

GIVE and TAKE
 Take our word for it and we give you a 20 cent Republic
Shaker Sifter
 The one-hand sifter, sifts rapidly, does not scatter flour. Will outlast several cheaper ones.
Wednesday Special
One to a Customer
9 Cents
 Why Pay More
 See Window display and watch this space for Thursday's Special.
Brown-Weaver Hardware Co.
 Phone 87 25 North Main St.

Piles Cured at Home
 Quick Relief—Trial Package Mailed Free to All—In Plain Wrapper.

The Pyramid Smile.
 Many cases of Piles have been cured by a trial package of Pyramid Pile Remedy without further treatment. When it proves its value to you, get more from your druggist, at 50 cents a box, and be sure you get the kind you ask for. Simply clip out free coupon below and mail today, together with your name and address on a slip of paper, to the Pyramid Drug Co., 439 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich., and a sample will be sent you FREE. Save yourself from the surgeon's knife and its torture, the doctor's and his bills.
Free Pile Remedy
 This coupon, when mailed with your name and address, will entitle you to a FREE SAMPLE of the great Pyramid Pile Remedy. It is mailed prepaid, and in a plain wrapper. Send This Coupon Now for Quick Relief from Piles.

MR. RIGGS TALKS OF LIGHT SERVICE
 Father of Jesse Riggs Is Keeper of the Cape Henry Light House.
 Epiriam Riggs, who has been visiting his son, Jesse Riggs, here for the past week, left yesterday for Norfolk. Mr. Riggs is keeper of the light house at Cape Henry. To a Gazette-News reporter Mr. Riggs talked interestingly about the light house service in general and his light house in particular. Mr. Riggs has been in the service 25 years, beginning his work at Cape Hatteras, one of the most dangerous points on any coast.
 Mr. Riggs stated that the light service is now in the department of labor and commerce, but that it was formerly in the treasury department controlled by a board taken from the army and navy. It is now a separate bureau.
 The light house at Cape Henry, Mr. Riggs said, has a force of four men, although most of them only have three. This house also maintains a foghorn and on certain nights when the weather is "thick" this is required to be operated. A watch is kept every night, of course, in the tower, and "if the watchman sleeps any," said Mr. Riggs, "he does not say anything about it. If the light should go out for five minutes, there would be some questions asked."
 Contrary to general opinion, electricity is not generally used for lights on the coast. Mr. Riggs said that he has proved too uncertain, although there are some towers where electric lights are used, but in that case an auxiliary coal oil light is maintained. At Cape Henry only coal oil is depended on. There is a battery of wicks, ranging from a little over 5 inches in diameter to one inch. It does not appear that the light itself is so very strong. It is only about 600 candle power, but this is increased to 45,000 candle power by the use of lenses. This light can be seen on ordinary occasions for a distance of 22 miles or until the curvature of the earth cuts it off. The light is 157 feet above the ground.
 Mr. Riggs said he had for a long time entertained the hope that there would be a tower built on Diamond shoals at Cape Hatteras and that he would be made keeper of it, but that he was getting too old now, and the construction had been delayed too long. For 15 years, he said, the government had contemplated the building of a light house on the Diamond shoals, but although attempts had been made, the place is so dangerous they had to be abandoned. One contracting firm lost some \$75,000 because they did not begin the work early enough in the summer; a storm came up and they had to leave. According to Mr. Riggs, the government has a standing appropriation of \$5,000,000 for the firm that will build the tower along certain specifications and maintain it for two years.
 There is, of course, a tower at Cape Hatteras, but it is twelve miles from the point of the shoals. There is also a lightship six miles beyond the point. The government wants a tower on the point of the shoals.

USUALLY ONE DOSE ENDS INDIGESTION
 Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Gas and All Stomach Distress Vanishes.
 If your meals don't fit comfortably, or you feel bloated after eating, and you believe it is the food which hits you; if what little you eat lies like a lump of lead on your stomach; if there is difficulty in breathing after eating, eructations of sour, undigested food and acid, heartburn, brash or a belching of gas, you can make up your mind that you need something to stop food fermentation and cure indigestion.
 To make every bite of food you eat aid in the nourishment and strength of your body, you must rid your stomach of poisons, excessive acid and stomach gas, which sour your entire meal—interfere with digestion and causes so many sufferers of Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Griping, etc. Your case is no different—you are a stomach sufferer, though you may call it by some other name; your real and only trouble is that which you eat does not digest, but quickly ferments and sours, producing almost any unhealthy condition.
 A case of Pape's Diapepsin will cost fifty cents at any Pharmacy here, and will convince any stomach sufferer five minutes after taking a single dose that Fermentation and Sour Stomach is causing the misery of Indigestion.
 No matter if you call your trouble Catarrh of the Stomach, Nervousness or Gastritis, or by any other name—always remember that a certain cure is waiting at any drug store the moment you decide to begin its use.
 Pape's Diapepsin will regulate any out-of-order Stomach within five minutes and digest promptly, without any fuss or discomfort, all of any kind of food you eat.

January Clearance Sale
33 1/3 Per Cent Discount Sale
 To Close out at once our entire stock of
Suits, Coats, Dresses and Furs
 Come get First Choice
Peerless-Fashion
 51 Patton Avenue

SHOW DECREASE IN COST OF SHOE MANUFACTURE
 Union Men Attack Ground on Which Price Advance Is Based.
 Boston, Jan. 2.—How shoe manufacturers will be able to convince investigators for the attorney general's department that there is justification for the proposed advance in the prices of shoes after the full samples have been sent out in March is a question that is receiving careful consideration in the shoe centers of New England.
 "Blaming it on the best trust, on the scarcity of raw material and on the expense of ill advised billboard and electric sign advertising is all very well," said a prominent officer of the shoe workers' union, "but the manufacturers will never be able to prove any of these claims if the attorney general takes action. Raw material has undoubtedly advanced in the last ten years, but on the other hand, labor saving machinery has so cut down the cost of production in the same period that the plot of the manufacturers would be exposed and they would be convicted of violating the Sherman act before they fully realized that their case was before the courts."
 Facts obtained in the various shoe manufacturing centers of New England show that 30 per cent of the men who have gone into the business of shoe manufacturing have become wealthy and that many of them started with barely sufficient capital to pay for the lights in their factory buildings.
 Modern shoe manufacturing machinery has made out in the cost of production that are astounding. Before the introduction of machinery the cost of making a pair of shoes that sold for from \$6.50 to \$7 a pair was from \$2.50 to \$2.90. Added to this, of course, was the cost of the material. The cost of making shoes which sell today at from \$5 to \$7 a pair is between 50 and 70 cents. In the last 10 years the cost of production has been lowered at least 10 cents a pair, declares a manufacturer who has been in business 35 years.
 John S. Kent, president of the Brockton Shoe Manufacturers' association, said a few days ago that raw material had advanced from 7 to 10

per cent.
 "These figures seem to demonstrate the truth of the contention that there is no justification for an increase in prices," said a man who has been making a study of shoe manufacturing conditions.
 Curious as it may seem, the introduction of machinery into the shoe factories has increased the pay of the operatives and there are more employed in the factories, according to John F. Tobin, president of the International Boot and Shoe Workers' union than before the introduction of machinery.
 Medicines that aid nature are always most effectual. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It allays the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence. Sold by all dealers.

PASSION PLAY PICTURES ARE DEEPLY IMPRESSIVE
 Will Be Seen Again This Afternoon and Tonight, and Also Twice Tomorrow.

Yesterday afternoon and last night Henry Ellsworth showed at the Auditorium pictures of the Passion Play of Oberammergau, and accompanied the views by a lecture. This is the first time that these pictures have been shown here and their reception was extremely favorable. That the audience were impressed was evidenced by the tears shed by some when they looked upon some of the most touching scenes. The lecture of Mr. Ellsworth was also well received. He has visited Oberammergau many times to see this play which is surrounded by such reverence and mystery and which is absolutely unique. He has spent many years among the people, and it is said that he is the only man ever permitted to take pictures of the scenes. The views are not on reels but are simply slides.
 When the slides showing the crucifixion were being shown there was an accompaniment of sacred music and the tolling of muffled bells which added to the impressiveness.
 The pictures will be shown this afternoon and tonight and twice also tomorrow.

MR. LAFOLLETTE NOT ENDORSED
 (Continued from page 1)
 subject to the recall advocated in the platform and will be subject to retirement on vote of a petition originated by 20 county leagues.
 Senator LaFollette, discussing "What Wisconsin Has Done With the Railroad Problem," said "that the prosperity of honest business as shown by railroad earnings has increased more in Wisconsin in five years than it has in the rest of the country, and the railroads are gaining more by treating everybody on an equality than they could have gained by their old methods of politics and secret favoritism."
 "The railway commission keeps an accurate account of all the business of every railroad of the state. These accounts show that during the first five years of its existence the commission has reduced freight rates so that the freight actually carried costs the shippers less by \$1,200,000 a year than it would have cost at the old rates. A similar reduction in passenger rates amounts to about \$800,000 a year.
 "Yet, during these same years, 1905 to 1909, the net earnings of the railroads in Wisconsin increased more relatively than the net earnings for all the railroads in the United States. The increase in the United States is 18.41 per cent. How was it possible that the net earnings of the railroads in Wisconsin should increase relatively more than the net earnings for all the railroads in the United States, notwithstanding the decrease in the rates amounting to more than \$2,000,000? Simply because the decrease in rate for freight and passenger was followed by an enormous increase in the amount of freight and number of passengers carried, and notwithstanding the reduction in rates. There was an actual increase of 25 per cent in the revenue of the roads from traffic. During the same time the increase in the traffic revenues of all the United States was only 16 per cent.
 "In other words, the total income of the roads from their Wisconsin traffic increased 24 per cent more than the total income of all the roads in the United States, Wisconsin included.
 "This result notwithstanding the additional fact that mainly on account of the greatly improved and more efficient service which the commission required the railroads to perform, their expenses in Wisconsin increased 75 per cent more than their expenses in the United States.
 "There is no better reflection of the prosperity of a state than the amount of business transacted by its railroads. When Wisconsin abolished free passes, discriminations, secret rebates and other unwarranted practices, it stimulated enormously the building up of manufacturing and farming, and consequently it increased the revenues of the railroads. In addition to this much that the railroads lost in the reduction of open rates that everybody shared, they saved by being compelled to abolish free passes, and secret cut rates that went only to insiders, as before stated. Special examiners who were appointed in 1903 discovered and reported a \$1,000,000 a year paid in unlawful rebates alone by the railroads of Wisconsin, during the six years from 1898 to 1903. By stopping these rebates the railroads gained at least \$1,000,000 a year towards offsetting the \$1,200,000 they lost by the reduction of rates. The speaker said the roads are making more but keeping a small proportion of it, and are now paying taxes the same as the people of Wisconsin on exactly what their property is worth.

CIRCUIT COURT BUSINESS TRANSFERRED YESTERDAY
 Boyd—Clerk and Deputies Sworn In.
 Yesterday, in accordance with the new judicial code that was adopted on March 3, last, by congress, the United States Circuit courts were abolished and all their business was promptly transferred to the United States District courts. The dissolution of the court in this district was effected before Judge James E. Boyd in the federal building at Greensboro. The business of the dissolution was transacted with much solemnity and dignity and no friction was evidenced.
 The four clerks of the court in the district had all their records, reports, etc., ready, and these were also transferred to the district court. J. M. Millikan was then sworn in as the clerk of the District court and the others were named as deputy clerks. It was felt necessary to have assistant deputy clerks, as before, for Statesville and Asheville where the work is especially heavy, and for this reason D. M. Furchis was reappointed as an assistant at Statesville and Miss Minnie LaRison for this city.
 W. S. Hyams, who is the deputy clerk here, will conduct the office just as heretofore and will have absolute control of all the records, moneys and files of the court. Miss Rorison, who has assisted him in the office for a number of years and who was reappointed, took the oath of her office this morning before Judge J. C. Fritchard.
 The first session of the District court to be held here, after the dissolution of the Circuit court, will begin next Monday with Judge Boyd presiding, and will be for the trial of civil cases. This will be an adjourned session of the court, the first part of it having been held here in November.

LOCAL CLUB WILL BOWL WITH SPENCER Y.M.C.A.
 Railroad Association Asked for Three Games—First on Thursday Night.
 Secretary Ed. B. Brown of the local Y. M. C. A. received a communication this morning from W. J. Burton, president of the Spencer Railway Y. M. C. A., in which he enclosed a challenge for three bowling games between the team of his association and the locals. He asked that the first game be bowled Thursday night and the other two on subsequent dates, all three to be bowled according to the long distance method, each team of six men to bowl on their own alleys and telegraph the results to the other. The challenge was accepted by wire.
 In his letter, Mr. Burton stated that he had kept track of the record that has been made by the Asheville team this year, and he expressed the opinion that it could not well be better than that of the Spencer boys would consider it a great pleasure to bowl against such a team. It is understood that they have a good team, too, and there is promise of some close scores in the series that is to follow.
 When buying a cough medicine for children bear in mind that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is most effectual for colds, croup and whooping cough and that it contains no harmful drug. For sale by all dealers.
The Only Way.
 Little drops of perspiration,
 Little grains of grit—
 The only way to show the world
 That you are really "it."
 Arithmetic, Writing, Business English, Spelling, Typewriting at Y. M. C. A. Night School. Enroll now. 278-2t

THINK THIS OVER
 This Office Should Gain the Confidence of the Most Skeptical.
 We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails to completely relieve you of constipation. We take all the risk. You are not obligated to us in any way whatever, if you accept our offer. That's a mighty broad statement, but we mean every word of it. Could anything be more fair for you?
 A most scientific, common-sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies, which are eaten like candy. Their active principle is a recent scientific discovery that is odorless, colorless, and tasteless; very pronounced, gentle, and pleasant in every way. This ingredient does not cause diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence, griping, or other inconvenience. Rexall Orderlies are particularly good for children, aged and delicate persons.
 If you suffer from chronic or habitual constipation, or the annoying or dependent chronic ailments, we urge you to try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Remember, you can get them in Asheville only at our store, 12 tablets, 10 cents; 25 tablets, 25 cents; 50 tablets, 50 cents. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store, Smith's Drug Store, corner South Main street and Park square.
 Course for boys at Y. M. C. A. Night School, Open Jan. 2, 275-2t
 Mother Goose Again.
 Little Miss Muffet
 Tried hard to bluff it
 On the election day,
 But a challenger spoiled her.
 And, walking beside her,
 Her name was bluffed away.
 —Charles H. Shaw in Judge.

Did you ever use an Electric Chafing Dish?
 The pleasure of entertaining your friends is increased when you can make the rare bit by electricity. The Electric Chafing Dish affords the easiest and most novel way of cooking dainty dishes and will give you the best results with your favorite recipes because the heat is always even. Inexpensive to use. Call and see one.
PIEDMONT ELECTRIC CO.
 1211 1/2 Ave. Opposite Postoffice.

PHYSICIAN IS KILLED BY "DEVIL ANSE'S" SON
 Willis Hatfield Shoots Man Who Refused to Write Whiskey Prescription.
 Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 2.—Dr. Edward O. Thornhill, a well known physician of the southern section of West Virginia, was yesterday shot and killed by Willis Hatfield, son of the noted feudist "Devil Anse" Hatfield in a drug store at Mullens. The physician was attending an injured person when the shooting occurred.
 Hatfield, it is said, asked Dr. Thornhill to issue a prescription for a pint of whiskey. The doctor refused and when Hatfield used abusive language the physician slapped him. Hatfield, it is alleged, immediately drew a revolver and fired two bullets into Dr. Thornhill's body. Stepping closer, he again fired two more shots, each taking effect in the head of the prostrate man.
 Hatfield ran out of the drug store but was captured within a few minutes by persons who had witnessed the shooting. Fearing lynching, Hatfield pleaded with the officers to protect him and he was taken to Pineville, the county seat where deputy sheriffs are guarding the frail prison.

HIT BY BULLET
 Eugene Cooke Victim of Peculiar Accident—Ball Plunged Through Under His Chin.
 A peculiar accident happened to Eugene Cooke just as the new year came in. A bullet supposed to be a stray one fired by some one who was celebrating the advent of the new year, struck him under the chin, passing out about three inches from where it entered. It is not considered serious but if it had been a half inch deeper, it is said that it would likely have been fatal.
 Mr. Cooke with some friends was on the Montford school grounds and had stooped down to fire some crackers when he was struck. It could not very well be told from what direction the bullet came but it is not thought that it was fired with malicious intent.

WOODMEN INSTALL OFFICERS.
 Last night, Balsam camp No. 1, Woodmen of the World, installed the following officers for 1912:
 A. L. Henry, past consul commander; S. H. Chedester, consul commander; L. C. Cline, advisor-lieutenant; W. B. Marlow, banker; J. W. Ramsey, clerk; A. W. Cordell, secretary; M. H. Carver, watchman; A. S. McBeck, sentry; Dr. Paul Paquin and Dr. Arthur F. Reeves, physicians; managers—One year, E. T. Hillier; two years, A. L. Henry.
 A smoker followed the installation.

DEALS IN DIRT.
 John Davis et als to M. B. Reeder, land on Turkey creek; consideration \$500.
 E. Morgan to Ernest O'Hara, lot on Scott street; consideration \$100.
 W. A. Erwin and wife to W. S. Hampton, land in Leicester township; consideration \$1200.
 Elizabeth Shaft, to A. W. Cordell, land adjoining William Suttie; consideration \$550.
 Crate Harris and wife to J. E. Baird, land on Reem's Creek; consideration \$110.
 J. R. Starnes to J. M. Flemken, land on Turnpike road; consideration \$1.
 Charles A. Webb to Eliza J. Gibson, lot on Soney street; consideration \$5 and other considerations.
 J. B. Lottspeich to T. W. Blackstock, land in Reems Creek township; consideration \$10.
 Dora Finstein to Samuel Finstein, lot on South Liberty street; consideration \$300.
 Annie E. Harrell to Southern Baptist assembly, lot in Blue Mont; consideration \$100.
 John N. Williams to Florence Williams, lot in Asheville township; consideration \$1, love and affection.
 Robert Greenwood et als to Sol A. Carter, lot on Beavertown, consideration \$66.
 G. W. Cook to G. E. Ingle and wife, land in Leicester township; consideration \$15.
 Clingman Smith to Benjamin Smith, land on west side of French Broad river; consideration \$200.

What
Every Woman Needs
 A tonic. She needs it, when she is feeling weak, or sick, and when she suffers from womanly pains and troubles. She needs a medicinal tonic—a woman's tonic—a tonic to help her womanly organs back to health.
 Such a tonic, is Wine of Cardui. For over 50 years, Cardui has been a successful remedy for womanly ailments. It is, today, the tonic for weak women, because of its specific medicinal effect on the womanly constitution.
 Have you tried it? If not, please do so. A few doses will prove to you its beneficial action. Read the following letter:
 "After 18 months of suffering and the most excruciating pain that any one ever suffered, I am now enjoying the best of health, as a result of taking Cardui, the woman's tonic."
 Everybody thinks my cure one of the most remarkable ever made; so many physicians said I could not get well without an operation.
 Since taking Cardui, the lump in my side, that has given me so much trouble and anxiety, has disappeared and I have not had a symptom of its return." Mrs. M. J. Scott, Welborn, Texas. Try Cardui.
The Woman's Tonic
WINE OF CARDUI
 Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days.
LICENSE TO WED.
 George Brookshire and Artie King.
PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
 Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days.

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 "In other words, the total income of the roads from their Wisconsin traffic increased 24 per cent more than the total income of all the roads in the United States, Wisconsin included.
 "This result notwithstanding the additional fact that mainly on account of the greatly improved and more efficient service which the commission required the railroads to perform, their expenses in Wisconsin increased 75 per cent more than their expenses in the United States.
 "There is no better reflection of the prosperity of a state than the amount of business transacted by its railroads. When Wisconsin abolished free passes, discriminations, secret rebates and other unwarranted practices, it stimulated enormously the building up of manufacturing and farming, and consequently it increased the revenues of the railroads. In addition to this much that the railroads lost in the reduction of open rates that everybody shared, they saved by being compelled to abolish free passes, and secret cut rates that went only to insiders, as before stated. Special examiners who were appointed in 1903 discovered and reported a \$1,000,000 a year paid in unlawful rebates alone by the railroads of Wisconsin, during the six years from 1898 to 1903. By stopping these rebates the railroads gained at least \$1,000,000 a year towards offsetting the \$1,200,000 they lost by the reduction of rates. The speaker said the roads are making more but keeping a small proportion of it, and are now paying taxes the same as the people of Wisconsin on exactly what their property is worth.

THINK THIS OVER
 This Office Should Gain the Confidence of the Most Skeptical.
 We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails to completely relieve you of constipation. We take all the risk. You are not obligated to us in any way whatever, if you accept our offer. That's a mighty broad statement, but we mean every word of it. Could anything be more fair for you?
 A most scientific, common-sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies, which are eaten like candy. Their active principle is a recent scientific discovery that is odorless, colorless, and tasteless; very pronounced, gentle, and pleasant in every way. This ingredient does not cause diarrhoea, nausea, flatulence, griping, or other inconvenience. Rexall Orderlies are particularly good for children, aged and delicate persons.
 If you suffer from chronic or habitual constipation, or the annoying or dependent chronic ailments, we urge you to try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Remember, you can get them in Asheville only at our store, 12 tablets, 10 cents; 25 tablets, 25 cents; 50 tablets, 50 cents. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store, Smith's Drug Store, corner South Main street and Park square.
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 Tried hard to bluff it
 On the election day,
 But a challenger spoiled her.
 And, walking beside her,
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 —Charles H. Shaw in Judge.