

Danderine

Makes your hair grow long, heavy and luxuriant and we can prove it

Get a 25 Cent Bottle Now and Forever Stop Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Dandruff

Hair Becomes Soft, Fluffy, Lustrous and Abundant After a Danderine Hair Cleanse

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and velvety softness to the hair, and a few weeks' use will cause new hair to sprout all over the scalp. Use it every day for a short time, after which two or three times a week will be sufficient to complete whatever growth you desire.

Immediately after applying a little Danderine all dandruff will disappear, all itching of the scalp will cease and there will be no more loose or falling hair.

If you wish to double the beauty of your hair in ten minutes surely try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or any excessive oil—in a few moments your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

If you care for beautiful, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter—A real surprise awaits you.



THE PRIZE ESSAYS ON HEALTH TOPICS

Papers Presented by High School Girls on Sanitation in City of Asheville.

Following, in order, are the first, second and third prize essays, written by pupils of the High school, on sanitation topics:

My mother, sister and myself had planned for nearly a year to spend the summer of 1911 in the North Carolina mountains. Of course we would not go to Asheville—the thought made me shudder, for it is said that nearly every one there has tuberculosis. As I had read quite a deal about this "white plague," I thought myself pretty well posted on the disease. We decided to go to some miles from Asheville. I did not take special notice of anything peculiar until we spent a night at...

In the advertisement we had read "No tuberculosis takes," one cannot imagine my surprise when I saw a man there who had recently removed from our home town to Asheville for consumption. I asked him how it was, referring to the advertisement, he laughingly said, "Oh I am here for asthma, not for my lungs." No more of that for me. The very idea of sleeping in the rooms where the "lungers" had slept. By asking a few questions, I soon found that the proprietors never fumigated, for fear of frightening the other boarders! I was disgusted with the situation, my little party of three made up their minds to brave the storm and go to Asheville. On arriving in Asheville we boarded a car for Montford avenue. The first thing that attracted my attention was a notice in the car which read—"11.00 fine for spitting on sidewalks or in public buildings." I had never realized until now the value of an anti-expectoration ordinance, in fact such a law has been of only few years standing. Asheville was the first city to pass such a law. I learned from a child—she attended the "n" school—who said, she also reminded us that in school each month they had a study of the Bulletin of the Health Department. "The study," she went on further, "was quite dry at first but now it is real interesting—we all like it. Oh, yes, if you want a Bulletin call at the Health office, they'll give you one—I was about to forget, the office is in the City Hall, on the square. I was very much pleased with what I had learned from the child. It was several days, however, before I had time to stop and ask for a Bulletin, but when I did go for one, they were so nice to me, I didn't care whether I left or not. But now to the literature which I had obtained. It was the August number and was almost entirely devoted to tuberculosis. I was glad to find out there was a section devoted to "How not to give tuberculosis to others," which read thus: Patient covering his mouth whenever he coughs, the keeping of flies away from the patient's room, and the observation of the notice I had seen in the car. It had another section devoted to "How Not to Take Tuberculosis." The first thing was: Do not move into a house where a consumptive has been without having it fumigated by the Department. 2. Observing the "spit ordinance." 3. Good ventilation. 4. By keeping the body healthy. 5. By not wearing too tight clothing, and last but not least, by never neglecting a cold more than two weeks. The pamphlet then gave a few laws as they read in the city code—the anti-expectoration ordinance, and the reporting of every case of tuberculosis. I was quite glad that I had met the school child, and had learned that there was such a paper as the Bulletin. It is impossible for us all to know of its existence before coming here. My mother, sister and I felt as if a vital question had been settled. We knew that we were not only safe in Asheville, but were completely protected from all other con-

trous diseases. More than that we had obtained facts that we could take home to our people who had this dread disease, but were not financially able to come to the mountains. SADIE McBRAYER.

175 Flint St., Asheville, N. C. House Fly & Co., Carelestown, E. W., October 3, 1911.

Dear Sirs:—Being as I am one of your foremost representatives I thought I would write you a few lines stating how business is getting along. I have a very poor report for this month and am almost ashamed to turn in such a report and would be if I thought I was responsible for it. This has been an awfully poor season in Asheville and I have almost starved to death for the want of food. Every time any body throws a banana peeling on the street, or anything else that I think I might get a nibble at, why what do you think happens? Well, some old ugly thing that has got just as many legs as a chicken comes along with something that grabs up everything. Asheville is so very clean that I just can't get a thing to eat. Everybody's windows and doors have got screens on them and every time I attempt to get through, something hits me and almost kills me. Then I go to a fruit stand where I leave most of my germs and get some fruit, but I am so tired of fruit.

I am writing to you simply to tell you that I am positively going to resign as your representative if you do not send me to a dirtier place than Asheville. I tell you Asheville is an entirely too clean a place for me. Please notify me by Monday, October 18, 1911, if you have a better place for me; if not, I am going to resign.

I remain, JOHN HOBBS, (Cluth Neely, 7 A Girl, Asheville High School, Essay on "The Bulletin.") 71 Borslen Street, Asheville, N. C., October 7, 1911.

To Household & Co., Carelestown, E. W.

Dear Sirs:—I have been in Asheville all summer and have had a very poor season in delivering your goods. My report will not be very satisfactory, I am afraid. The people of Asheville are very careful about keeping your agents out of their homes. Their houses are well screened and they keep screen doors closed all the time. I tried at one home for a week but never did a thing. One morning I was on the outside of the screen door long before the cook came to get breakfast. I managed to get in with her but did not stay long, for she soon discovered me about the room and out of the door. I did not try there again that day. Later I got into a room where a baby was asleep. I was just starting to take a seat on her lap, when the nurse saw me and she'd me away. That afternoon was a failure too. There were lots of homes at which I tried but succeeded no better. It is also difficult to get the material with which to work. The people of Asheville are required to keep garbage cans, and although a few do not obey the city ordinances there are enough who do, so that it is very detrimental to our business. A great majority of the boarding house keepers will not keep any guest who is careless in his habits, particularly one having tuberculosis. The doctors generally try to teach their patients how to observe the rules made by the city for keeping its citizens free from tuberculosis. The city also protects her people by having laws against spitting on the car floors and sidewalks. Every consumptive must have a sputum cup. The doors clean and we a very energetic sanitary inspector, who looks after the stables so well that there are no habitations for us to occupy. I will resign my position if no better place is given me. I am utterly discouraged about the work in Asheville. Yours truly, ROBERTLY AGENT, (Dorothy Reed.) Farley and Falconio at Rome.

Rome, Nov. 22.—Cardinals designate Farley and Falconio arrived here this morning from New York and Washington.

SQUARE DEAL PLEA FOR RAIL LINES

Gov. Emmett O'Neal of Alabama Protests Against Confiscatory Rates.

WARNING NOTE STRUCK BY WALKER D. HINES

Sante Fe Chairman Holds Government Responsible for Adequacy of Service.

New York, Nov. 22.—"Confiscatory rates made by a state are as bad as predatory rates made by railroads. Under neither can there be that equality of opportunity which all our institutions try to preserve."

So declared Governor Emmett O'Neal of Alabama in an address last night at the annual dinner of the Railway Business Association here. Governor O'Neal, however, strongly denied the rights of the states to regulate intrastate commerce.

"To deny to a state the right to regulate rates on intrastate shipments," said the governor, "would be to enthroned the railroad above the state or any other power, expose its citizens to an unrestricted and unlimited taxation for private gain and involve the destruction of sovereignty. Looking broadly to the general interests of society it would be better even for the railroads to have unjust laws if there were no other alternative than to have the right of the state to regulate its internal affairs in this regard impaired or utterly destroyed. If the right to regulate intrastate rates reasonably does not reside in the state it resides nowhere."

Governor O'Neal had declared that the law-making power should approach the subject of railroad regulation "in no spirit of passion or prejudice," and carefully avoid crippling great enterprises or impairing their utility. Alluding to his home commonwealth he said that intrastate rates reasonably does not reside in the state it resides nowhere."

"I feel gratified that my own state, lately the theater of a desperate political struggle between the people and the railroads, has through its dominant political party made a declaration of policy on which both the people and the railroads can with justice to themselves and to each other stand."

"Deplores Hostility to Corporations. We favor legislation which will safeguard the rights of the public as against such corporations, but condemn any legislative attempts to cripple such corporations by enactments which are harsh, retaliatory or inspired by a spirit of hostility."

"That same spirit of hostility was manifested in Alabama when a law was enacted which denied railroads corporations, under the threat of forfeiture of their charters, the right to appeal from the state to the federal courts. I denounced such a law then as unconstitutional because it denied to foreign railroad corporations engaged in business in Alabama the equal protection of the laws—a position which was subsequently confirmed by the United States court of last resort and which law during my administration was stricken from our statute books."

"Notwithstanding the marvelous industrial progress of the south, we are yet in the infancy of our development. Without additional modes of cheap and easy transit our industrial development must necessarily be retarded. Hence we recognize not only the importance of utilizing our waterways but of securing the construction of more railroads."

"I am gratified to know that rebates have almost entirely ceased to exist, and that the discrimination which has heretofore largely been responsible for the hostile feeling that may once have existed has been to a great extent eliminated. There is no hostility on the part of the people of my section to railroad corporations."

"We fully recognize the marvelous work which the railroads have done towards the development of the industrial interests of the country. If mistakes have been made they were made in sitting with folded hands and not sooner exercising the power vested in them to protect the public, by insisting upon the sovereign power of the state to regulate intrastate rates we are not now seeking to restricting the operation of railroads, impede or check their growth or prevent fair and even liberal returns on their property."

"Railroad legislation has reached a point where the government must become in a very large measure responsible for the adequacy of railroad service and must live up to that responsibility in order to protect and promote the transportation service," declared Walker D. Hines, chairman of the executive committee of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, in an address.

"The railroads are in the hands of the government more than ever before and are steadily getting more completely into that position," said Mr. Hines. "The rates which railroad companies can charge are almost wholly controlled by the government, federal and state. The operating expenses of the railroads are being steadily increased through governmental action, for example, by reducing the hours of service of railroad employes, increasing the size of the crews required to operate trains, increasing the liabilities for injuries to employes, and prescribing the compensation to be paid to injured employes. Moreover, the laws are requiring increased capital expenditures for more expensive stations, and for greatly increased expense with a view to promoting the public safety."

"I am not criticizing these conditions. I am merely stating the facts. The upper and lower millstones are getting very close together. Doubtless much must be done in the way of rendering railroad service safer and better, and doubtless changes in rate adjustments need to be made, but these things cannot be done without regard to the paramount requirements that a way must be left for the railroads to raise the money to

Free To Pile Victims

Next Morning Worst Cases Wonder Why They Never Before Tried the Remarkable Pyramid Pile Remedy

IT IS FREE By making a free test of the Wonderful Pyramid Pile Remedy you are sure of being right. Nothing is more disappointing than to invest in something that doesn't do the work. So write at once to the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for a free trial package and know to a certainty that here is a sure, quick and permanent cure, an instant relief in worst cases of any form of piles. The trial will enable you to rest comfortably over night, and in the morning you will hustle to the nearest drug store, can't help it, for the regular 50c box that puts you on your feet and keeps you going. Be sure you get what you ask for. Use the coupon below. Merely fill in your name and address.

FREE PACKAGE COUPON Fill out the blank lines below with your name and address, cut out coupon and mail to the PYRAMID DRUG CO., 409 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich. A sample of the great Pyramid Pile Remedy will then be sent you at once by mail, FREE, in plain wrapper. Name..... Street..... City..... State.....

perform the improved and extended service which the public demands. You cannot reduce rates and ignore the question of the ability to meet existing and prospective expenses, and you cannot increase operating expenses or capital expenditures and ignore the question where the money is to come from. "I believe that governmental agencies are coming more and more to appreciate this grave responsibility. But a tremendous and unceasing work must yet be done to keep the facts before all governmental agencies."

There is little danger from a cold or from an attack of the grip except when followed by pneumonia, and this never happens when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. This remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds and grip and can be relied upon with implicit confidence. For sale by all dealers.

FARMERS FLEECE BY CATTLE BUYER

Carolinians Given Worthless Checks for Live Stock, It Is Claimed.

Gazette-News Bureau, Daily News Building, Greensboro, Nov. 23.

It is learned here that a man named Ring, a cattle buyer, is wanted in Ashe and Alleghany counties, N. C., and Grayson county, Va., charged with giving worthless checks. It is alleged that Ring went into those counties, bought cattle from the farmers at a higher price than the market figure and gave checks dated, it is said, 15 and 20 days ahead. He shipped the cattle to northern markets where it is alleged they were disposed of and subsequently the checks are charged against Ring, went to protest. Ring is said to have swindled the farmers out of several thousand dollars. He is further alleged to have wired a banker that he was "broke," that he was going away and would not return until he could make the losses good. Warrants have been issued for him. It is believed that he has gone to Canada. "Lost" Boy a Runaway. The "lost" boy has been "found." Rather he has been made to admit that instead of his father deserting him in a local drug store the lad really ran away from his home in Winston after a whipping was administered. The boy's name is Ernest Money and he has been sent back to his home. When taken in charge by the police last one night this week he gave his name as Monroe White and said that he was accompanied by his father to Greensboro; that his father left him in the drug store, saying that he would return in about 15 minutes and for the boy to wait for him. The lad declared that his father had failed to return and he was taken to headquarters.

THISTLES AND DANDRUFF

An Interesting Parallel and a Valuable Deduction Therefrom. Cutting down thistles no more removes the land of thistles than does securing the scalp case dandruff. In each case permanent relief can only come from eradicating permanently the cause. A germ that plows up the scalp in searching for the hair root of a woman whose hair is falling, where it seizes the hair root, causes dandruff, falling hair, and baldness. If you kill that germ, you'll have no dandruff but a luxuriant suit of hair. Newbro's Herpicide is the only hair preparation in the world that cures dandruff and falling hair by killing the germ. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. One dollar bottles guaranteed. Smith's Drug Store, special agent.

This Sale Means Much to You Madam
Stylish, Servicable, Apparel
FOR Economical Women
STREET WEAR
SOCIAL FUNCTIONS
Motoring and Travel
Semi-Formal Occasions

"Economy often forbids that which pride and taste really dictates"
Most women who insist on high grade garments and pay accordingly are restricted to a few choice garments on account of the extreme cost of their selection.

YOU ARE IN A POSITION TO Get More Wearables of the better grade than ever for less Money

This sale of sample Suits, Dresses and Coats insures a 20 per cent saving

Our buyers are ever ready to take advantage of a trade opportunity that means better values for the patrons of this store and this is another "snap purchase."

We are enabled through our management's foresight, promptness and ability to buy quickly for cash when a price concession is offered; hence this firm is forging to the front more and more as bargain givers, also as a store with women's wearables of style exclusiveness. We aim to lower prices to our patrons without sacrificing style, quality of materials or workmanship and anything which we consider acceptable for this store will meet with the approval of the most exacting women of this or any other community. Form your own opinion by actual observation.

ALL WE ASK IS YOUR INSPECTION OF THIS OFFERING AT ONCE
PEERLESS-FASHION CO.
51 Patton Avenue

MORE CITIES FALL INTO HANDS OF REBELS—MASSACRES REPORTED



Cable despatches from Shanghai, Tien-Tsin and other cities in China tell of the continued success of the rebels in several engagements with the imperial troops. It is reported that a large number of government troops are being taken over to the rebel side and that it is only a question of a day or two when the city will surrender. Another massacre is reported from Shen-ai capital, which was captured by the rebels.

ters and cared for. The members of the force worked on the "desertion" theory for a short time and then realized that the boy's yarn was hardly water-tight obtained a confession from the youngster. Body of Infant Found. The coroner of Davidson county was notified Monday that the dead body of an infant had been found near Yaddin college and going to the scene found the mutilated remains. It is said that the child's body was found by a boy who later informed some playmates. Dogs had found the little body and almost completely destroyed it before the coroner arrived on the scene. It was decided that an inquest was not necessary though it is said that the sheriff of Davidson county will start an investigation in an effort to learn the person or persons guilty of disposing of the body. John T. Pannill Dead. The body of John T. Pannill, whose death occurred at Reidsville Tuesday afternoon, was brought here today for burial. Mr. Pannill, who was for several years clerk of the court in Rockingham county, married a daughter of Judge Dillard of Guilford and studied law under the late Judge Pearson. William A. Lewis died yesterday at his home at Proximity after an illness of some duration, at the advanced age of 79 years. The deceased is survived by a widow and eight children, three of the children, W. D. Lewis, J. H. Lewis and J. A. Lewis, residing in Guilford county. The funeral services were conducted this afternoon at 1 o'clock from Center church, North Greensboro.

of guiding the city still further over progressive seas, and at the approach of the midnight hour the meeting adjourned when it was just getting up steam, and at which time the consensus of opinion of all present was that the president of the chamber should call the members together at least once a week to engage in an exchange of views and a making of plans for the city's welfare. The meeting of the chamber last night was unusual in that it resulted in the beginning of real active steps in several directions without the encumbrance of much heavy preliminary talk. The Randolph and Cumberland and Greensboro and Roanoke railroads were encouraged with resolutions voicing support and co-operation, and with reference to the former railroad a committee was appointed to work up the election for bonds to be held in December.

At that time the property owners on Pearson drive protested against including in the cemetery any land near Pearson drive and it is understood that they will again protest against it. It is said that most of the best lots in the present boundary have already been disposed of and a number of people have proposed buying lots if better sites can be included in it. The property now extends within 300 feet of Pearson drive. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do not sicken or gripe, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or the youngest child. The old and feeble will also find them a most suitable remedy for aiding and strengthening their weakened digestion and for regulating the bowels. For sale by all dealers. Always something new at Theatro. MRS. MARY J. GREGORY Mother of Rev. C. E. Gregory of Jupiter, Died Yesterday at Meriwether Hospital. Mrs. Mary J. Gregory, mother of Rev. C. E. Gregory, pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Jupiter, died unexpectedly yesterday afternoon, after an operation at the Meriwether hospital. At 5:15 o'clock quiet funeral services were conducted at the undertaking establishment of the Brown-Noland company by Rev. Dr. C. G. Reynolds, pastor of the Oakland Heights Presbyterian church, and later Rev. Mr. Gregory accompanied the remains to Ryeamore, O., the childhood home of his mother. Mrs. Gregory had been visiting her son at Jupiter when she became ill. At the London central meat market in 1910 nearly half a million tons of meat were delivered.

GEMETERY ENLARGEMENT PROPOSAL MEETS PROTEST

Company Will Make Application to Joint Health Board, as Law Provides.

Application is to be made to the joint board of health by the Asheville Cemetery company for permission to enlarge the Riverside burying ground, as it is realized that some provision of this kind should be made soon. The matter was agitated some years ago and at that time the legislature passed an act that permission would have to be secured from the joint board of health, since neither of the

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POSTUM 10 Days In place of coffee or tea shows which is best for Health "There's a Reason"