

SAYS POLITICS ABETTED CRIME

Federal Attorney Plays Politicians and Local Courts in Arraigning "Dynamite Crew."

ASSERTS CONSPIRACY SPREAD UNCHECKED

"Reckless Disregard of Life Came to Wanton Desire to Take Life," He Asserts.

By Associated Press.
Indianapolis, Dec. 18.—Politicians "standing between labor unions and the courts" were blamed for the McNamara dynamite plots at the outset of the government's argument to the jury at the trial of the 40 accused "bomb plotters" today.

Pronouncing the series of explosions scattered over the country as a conspiracy, "more dastardly and more threatening to society than the crime of an individual," James W. Noel, special assistant district attorney, told the jurors they were called upon to render verdicts in the most important trial in recent years.

"Organized crime has here appeared to an amazing degree," said Mr. Noel, "and it was carried on and it grew, because locally the arm of the law failed. Had local authorities done their duty this conspiracy could not have spread, but it appeared that politicians, for obvious reasons, stood between labor unions and criminals and the local courts."

"A strike of the iron workers was called. Plain assaults became murderous assaults. Then, unchecked by the local courts and favored by politicians, the criminals grew bolder and dynamite and nitroglycerine were resorted to."

"The Los Angeles Times building was blown up with the murder of 21 persons. After that reckless disregard of life came the wanton desire to take life. Of the 156 explosions that occurred in the United States the government has proved that 92 explosions were on the property of the open-shop contractors or firms which refused to recognize the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers."

"The 40 defendants in the 'dynamite conspiracy' trial faced the outlook today that their cases would be in the hands of the jury by Friday of next week."

The interval is to be devoted to argument to the jury in which the defense and the prosecution each is allowed four days, and to the final instructions by Federal Judge Anderson in ordering the jury to retire to form its verdict.

At the resting of the case by both sides after a total of 750 witnesses had been heard and 22,000 pages of testimony taken, Judge Anderson over-ruled all motions to instruct the jury to acquit certain of the defendants, but the judge stated in the cases of James Cooney, Chicago, and Frank J. Murphy, Detroit, and possibly others, "only a shadow of doubt" existed, although he would leave it to the jury to decide.

Butler Lodged in Jail.
John T. Butler of Buffalo, N. Y., vice president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, last night was locked in jail after his bond of \$10,000 had been increased to \$15,000 and after the court had said he committed perjury in testifying in his own behalf as a defendant in the dynamite conspiracy trial.

Next to President Frank M. Ryan, Butler is highest in office in a labor union of 12,000 members, and with Ryan he is charged as being one of 40 officials who conspired to promote dynamite explosions, including the wreckage of the Los Angeles Times building.

At the conclusion of a day's session in which both the prosecution and the defense raised their cases with the prospect that the trial will be placed in the hands of the jury in eight days, Federal Judge Albert B. Anderson delivered from the bench a scathing arraignment of what he termed "a display that has taken place here in the last two weeks."

"I don't believe," said Judge Anderson, referring to the stories of violence, riots and dynamiting related on the witness stand, "I don't believe, and I don't want to have any hope for this country, that organized labor stands for the things that have been shown here."

"This man Butler took the stand today and swore to things he knew were not true and everybody here knew he was committing perjury. There are a few people in this country who must be told that the law is the law and if there is any gentleman in this court room who feels that the shoe fits him, let him put it on. I have never seen a display such as has taken place here in the last two weeks and I have been a lawyer and on the bench for the last 24 years."

Judge Anderson's remarks were made after the jury had been retired for the day and after Clarence E. Dawd, Rochester, N. Y., formerly organizer for the International Association of Machinists in Detroit, had been discharged, leaving 40 men whose cases are to be in the jury.

IN HAND TO HAND FIGHT KILLS OUTLAW CHIEFTAIN

Arcani, Notorious Philippine Bandit, Slain by Lieut. E. H. Johnson.

By Associated Press.
Manila, Dec. 18.—The career of Arcani, a notorious outlaw chief of the Philippines, was brought to an end today when he was killed in a personal encounter with Lieutenant E. H. Johnson of the Philippine constabulary.

Two other outlaws belonging to the same band also were killed. A force of constabulary, assisted by a detachment of Moro volunteers under the command of Civil Governor George A. Herfert of Zamboanga, came into contact with the outlaw gang on the small island near Basilan. After a sharp engagement the band was scattered, leaving three of their number dead. Among these was Arcani, who had fought a fierce personal combat with Lieutenant Johnson.

Arcani during the career is known to have murdered seven people, including two Japanese traders, and he, with his followers, has carried out a number of raids. The constabulary and the volunteers are now pursuing the remainder of the band.

WIRE-TAPPING SWINDLER ACCUSED OF FORGERIES

Carter Alleged to Have Netted Thousands by Raising Money Orders.

By Associated Press.
Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 18.—Major Sylvester, chief of police of Washington, D. C., has wired Chief Quigley at St. Augustine not to release Albert Carter, the alleged wire-tapping swindler, under any circumstances, as he has a charge of swindling in that city to present against him. It is said by Pinkerton Detective Gegan that swindles aggregating \$45,000 have been traced to the prisoner and that he is badly wanted by the Adams Express company for forging and raising money orders for an unknown amount but running high into the thousands.

Carter is still in prison awaiting extradition papers from New York. Governor Gilchrist will honor them promptly and then another effort to obtain a habeas corpus writ will be made.

FOOTSOKE, BEDRAGGLED THE SUFFRAGETTES MARCH

That Is Six of Them Do—Rain and Muddy Roads Encountered.

By Associated Press.
Oshkosh, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Braving the rain, the six survivors of the company of suffragettes marching from New York to Albany bearing a message to Governor Sulzer, prepared to resume their journey today. Stiffness of joints and blistered feet, stoically denied yesterday, were this morning frankly acknowledged by the women when they mustered for the start. Nevertheless the little band enthusiastically followed their leader, Miss Rosalie G. Jones, as she called them together on the Albany post road. Peckskill, 12 miles onward, was the day's destination. The roads were muddy, the sky overcast, the air misty, when the march was resumed.

SAYS FEW FILIPINOS WANT INDEPENDENCE

Only Five per Cent of the Philippine People Favor Self-Government, Asserts Dr. Piper.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Dec. 18.—Only five per cent of the Philippine people desire self-government according to Dr. C. V. Piper, commissioner of education at Manila, and opponents of the self-government agitation in congress today were preparing to use this statement in fighting "home rule" legislation. Dr. Piper made his declaration before the anthropological society yesterday.

"The people of the Philippine Islands have made but little progress during the country," he said. "The educated class, which comprises about five per cent of the total population, is in favor of self-government, but the remainder are willing to remain subjects of the United States."

Dr. Piper declared that the United States should maintain sovereignty over the archipelago throughout the present generation at least.

SELF-DEFENSE BLAIR'S PLEA

Slayer of George C. Thompson Asserts Railroad Man Attached Him Before He Fired.

COURT ROOM SCENE HIGHLY DRAMATIC

Defendant Re-enacts the Killing Scene—Is Corroborated in Many Details by Others.

GAZETTE-NEWS BUREAU, GREENSBORO, Dec. 18.
W. F. Blair, in a manner which at times became highly dramatic, yesterday re-enacted to the jury his version of the tragedy in his home on Tuesday, October 29, when he shot to death George G. Thompson after the latter had come to his home by invitation. Upon this version Blair hopes to justify an acquittal verdict on the grounds of self-defense.

Briefly stated Blair's defense is that after receiving Thompson's note of dismissal he summoned his former chief with an idea that by a personal conference their differences could be amicably adjusted. His explanations failed to satisfy Mr. Thompson and even after reminding Thompson of repeated friendly acts and of shielding him from higher officials Thompson declined to rescind his order of dismissal on the grounds that Blair did not have the interest of the office at heart. "Finally I told him that if he would not treat me fairly in the matter, I would lay the facts before a superior officer," said Blair.

"At that Thompson lunged at me," saying "Damn you, I will kill you." He struck and either with his open or clenched hand glared my mouth."

Then in a manner which verged upon the hysterical and which was as dramatic as any scene ever enacted in the local court house Blair came down from the stand and paced up and down before the jury box, illustrating how Thompson rushed him, attempted to choke him and how he fired with the belief that if he did not he would himself be killed. Blair remembered nothing that happened after Thompson fell dead.

The witness was corroborated by a number of others in minor details of his story. Blair himself coming to the stand and corroborating in every detail certain phases of Blair's testimony. Every circumstance recited tallied precisely, even to matters of time, distance and acts just prior to the tragedy. The defense was unshaken by the vigorous cross examinations of the prosecutors.

WILSON IN CONFERENCE WITH PARTY LEADERS

M'Combs, M'Adoo, House and Palmer Talk With President-Elect.

By Associated Press.
New York, Dec. 18.—Governor Wilson was up early today in order to hold conferences with a number of prominent Democratic leaders who are in the city and who heard his speech at the southern society dinner last night in which the president-elect promised to provide "a gibbet of public disgrace" for any man who should attempt to start a panic in the United States. Chief among those whom the governor expected to see were William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic national committee, Vice President McAdoo, Colonel E. M. House of Houston, Texas, and C. Mitchell Palmer, democratic national committee-man from Pennsylvania.

Having been out of touch with conditions here during his vacation in Bermuda, the governor will go over matters with these leaders in order to get a perspective on affairs, political and otherwise.

The governor planned to remain in the city until late in the afternoon.

GETS MILLIONS OR \$

Upon the Future Conduct of Denver Youth Depends Which of Two Wills Shall Be Probated.

By Associated Press.
Denver, Colo., Dec. 18.—Two wills have been prepared by Alonso Thompson, octogenarian millionaire and spiritualist, of Denver. In the first will his son Alonso, Jr., is to be given the entire fortune, "if he can brace up and be a man." The young man's conduct is to decide whether he becomes beneficiary under the first will or another one by which he is bequeathed \$5. Both wills were signed by Thompson yesterday and placed in the hands of his attorney. If Young Thompson's future conduct meets with his father's approval the old man himself will tear up the will leaving the son only \$5, but if he should die before the change in conduct has come about the lawyer is to determine which will shall be probated.

BRYAN GREETED BY HUNDREDS

Great Commoner Is Taken for Ride Over City—Visits Mrs. Zebulon B. Vance.

THIRTY AUTOMOBILES IN THE PROCESSION

Wet Weather Does Not Affect Enjoyment—Will Bring Mrs. Bryan Here.

Col. William Jennings Bryan, three times candidate for the presidency of the United States and one of the leading personalities of the country of the present time, arrived in the city this morning at 10:40 o'clock to fill a speaking engagement at the Auditorium this afternoon. The weather was bad for his reception, but in spite of the threatened rain there were several hundred people assembled at the Southern passenger station to greet him. There were shouts of "Hoorah for Bryan" when he alighted from the train, and the crowd cheered lustily until he entered an automobile for a trip over the city.

The colonel had not had his breakfast on his arrival here and he was escorted to the railway dining room for a light meal. This took up only a short time and then, accompanied by the entertainment committee and a number of prominent men, he was escorted to the waiting machines for the tour of inspection of Asheville. A committee composed of Mayor J. E. Rankin, President F. M. Weaver of the board of trade, Dr. L. B. McBrayer went to Ridge Creek this morning to meet the "Peerless One," and this party was joined at Biltmore by Charles A. Webb and Governor-elect Locke Craig.

The big seven-passenger automobile of Tenche Core was used as the machine in which Col. Bryan was shown the sights of the city. It was driven by E. C. Sawyer and those occupying it were Col. Bryan, Josephus Daniels of Raleigh, Governor-elect Locke Craig, Mayor J. E. Rankin, Dr. L. B. McBrayer and Col. C. C. Hodges. Immediately behind this machine were others in which rode directors of the board of trade, members of the board of aldermen and a number of prominent citizens of the city. The procession of about 30 automobiles was escorted by four mounted policemen to Pack square.

The processions continued then over the route that had previously been mapped out to the summit of Sunset mountain. On the return trip a stop was made at the new Grove Park hotel, and then the party drove to North Liberty street, to the residence of Mrs. Zebulon Baird Vance, where a reception was held by Mrs. Vance in honor of Mr. Bryan, who is a personal friend of the family. After this informal reception, Col. Bryan was driven to the Battery Park hotel for luncheon.

The distinguished visitor seemed to enjoy himself to the fullest with the city and the people. He expressed himself as being delighted with Asheville in spite of the fact that the weather conditions are so bad. He said that he could never hold the weather man responsible for bad days, since the chief of the bureau failed four years ago to provide sunshine for the inauguration of President Taft. As for the scenery here and the hospitality of the people, the colonel stated that he expects to bring Mrs. Bryan here for an extended stay.

Col. Bryan was enthusiastic about the whole of the city, and he lost no opportunity from the passenger station to the summit of Sunset mountain to inform himself of the different points of interest. When he reached the top of the mountain, however, he seemed entirely won over to Asheville and western North Carolina.

When the party stopped at the new Inn Col. Bryan was shown briefly the plans for the structure and was then conducted over it while Mr. Seely explained about the plans for the entire structure.

Col. Bryan found an old friend in Mr. Seely, whom he had known as the publisher of the Atlanta Georgian, and the gentlemen found a number of things in common to talk about.

The informal reception by Mrs. Vance was scheduled for earlier in the day, before the party went to (Continued on page 5.)

Many Marriages Voided Under Court Decision

Ceremonies Performed in Other States by Illinoisans in Violation of Illinois Statute Are Held Illegal—Numbers of Chicago Couples Affected.

By Associated Press.
Chicago, Dec. 18.—A decision of the Illinois Supreme court today makes it necessary for scores of Chicago couples to remarry if they wish their union to be recognized as legal. The court ruled that when a person violates the Illinois statute prohibiting remarriage within one year after the divorce ceremony is not legal even if performed in another state. Neither has one party any claim on the estate of the other. The children resulting from the illegal marriages are without moral protection and have no standing in law.

Great numbers of Illinoisans have gone to other states and remarried in less than one year after being divorced in their own state. The unions have been considered legitimate but the final court decision will compel them to remarry now if a year has elapsed, or wait until a year has elapsed.

WHERE HEARST GOT LETTERS

Foraker Names Men Who Stole Them from Archbold and Sold Them to Publisher.

EX-SENATOR DENIES IMPROPER CONDUCT

Declares the Money He Received Was for Legal Service in Legitimate Lines.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Dec. 18.—Former Senator J. B. Foraker today produced a statement before the senate campaign expenditures investigating committee prepared by Gilchrist Stewart, purporting to be based on a description by W. W. Winkfield, of how Winkfield and Charles Stump took the "Archbold letters" from the Standard Oil office and sold them to a representative of William R. Hearst.

"Mr. Hearst said yesterday that he did not know how the letters were procured," said the former senator. "Such a preposterous story as that you might tell the marines, but to no one else."

Mr. Foraker said Stewart in 1908 sent him a newspaper clipping in which W. A. Ullman, attorney for C. P. Taft, was reported to have conferred with Mr. Hearst about the letters before they were published, and suggested that Ullman, Mr. Taft and John T. Cronin, the latter formerly connected politically with Mr. Hearst, be called as witnesses.

Mr. Foraker declared that about a week ago he had Mr. Stewart go to Chicago where Winkfield was working as a waiter, and ascertained what he knew. Upon the interview, he said, Stewart had based his report. What that report contained Mr. Foraker proceeded to detail, declaring that he did not vouch for its accuracy. He added that the committee could call Winkfield.

According to the statement presented, Winkfield and Stump took some letters from the Archbold files and wrote a letter to the New York American making an offer of sale and the next day called upon Mr. Hearst. They went the next day to the private editorial office of the New York American, where a man named Eldridge talked to them. They were told that Mr. Hearst stated they were performing a great public duty. They talked as to the price with Eldridge, wanting \$10,000, but getting promise of only \$5,000. The next day they delivered the letters to Eldridge to be photographed and received 50 \$100 bills.

Other Letters Stolen.
The statement declared that Winkfield and Stump were given a list of 200 senators, congressmen, judges and governors with the assurance that letters from them to Archbold would be paid for well. For one batch of such letters they claimed to have received \$3,000 and for another \$4,000. For the Penrose, Hanna and Foraker letters, the statement said, Eldridge paid them \$7,000.

"Evidently we were the fat cattle," remarked Mr. Foraker. In all, the statement continued, \$34,000 was paid to the two men. For two signatures of Mr. Archbold, standing alone, they claimed they were paid \$500. The statement said the signatures were requested of the two men and that they procured them by having Mr. Archbold write his name in an album.

Both Winkfield and Stump were employees in Mr. Archbold's office at the time the letters disappeared. Winkfield, a negro, is a son of Mr. Archbold's butler.

When Senator Foraker concluded his testimony the committee adjourned indefinitely without deciding whether to call the witnesses Mr. Foraker suggested.

Foraker Defends Position.
Mr. Foraker first took up the Archbold letter, favoring the nomination (Continued on page 6.)

MONEY TRUST'S RAMIFICATIONS

CAPIAS IS HERE FOR J. H. CARTER

May Be Served Today—Will Be Required to Make \$8000 Bond.

John H. Carter, against whom a bill of indictment, containing 53 counts charging violations of the United States banking laws, was returned at the last term of District court held in Greensboro, has returned to Asheville from Muskogee, Okla., and it is understood that a capias now in the hands of Marshal W. E. Logan which was issued for him when the case was set for trial in this city next May, will be served on him this afternoon or tomorrow morning. He will be required to furnish bail in the sum of \$8,000.

Mr. Carter's attorneys could not be seen at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and it could not be learned what arrangements have been made for the necessary bond.

FIVE SMUGGLED CHINESE WOMEN ARE DISCOVERED

Raid Adds to Chain of Events That Have Cost Much Bloodshed.

By Associated Press.
San Francisco, Dec. 18.—Locked in steel cells in a dark, evil-smelling Chinese building, United States immigration officials in a raid found five Chinese women who recently had been smuggled in from the Orient, and arrested two men alleged to be the leaders in the traffic.

Under the leadership of United States immigration inspector Almsworth and Federal Attorney McNabb, the entire local staff of the immigration officers battered down steel doors at the entrance of the building. Pitch darkness greeted the officers. Not a stairway was found in the building, access to each floor being gained by a trap door reached by a ladder. Far below the street level in a maze of underground passages the women were found huddled in the cells.

The raid adds to a chain of events which have cost much bloodshed in Chinatown. A Chinese informer who gave information to the government leading to a previous raid endeavored to return to China to escape the "vengeance of the smugglers but was killed on the liner Korea.

His slayer is now awaiting trial in Honolulu.

SENATE DEMOCRATS BEGIN FILIBUSTER

By Associated Press.
Washington, Dec. 18.—A successful democratic filibuster to prevent an executive session today for consideration of President Taft's appointments developed in the senate early in the afternoon and prevented a quorum. Republican leaders stated later they would demand an executive session without accepting the democratic program.

MADMAN FIRES HIS HOME, INCINERATING CHILDREN

By Associated Press.
Fort Smith, Ark., Dec. 18.—As a result of a fire early this morning, two children of Marion Capp, living near Bonanza, are dead, one is missing and two are so badly burned it is not believed they will recover.

Capp, who, it is claimed is insane, is under arrest charged with setting fire to his home and causing the death of his children.

LEPT \$2,500,000 CASH.

Louis A. Heinsheimer of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Had Largest Bank Balance on Record.

By Associated Press.
Albany, N. Y., Dec. 18.—The estate of Louis A. Heinsheimer of New York, who died three years ago, has been appraised by the state comptroller's office at \$14,000,000. The appraisal shows that Mr. Heinsheimer had a bank balance of \$2,500,000 cash, the largest sum of the kind ever recorded here.

Mr. Heinsheimer virtually was unknown outside of the Wall street district. He had spent his life there, rising from a messenger boy to membership in the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Company. He was 48 years old.

Chart Before Pujo Committee Shows How Directors of 18 Banks Influence 25 Billions.

MORGAN EXAMINED AS TO CREDIT CONTROL

Financier Questioned by Undertermeyer as to Extent to Which Situation Is Dominated.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Dec. 18.—J. P. Morgan appeared before the house money trust investigating committee at its afternoon session today.

His daughter, Mrs. Satterlee, and his son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., accompanied him. Mr. Morgan talked with his son and daughter while he was waiting to be called.

"The concentration of money and credit," the larger phase of the house investigation of the so-called money trust, was taken up today by the Pujo committee.

While J. P. Morgan, his partners and lawyers waited, two huge charts were placed in the record purporting to show a mutual interest by 18 big New York, Chicago and Boston financial institutions in 134 corporations through interlocking directors.

The charts were represented as showing the affiliations of 159 firm members and directors in the New York, Chicago and Boston institutions included in the charts. They purported to show that those men hold, in all, 746 directorships in 134 corporations having total resources or capitalization of \$25,325,000,000.

The charts were introduced as evidence and placed in the record by Philip Studier, a statistician who prepared them in behalf of the committee. He was examined at length as to their details and as to the method and accuracy of their preparation.

Washington, Dec. 18.—Elaborate charts were presented to the house money trust committee today giving lists of "interlocking directors" in a number of leading financial and industrial institutions, also a table showing affiliations of J. P. Morgan & Company, Guaranty Trust company, Bankers Trust company, First National bank and National City bank, and other corporations through "interlocking directorates."

This was in pursuance to that branch of the committee's inquiry bearing on the so-called "concentration of money and credit."

A prepared summary of the table on interlocking directorates says: "This table shows the affiliations of 159 selected financial institutions—J. P. Morgan & Co., New York; First National bank, New York; Guaranty Trust company, New York; Bankers Trust company, New York; National City bank, New York; Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York; National Bank of Commerce, New York; Hanover National bank, New York; Chase National bank, New York; Astor Trust company, New York; New York Trust company, New York; Baird & Co., New York; Continental and Commercial National bank, Chicago; First National bank, Chicago; Illinois Trust and Savings bank, Chicago; Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston and New York; Lee Higginson & Co., Boston and New York; with the greater banks, trust companies and insurance companies and transportation systems, and producing and trading corporations, and public utility corporations, through representation upon their boards of directors."

Represent 26 Billions of Capital.
"The firm members and directors whose affiliations are thus shown number 159. In the aggregate they hold 385 directorships in 41 banks and trust companies having total resources of \$2,832,000,000 and total deposits of \$2,834,000,000 fifty directorships in eleven insurance companies having total assets of \$2,646,000,000; 115 directorships in 31 railroad systems having a total capitalization of \$12,193,000,000 and a total mileage of 163,260. Six directorships in two express companies and four directorships in one steamship company with a combined capital of \$245,000,000 and gross income of \$7,000,000; 98 directorships in 28 producing and trading corporations having a total capitalization of \$3,980,000,000 and total gross annual earnings in excess of \$1,145,000,000 and 48 directorships in 19 public utility corporations having a total capitalization of \$4,335,000,000 and total gross annual earnings in excess of \$428,000,000; in all 746 directorships in 134 corporations having a total resource of capitalization of \$25,325,000,000."

An explanation of the chart, relating to Morgan & Company, the First National Bank, the National City Bank, the Guaranty Trust company and the Bankers Trust company, says: "The table shows that J. P. Morgan & Company, the First National bank, the National City bank and the Guaranty Trust company and the Bankers Trust company together have:

One hundred and eighty-three directorships in 44 banks and trust companies having total resources of \$2,832,000,000 and total deposits of \$2,834,000,000. (Continued on page 5.)