KEEPING POTATOES.

Points to Be Considered in the Storing of the Tubers.

The potatoes shown in the illustra-on are excellent Peachblows grown in the Carbondale district of Colorado under brigation, says the American ist. The uniformity and othness of the samples show that great care has been used for a number of years in the selection of seed. The eyes are shallow, the shape and size exceedingly uniform. The average yield of these potatoes in 1910 was about 400 bushels per acre. This particular sample analyzed 20 per cent

The important points to be considered in potato storing are as follows: First, the temperature should be kept as low as possible without freezing; second, the air should be kept as dry be kept dark.

A good cellar is 50 by 200 feet. At feet square in the form of a vestibule



[From the American Agriculturist.] between the outer and inner doors, which affords protection from freez-There is a driveway clear through, with bins on either side, skylights and ventilators being placed every ten feet. The temperature of the cellar may be lowered by opening the doors and letting a current of air pass through. When it is too cold for this the ventilators at the top may be opened. The best ventilation is always se cured by building the cellar in line with the direction of the prevailing air currents. During the winter the temperature should be kept as near 32 as possible. It is best when it does not go below 30 nor above 36. A temperature of 28 for one or two hours will

In planning the size of the structure it is safe to estimate one bushel at one and one-quarter cubic feet. In a small Device on Beet Cutter to Prevent Incellar built with a driveway this space need not be wasted, but stored with by the time the entire floor is covered to that depth the heat from those potatoes is pretty well carried off by the air currents. Then add another layer. thus properly regulating the tempera ture as the storage progresses. When the cellar is filled the potatoes are piled about five feet deep.

not freeze potatoes,

Sorting potatoes that have started to rot from freezing or disease requires a cellar that can be lighted when desired. Ventilation devices, such as open partitious, may be used to advantage when large quantities of potatoes are stored in bulk. Sacked potatoes, corded in plies, keep well in a good cellar. When sprouts start in the spring the growth of these may be checked by moving the sacks. A bruised sprout dies. When the floor is of dirt it is well to use some sort of material, preferably strips of wood, between the dirt and the potatoes to revent rot. It is important that potatoes be free from dirt when taken from the field to the cellar. Dirty potatoes do not keep well because of the dirt that falls off and fills up the air spaces between the potatoes, thus preventing free ventilation. A very satinfactory place to build a cellar is on a knoll, thus insuring perfect water draining and a good circulation.

Recipe For Killing Weavils.
Weavils in chestnuts, beans, pens,

etc., may easily be killed thus; Put the chestnuts or beans into a tight box, pail or barrel large enough to hold the amount to be treated, pour some bisulphide of carbon in a saucer and set on top of the infested nuts or cans. Then cover the receptacle as tightly as possible and leave it so for wenty-four hours. Caution: The fumes of bisulphide are explosive and Be careful. Have no lights or fire near.-Farm Journal.

************* "They say his wife makes 55, 000 a year with her pea." "I didn't know she was a writer." "She isn't. She has a plg farm in lows."—Chicago Record-Her-

Always inter stree pintures at Theate.

REMOVE THE MUMMIES.

Den't Leave Triam on Peach Trees to infect the Trees Next Year.

After all the fruit has ripened and gone and the leaves have fallen there will still remain on many of the peach trees the dried up remains of peaches. These dry, withered peaches are called mummies, probably because they are deed and yet seem to exist a they are dead and yet seem to exist a long time without rotting. Mummled peaches will hang on the tree all fall and winter, and often till far into the and winter, and often till far into the following spring, when the new growing buds and shoots push them off. To all appearances they are harmless. But the mummy on the peach tree is a source of great evil in the fruit orchard business. On its sunken hide it carries hundreds of thousands of spores of disease. Next went these

spores of disease. Next year these spores, if allowed to remain in the orchard, will be carried by wind, rain and other agencies to other trees, to cause the growing and ripening crop

to rot Many years the peach trees blosson freely, abundance of fruit sets and grows to maturity, the peaches begin to color and ripen, when all at once, within a few days' time, they all be-gin to rot. Almost before we know it as possible; third, the potatoes should all of the peaches on all the trees in the orchard have rotted. Where there was prospect for a large and valuable each end there is a dead air space ten crop of perfect peaches now is only more than worthless rotten trash, and all has happened before we could help

The remedy for disease in the or-chard caused by spores is spraying and washing with bordeaux mixture. This mixture will kill and keep in check nearly all fungous diseases if the treatment is given in the right way and at the right times.

Of course it is needless to make the applications after the disease or rot ins once got under way, any more than it is to give medicine to a sick animal when it is dying. The disease must be taken in time and the medicine given in the earlier stages if it is to do much good, and prevention is better than cure. The peach mummies should be re-

moved from the peach trees just as soon in the fall as the falling of the leaves will permit all of them to be immediately burned to get them out of the way and to kill the spores adhering to them to prevent them flying in the air of the orchard and causing the next season's crop of peaches to rot. If this is promptly and carefully lone every year-in your own orchard

and in your neighbor's-there will be

ess rotten fruit.-Farm Progress.

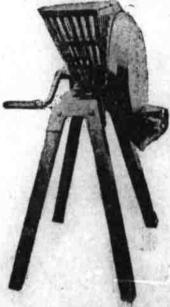
THE SIZE THAT COUNTS.

It is not so much the size of the farm as the size of the farmer that counts. It is the man who studies to get the best results from the amount of land he controls, the man who puts in his time in the best way, the man who thinks about his work, who succeeds with the many or the few acres that he farms. **********

SAVE YOUR FINGERS.

jury to Workmen.

While America leads the world in potatoes or other vegetables after the the matter of big crops, it is behind the bins at the side have been filled. One countries of Europe in such things as important point in the storage of po getting the most out of its land withtatoes is to reduce the temperature to out exhausting its fertility and in othas low a point as possible directly after er important respects. Wheat lands in anil can be rounded up a little before the product is stored. Put about one Europe have been cultivated for a it is hammered down. Take scraps of foot of potntces on the rellar floor, and thousand years without showing as the modern steel roofing, cut them in



SAPETY DEVICE ON BEST CUTTER (From American Museum of Safety, New York.)

many signs of exhaustion as American lands placed under the plow less than

10 per cent of that time. In another very important respect Europe is far ahead of the United States. That is in guarding against accidents to workers in field and fac-

tory.

A practicable European device for preventing injury to men engaged in cutting beets is shown in the picture. To protect the workmen from touching the knife disk of the beet cutter the disk is covered completely from the outside and, as far as possible, from the inside. The outer sheet metal safety lid furthermore prevents the cut boets from flying around so that they am be more easily guided into a receptacle placed underments.

TROLLEY AS FARM AID.

Sichigan Electric Lines Aided Sa Dis-posing of Fruit. The advantage of handling big crops of fruit by the trolley lines was il trated in the lower peninsula of Milgan in 1911 to an extent never bef igan in 1911 to an extent never before realized. Had it not been for the electric lines of two of the states handling this class of traffic the disposal of the apple, peach, pear and other crops would have met with loss. Only a couple of years ago there was but one line of electric railway handling fruit out of Bacrien county. hauling fruit out of Berrien county orchards to the steamship de Benton Harbor. Now there are about half a dozen. Some of the lines rush trains of fruit from points west of Elkhart, Ind., to the steamboat docks at Benton Harbor. These points are over 100 miles from Chicago, the greatest market of the entire region. Consignments of fruit leave the orchards late in the afternoon and are loaded into express cars and flat cars with crated ends and sides. Trains are run on fast time and stop only to pick up fruit, and from certain points they do not stop for any purpose. At Benton Harbor the fruit packages are loaded on great side wheel steamers and carried through the cooling atmosphere of Lake Michigan, reaching Chicago about 4 s. m. From the Chicago docks the big supply intended for consump

But Chicago does not begin to take all of the fruit produced by the great orchards of two states. Millions of packages are shipped off over most of the twenty-five different railroads radiating from the city. They are haulof from the docks to the depots and there are given to the express compa nies operating on the railroads. It is at this point that the advantage of shipping across the lake comes in. Had most of these shipments been sent by rail the cars could not have been given to the belt line in time to connect with the outgoing trains in the morning, and thus serious damage to fast ripening fruit might have been done. The steamboat company could not have got the products of distant orchards had it not been for the rapid electric lines, so that it is only by a combination of the work of three diferent means of transportation that it has been possible to market phenomenally big crops of fruit. The rate of the entire electric and lake haul is not more than the cost of one direct shipment by rail to the same point, and in ome instances it is less,

tion in a city of over 2,000,000 people

s distributed early in the forenoon

Another advantage of shipping fruit by electric lines is that refrigeration is unnecessary.—Country Gentleman.

Good Rivets From Old Materials. Every farmer has a lot of old horse nails in the old horseshoes. Take a

piece of a broken tooth from a spring tooth harrow, heat it and punch a hole through it just large enough to admit the horse nail. When this becomes cold you can insert a nail and beat it down to a very nice head and do it cold too. If you want a nice rounded head on the rivet the head of the

small squares and with the handle

end of an old file you can punch a a hole that just suits the nail rivet. In this way you can always have rivets of almost any length. These riv ets are far stronger and more service able than copper ones.-Farm and Fire

side.

LOOK TO THE FUTURE. Provide for humus in the soil by planting green crops to be turned under to improve the fer-tility of the sail for future crops. This is one of the reasons that should appeal to you for rota-tion of crops.

Orchard and Garden.

Every time you set your feet on a weak, rickety ladder you risk life and limb. It wouldn't take half so long to mend a broken round on the ladder as it would to mend a broken bone.

hits are pointed and humorous.

"Let Me Be Your Last Sweetheart" is Miss Olive Vall's first song—and it makes a well deserved hit. The combination of a pretty woman and a sentimental song well sung is irresistible. Miss Vall does some clever acting as Sylvia Martin, the chorus girl pesing as a young widow, but the best acting of the entire evening is Lawrence Comer's work as the stage director in the second act.

Bert Morton as Pietro, an Italian, A well known floriculturist says that the gladicius and dahlis can be han-died exactly like the pointo. They will keep anywhere. Tubercoses and cannas are more like sweet pointoes in their requirements and mark ha in their requirements and must be

tept warm. Breaking the shell of a hard winter squash with a hatchet is rather a dangerous process. If a handy little meet saw forms part of the kitchen outlif it will be found very convenient for this purpose. It is easier and safer to saw the hard shell than to chop it.

saw the hard shell than to chop it.

The manufacture of grape juice as a business is growing very rapidly. It supplies a good center for ripe awart grapes whenever the fruit market is manufactory. One grape producer made 450 gallons of grape infection the product of less then one acre of land. This grape fulse put up in past bottles and sold at corall at 25 cents such seculal amount to \$1,500, a hig value to be absolved from land that was producing hisely anything



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COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Tonight-"Miss Nobody from

Tuesday, Dec. 5—"The Traitor"
Thursday, Dec. 7—Fritzi Scheff.
Friday, Dec. 8—"The Thief."

Miss Nobody From Starland. The following criticism of "Miss

Nobody from Starland" which comes to the Auditorium tonight was taken from the New Orleans Item of Nov-

OLIVE VAIL, PRIMA DONNA, With Mort H. Singer's Big Musical Re vue, "Miss Nobody fro the Auditorium, Monday, December 4.

hung on such a filmsy pretense of continuity that it divides itself into

two musical comedies and some

vaudeville. It is probably the most

entertaining and amusing show that has been in New Orleans since last

Hert Morton as Pietro, an Italian reproduces in the life the fearful Ital-

MONDAY, DEC. 4

Miss Nobody

Mort H. Singer's Musical Revue

WHIS QUIVE VAIL

Coming unchanged from its record in of 300 nights at the Princess The-tre, Chicago, with the All Star Cast, riginal Production. Dancers and

THE AUDIENCE GETS A PEEP

BERIND THE SCENES
PRICES—50:, 15:, \$1:00, \$1:50,
But Rest \$2:00.

From Starland

musical comedy from end to end, but | the greatest hit of a number of de-

Prices 50c to \$1.50.

"The Traitor."

most part the same, the story is much more effective in its dramatic form. In other words, it is a story that is intensely dramatic from beginning to

"The Traitor" will be the attraction at the Auditorium next Tuesday, Dec. 5. Prices, 50c to \$1.50. Tickets selling at Whitlock's.

lan cartoons when the Black Hand been about. Bertee Beaumont, the Italian girl, Nina, puts some new and original motions into a dance

so unrestrained it seems impromptu.

The company does its less conventional and therefore most interesting work in the second act. The scene is in the "back stage" of the Princess theater. The audience supposes itself one person standing behind the last drop and watching, first the rehearsal, then the production of a musical comedy. It is the most lifelike scene ever presented in a musical comedy in New Orleans.

It would be unfair to indicate any of the excellent songs as best, for the audience applauded each and every one with an enthusiasm and noisy approval seldom given more than once in the average musical comedy. Miss Beaumont's interpo-lated dancing in "Ah, Marie, Marie 'Miss Nobedy from Starland" is Tarantelle," was, however, probably

be the appearance here of Miss Fritzi which she is forced to account for Scheff in a new Victor Herebrt opera, her costly wardrobe has never in the "The Dutchess." Miss Scheff comes history of the stage, been excelled or here with the biggest success she has even equalled in the writing. It fairly ever had. "The Dutchess" is said to he a fit successor to her triumph of former years, "Mile. Modiste," which itorium Friday night. December 5.



SCENE FROM "THE TRAITOR" AT AUDITORIUM TOMORROW NIGHT.

was also the work of Mr. Herbert Ticket sale opens Wednesday morning The book of "The Dutchess" was written by Mr. Harry B. Smith and Mr. Joseph Herbert, while the pro-duction was staged under the direc-tion of Mr. William J. Wilson, general stage director of the New York

ippodrome.
Miss Scheff comes here direct from long run at the Lyric theatre, New York, where her success was the sen-sation of Broadway. She is supportsation of Broadway. She is supported by an excellent cast, including such well-known people as Riley Chamberlin, May Boley, George Anderson, Laura Hamilton, John E. Hazard, George Graham, Madison Smith, Robert Millicen, Robert Flynn, Belle Court, and M. Berensen.

The date of Miss Scheff's local appearance here will be next Thursday evening, Dec. 7, Ticket sale opens Tuesday morning at Whitlock's.

entertaining and amusing show that has been in New Orleans since last reconstruction trilogy, "The Traitor," season. The music is good, the songs are good, the novelties are novel—in which is, perhaps, unusual—and the company competent. There is no sagging. The entertainment is sustained from first to last. The local hits are pointed and humorous.

"Let Me Be Your Last Sweetheart" is Miss Olive Vall's first song than the novel. While the characters and chief incidents are for the most part the same, the story is much

"The Thief." The greatest event of the present theatrical season is the forthcoming appearance in this city at popula

oc. 5. Prices, 50c to \$1.50. Tickets A woman is so deeply in love with her husband that, to please his eye, she becomes a thief, stealing the money with which she buys clothes to make berself attractive. The scene in

appearance in this city at popular prices, of the New York Lyceum the prices, of the New York Lyceum the ater sensation. The Thief," that wonderful play by Bernstein which stirred all Europe and held all America in its gripping appeal. "The Thief' touches the deepost wells of auman emetion with a story as intense and interesting as it is powerful and overwhelming; as compelling as it is truthful."

at Whitlock's CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bour

Fritzi Scheff

and the Pritzi Schoff Opera Co Victor Herbert's New Comic Ope "THE DUCHESS" A soygeous array of Paris and L ion Gowns. Notable Original N fork Company and Bewitch

Prices \$3, \$1.50, \$1 and 50c. Tinket mie at Whitiock's.

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Beginning at a stake on the east marries of the

THE SOUTHERN AMUSEMENT COMPANY Present THOS. DIXON'S Semational Sequel to "The Clans-nan," a thrilling story of the decline and fall of the

KU KLUX KLAN The Traitor

Four Stirring Acts of Love, Adventure, Patriotism and

Prices 50c to \$1.00; a few at \$1.50. Ticket sule at Whitlock's.