

ASKED TO STAY ITALIANS' FURY

Turkey Appeals to United States to Check Atrocities in Tripoli.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED VIOLATIONS CHARGED

Course of the Invaders Is Also Claimed to Contravene the Hague Convention.

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—Formal announcement that Tripoli has been annexed to Italy was received by the Italian consul today from the minister of foreign affairs at Rome.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The alleged barbarities in Tripoli have been brought to the attention of the American government in such form that some declaration of the position of the state department in the matter now is expected.

In each case the ambassador, who declared he was acting by express cable instructions from his government, described in detail the acts attributed to the Italian troops and protested in the name of humanity against the alleged barbarities inflicted upon the helpless women and children and non-combatants, by the infuriated Italian soldiery.

By order of his government, the ambassador appealed to the United States to exert itself to put a stop to practices that, he declared, were in plain violation of the rules of warfare, and in contravention of the Hague convention, to which the United States is a party.

The ambassador's note was based upon a cablegram from the Turkish minister for foreign affairs, which, after reciting the alleged "wholesale execution of a great number of inhabitants of Tripoli, perpetrated daily by the Italian military authorities," concludes as follows: "I beg to protest in the most energetic manner to the government to which you are accredited for such crimes against humanity committed by the Italians, the sad spectacle of which offers a striking contrast with the efforts, crowned with success, and admitted by the Italians themselves, that our authorities in Tripoli and Benghazi have not ceased to display in order to safeguard the lives and property of the Italians as well as other Europeans, and that under the very fire of the enemy and in the midst of a justly indignant and over-excited population."

Supplementing this cablegram came another from the Turkish office, which was also transmitted to the state department. This is regarded as of great importance because it formally demands intervention by the United States. It reads as follows: "The Italian atrocities in Tripoli being confirmed officially, and from every quarter, I beg your excellency to reiterate the representations presented in my preceding telegram, and to insist upon the necessity of a prompt and efficacious intervention in order to put an end immediately to these inhuman proceedings."

London, Nov. 6.—"Anasias in his palmist" day, wrote half as many falsehoods and misrepresentations as have appeared in the Italian press and in the official statements issued by the Italian government," telegraphed the correspondents of Reuters Telegraph company, Ltd., at Tripoli, arrived at Malta.

From Malta, he was able to send an unceasing message which contains a pessimistic description of the condition of the Italian army around what he terms the besieged city of Tripoli. He says: "To sum up the results of the campaign: The Italians hold, with nearly twice as many men, half the ground that they held three weeks ago. They have lost in killed and wounded, not counting the sick, well over one thousand men. Many Arabs have been killed and vast numbers were shot in cold blood. Now 2,500 soldiers find themselves with their backs to the sea, cramped and confined, with an active enemy within a few yards of them and with cholera raging, for, despite official efforts to conceal the truth, there have been many cases among the troops and the civil population is suffering. Tripoli has been closed by armed sentries."

"There has been no disgrace. On the contrary the Italian troops fought with great courage and their officers set a noble example."

"The Arabs have advanced their artillery and are shelling the Italians. One shell dropped into General Canova's headquarters. The foreign military attaches have been kept aboard a boat and not permitted to land, the explanation being that it would be too dangerous for them to go ashore."

LIVES ARE LOST IN STORMY SEA

Steamers Founder in Gale Off Western Europe, 22 Men Going Down with Owner.

SHORES OF CHANNEL WRECKAGE-STREWN

Vessels Driven from Their Moorings and London Buildings Are Unroofed by Wind.

London, Nov. 6.—The Greek steamer Lord Byron, from Theodosia for Antwerp, foundered in the English Channel during a furious gale today. Twenty-two of the crew of 25 were lost.

The British steamer Victorian, on her way from Galveston to Liverpool, today sent a wireless message that she has abandoned the crew of the water-tight schooner Stephen D. Loud.

The Loud is a three-masted schooner, of 400 tons, of Thomaston, Me. She sailed from Savannah, October 23, for Boston. Several days later she was sighted by the British steamer Glen Cliff, 100 miles off Charleston, abandoned.

Great Britain Storm-Swept. Cyclonic gales are sweeping over the British isles, doing widespread damage. Shipping particularly suffered. Buildings were unroofed and vessels were driven from their moorings. The coasts are strewn with wreckage.

The channel packet France had an alarming experience. She left Dieppe at 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning and reached New Haven four hours later. The packet then got into difficulties. She was unable to enter the harbor and drifted about the channel until nearly three o'clock in the afternoon. She was then taken in tow by another steamer which proceeded to New Haven. The vessel was badly damaged.

A Great Storm. Berlin, Nov. 6.—A great storm is sweeping over the Baltic and the North Sea coast. An unknown steamer has sunk off Cuxhaven. The crew's fate is unknown.

ROOSEVELT DENOUNCED IN COLOMBIAN EDICT

Acquisition of Panama Canal Zone Scored as an Act of Violence and Rapacity.

New Orleans, Nov. 6.—An interesting chapter in the controversy which grew out of the acquisition by the United States of the Panama canal zone is contained in an official document of the Colombian government, a copy of which has been received here. In an official decree designed to instill into the youth of Columbia a bitter hatred of the United States and Panama through public instruction, Jorge Willis Pradilla, a director general of public instruction of the department of Boyaca, declares that former President Roosevelt "was the soul of the conspiracy" which resulted in wresting Panama from the parent republic.

The decree gives the language in which the history of the Panama rebellion shall be taught in all public schools and colleges of the department. After giving the names of the leaders of the rebellion, all of whom, it is declared, were "suborned by Yankee gold," the decreed history continues: "In the preparation and realization of their criminal intent, they were efficiently aided by adventurers of the worst stripe, such as Manuel Amador Cerrero, a native of the city of Cartagena, and Frederick Boyd, an American, and the Frenchman, Felipe Bureaud Varilla, for whom the operation of the sale of the canal enterprise to the United States had to produce filthy lucre and the Colombians, Estoban Huertax and Ruben J. Varon, obscure, ignorant and mercenary soldiers."

"The United States, whose president, Theodore Roosevelt, was the soul of the conspiracy, hastened to recognize the pseudo-republic of Panama, and to snatch the zone for the canal, giving to the traitors the sums agreed upon. Availing itself of its influence, it followed that many European and American states equally recognized the Republic of Panama."

M'NAMARA TRIAL DELAY

Passed Tomorrow—The Examination of 20 New Witnesses in Begun.

Los Angeles, Nov. 6.—Attorney in the McNamara case today began the examination of 20 new witnesses. The examination of Talcott Southern, Managing Director of Illinois means an additional day in the preliminary trial.

BALTIMORE MAN FUGITIVE; BANK LOSES OVER \$200,000

Police of Whole Country Asked to Search for Pembroke W. Pitt, Senior Member of Exporting Firm Doing a Business of Millions Annually—Mrs. Pitt Is also Missing from the City.

Baltimore, Nov. 6.—Trusted until a few days ago by Baltimore's leading financiers as a conservative grain exporter doing a \$5,000,000 business a year and a leader and official in social and club life, Pembroke W. Pitt, senior member of the firm of Pitt Brothers & Co., is a fugitive from justice on the charge of obtaining more than \$168,000 from five Baltimore and New York banks by means of forged bills of lading on grain shipments.

The Baltimore police are sending out a request to the police of all sea-

ports and large cities to arrest Mr. Pitt. Mrs. Pitt has also disappeared. It is now expected that the losses will be between \$200,000 and \$300,000.

Concentration at the widespread character of the Pitt operation is not unshared with considerable surprise that conservative banks should be defrauded by spurious bills of lading. False bills are said to have been found in New York and in many country banks, while the names of grain dealers in Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and other points in the middle west were freely used, it is charged, as were

those of the station agents of the Baltimore & Ohio, the Pennsylvania and the Western Maryland Railroad companies.

When the extent of the questionable transactions was exposed to these bank officials, it staggered them. It is now charged that the alleged hypothesis has been going on for three or four years. Last spring Pembroke Pitt was called before some of the banks and asked about "state" bills which they held. He was ready with his reply and quickly satisfied them that all was right.

MONTHLY MEETING OF COMMISSIONERS

Considerable Business of an Important Matter Is to Be Considered.

The board of county commissioners met this morning in regular monthly session. Notwithstanding the fact that most of the matters considered today were of a routine nature, it is expected that before the meeting ends tomorrow several matters of importance will have been taken up. One of these is the question of hiring the health officer to devote all his time to the health matters of the county, which was requested by the county board of health and the Buncombe County Medical society. A petition is now being circulated to be presented to the commissioners asking that they take this action. There is some probability of the action being deferred until the next meeting, however.

Another matter that must be disposed of at this meeting, which will come up tomorrow, will be the sale of \$50,000 in refunding bonds of the county, to pay the 5 per cent bonds which were issued by the county on December 1, 1901. The new bonds are to be payable within 20 years and will bear 5 per cent interest.

County Attorney J. E. Swain stated today that several sealed bids had been received for the bonds. The board is empowered to levy a special tax sufficient to pay the interest and principal at maturity.

The board will also consider tomorrow the establishment of the county and city reform or training school, with the board of aldermen of the city. It will be decided just what improvements are to be made on the buildings at the old waterworks property, where it is proposed to establish the school, and a principal may also be considered. One of the commissioners stated today that they already have in view certain men to take charge of the institution.

It is expected, too, that many road matters will be disposed of tomorrow. At today's meeting orders were made in connection with three roads, that the route of the Old Fort road be changed, to survey the road near West Chapel, and to open a road from the Robert's fill to the railroad, near the Alexander West place.

IN SICK ROOM, COURT WILL ARRAIGN WOMAN

Mrs. Louise Vermilya to Be Transferred from Her Home to County Hospital.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Louise Vermilya, the widow suspected of poisoning Policeman Arthur Bissonette, was ready to day to leave home, where she has been ill, under guard. The woman becomes a prisoner in the county hospital.

Judge Walker consented to hold court in the woman's room before her removal to a hospital and she will be arraigned while in bed.

Energetic methods to counteract the effects of arsenic which Mrs. Vermilya cunningly contrived to mingle with her food in the presence of her guards were successful.

STATE ELECTIONS AROUSE INTEREST

Results Tomorrow May Have Important Bearing on National Contest.

AFFORD OPPORTUNITY TO GAUGE SENTIMENT

Will Reflect Effect of Democratic House Policy and Taft's Tour.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Leaders of national politics are looking ahead with acute interest to the state elections tomorrow because of their possible bearing on the presidential campaign next year. The elections afford an opportunity for the first formal popular expression since the bringing together of the first democratic national house of representatives in 16 years, and the capital-sparring speechmaking tour of Taft.

In Massachusetts, Gov. Foss, formerly congressman, has led the democratic forces. In New Jersey the election is held in the home state of a candidate for the democratic presidential nomination. In New York the issues are local, but the state is one always closely scanned by political observers.

In Kentucky, Representative Oille James, one of democracy's bulwarks in congress, is candidate for Bryan and Champ Clark campaigned for him. Vice President Sherman has taken an active part in New Jersey's republican fight.

Speaker Clark has done vigorous campaigning in Nebraska, Tennessee and Kentucky.

NINETY-FOUR CANOES ON HER BIRTHDAY CAKE

And 74 of Mrs. Penland's Descendants Helped Her Celebrate the Day.

Yesterday at the home of Mrs. Annie Wells at Beaverdam, the descendants and some of the relatives of Mrs. Wells' mother, Mrs. M. M. Penland, gathered to celebrate the anniversary of her ninety-fourth birthday, and five generations of the family were represented, in all 74 children, grandchildren, great grandchildren, and one great-great-grandchild, besides others of the family connection. Many of the descendants were not present and it is said that they will probably number 150.

Those who attended the celebration carried their dinners with them and all had a most enjoyable time. A birthday cake had been prepared with 94 candies. Mrs. Penland was the recipient of a great many presents and the day before received a post card shower of congratulations.

The representative of the fifth generation was a little girl, about 15 months old, the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Brown of Buena Vista.

WASHINGTON-ULRICH CASE IS BEING TRIED

Negro Educator Principal Witness Against New Yorker Who Gave Him Beating.

New York, Nov. 6.—Booker T. Washington appeared in court today as the principal witness against Henry A. Ulrich, a white man who gave the negro educator a beating one night last March when he found Washington in the vestibule of an apartment house where Ulrich resided. The defendant brought as counsel James J. Moore, who was one of the first contributors to the fund for the development of Tuskegee Institute, of which Washington is the head.

A statement issued by Washington at the time of the assault said he was reading a tenant's directory in the vestibule of the apartment house in an effort to locate a negro who was one of the officers of Tuskegee.

Ulrich's defense was foreshadowed by his previous assertions that he found Washington peeping through the key-hole of a door on the ground floor and that a woman with whom he (Ulrich) roomed told him she was annoyed by the negro while passing through a corridor. After driving Washington out of the vestibule, Ulrich, it is alleged, knocked him down and was beating him when policemen interfered.

Detective Hagan testified he and Ulrich were running after Dr. Washington, and when he came up to them he found Washington on his hands and knees. "Washington was bleeding on the head," said Hagan. Ulrich said "this man is a thief. I found him with his hand on the door knob and his eye at the key hole." On the way to the station house Ulrich remarked that it was a good thing I came up, for if I had not he would have knocked the negro's brains out. There was another man with us and he said 'I think he was there after those two young girls.' James Crowe, a bank clerk, corroborated the detective's story.

"In the station," said Patrolman Tirney, who arrested Washington, "Ulrich charged Washington with attempted burglary and insulting his wife."

Washington Testifies. Booker T. Washington testified. He said it was a quarter past nine when he was in Ulrich's home. "The defendant ran into the hallway and assaulted me," he said.

"He grabbed me by the throat, choked me, and hit me with his fist. I tried to defend myself. He was getting the better of me and I opened the door and stepped into the street. There were two men on the street. Ulrich asked one for a stick he carried. He hit me a dozen times with the stick."

"What were you doing there?" asked Justice Zeller. "I was looking at the door plates," said the educator. "You went to that house two or three times?" asked Moore on cross-examination. "I went first about a quarter to nine," witness said. "I was looking for friends."

"White or colored?" The assistant district attorney objected but was over-ruled. "They were white," replied Washington.

TAYLOR SYSTEM SCORED IN SPEECH TO UNION

Chicago, Nov. 6.—A revolution within twenty years unless congress enacts remedial labor legislation was predicted by Congressman Frank Buchanan of Illinois, speaking before the Chicago Federation of Labor yesterday.

Mr. Buchanan scathingly denounced the Taylor system of labor which has been urged for adoption in the government navy yards.

TAFT REGAINS HIS VOTE RIGHT

Appears in Person Before Cincinnati Election Board Obtain a Certificate.

EXECUTIVE GUARDED BY A POLICE DETAIL

Makes Brief Stop at His Brother's Office—Leaves Tomorrow on 1000 Mile Tour.

Cincinnati, Nov. 6.—President Taft took the first step today toward regaining his right to vote tomorrow in the municipal election. The president appeared before the election board and obtained a certificate allowing him to register in ward 3, precinct M. He will appear before the proper authorities in that precinct late this afternoon and will then be ready to vote tomorrow.

Taft came into the election board room in the city hall like any other citizen except for the presence of his aide, Major Butt in uniform, and a detail of Cincinnati police. The proceedings were brief.

After obtaining a certificate, the president was driven to the office of his brother, C. P. Taft, where he chatted for a few minutes. Later he was driven to the Taft home, where he stops during his stay.

President Taft arrived from Hot Springs this morning to cast his vote in tomorrow's elections. He was accompanied here by Mrs. Taft, Miss Helen Taft and Mrs. Thomas M. Laughlin of Pittsburgh.

Tuesday the president will address the American society for the judicial settlement of international disputes and will dine with the Commercial club.

Leaving Cincinnati Tuesday night, the president begins a 1000 mile tour through Kentucky and Tennessee during which he will make a half dozen speeches. Next Thursday he will participate in the dedication of the Lincoln Memorial building at Hodgenville, Ky. The trip ends at Knoxville November 11, and Mr. Taft should reach Washington early on the morning of the next day.

FOREIGN NATIONS' NEED IS 12,718,112 BALES

Exclusive of Italy and England—Estimated Made by American Consuls.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Estimates by American consuls throughout the world of the number of 500-pound bales of cotton required to supply foreign countries, except Italy and England, for manufacturing purposes before September 1, 1912, place the number at 12,718,112.

The information was called for by the Texas governor, who wanted it to lay before the governors' conference in New Orleans. In the case of Italy, the consul-general at Genoa, through a misunderstanding, gave estimates for the amount of American cotton demanded. The United States has been furnishing about 70 per cent of the cotton consumed in Italy, indicating a total demand for that country next year of 750,000 bales. Estimates for England, 2,851,512 bales, represent the consumption of American cotton to September 1, last. America usually supplies about 80 per cent of England's total demand.

SOCIALIST MAY WIN

Radical May Ride to High Office in Mississippi in Bilbo Opposition.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 6.—The socialist candidate for lieutenant governor of Mississippi, J. T. Lester, grandson of former Governor Poindexter, is optimistic over the chances in tomorrow's election. There is marked antagonism in the democratic ranks against Theodore G. Bilbo, the democratic candidate for that office and Bilbo's opponents in his party have sent out circulars urging democrats to support Lester.

Bilbo, as state senator, was twice exonerated of bribery charges.

DEATH TOLL LESS

Decrease in Cholera Cases and Mortality from the Disease Reported in Italy.

PEKING FALLEN, IT IS REPORTED

Chinese Capital Taken by the Revolutionists Sunday, Says Cablegram to San Francisco.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY'S ACTION CONDEMNED

Provincial Bodies Protest Against Adoption of a Constitution as Without Authority.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—A cablegram to the Chinese daily paper here this morning says Peking was captured late yesterday by the revolutionists after a sharp encounter.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Another evidence of the chaotic state in China and the utter lack of recognition of a responsible governmental body are contained in state department advices from the American legation at Peking.

The provincial assembly of Chihli has protested to the national assembly against the assembly's action in adopting a constitution and declares that the national assembly is acting without due authority. Following this line the Chihli assembly seeks support of the other provincial assemblies.

Various societies in China, according to official reports, are also protesting against the national assembly's action. Some very strong opposition is manifested to granting any terms whatever to the Manchus.

During the past week there have been less than half the members of the national assembly present at any of the sessions.

Rebels Gain Gunboats. Shanghai, Nov. 6.—Three Chinese gunboats, forming part of Admiral Sah Chen-Ping's fleet, which put in here yesterday for provisions, went over to the rebels this morning.

Chinese-Kiang, in Kiang-Su province fell at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The city is a treaty port with a population of 150,000.

Hang-Chow was taken by the rebels yesterday after a spirited resistance. Li Ping-Su is the responsible head of the new administration in the native city of Shanghai and suburbs and is now engaged in completing his organization. He recognizes only the "republic of Han" and would guarantee order. The only disorderly elements, he said, now in China, are the former officials, their supporters and the former officials, their supporters the Manchus troops, who would never again be permitted to enter the Wampur Empire to Abdicator.

There is reason to believe that the revolutionary sentiment throughout the south strongly favors the unconditional abdication of the emperor and the establishment of an entirely new regime. Yuan Shi-Kai will be repudiated if he adheres to the Manchus. He might become the head of the government and receive universal support if he separated himself from his former alliance. There is, however, a growing suspicion and distrust of Yuan Shi-Kai.

The present plans for a republic include complete control of the Yang-Tze Kiang. Admiral Sah is now crippled and cut off from his base. The revolutionary leaders are determined to avoid bloodshed and secure the peaceful capitulation of the Manchus troops in the various southern towns.

It is reported that Yuan Shi-Kai is at Hankow negotiating with General Li, leader of the rebels, who is in a position to dictate terms. It is believed that the south will demand the retirement of the Manchus royalty, with a pension, and will not be satisfied with less.

The revolutionary leaders at Shanghai express no fear that the imperialists would attempt to recapture the city. They said that the new government is fully competent to control the situation and would protect foreigners.

Kai-Peng, Nov. 6.—The rebels have captured the city of Kai-Peng, a strategic point on the coast.