

STRIKE LEADERS BE ACQUITTED

Defendants to Lawrence Murder Charge Demonstrative as Jury's Finding Sets Them Free.

MILL WORKERS GREET VERDICT WITH CHEERS

One Released on Recognizance, Others on Small Bond Pending Trial on Other Indictments.

By Associated Press. 28.—"Not guilty" is the verdict of the jury in the case of Joseph Eitor, Arturo Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso for the murder of Anna Lopez, who was killed in a Lawrence textile strike riot last winter.

When the three men had heard the words freeing them from the charge, they embraced and kissed each other. Giovannitti then sprang to his feet. "Gentlemen of the jury," he said, "his face beaming with joy, "in the name of justice, truth and civilization, I thank you."

The court interpreter, Alfred Sacco, acting for Caruso, said: "Mr. Caruso desires me to say that he wants to thank you all and now that he is a free man he says that he is innocent of the crime."

Eitor, leader of the strike at Lawrence and chief center of interest in a case that has aroused worldwide attention, addressed the jury:

"May it please the court," he said, "I thank you not only for myself but in the name of my companions. I also feel impelled to thank the court for the fair manner in which this trial has been conducted. The thanks we offer are not only ours but thanks in the name of the working class."

Verdicts Are Rendered. The jury entered the court room at 8:20 o'clock. Immediately thereafter the prisoners, each wearing a red cap, were brought to the cage in the center of the room. All were smiling. Judge Quinn ascended the bench at 8:42 o'clock and asked if the jury had agreed upon a verdict.

"We have," said the foreman as he handed it to the court bailiff.

"Joseph Caruso, stand up," commanded Clerk George.

As Caruso obeyed the clerk called: "Caruso, face the jury; the jurymen look at the prisoner. Gentlemen of the jury, Joseph Caruso guilty or not guilty?"

"Not guilty," was the unanimous reply.

Eitor and Giovannitti were likewise commanded to rise and again the jurors chorused "not guilty" for each defendant. The jury, which for more than six weeks had listened to the evidence in this notable trial, was then excused from further service with the thanks of the court. The jurors hastened from the building and were cheered by the crowds of mill workers in the streets.

When the jurors had left, the court announced to Caruso that there was another indictment against him, charging him with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill and that the court would release him on his own recognizance. When the prisoner had taken oath to appear in court when summoned he was released from the cage. His wife, waiting at the rail behind the prisoners' cage, fell into his arms and a dozen of his male companions rushed forward and kissed him.

Held on Another Indictment. Eitor and Giovannitti were held on another indictment charging them; together with William D. Haywood of the Industrial Workers of the World and others with conspiracy to incite riot in the Lawrence strike. On this they were released in bonds of \$500 each, which were furnished by Helen S. Dudley of Boston.

The Lawrence strike leaders were then freed from the prisoners' cage and besieged by a crowd of men and women in the court room. For several minutes they were the recipients of kisses from the men and congratulations from the women. The defendants and their attorneys had a jubilation after court adjourned and a few minutes later, followed by a cheering throng of mill workers, they marched through the streets from the court house to a local office of the Industrial Workers of the World, where they remained for some time.

"I have no immediate plans," said Eitor, "but I am going as soon as possible to my home in Tacoma, Wash., where I have a paralyzed father. He was paralyzed since my arrest."

Giovannitti said he expected to visit friends in Boston and vicinity before going to his home in Brooklyn.

Freed Defendants Joyful. Both prisoners were very happy. The liberated leaders and their friends after leaving the Industrial Workers' office went to the Salvation Army hall where they made the speech ring with Italian songs and speeches. Eitor and Giovannitti spoke in their native tongue and even Caruso, who never made a speech in his life, was forced to say a few words.

JOHN T. BRUSH DEAD AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Noted Baseball Magnate Succumbs to Long Illness of Locomotor Ataxia.

Louisiana, Mo., Nov. 26.—John T. Brush, president of the New York National League club, died in his private car Oceanic here early this morning. He was on his way west for his health. He had suffered for many years from locomotor ataxia.

Mr. Brush, who was hurried from New York Sunday unconscious, died between here and St. Louis on his way to San Francisco. His private car was detached from a Burlington train here and sent back to St. Louis.

Death Not Unexpected.

New York, Nov. 26.—The news of John T. Brush's death in his private car in Missouri early today was not unexpected by his family and friends here. The wealthy owner of the New York National League team has been at death's door for some time and the long trip to California was decided upon a few days ago as a last resort. He was accompanied west by several physicians.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—The body of John T. Brush, owner of the New York National League baseball club, who died early today in his private car near Seabury, Mo., arrived here this morning and will be forwarded to Indianapolis at noon today. Further arrangements await the approval of Mr. Brush's daughter, who resides in Indianapolis.

Mr. Brush, who was seriously ill from locomotor ataxia, when he left New York Sunday, failed rapidly on the trip. At Indianapolis yesterday the railroad company considered detaching the baseball magnate's private car because of his serious condition, but later they decided to attempt to push him to the Pacific coast.

Realizing the serious nature of his illness, Mr. Brush recently ordered a re-organization of the New York club's business affairs. It is said that he practically gave up hope of recovery at that time, and accordingly put the club in the hands of H. M. Hempstead, his son-in-law. In the event of Mr. Brush's death it was said that Mr. Hempstead would become the principal owner.

John T. Brush was one of the most prominent men in baseball long before he established himself in this city. Along with A. G. Spalding he was regarded as one of the fathers of the national game.

EIGHT DEAD, 28 MISSING; OR HURT IN EXPLOSION

By Associated Press. 26.—The number of dead, injured and missing in the explosion at the plant of the Corn Products Refining company here yesterday was found to be smaller than at first believed.

Early today eight persons are known to be dead; four are missing and there are 25 injured in a hospital nearly all of whom are in precarious condition.

AMERICANS WORKING IN CHOLERA CAMP

Several Busily Engaged in Relieving Conditions Among the Patients at San Stefano.

By Associated Press. 26.—A group of American and English volunteers are working energetically at the cholera camp at San Stefano, where the Greek school has been converted into a hospital. The Rev. Dr. Freew, a Scotch pastor; Major Surgeon Ford, U. S. A.; Clyde S. Philip, secretary of the American embassy; and Maurice Barling, dressed in seaman's overalls and jacket, and Miss All and Mrs. Schneider, both aged and frail, comprise the party.

Mr. Freew's Greek servant is acting as Greek interpreter. Mr. Freew said: "These women are working me to death. They don't take lunch themselves or permit me to have any. We have 300 patients here and we had more than that yesterday."

This little band of foreigners is providing everything for the cholera-stricken—blankets, cups, soup cauldrons.

Gumpers Much Improved.

By Associated Press. 26.—President Samuel Gumpers of the American Federation of Labor is so much improved today that his secretary stated that he would be able to leave his room tonight. President Gumpers was taken ill with a severe cold on Sunday and for a time pneumonia threatened.

Wilson Shows Improvement.

POWERS GIVE PEACE COUNSEL

Great Britain, France and Germany Urge Moderation at Vienna and St. Petersburg.

TURKEY'S REPORTED BASIS OF AGREEMENT

Wants No War Indemnity, Adrianople and Maintenance of Sultan's Rule in Albania.

By Associated Press. 26.—No change for the worse in the international political situation brought about by the Balkan war is probable today except insofar as tension decreases the ability of diplomacy to resist a rupture.

Great Britain, France and Germany all are giving counsels of moderation both at Vienna and St. Petersburg. There also is reason to believe that Great Britain has given Serbia as well as Russia and France to understand that she has no interest in Serbia's demand for a port on the Adriatic.

She also has told them she has no intention of supporting Serbia's claim by force of arms nor of aiding any power to do so.

The fact that the Austro-Hungarian consul at Pristina has arrived at Uekup, thus disposing of the reports of his murder, ought to be helpful, in the opinion of diplomats, in bringing about a general improvement of the situation.

The progress of negotiations between the delegates of Turkey and of the Balkan allies at Thataja is still a sealed book. In diplomatic circles in London it is stated that Turkey has presented the following as an acceptable basis for an agreement:

First—No war indemnity.

Second—The retention by Turkey of the territory bounded by the Maritza river, the fortress of Adrianople to be included.

Third—The maintenance of the sovereignty of the sultan of Turkey in Albania.

French Cruiser to Turkish Port.

Constantinople, Nov. 26.—Disturbances are reported to have broken out at the Turkish seaport of Dedegatch, on the Aegean sea. The French cruiser Jurien de la Graviere has left here with orders to proceed to the scene.

Turks Strongly Entrenched.

London, Nov. 26.—The Times correspondent at Thataja sends the following:

"The Turks have recently piled the pick and shovel with such good will that I am more and more convinced that excepting the event of pressure from any quarter the allies will not risk the losses which direct operations against the Thataja lines would entail."

"I cannot in the interest of fair play indicate the positions of the second and third lines of entrenchments, but their strength must prove an important factor in the current negotiations and it definitely confirms my contention that whatever the cause of the delay, the Bulgarians lost their real opportunity during the first week of November."

"There are signs of the approach of winter, which will add yet another difficulty to the many with which the invader has had to contend."

Miners Ask Relief from Car Storage.

By Associated Press. 26.—Representatives of 500 miners in western Kentucky presented a petition to Governor McCreary yesterday asking that he take steps to relieve the car shortage, which the petition declares is working a hardship on the miners through depriving them of steady employment.

The governor has referred the petition to the railroad commission.

TRIAL OF ACCUSED KOREANS IS BEGUN

Case of Alleged Conspirators Against Terauchi Comes up on Appeal.

By Associated Press. 26.—The new trial on appeal of the 106 Koreans charged with conspiring in 1910 and 1911 against the life of Count Terauchi, Japanese governor general of Korea, began here today.

When proceedings opened, 106 of the accused were present, the other prisoner being sick.

About a dozen missionaries, a number of the prisoners' relatives and other spectators occupied a space outside the bar.

Baron Yun Chi Ho, a former Korean cabinet minister, who had been sentenced to ten years imprisonment at the first trial, was the first prisoner examined. He explained at length the reasons for the confession he made in March, 1912, before the procurator who he admitted complicity in the conspiracy and implicated six of the leaders. He said he then believed from newspaper reports and other sources that the men had already been convicted.

For that reason and fearing harsh treatment or torture, which the procurator had threatened, he confessed only implicating those who he understood had already confessed.

HORACE FOGEL RESIGNS FROM NATIONAL LEAGUE

Announcement Also Made That He Has Quit Philadelphia Nationals.

By Associated Press. 26.—Horace Fogel, president of the Philadelphia National League baseball club, tendered his resignation to the National League magnates in session here this afternoon. He took this action suddenly and without explanation before the assembled magnates had time to consider the charges against him of having made statements reflecting on the integrity of National League umpires.

It was announced that Alfred B. Wiler of Philadelphia had been elected president of the Philadelphia National League club on November 22. Mr. Wiler will represent the club at the session today.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Under the caption, "The Story of the Fogel Story," W. S. Forman, sporting editor of the Chicago Evening Post, in a signed statement today charged Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago National League club, with being the instigator of the "story" which resulted in charges preferred against Fogel.

Mr. Forman is in New York preparing to testify at the league meeting. The "Fogel story" attacking President Lynch and his umpire system, recently appeared in the Post. Regarding it, Mr. Forman said: "Charles W. Murphy authorized me to tell Fogel that Murphy had suggested writing the story. On this representation Fogel wrote it and signed it. He sent it to Murphy who read it before I saw it. It came to me from Murphy's office; and if Murphy had not approved that story it never would have been published. The man who is morally responsible for that article and the charges it contained is Murphy himself and I have Fogel's own word for it that he wrote it simply to help Murphy fight his battles in the National league."

IMPENDING MASSACRE

Special Train of 45,500 Despairing Tennessee Turkeys Is Racing Toward New York Today.

Washington, Nov. 26.—With a majority of its 45,500 passengers gobbling their despairing protests, a special train of 42 cars raced through Washington early today, bound for New York with turkeys from east Tennessee, destined to grace many a Gotham table. There were 24 cars filled with live turkeys, each car in charge of a specialist man who looked after the comfort of the fowls, and eight refrigerator cars containing birds killed and prepared for market. The "turkey special" is said to be the biggest single shipment of turkeys made in many years, if ever.

A Texas "Turkey Trot."

Cuero, Tex., Nov. 26.—Eighteen thousand turkeys marched through the streets of Cuero today in a procession headed by Governor O. B. Colquitt of Texas and members of his staff in full uniform. The event was officially named the "turkey trot."

The official dignity lent by the governor, his staff and several hours speech-making is explained by the fact that these turkeys represent some 18,000 Thanksgiving and Christmas dinners, for this section of Texas maintains a turkey packing house.

Japanese Coaling Station at Honolulu?

GIBSON JURORS ARE DISMISSED

Mistrial Ordered in Case of Lawyer After 14 Hours of Fruitless Deliberation.

By Associated Press. 26.—After deliberating for more than 14 hours, the jury in the case of Burton W. Gibson, charged with the murder of his client, Mrs. Rosa Szabo, reported to Justice Tompkins shortly after 11 o'clock this morning that they could not agree on a verdict. They were accordingly discharged.

Jacob J. Singer of Gibson's counsel announced shortly after the jury had been discharged that the district attorney had offered not to place Gibson on trial again on the charge of murdering Mrs. Szabo, provided Gibson would plead guilty to one of the several charges against him in New York county. A detective armed with a warrant based on an indictment found yesterday in New York was prepared to arrest Gibson today in the event of his acquittal on the murder charge. The warrant charges the larceny of \$17,000 from Hugh Trainor, a former client of Gibson's in 1910.

Other charges are pending in New York county against Gibson, some of them in connection with his administration of the Szabo estate.

Isidor Wasser-Vogel, assistant district attorney of New York county, who has been assisting the Orange county authorities at the trial, denied that any offer of any sort had been made to Gibson on behalf of the state.

Several times while Judge Tompkins was dismissing the jury, Gibson broke in with requests that he be permitted to make a statement or that the court request the jury to go back and try to agree upon a verdict. The court refused and was finally obliged to order the prisoner to stop.

In dismissing the jury the court cautioned them to say nothing about their deliberations "in view of the fact that this case will have to be tried again in Orange county."

It was reported in the court room that the jury had stood 11 to 1 for acquittal on the final ballot. Another report was that the jury stood seven to five for conviction.

After deliberating all night the jury reported to Justice Tompkins at 9:40 o'clock this morning that they had been unable to reach a verdict. Foreman Hicks added, however, that the prospects were good for reaching a verdict and the court sent them back to deliberate.

After being out six hours, the jurors filed into the court room and told Justice Tompkins that they could not agree.

"You will retire gentlemen," directed the court in reply, "and make another attempt to reach a verdict. When I looked through the window," said Eytner, "I lost my reason, ran into the house, got a revolver and fired."

A bullet struck Mrs. Eytner in the abdomen, causing her death. Barlow was wounded in the shoulder.

Corporal Barlow denied the accusation and said he visited the Eytner home to meet his fiancée.

"I saw Barlow and my wife sitting on the sofa embracing each other, when I looked through the window," said Eytner. "I lost my reason, ran into the house, got a revolver and fired."

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Seek to Establish Robin's Insanity.

By Associated Press. 26.—Character witnesses testified today at the trial of Charles H. Hyde, former city chamberlain charged with bribery in connection with a loan to the defunct Carnegie Trust company.

TILLMAN CASE IN HIGH COURT

Supreme Court Hears Evidence in Fight over the Custody of Senator's Grandchildren.

By Associated Press. 26.—"Gyp the Blood," "Whitely Lewis," "Lefty Louis," and "Dago Frank," the gunmen convicted of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, were sentenced by Justice Goff today to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of January sixth.

Each of the prisoners was sentenced separately and in each case Charles G. F. Wahle, their counsel, moved that the verdict be set aside and the judgment be arrested. Each motion Justice Goff successively denied. One of the grounds for Mr. Wahle's motion was that the verdict was the result of "passion, prejudice and other influences."

None of the condemned men gave any visible signs of his feelings. Accompanied by Sheriff Harburger and 12 deputies, the four were forced through a big, silent crowd outside the criminal courts building, thrust into the prison van and taken to the Grand Central station, where they boarded a train for Sing Sing. There with Charles Becker, former lieutenant of police, condemned as instigator of the Rosenthal murder, they will await execution.

Call Loans Again at 12 Per Cent.

Appeal May Be Made to Washington for Assistance in Relieving Money Stringency.

By Associated Press. 26.—A rise in call money or day-to-day loans to 12 per cent equalling yesterday's high rate, not attained since the early part of 1910, was responsible for further unsettlement in the stock market today.

Several influences were responsible for this stringency, including the fact that the clearing house banks have already lost \$7,000,000 to the sub-treasury since last Friday, which threatened a deficit in the excess reserve at the end of the week.

It was reported in the financial district that the treasury department at Washington would again be appealed to for assistance. In addition to the losses of the banks to the sub-treasury there has been heavy direct shipments of cash by these same institutions to the Pacific coast and agricultural centers chiefly to facilitate movements of crops.

Loans were again called during the early market session but this action was limited to several of the banks in the clearing house which last week showed some impairment of their legal reserve.

UNWRITTEN LAW PLEA OF ACCUSED HUSBAND

Eytner Says Woman He Slewed Had Improper Relations with Corporal Barlow.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Joseph Eytner, on trial for murdering his wife, Mrs. Iona Eytner in her home in Washington boulevard, October 1, 1911, today pleaded the unwritten law in his defense. He declared that his wife had responded to the wooing of Rayford E. Barlow, a corporal in a regiment stationed at Fort Sheridan.

"I saw Barlow and my wife sitting on the sofa embracing each other, when I looked through the window," said Eytner. "I lost my reason, ran into the house, got a revolver and fired."

A bullet struck Mrs. Eytner in the abdomen, causing her death. Barlow was wounded in the shoulder.

Corporal Barlow denied the accusation and said he visited the Eytner home to meet his fiancée.

Plans for G. O. P.

Will Be Made at Assemblage of Leaders in New York on December 4.

By Associated Press. 26.—Leaders of the Republican party from every state in the union are to assemble on December 4 for a series of conferences to devise plans for a great forward movement by the party and to map out a program for the next four years.

CASE IS ADJOURNED UNTIL NEXT MONDAY

To Allow B. F. Tillman, Jr., Opportunity to Contradict Allegations Made by Divorced Wife.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 26.—Senator B. F. Tillman, his son, B. R. Tillman, Jr., Mrs. Lucy Dugas, divorced wife of young Tillman, and many prominent South Carolina men and women, together with the two young Tillman children, were present in the Supreme court room here this morning at the hearing of the case brought by B. R. Tillman, Jr., for the recovery of his children from Mrs. Dugas, but after a mass of evidence had been submitted, the case was adjourned until next Monday to allow young Tillman to present evidence in rebuttal to affidavits of the deponent that he had been under the influence of liquor this month. Mrs. Dugas attempts to prove that Tillman is not a fit man to possess the children. An affidavit was submitted by the petitioner from Senator B. F. Tillman stating that young Tillman was now living a sober life. Mrs. Dugas is in possession of the children by a former order of the Supreme court.

Proceedings Begun in 1910.

The first proceedings in the now celebrated case were filed before the supreme court of this state on January 24, 1910, at which time Senator B. R. Tillman and Mrs. S. S. Tillman, his wife, in habeas corpus writ, were called before the court to show cause why they should not deliver to Mrs. B. R. Tillman, Jr., the custody of her two infant daughters, then in custody of their grandparents. The proceedings were brought by petition of Mrs. Lucy Dugas Tillman, wife of B. R. Tillman, Jr., and after being bitterly fought in the high court she gained custody of the children by order of the court; the decision being handed down February 15, 1910.

The husband had executed a deed, without the mother's consent, by which he undertook to transfer the custody and care of the children during their minority to his parents, Senator and Mrs. Tillman.

Mrs. Tillman Sustained.

The supreme court was called upon to decide whether the father had the right to deed away the children without the mother's consent. The court held that Mrs. Tillman had a right to her daughters and ordered the senator and his wife to turn them over to her to keep during their minority, or until the mother's consent.

Early in this month B. R. Tillman, Jr., again filed petition in the Supreme court asking that the custody of the children be taken from his wife and given to him. About a year ago Mrs. Tillman secured a divorce from him, while living in Cincinnati and took her maiden name. She is responding to the petition of the father of her children in the name of Mrs. Mary Dugas.

THREE MORE WARRANTS IN THE GOODWIN CASE

Hearing of Charges Against Theatrical Men Accused as White Slavers Takes Place Today.

By Associated Press. 26.—Three additional warrants were issued today for alleged violations of the white slave laws in connection with charges made by Miss Genevieve Godwin of Cincinnati, against members of the Metropolitan Musical company.

Those arrested were Jack Mason, George Pellmer and Arthur Jackson. These with three persons already under arrest, will be given a hearing sometime today before United States Commissioner Cojquitt. Miss Goodwin alleges she was induced to come here to accept a position with the company and that attempts were made to force her into a life of shame.

MISSING AFTER FIRE

Police Search Ruins of Burned Brooklyn Block—Fifteen Are in Hospitals.

By Associated Press. 26.—Firemen and police were searching for bodies today through the smouldering ruins of the Union Sulphur works, Brooklyn, and two adjoining blocks swept by a disastrous fire late yesterday. Eight men were reported missing but some of these may have escaped. Of the 15 removed to the hospitals none had succumbed this morning.



King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who is probably the most powerful force in the quadruple alliance of Serbia, Greece, Montenegro and Bulgaria, in their fight to overthrow the Turkish dynasty in the Balkans.