a correct record of the births and deaths in the county. Our children have no voice in the matter of whether or not they shall come into this world, nor the time of their coming, and we owe it to them to keep a proper record of these events in an official way. They are often of great importance in a legal way.

Allow us to call your attention to the fact that you are not spending one cent for the prevention of disease in this county. The state of North Carolina requires you to quarantine certain diseases and have inspected certain institutions. The great state of North Carolina requires you to provide medical attendance for the criminals and paupers confined in your county jail, convict camps and county home, and this is all you are doing, and paying for that less than one-third of what the service is worth. Nothing is done by the great rich county of Buncombe with its $2,000,000 increase of taxable property, for the prevention of disease among her people, save the little quarantine required by the state; but perhaps you argue, why should we spend money to prevent disease, when we care for the prisoners after they get sick, as the state requires us to do, and we have voluntarily, without any coercion on the part of the state, increased our contribution to the Mission hospital? All honor to you for doing this thing which should have been done long ago. There is no worthier work being done than is being done by the Mission hospital, but that argument reminds us of a poem, "The Fence or the Ambulance," which we clip as present here:

'Twas a dangerous cliff, as they freely confessed,
Though to walk near its crest was so pleasant;
But over its terrible edge there had slipped
A duke, and full many a peasant;
So the people said something would have to be done,
But their projects did not all tally.
Some said: "Put a fence around the edge of the cliff."
Some, "An ambulance down in the valley."

But the cry for the ambulance carried the day,
For it spread through the neighboring city;
A fence may be useful or not, it is true,
But each heart became brimful of pity
For those who slipped over that dangerous cliff;
And the dwellers in highway and alley
Gave pounds or pence, not to put up a fence
But an ambulance down in the valley.

"For the cliff is all right if you're careful," they said,
"And if folks even slip and are dropping,
It isn't the slipping that hurts them so much
As the shock down below when they're stopping;"
So day after day those mishaps occurred,
Quick forth would these rescuers sally
To pick up the victims who fell off the cliff
With the ambulance down in the valley.

Then an old sage remarked, "It's a marvel to me
That people give far more attention
To repairing results than to stopping the cause,
When they'd much better aim at prevention.
Let us stop at its source all this misery," cried he,
Come neighbors and friends, let us rally;
If the cliff we will fence we might almost dispense
With the ambulance down in the valley.

"Oh, he's a fanatic," the others rejoined,
"Dispense with the ambulance? Never!
He'd dispense with charities, too, if he could,
No, no! We'll support them forever!
Aren't we picking up folks just as fast as they fall?
And shall this man dictate to us? Shall he?
Why should people of our sense stop to put up a fence
While their ambulance works down in the valley?"

But a sensible few, who are practical, too,
Will not bear with such nonsense much longer,
They believe that prevention is better than cure;
And their party will soon be the stronger.
Encourage them, then, with your purse, voice and pen,
And (while other philanthropists daily)
They will scorn all pretense and put a stout fence
On that cliff that hangs over the valley.

Better guide well the young than reclaim them when old,
For the voice of true wisdom is calling;
To rescue the fallen is good, but 'tis best
To prevent other people from falling;
Better close up temptation and crime,
Than deliver from dungeon and galley;
Better put a strong fence around the top of the cliff,
Than an ambulance down in the valley.

You are not spending one cent in preventing disease among the people of this county. You are asked to pay the county health officer $1800 a year in addition to his present salary, so that he may devote all his time to the work. The city of Asheville spends $20,000 per year in the prevention of disease, and has saved her people more than that amount on typhoid fever aolne this summer, and she pays three-fourths of the taxes of the county, and is therefore willing to pay $1350 of the $1800 for the benefit of the country people, leaving only $450 for the country people to pay for this work, which is exclusively for their benefit. Is it possible that the county commissioners of Buncombe county will stand in the way of this work? We do not think so.

Statement on Behalf of the Asheville Board of Health.

The Buncombe County Medical society requests that you pay your health officer for all his time.

We, the board of health of the city of Asheville, request it, and mind you, Asheville pays three-fourths of the taxes of this county.

The state board of health requests you to do it, and says further that they consider a health officer worth as much as a sheriff—No, worth much more, but they consider the amount paid the sheriff as the minimum amount that the health officer should receive, when he devotes his whole time to the work.

The Medical society of the state of North Carolina joins with the state board of health in the above statement.

Your county board of health has elected your health officer for all his time, and again suggests and requests that you pay him a salary equal to that of the sheriff, and thereby enable him to devote his entire time to the work. The responsibility is upon this board of county commissioners. The people who elected you expect you to be faithful to their interests and needs.

It seems the automobile cranks have very deeply sinned—
Think of their wasting gasoline when they can burn the wind.
—Dallas News.

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS

A record of sixty-five years continuous use of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" by mothers in all parts of the world, is the highest praise that any remedy for "children teething" has ever received. Every year the young mother follows in the footsteps of her mother and finds Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup to be the favorite, and so it has gone on for a period of sixty-five years. Millions of mothers have used it for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists and medicine dealers in all parts of the known world. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other.

DR. BAIRD PROTESTS

He Thinks the Expenditure of $3099 for a County Health Officer Would Be Folly.

Editor of The Gazette-News:

It is never pleasant to have to dissent from the opinion of valued friends and intelligent gentlemen upon matters that concern the public interests and yet it often happens that an honest difference of judgment constrains us to an opposite view, and this is as it should be, for without these differences which lead to a thorough discussion of all questions we would never be able to reach wise and proper conclusions. If I am too often found protesting against popular schemes that are being urged by leading gentlemen before our county commissioners and which involve the expenditure of large sums of the people's money and the consequent increase of their taxes, I can take comfort from the reflection that I am only trying to guard the interests of a confiding and patient people, who are willing to endure more than they are wont to express—and as we have the preacher to continually warn and protest against our personal and private sins and meanness so also we need someone to as constantly and as faithfully inveigh against our public follies and indiscretions. With all due respect for the opinions of the committee of eminent physicians of Asheville who are asking our board of commissioners to employ a county physician with a salary of $3000 per annum, and without any reference to who that physician is now or may hereafter be, I take it upon myself to say that this scheme is so rancious and so chimerical that the taxpayers of this county are not going to stand for it. They do not see the need of such an officer with such duties as prescribed and at such a large salary. The creation of new offices with big salaries and the increase of the salaries of all the officers we now have is getting to be a sore subject in the minds of our people and ere long there is going to be a sure-enough protest and kick upon their part that will open the eyes of our leading men. There are perhaps more than 100 physicians practicing their profession in every nook and corner of our county, giving the people instruction about sanitation and the principles of hygiene. There are not less perhaps than 150 school teachers who, for a large portion of each year, are dotting every three miles square of the county and whose duty it is made by law to teach every child white and black in the county between the ages of six and 21 years the science of physiology and hygiene (and no telling how soon) it will be—philology, biology, nosology, hookwormology, pelagraophology and all the other ologies that the savants have ever sprung upon the world.

Right here I will stop to remark that for the good of the state and the child as well it might be better if about nine-tenths of these children were made to spend most of their time in the field with their daddies taking practical lessons in cornology; potato-ology, cabbage-ology, pumpkin-ology and other such useful ologies.

But to get back—with all these physicians constantly going all over the county, with all this army of teachers who are presumed to be intelligent people, capable of teaching what the law requires them to teach, aided by committeemen in every district who are supposed to be the best and most intelligent men in the community and further having as general director of all this teaching a county superintendent whose large salary would indicate that he was a competent person and was discharging his duties. Now with all these and with our matchless climate of which we are so much wont to boast, why get alarmed so suddenly about "the health of the daughter of our people." Here in this charming Eldorado amid these sweet Arcadian bowers, 'neath brighter than Italian skies—here and there shady dells and blooming vales where the mighty king of day veils the fierceness of his flaming chariot as he rides in splendor from morning's dawn till evening's glow; here where the beauteous queen of night expands her loveliest, brightest silver bow and sheds her softest liquid light to gleam and dance upon the pendant leaf and shimmer upon the opening flower; where the stars chant their deepest, sweetest diapason above the mountain tops; here where the softly sighing winds bear a thousand soothing balms of healing upon their wings, here where the laughing waters leap and dance and yield life and health and joy as they go purling and singing on to their far off home in the bosom of the deep blue sea, with all this and much more of the same sort that I have not time or space to write, I call upon you sir, Mr. Editor or "any other man," to let your enlightened conscience speak and tell me where you see the need of a three-thousand-dolar doctor to go around once or twice a month perhaps, to catch a stray hookworm or chase a wild microbe? I fancy I already hear you say "the thing is superfluously superfluous." Let no Asheville doctor take umbrage at what I have said for I was a disciple of old Esculapus before most of them were born and I am still loyal to "the craft."

J. S. T. BAIRD.

September 21, '11.

Could Laugh at All of Them.

A civil war veteran, who had been listening for some time to the experiences of a young Spanish war veteran, in which the young man claimed to have taken part in several bloody scrimmages, suffered privations, etc., finally turned to his friend sitting near, and said: "Do you know Ed, this reminds me of a story I once heard about some 'shades' up in heaven. The 'shade' of a man who had been drowned in the Johnstown flood was forever telling the other 'shades' what an awful catastrophe it was and how he saved six lives before he himself was drowned. Now, every time he found a new 'shade' to talk to he'd tell them that story, but every time he told the story there was always an old shriveled-up man nearby who kept saying, 'Pooh!-pooh!' 'Oh pshaw,' etc., until finally the younger man couldn't stand it any longer, so turning to his companions he asked, 'Who is that sarcastic old man over there who is always making remarks when I tell about the flood?' 'Who, that old man over there?' said his friends, 'don't you know who he is? Why, that's Noah.'—From Norman E. Mack's National Monthly.

New Suits and Coats

Those who haven't been in to see our new Suits certainly can't afford to wait any longer. Selection is good, values are extraordinary. Combine these two facts and you will see "The Reason" why you should see our Coat Suits before buying elsewhere.

Why not come in anyway. We are always glad to show you through the different sections.

The new idea White Corduroy Skirts, well tailored with high waist line, our price $5.00.

New Reversible Long Coats, two coats in one. Let us show you these garments.

"THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY"

The Asheville Dry Goods Co.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SCHEDULE, EFFECTIVE SEPT. 17, 1911.
Schedule figures published as information and are not guaranteed.
Eastern Time.

ARRIVES FROM—	DEPARTS FOR—
No. 5 Lake Toxaway.. 11:30 a.m.	No. 6 Lake Toxaway ... 7:40 p.m.
No. 9 Savannah and Jacksonville. ... . 2:10 p.m.	No. 10 Savannah & Jacksonville ... . 6:10 p.m.
No. 11 Washington & New York, Norfolk and Richmond ... . 2:45 p.m.	No. 11 Cincinnati, St. Louis Memphis and Louisville .... 8:05 p.m.
No. 12 Cincinnati & Louisville, St. Louis and Memphis ... . 2:05 p.m.	No. 12 Washington & New York, Norfolk and Richmond... ... .. . 8:25 p.m.
No. 13 Charleston & Columbia.... ... .. 9:15 p.m.	No. 14 Atlanta & Charleston. ... . 7:00 a.m.
No. 18 Murphy and Waynesville.... ... . 6:55 p.m.	No. 17 Waynesville & Murphy... ... . 8:30 a.m.
No. 20 Murphy and Waynesville.... ... . 1:55 p.m.	No. 19 Waynesville & Murphy... ... . 3:20 p.m.
No. 22 Waynesville..... . 9:00 a.m.	No. 21 Waynesville... ... 7:55 p.m.
No. 21 Goldsboro and Raleigh.... .... 7:40 p.m.	No. 22 Raleigh & Goldsboro... ... . 9:05 a.m.
No. 27 Charleston & Columbia.. .. .. .. 7:24 p.m.	No. 27 Cincinnati and Chicago... ... .. 7:50 p.m.
No. 28 Cincinnati & Chicago... . ..... .10:15 a.m.	No. 28 Columbia & Charleston... ... .10:35 a.m.
No. 35 Wash., N. Y. and Richmond... .. . 2:30 a.m.	No. 35 Memphis & Chattanooga... ... ...10:30 p.m.
No. 36 Memphis & Chattanooga. ... . 6:50 a.m.	No. 36 Washington, Richmond & New York 7:10 a.m.
No. 41 Charleston, Macon and Atlanta.. ... 7:00 a.m.	No. 42 Atlanta, Macon and New Orleans... .. 8:30 p.m.
*No. 2-41 New Orleans ..10:30 a.m.	No. 102 Bristol, Knoxville and Chattanooga .. 7:20 a.m.
No. 101 Bristol, Knoxville and Chattanooga .10:55 p.m.	

*N. B. No coach passengers handled on 2-41, and train stops to discharge passengers only.

Through sleeping cars daily to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Charleston (2), Cincinnati (2), Memphis (2), Atlanta, Macon, Jacksonville, Savannah, St. Louis, Louisville.

Through sleeping cars to and from New Orleans via Atlanta and L. & N. Ry., arriving as 2-41 on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, returning, leaving Asheville same dates.

Through sleeping cars to and from New Orleans via Chattanooga and Queen and Crescent, arriving Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays, returning Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Chair cars Asheville to Augusta Trains 13 and 14.
Chair Cars Waynesville and Goldsboro, Trains 21 and 22.
Sleeping Cars Waynesville to Charleston trains 17 and 20.

"Carolina Special" trains 27 and 28 Charleston to Cincinnati have full dining car service and Observation sleeping car, train electrically lighted throughout.

J. H. WOOD, Dist. Pass. Agent.
R. H. GRAHAM, City Pass. & Ticket Agent.

The Normal and Collegiate Institute

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Under the care of the Presbyterian church, offers to young women excellent opportunities for thorough education.

A faculty of 16 trained teachers gives facilities for thorough instruction in four courses of study.

Board and tuition only $100 per year. Tuition alone, for day pupils only $20. For catalogue, address EDWARD P. CHILDS, President.

The fall term begins Sept. 20, 1911.

ECONOMY

Is not always a question of the

Cost of Energy

supplied--more often the efficiency of its transformation into useful work

MORAL

Cook With Gas

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.