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BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

A wide range of Boys' Clothes in every good style for Fall and Winter. The Norfolk Jacket Suits are the real thing this season and we are showing them in a great many different materials.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

We emphasize our Shoe Section because it is ready with a complete range of shoes for every member of the family.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

The Asheville Dry Goods Co.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

AUDITORIUM

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 8-9.
BERT LEIGH
Presents Himself in the Great Revival of Geo. M. Cohan's Musical Play

45 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY
MR. LEIGH as **KID BURNS**
—Is Scoring The Hit of His Life—
PERFECTED COMPANY INCLUDES
HAZELE BURGESS AS "MARY"
And 29 Others. Complete Equipment.

Prices are 50, 75, \$1, and \$1.50. Ticket sale will open Saturday morning at Whitlock's, for both performances.

"YOU AFRAID TO SERVE?" ASKED THE VENIRIMEN

(Continued from page 1)

works under construction by employers of non-union labor.

Fifty-four men were indicted last February, but John J. McCray, Wheeling, W. Va., never has been located and the McNamara brothers are in prison in California.

Court Room Preparations.

The court room which probably for weeks will be the scene of the trial, has long been ready. Every preparation has been taken to secure quiet. The windows of the small room, located on an outside corner of the second floor of the federal building, have been heavily curtained to exclude the daylight. Recently Judge Anderson had the walls and ceiling thickly padded with felt to improve the sound conditions.

United States Senator John W. Kern has been retained as counsel for the defendants, while the government will be represented by District Attorney Charles W. Miller and his assistant.

Sixteen defendants were placed under \$10,000 bonds each, to appear for trial and the others each under \$5000 bonds, making an aggregate in bonds of \$1350,000.

Witnesses are to be called from many parts of the country. While it is not the intention of the government to go thoroughly into the cases which resulted in the imprisonment

of the McNamaras, all that part of the evidence of the Pacific coast explosions as pertains to the illegal interstate shipment of explosives has been made available to District Attorney Miller.

Each of the 32 indictments returned last February contains charges against all of the defendants, and the charges are embraced in three groups. They are:

The Charges Preferred.

Transporting dynamite and nitroglycerine in passenger trains from one state to another; as Ortie E. McManigal confessed was done when these explosives were carried in suit cases from hiding places at Muncie, Ind.; Rochester, Pa.; Tiffin, O., and Indianapolis to cities where "jobs" were to be done.

Conspiring to violate interstate regulations relative to explosives.

Concealing knowledge of the conspiracy or abetting the illegal transportation of explosives.

Most of the explosions of which the government has made a record were directed against members of the National Erectors' association, an organization of constructors who had broken off relations with the union and were conducting "open shops." The first explosion or attempt recorded was at Miller's Falls, Mass., in the summer of 1905, and the last October 16, 1911, when at 2 a. m., near Santa Barbara, Cal., 29 sticks of dynamite with a fuse were found beneath a bridge just before a special train bearing President Taft passed over. Twenty of the explosions occurred in Ohio.

McManigal's confession was the basis upon which the government founded its case before the federal grand jury which returned the indictments. And it is expected to figure prominently in the present trial. In it McManigal confessed:

McManigal's Assertions.
That Hockin came to him in Detroit in 1907 and induced him to blow up a "job" there, afterward paying him a regular fee of \$125 for each job.

McManigal had worked in a stone quarry and, he said, it was because of his familiarity with explosives that he was selected.

That Hockin accompanied him on trips and pointed out works that were to be blown up, afterwards introducing him to James B. McNamara, who became McManigal's "team mate" in the dynamiting business.

That on instructions from Hockin he met Michael J. Young, a member of the executive board in Boston, and Frank C. Webb in New York, about "jobs" that were to be blown up near those cities.

That Hockin wired him at Chicago to return to Indianapolis in February, 1910, where he, Hockin, and J. J. McNamara talked over a "new invention," which consisted of using an ordinary alarm clock as a timer for fuses. "It was a scheme by which we could set a bomb and then be miles away when the explosion occurred and so prove an alibi," said McManigal.

McManigal also confessed that explosives were hidden in various parts of the country and carried in suit cases on passenger trains. That he met various business agents about "jobs" and that he received a fee of from \$125 to \$250 for each "job."

List of Defendants.

Following is the government's list of the defendants in the dynamite case:

Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, residence, Chicago; headquarters, Indianapolis.

Thorbert S. Hobbs, acting secretary,

treasurer of the union.
John T. Butler, Buffalo, N. Y., first vice president.
Eugene A. Clancy, former member executive board and former business agent at San Francisco.
John H. Barry, St. Louis, Mo., former member executive board.
Henry W. Lesleitner, Denver, Col., former member executive board.
Daniel J. Brophy, Brooklyn, former member executive board.
Patrick E. Farrell, Brooklyn, former member executive board.
John J. McCray, Wheeling, W. Va., former member executive board.
(Never found after indicted.)
Michael J. Young, Boston, member executive board.
Phillip A. Cooley, New Orleans, member executive board.
Charles N. Beum, Milwaukee, former member executive board.
Michael J. Gunnane, Philadelphia, former business agent local union.
James Conney, Chicago, former business agent local union.
J. W. Irwin, Peoria, Ill., former secretary-treasurer local union.
Richard H. Houlihan, Chicago, financial secretary local union.
Edward Clark, Cincinnati, former president local union.
William E. Reddin, Milwaukee, former official local union.
Paul J. Morrin, St. Louis, former president local union.
Daniel Buckley, Rock Island, Ill., former secretary local union.
W. Bert Brown, Kansas City, Mo., former business agent.
Edward Smythe, Peoria, Ill., former secretary and business agent.
Frank K. Painter, Omaha, Neb., former business agent.
Andrew J. Kavanaugh, Springfield, Ill., member local union.
Peter J. Smith, Cleveland, business agent.
Murray L. Pennell, Springfield, Ill., former president local union.
William J. McCain, Kansas City, Mo., former business agent.
Patrick Ryan, Chicago, business agent.
Herman G. Seiffert, Milwaukee, business agent.
J. E. Munsey, Salt Lake City, Utah, former business agent; named in indictment also as "Jack Bright," who is alleged to have harbored J. B. McNamara after the Los Angeles disaster.
Michael J. Hannon, Scranton, Pa., former business agent.
John R. Carroll, Syracuse, N. Y., local union.
Edward F. Phillips, Syracuse, N. Y., local union.
William DeWinhard, Cincinnati, former financial secretary local union.
Fred Mooney, Duluth, Minn., former financial secretary local union.
James E. Ray, Peoria, Ill., former president local union.
William Shupe, Chicago, former business agent.
James O'Loughlin, Chicago, former business agent.
Frank J. Higgins, Boston, New England organizer in 1910.
Charles Wachmeister, Detroit, former business agent.
Ernest G. W. Baeov, Indianapolis, former business agent.
Frank J. Murphy, Detroit, former business agent.
M. J. DeLoe, West Chester, Pa., former member executive board.
George Anderson, Cleveland, business agent.
Alaf A. Tveitmo, secretary of Building Trades council of California.
William K. Benson, Detroit, former president of local federation of labor.
Larence E. Dowd, Detroit, former organizer International Association of Machinists.
Fred Sherman, Indianapolis, former business agent ironworkers.
Spurgeon P. Meadows, Indianapolis, business agent of the Association of Carpenters and Joiners union.
Hiram Cline, Muncie, Ind., organizer for carpenters.
Ortie E. McManigal, confessed dynamiter and accomplice of the McNamaras, held a prisoner as chief witness for the government.
John J. McNamara, secretary-treasurer of the ironworkers, now a prisoner in San Quentin prison, Cal., on his plea of guilty in having blown up the Llewellyn iron works in Los Angeles on Christmas day, 1910.
James B. McNamara, his brother, also in the same prison, on his plea of guilty for having blown up the Los Angeles Times building, at 1:37 a. m. October 1, 1910, when 21 persons were killed.
Altogether 54 men were indicted, only 51 of them were to appear for trial, because the McNamaras already are in prison and McCray never has been located since the indictments were returned last February.

Chronology of Alleged Conspiracy.

Chronology of the alleged dynamite conspiracy:

Summer, 1905, first explosion (railroad bridge) Miller's Falls, Mass., 33 sticks of dynamite discovered.

1905-1910, almost one hundred explosions in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Maryland, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska, and western states.

October 1, 1910, Los Angeles Times building blown up, 21 persons killed.

December 25, 1910, Llewellyn Iron works, Los Angeles, blown up.

April 12, 1911, James B. McNamara and Ortie E. McManigal arrested at Detroit.

April 22, 1911, John J. McNamara, secretary-treasurer of International Bridge and Structural Ironworkers arrested at his office in Indianapolis.

December 1, 1911, McNamaras plead guilty at Los Angeles, John J. to murder in the first degree in blowing up the Los Angeles Times building, and James B. to having blown up the Llewellyn iron works. Both sentenced later.

February 6, 1912, federal grand jury at Indianapolis returns 32 indictments charging 54 men with having participated in a conspiracy illegally to transport dynamite.

February 14, almost all the defendants arrested within a few hours at a sign telegraphed to many parts of the country.

March 12, defendants arraigned and plead not guilty.

October 1, exactly two years after the Los Angeles disaster the trial before a federal court begins.

Strike Breakers Operate a Car in Augusta.

Augusta, Oct. 2.—The first street car to run since Friday went up Broad street this morning, although strike breakers operated it. The car was un-molested.

Visitors stop at the Phoenix European Hotel. Fine rooms, 50 and 75 cents.

Stomach Sufferers

PAY NOTHING UNLESS CURED

A POSTAL WILL BRING TRIAL TREATMENT AND HISTORY OF FAMOUS PEOPLE

MI-O-NA Stomach Tablets surely do end all indigestion and stomach misery and to prove it we will send a trial treatment, an interesting booklet, and tell you exactly how to ban-



ish all stomach trouble and put your stomach in fine shape or not a cent to pay. Just say on a postal or in a letter "Send me free trial treatment of MI-O-NA" and you will never be sorry—address Booth's MI-O-NA, Buffalo, N. Y. Smith's Drug Store guarantees them. A large box 50 cents. (Adv.)

Amusements

TUESDAY, OCT. 8,
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9,
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

THURSDAY, OCT. 10,
Della Clarke in "Introduce Me."

"Forty-Five Minutes from Broadway." —The Chorus.

It is an interesting fact, which has been remarked by only a few of the theatergoers among the thousands who have seen "Forty-Five Minutes from Broadway," which will be at the Auditorium on next Tuesday and Wednesday, October 8 and 9, in the three successful years of its existence, that there has been a complete absence of fleshy chorus girls from the attractive chorus which has sung the few famous songs of the piece. They have invariably been slender, sylph-like but well formed creatures whose embonpoint has been missing. This has been a great source of interest to other managers, and two theatrical men were recently discussing the phenomenon as the girls passed them on their way to the theater for the matinee performance. "Why do you suppose that is?" asked the first. "Why do all the chorus girls in this Leigh show look so well groomed, so well

formed, yet so invariably lacking in superfluous flesh?"

"I'll tell you," replied the second. "It's because Leigh keeps them moving while they are on the stage; no haggards are wanted, and as a result, because of this activity in dancing, physical culture you might almost call it, they are always in good condition, physically, like so many trained athletes ready for a match at a moment's notice." The prices will range from 50 cents to \$1.50. Tickets will go on sale at Whitlock's Saturday morning.

Della Clarke in "Introduce Me." Of the new comedy, "Introduce Me," which comes to the Auditorium

on next Thursday, October 10, for an enlivenment of one night, an exchange says: "It would be hard to imagine the wants of a theatergoer whose every wish and expectation was not fully justified last night by the play 'Introduce Me.' It is in no sense picking up a stereotyped phrase for convenience to say that every member of the company was an artist. 'Introduce Me' is a cleverly conceived story and added interest is furnished by the fact that its author, Della Clarke, played the leading role. She was supported by a well selected company of people who easily portray their part of the story in a manner that ably reflects the most intelligent in-

terpretation.

"Introduce Me' is new, it is bright, original, serious and funny. It is not overdone, but just right. You can't lose interest, it catches you up and carries you along. The very intensity of the play is humorous, stirring you to sympathy and laughter almost in the same breath. It is unique in a class of comedy by itself—and altogether refreshing. The audience applauded and curtain calls were frequent. 'Introduce Me' made good last night on merit, and nothing better has been seen here this season."

Fine airy rooms 50 and 75 cents at the Phoenix hotel, in heart of the city.

MONEY-RAISING SALE

NOW GOING ON

Peerless-Fashion
51 Patton Ave.

Unusual Bargains
Are Offered

\$19.50 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$13.65
\$22.50 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$15.08
\$25.00 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$17.50
\$29.50 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$19.77
\$32.50 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$21.78
\$35.00 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$24.50
\$42.50 Ladies' and Misses' Fall Suits at	\$29.89

When you see our new Ladies' and Misses Fall Coats you will buy here. An elegant array of New Evening Gowns, Street Dresses at astounding low prices. Tempting reduction of all our high-grade Ladies' Muslin Underwear.



SCENE IN "45 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY," AUDITORIUM, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, OCT. 8 & 9.

Western North Carolina Fair

Asheville, N. C.

October 8, 9, 10, 11

Biggest in the History of Western North Carolina

MARELOUS MODERN MIDWAY. SENSATIONAL FREE OUT-DOOR ATTRACTIONS. BIGGEST WILD WEST SHOW IN THE COUNTRY WILL GIVE DAILY FREE EXHIBITIONS OF FANCY TRICK RIDING AND ROPING CONTESTS.

Real Cowboys, Cowgirls, Indians and Western Bronchos

The Great Calvert

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NOVELTY HIGH WIRE ARTIST, PERFORMS AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

FREE TO EVERYBODY

Riding Devices and Loads of Other Attractions to Amuse Both Young and Old

NEW SILK

WAISTINGS

In the black and white, black stripes, white stripes, 36 inches wide, \$1.25 values for \$1.00 yd.

Black Corduroys, plain velvets in black, white, golden brown, and various shades of blue, \$1.25 values for \$1.00 a yard.

We sell for cash and give our customers the advantage of bookkeeping expense and losses in a reduced price on the goods.

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17 S. Main.
Sells for Cash; Sells for Less.