

CHICAGO PRESS IS ATTACKED

Lorimer Complains of Alleged Newspaper Conspiracy to Drive Him from Public Life.

SAYS ADVERSE VOTE WOULD BE TRAVESTY

Says It Would Mean Senate Had Become Advocate of Recall and of Anarchy.

Washington, July 11.—Senator Lorimer began his speech defending his right to a senate seat today, following the speech of Reed of Missouri, who made a bitter attack on him.

"It is true that the senate has a right to deny me a seat on the flimsiest pretext, or on no pretext at all," he said. "This is no joke. This is a solemn and serious question. If the senate decides to follow the views of the minority of the committee it will be a travesty on civilized jurisprudence and a mockery on justice, a declaration that the senate has decided to follow the red flag, that it has become an advocate of anarchy and has adopted the doctrine of the recall as advocated by its arch-champion."

Washington, July 11.—A fierce political debate, which came perilously close to a riot, was held in the house yesterday. The participants were Representatives Hill and Reilly of Connecticut, the former a republican and the latter a democrat. Bitter feeling between them, beginning with Mr. Reilly's election, increased last winter when Mr. Reilly attacked Mr. Hill in a speech in the house.

NEW PARTY WILL STAND FOR TARIFF REVISION

Whether Specific Schedules Will Be Enumerated in Platform Not Decided.

Oyster Bay, July 11.—Immediate downward revision of the tariff is one of the demands made by the new party headed by Colonel Roosevelt. While the former president was non-committal yesterday regarding the course he would urge the Chicago convention of the new party to adopt, it developed from the talk of a number of leaders who have conferred with the colonel in the last few days that the party doubts will declare for immediate revision.

Whether the platform will enumerate specific schedules and pledge itself to scale them downward or will content itself with the general declaration of the principle upon which it will act has not been decided.

22 DEAD OF PLAGUE

Thirty-four Cases in All in Porto Rico—No Infection Among Havana Bats.

Washington, July 11.—Another fatal case of plague at San Juan, Porto Rico, was reported by the general health service today. In all, there have been 24 cases and 22 deaths on the island.

MINE EXPLOSION KILLS EIGHT MEN

Two Bodies Found, but Gas Bars Further Progress by Rescuers.

Moundsville, W. Va., July 11.—Eight miners are believed to have been killed in the Panama mine of the Ben Franklin Coal company this morning. The shaft had been closed for some time until today, when ten men entered to load coal. Soon afterward a big explosion was heard.

FISTICUFFS SEEM NEAR DURING HOUSE DEBATE

Representatives Hill and Reilly of Connecticut Grow Bitterly Personal.

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GOV. WILSON AND CLARK WILL CONFER SATURDAY

Sea Girl, N. J., July 11.—Governor Wilson today announced that he had set aside three hours Saturday afternoon for conference with Speaker Clark, who is coming here to see him.

OROZCO UNDAUNTED

Rebel Leader Defying Plans Further to Harass Madero Government—Now at Juarez.

THE SUICIDE RATE RAPIDLY GROWING

San Diego, Cal., Has Largest Percentage in the United States—59.9 per 100,000.

Rate Order Affecting Tennessee.

Prohibitionists Delayed.

Atlantic City, July 11.—The prohibitionists called today to press a decision over the chairmanship and the nomination of ticket heads is delayed.

America Stands Highest in Olympic Games



BRITISH PROTEST ON PANAMA BILL

London Requests That Enactment Be Deferred and It Is Believed Will Insist That All Nations Must Be Considered on Equal Basis.

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BUBONIC PLAGUE PERIL AROUSES NEW ORLEANS

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G.O.P. ELECTORS FOR ROOSEVELT

Taft Men Alarmed by the Inroads Colonel Is Making on Electoral College Strength.

FULLY 78 OF THEM FAVOR EX-PRESIDENT

No Way to Bind Them to Taft, Although Chosen on Republican Ticket, Says Borah.

Washington, July 11.—The Taft republicans are alarmed over the efforts of Roosevelt's friends to name Roosevelt electors on the republican ticket in various states.

"There are two plans, as I understand, that are under consideration. When the Roosevelt ticket is launched it will either contain a brand new set of electors or the Roosevelt people on the republican ticket will be found on both tickets."

"If, however, the Roosevelt people on the republican ticket, a now constituted, are put on the new ticket as well, they will go on with a statement to the public that in the event they receive a larger vote on the republican than on the new party ticket their votes will be cast for the nominees of that party."

"From what I know of the attitude of the parties concerned I am inclined to believe that there will be two distinct electoral tickets without any names in common. Speaking for the president I know he would prefer to have it so."

"The national convention is a matter of form. Up to the time of Andrew Jackson the party convention had no part in presidential elections. Any body of men could put out a candidate. The legislature of Tennessee nominated Jackson for the presidency."

Up to 1820 presidential electors were chosen by the state legislatures. In 1820 all states except six selected them by direct vote of the people. In 1832

WHO CAN VOTE IN THE PRIMARY?

Democratic Committee to Meet Again in October to Discuss Qualification for Voting.

FIGURING ON THE COST OF SENATORIAL RACE

If Candidates Have to Pay All Expenses of Primary It Will Cost Them a Small Fortune.

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CHAIRMAN CHARLES A. WEBB.

their suspicion that Senator Simmons and his friends were hoping for a large republican vote. If the rules of the primary are made lax, Kitchin may say, Mr. Simmons may hope for a few thousand republican voters helping him along. The opponents of the senator claim that his friends were dodging.

The Simmons men are saying that the Kitchin folks, outgeneraled and beaten at every turn, are unreluctant and are going around looking for trouble. They point to the fact that the fight against the rules, which were adopted as presented with one exception, was led by Judge Biggs, who went to the meeting for the express purpose of protecting a candidate. They did not like the idea of having their motives impugned, and some of them said they were willing to take the consequences. One anti-Kitchin man said it showed how desperate the Kitchin folks were, adding that they were beaten in the state convention, and that later the national democratic convention came Senator Simmons' way and took two of Governor Kitchin's get arguments away from him—free lumber and reciprocity—which they say have never been democratic.

As to Cost of Primary. In connection with the discussion over the meeting of the committee some speculation has been indulged in as to the probable cost to each candidate of the primary. A leader who ought to know says that each candidate if he covers the state thoroughly will spend at least \$15,000 in the campaign, and all of this will be legitimate. The maintenance of an organization in each county is costly, and if the candidates have to pay pollholders and registrars in addition to their other expenses, each candidate will spend a small fortune. The candidates are hoping, however, that their friends in the various counties will look after local expenses.

Charles A. Webb, the new chairman of the state committee, put in some time discussing the political situation with former Chairman A. H. Eller, who has had four years of the work. Mr. Eller will render all the assistance possible. Mr. Webb is no stranger in politics, he having been three times a member of the state

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