

Where Republicans Will Name Candidate; Man Who Will Present Taft; Women Delegates

WARREN G. HARDING WHO WILL PRESENT PRESIDENT TAFT'S NAME.

MISS MARGARET HALEY, OF CHICAGO, WHO STUMPED CALIFORNIA WHEN TWO WOMEN WERE ELECTED DELEGATES TO THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

MRS. ANTOINETTE FUNK OF CHICAGO, LAWYER AND COUNSEL FOR NO VOTE NO TAX LEAGUE.

TRANSFORMING THE COLISEUM INTO A CONVENTION HALL.

ARMORY OF THE FIRST INFANTRY ILLINOIS NATIONAL GUARD WHERE POSSIBLE RUMP CONVENTION MAY BE HELD.

BARNES COMES TO TAFT CAMP

Will Be President's Field Marshal at Chicago and Boost Root for Chairman.

GOV. HADLEY JOINS ROOSEVELT FORCES

Colonel's Supporters Hold a Conference, but Matters Discussed and Decided Are Unknown.

Chicago, June 11.—William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the New York republican state central committee and delegate-at-large to the convention, arrived today and went into conference with the Taft leaders. Governor Hadley of Missouri arrived this morning. He is to argue Missouri contests before the national committee. Should Roosevelt forces control the convention he is believed to be their choice for temporary chairman and the position of floor leader of the Roosevelt forces may be accorded him.

Barnes comes in the capacity of field marshal for the Taft interests and is expected immediately to strengthen the cause of Senator Root for permanent and temporary chairman of the national convention.

The Taft forces are in fine spirits as the result of yesterday's winning of Indiana's delegates, contested by Roosevelt. Roosevelt people welcome the coming of Hadley. As one of the original seven governors who urged the former president to run and one whose name has been mentioned as possible running mate for T. R., his counsel was in demand.

It was hoped early in the day that Kentucky contests, involving 18 delegates, could be disposed of this afternoon and part of the Louisiana contests. National Committeemen Wright was prepared to present the Louisiana case, which is similar to that of Florida, three sets of delegates appearing. In Kentucky Roosevelt contestants for places as delegates-at-large are only two in number, although the state is entitled to four seats in the national convention.

Kentucky's contested four delegates-at-large to the national republican convention were awarded to Taft by the national committee this morning by a vote of 17 to 11. It was agreed that contests from three districts should be submitted and decided on the same arguments as for the delegation-at-large.

Argument for Roosevelt Delegates. Judge E. C. Orear, who presented the argument for the Roosevelt delegates, asserted that in Kentucky "machine methods have gotten so far into the republican party that independent voters have little choice between republican and democratic parties."

He said there was a deliberate plan to carry Kentucky for the president against the wishes of the people, and this plan participated in by leaders and republican state committee. Federal office holders, he declared, are at the bottom of the trouble in Kentucky. He said if the committee did not give fair consideration to the Kentucky case, "not only choice will be in support of the national convention."

Roosevelt supporters conferred last

night but what they did is not known. Yesterday's work of the republican national committee added 12 more delegates to the catalogue of the Taft strength on the temporary roll of the republican national convention. The much discussed Indiana contests came before the committee and were decided in Taft's favor.

With the 72 delegates comprised in the southern contests decided last week in the Alabama, Arkansas, Florida and Georgia cases, the gains make a total of 84 delegates added to the Taft forces by the work of the national committee. And with the 291 instructed and uncontested delegates credited to him, they bring his present total on the temporary roll up to 355. A large proportion of the contested seats among the 170 cases still to be passed on by the committee, represent delegates instructed for Taft; the precise number is the subject of much dispute, nor can it be stated how many of these contests Taft will win.

The cases decided yesterday were those of the Indiana delegation at large, four in number, headed by Col. Harry S. New, chairman of the convention committee of arrangements, and including former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks and the district delegation of two each from the first, third and thirteenth districts.

The contest in the fourth district was withdrawn and the committee confirmed the two sitting (Taft) delegates.

Real Fight of the Day.

The real fight of the day in the committee was not on the contest over the delegates-at-large, where it had been expected, the committee being unanimous in giving them to Taft, but over the seating of two Taft delegates from the thirteenth or South Bend district. Attempts of the Roosevelt attorneys to introduce certain affidavits declared by them to bear the signature of a majority of the delegates to the district convention at South Bend at which the Taft delegates were chosen, precipitated the only sensational interchange of the day and occasioned a sudden reversal of the committee's vote which was not explained to the satisfaction of the Roosevelt men.

Senator Borah taunted the Taft men about it, telling them they were scared.

"The worst scared lot of men I ever saw," he said. "What has happened? Whom have you consulted? What has come over you? Whence came this revelation?" he demanded. The Taft men denied that they were scared or that any special light had been thrown upon them; they insisted that their first vote, against admitting the affidavits, was because of their desire not to delay the hearings by the necessity of giving the Taft side an opportunity to answer them or to create a precedent which would be embarrassing in later cases. Their reversal of the vote was coupled with specific declaration that it was not to be regarded as a precedent. In this form the Roosevelt men all voted against it. So the committee heard the affidavits, with verbal testimony in contravention of their allegations, and then voted to seat the Taft delegates.

The vote 25 to 14 represents what has been the line up between the factions ever since the committee came together.

This was not the first battle of the day, however. Before the Indiana case were taken up, the committee came near a turbulent scene. A motion by Senator Crane of Massachusetts to postpone until Wednesday the case of the fourth district of California, in accordance with the request of former Senator Dick, the Taft contest leader, met the opposition of the Roosevelt forces. The case already had been called, and the attorneys

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CUBAN SITUATION IS ENCOURAGING

U. S. Will Send No More Warships Unless Present Conditions Change.

Washington, June 11.—The absence of fresh outbreaks in Havana encourages this government in the belief that its precautionary measures have been sufficient. No more warships will be sent to the island unless conditions get worse.

The presence of American warships in Havana harbor may be regarded as greatly diminishing the likelihood of intervention in Cuba, according to the construction placed upon that fact by the administration. It is felt that the mere presence of the two warships will restrain the restless and excitable element of Havana.

Secretary Knox all along has lost no opportunity of declaring against any purpose to intervene politically in Cuba unless absolutely driven to do so by the failure of the Cuban government to uphold the law and protect life and property, felt called upon yesterday to renew that assurance directly to the Cuban people through Orestes Ferrera, speaker of the Cuban house of representatives. And he also let it be known to the American people, not only that the United States does not contemplate intervention but that he believed that the Cuban government would be able to suppress the insurrection. Senor Ferrera is believed to have derived great comfort from his talk with the secretary of state.

The heavy torrential rains in Havana are now believed to have been an important factor in preventing the outbreak of race riots there. When the rains stop it is believed here the opposing elements will make no further effort to create riots because of the presence of the cruiser Washington and the battleship Rhode Island in Havana harbor. The gunboat Nashville reported that Sagua was being attacked by rebels, but the fruit company manager felt confident of his ability to defend the property unless attacked by overwhelming numbers.

The present troubles are rapidly being transferred to the northern coast of Oriente province and the Nashville has returned to Nipa bay.

The Spanish American Iron company reports the looting of the Roas Finca property, one mile from San Diego, and the burning of the cane fields of Hailallo plantation near San Luis. The main body of the rebels is now declared to be operating between Mayri and Sagua.

The feeling is growing stronger here that Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, would be the man to send to Cuba to settle the present troubles. However, the United States has taken no steps towards mediating in the present crisis.

Havana Is Quiet.

Havana, June 11.—Havana was quiet today. No disturbance in the vicinity of the capital has been reported. The government is without news from Oriente. Admiral Ostiarhaus.

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FIRST STEP IS TAKEN TOWARD CHURCH MERGER

Effort Made to Unite Episcopal Organizations in America and England.

New York, June 11.—As the first move toward lining up the old world in an effort to unite every Christian communion into one body, Rev. W. T. Manning, rector of Trinity church, and three of the most prominent bishops will leave today for England to confer with officials of the Church of England looking toward a union between the mother church and the daughter in this country, as an initial step in merging all churches.

NEAR DEATH, TRIES TO SLAY DAUGHTER

She Goes to Kiss Condemned Murderer Gooiby and Is Attacked.

Washington, June 11.—With but a few hours to live, Jan Ribarik, condemned to die on the gallows this morning, tried to strangle his daughter when she appeared at his cell to bid him goodbye. She had been a witness against her father in a murder case and he had threatened to kill her before he was hanged. When she went forward to kiss him this morning, he tried to carry out his threat and was beaten unconscious by guards. Later he was hanged without expressing regret.

THE HOUSE CANAL BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED

Senate Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals Agrees to the Measure.

Washington, June 11.—The senate committee on inter-oceanic canals today favorably reported the house bill to open, protect and operate the Panama canal and govern the zone. The bill exempts coastwise vessels from tolls and strictly regulates railroad-owned vessels.

LIVES PROBABLY LOST IN ALASKAN ERUPTION

Food Supplies Short and People in Katmai's Vicinity Appeal for Assistance.

Kodiak, Alaska, June 11.—Kodiak and Woody Island villages are buried under ashes as the result of an eruption of Katmai volcano, which began Thursday, lasting 48 hours. No lives were lost here but settlements near the volcano must have suffered greatly. The revenue cutter Manning was in port here when the eruption began and furnished refuge for the 500 men, women and children. Food supplies will not last more than two weeks. All crops have been ruined and the people have appealed to congress for assistance.

Ashe Fall at Fairbanks.

Fairbanks, Alaska, June 11.—Persons arriving from the south bring reports of heavy cannonading in the foothills of the Alaska range and it is supposed volcanoes are in action. Ashes are falling here and the sun is obscured.

Harmon Boomers Active.

Baltimore, June 11.—general caucus of all delegates pledged or favorable to Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio for the presidential nomination is being planned by Harmon leaders who established local headquarters yesterday and from now on will direct the work from here of enrolling delegates for the Ohio governor.

The caucus will be held some time before the democratic national convention meets and the Harmon boomers believe that it will aid in uniting and crystallizing sentiment for governor Harmon. Meanwhile the Harmon men will continue their work here and in Washington of trying to line up the 498 pledged delegates to the democratic convention.

SETTLE MAKES STRONG APPEAL

Walker Brought Back After Skipping Bond

Wanted in Haywood for Shooting Craig at Canton Some Time Ago.

Special to The Gazette-News.

Waynesville, June 11.—O. S. Walker, who about two years ago shot a man named Craig at Canton and who has been tried twice with a mistrial resulting each time, was brought here this morning from South Carolina, where he was located by Dr. Herbert Mease. Walker was out on a \$500 bond and skipped some time ago. When brought here today he was put in the county jail and will be held for the July term of superior court. G. S. Cowan, who has been postmaster of the Waynesville sub-station at Hazelwood for some time, has resigned that position and Postmaster Thomas Green has named as his successor Miss Roberta Snyder of Hazelwood.

There was a slight frost here this morning but not of a sufficient magnitude to hurt any of the fruit or other crops.

SENATE HITS WOOD

Adopts Conference Army Bill Report Which Would Legislate Him Out of Office.

Washington, June 11.—The senate yesterday by a vote of 27 to 24 adopted the report of senate and house conferees containing a number of anti-administration provisions on the army appropriation bill. One of these provisions would legislate out of office General Leonard Wood, present chief of staff of the army, army officers acting as chief of staff. As agreed to the bill would require after March 4, next, to have at least 10 years' service in the line with rank below brigadier general. The provisions were the subject of three hours' bitter debate. It was contended the chief of staff restriction was directed at General Wood and that it had been inserted by the conferees without the consent of either house. The provision also would affect unfavorably General Funston and Colonel Goethals. The house has not yet adopted the report.

The discussion was acrid at times, adverse criticism was voiced against the provision of creating a committee to consider the discontinuance of many army posts through the country. It was charged that in this matter that the conferees had exceeded their authority.

ALASKAN ASSEMBLY

Bill Is Amended to Eliminate Senate Provision, Providing Only For House.

Washington, June 11.—A house bill to create a legislative assembly in Alaska, which has been ordered favorably reported from the senate committee on territories, has been amended so as to eliminate any provision for an Alaskan senate. The creation of a house of representatives to consist of 15 members has been provided for.

Eagles Meet at Columbus.

Columbus, O., June 11.—Hundreds of delegates, together with the state officers, were in Columbus yesterday for the opening of the annual state convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. The convention will conclude Thursday with an elaborate parade and band competition.

Large Crowd Hears Masterful Plea for Those Accused in the Hawkins Case.

THE JURY MAY TAKE THE CASE TONIGHT

Solicitor Johnson Speaks This Afternoon and Judge Foushee May Then Deliver Charge.

Special to The Gazette-News.

Hendersonville, June 11.—The feature of the morning session in the trial of the Hawkins case was the speech of Hon. Thomas Settle, of counsel for the defense. It was brilliant and masterful, one of the finest arguments in the whole case. It sparkled with wit and humor and abounded in denunciation of the state and was a strong defense of the speaker's clients. Mr. Settle spoke about two hours and 45 minutes. When court convened at 9:30 o'clock J. R. West, one of the jurors, was ill and recess was taken until he was treated. His illness was not serious, however, and it is thought he will be able to finish the case. The court room was crowded, probably the largest crowd of the trial being present, drawn by the fact that Mr. Settle, with great skill, had taken the defense resumed his argument which he began yesterday afternoon. He closed at 10:15, after speaking four hours, next to the longest speech that has been made in the case.

Mr. McCall insisted that his clients, Mrs. Shaft and Mrs. Britt, did not know the other defendants before the arrest was made, consequently there could have been no conspiracy, as the state has charged. He cited many cases to show what conspiracy is and drew many illustrations. He asked the jury not to be swayed by the eloquence of the opposing attorneys but to reason with the facts that they had from the evidence.

Mr. Settle's entrance before the throng was rather dramatic. He was dressed in a light checked suit, with green tie and striped stocks, and he paraded up and down before the jury in an impressive way.

Mr. Settle was the last speaker for the defense and there is only one more speech—by Solicitor A. Hall Johnston. After the judge's charge, the case will likely go to the jury, possibly tonight.

In opening his argument, Mr. Settle said that the state is trying about 17 cases in one, and went on to say that the count of murder was absorbed by the charge of conspiracy, and then he declared that the offense was first degree murder or it was nothing. He declared that the counsel for the state had appealed to every emotion known to humanity, and referring to Attorney Foushee's suggestion that the case should result not in electrocution or imprisonment, but in Sheriff's leading Mrs. Shaft to the marriage altar, he said that this would not be fitting unless Mr. Reitor should be present to read the statutory minut or dance the Highland fling.

Mr. Settle continued that Agnes Saxon jurisprudence differs from that of the Latins in two particulars—in the assumption of the innocence of the accused until the guilt is proved, and the "reasonable doubt." He indicated that the defendants in this case only asked for a fair trial, but what all defendants are entitled to is a fair trial.

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