

LEVEES GO OUT; FARMS FLOODED

Cairo and Hickman Embankments Hold, but Weaker Dykes Along Rivers Give Way.

SUFFERING REPORTED AT UNIONTOWN, KY.

Two Thousand "People Are Huddled Together on the Only Dry Spot in Big Territory.

By Associated Press. Cairo, Ill., April 3.—Although rain and wind had been predicted for Cairo...

The reason given by the local forecaster for this condition is the fact that the small levees continue to give way...

UNIONTOWN FLOODED

Evanville, Ind., April 3.—Extreme conditions of suffering resulting from the Ohio flood were reported today from Uniontown, Ky., where the 1400 inhabitants of the town and 600 refugees from the surrounding country districts are huddled in the fair grounds on the only dry spot in an area of 10 miles square.

SITUATION AT HICKMAN

Hickman, Ky., April 3.—Steady work throughout the night on the West Hickman levee, where several weak spots developed yesterday, today had placed that embankment in a condition which local experts believe will withstand what flood water now is in sight.

Reports from along the line of the Redfoot levee this morning state the levee is holding through its entire length.

The refugee camps on the hills of Hickman have been pronounced in good shape. There are said to be plenty of food and shelter for all who have arrived and arrangements have been made for enlarging the camp as it becomes necessary.

WATERS RECEDING AT LOUISVILLE

Louisville, April 3.—With the waters of the Ohio receding here and no further damage expected save the possible collapse of buildings weakened by the flood, Louisville was prepared today to give more attention to questions of sanitation and relief for refugees.

The city health department has indicated that it will require that flooded homes be thoroughly cleaned and dried out before their owners are permitted to move into them again.

Although demands upon relief stations showed some decrease today there still were between 2000 and 3000 families homeless in the city and many of these were more or less dependent.

The directors of the board of trade yesterday adopted resolutions calling upon the city government to lend financial aid in the relief work.

Lower river points today were busy with preventive and relief work in preparation for the crest of the flood now nearly upon them.

SPECIAL FLOOD BULLETIN

Washington, April 3.—Here is today's flood bulletin:

The Ohio river at Cincinnati has fallen one and a half feet in the last 24 hours. The stage Thursday morning being 63 feet, 13 feet above flood stage.

The rest of the lower Ohio flood is evidently in the neighborhood of Evansville, where the river at 7 o'clock Thursday morning was 47.8 feet, 12.9 feet above flood stage.

THREE YEARS TERM FOR SUFFRAGETTE

Mrs. Pankurst Is Convicted of Conspiring to Destroy the Residence of David Lloyd-George With Bomb.—Miss Emerson Very Ill.

(By Associated Press) London, April 3.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the militant suffragettes, was today found guilty and sentenced to three years penal servitude at the old Bailey sessions on the charge of inciting persons to commit damage.

The trial required two days. The jury added to its verdict of guilty a strong recommendation for mercy and when the judge pronounced the heavy sentence of three years the crowd of women rose in angry protest.

As Mrs. Pankhurst stood up in the prisoner's enclosure her sympathizers cheered wildly and then fled out of the court singing "March On, March On" to the tune of the "Marseillaise."

Mrs. Pankhurst's closing address to the jury lasted 50 minutes. She informed the court that she did not wish to call any witnesses. In her address she frequently wandered so far from the matter before the court that the judge censured her.

Mrs. Pankhurst denied any malicious incitement. "Neither I nor the other militant suffragettes are wicked or malicious," she said. "Women are not tried by their peers and these trials are an example of what women are suffering in order to obtain their rights. Personally I have had to surrender a large part of my income in order to be free to participate in the suffragette movement."

Makes Impassioned Address. Speaking with much feeling, Mrs. Pankhurst severely criticized man-made laws and said that the divorce law alone was sufficient to justify a revolution by the women.

In impassioned tones she declared: "Whatever may be my sentence, I will not submit. From the very moment I leave the court I will refuse to eat. I will come out of prison dead or alive at the earliest possible moment."

Justice Lush, in summing up, told the jury that Mrs. Pankhurst's speeches were an admission that she had incited to the perpetration of illegal acts.

Mrs. Pankhurst almost broke down when the jury pronounced its verdict. Leaning over the front of the prisoner's enclosure she said:

"It is impossible to find a different verdict. I want to say to you and to the jury that it is your duty as private citizens to do what you can to put an end to this state of affairs."

She then repeated her determination to end her sentence as soon as possible, saying: "I don't want to commit suicide. Life is very dear to all of us. But I want to see the women of this country enfranchised. I want to live until that has been done. I will take the desperate remedy other women have taken and I will keep it up as long as I have an ounce of strength."

"I deliberately broke the law, not hysterically and not emotionally, but for a set and serious purpose. I honestly believe this is the only way. This movement will go on whether I live or die. These women will go on until women have obtained the common rights of citizenship throughout the civilized world."

Justice Lush said: "I must pass a severe sentence on you. If you would only realize the wrong you are doing and use your influence in the right direction, I would be the first to use my best endeavor to secure a mitigation of your sentence. I cannot and I will not regard your crime as trivial. It is a most serious one."

Miss Emerson Said to Be Ill. London, April 3.—A letter from Mrs. Emerson of Detroit, Mich., was handed by Josiah Wedgwood, a liberal member of parliament, to Reginald McKenna, the British home secretary, today. It demanded permission for Mrs. Emerson's own physician to examine her daughter, Miss Sessie Emerson, the militant suffragette who is said to be suffering from the forcible feeding employed by the officials since she started her "hunger strike" in Holloway jail.

The United States embassy, according to Mrs. Emerson, has promised, in the event of failure of Secretary McKenna to comply with her request to place the matter before the British foreign office.

A letter from a prisoner confined in the next cell to Miss Emerson says that the release of the American woman within a few days is necessary in order to save her reason and perhaps her life. This letter also asserts that Miss Emerson, by giving her neighbor a portion of her food, carried on her "hunger strike" 14 days before the prison doctors discovered the ruse.

Special to The Gazette-News. Old Fort, April 3.—An election has been ordered in Old Fort township May 13 on the proposal to issue bonds in the amount of \$20,000 for the construction of that part of the Central highway lying in this township. There are strong indications that the bond issue will carry.

Government aid in the construction of this road, to the amount of \$20,000, is dependent upon the expenditure of an equal sum by the township. This link will complete the Central highway from Waynesville to the sea, to the point of being passable to automobiles in good weather, and a considerable portion of it is good in all weathers.

Lipton to Issue Second Challenge. London, April 3.—Sir Thomas Lipton, undaunted by the refusal of the New York Yacht club to accept the conditions he proposed in his recent challenge for the America's cup, has decided, according to the Evening News to issue an unconditional challenge.

Wounded in Duel. Paris Editor and Politician Receive Severe Thrusts before Seconds Stop Combat. (By Associated Press) Paris, April 3.—Both combatants were wounded in a fierce sword duel fought today between Georges Berthoulat, managing director of the La Liberté, and Pascal Ceccaldi, a prominent member of the chamber of deputies. Their onslaught was very violent. Berthoulat received a thrust in the right breast and Ceccaldi one in the right shoulder. The seconds then stopped the combat. Neither of the wounds is likely to prove fatal.

To Reintroduce Currency Bill. By Associated Press. Washington, April 3.—Senator Weeks of Massachusetts announced today that he would reintroduce the bill for currency reform, prepared by the national monetary commission which died of inaction at the last congress.

FOR GOVERNOR OF PHILIPPINES

The President Is Casting about for a Suitable Man for that Important Post.

IMPORTANT PROBLEMS AHEAD IN ISLANDS

Representative Jones Is Planning to Reintroduce Bill Providing for Their Independence.

Washington, April 3.—President Wilson is carefully considering the appointment of a governor-general of the Philippine Islands.

Representative Jones of Virginia, chairman of the insular affairs committee who announced he will reintroduce at the coming session his bill providing for Philippine independence.

Mr. Jones urged the selection of a responsible and courageous man because of the problems ahead. The president said he had not yet fixed upon any one. He will confer with Secretary Garrison and others interested in Philippine problems before making the appointment.

The Philippine resident commissioners, Quenson and Earnshaw, have arranged to see the president tomorrow and will protest against free sugar.

Representative Carter Glass of Virginia, ranking member of the house committee on banking and currency, saw the president today and arranged a formal conference for next week. Mr. Glass has been working on a currency bill and expects to show the president the progress of his work.

TO ACCORD MORGAN MILITARY HONORS

French Government Provides For Ceremonies at Havre Tomorrow.

Paris, April 3.—Military honors are to be tendered to the memory of the late J. Pierpont Morgan when his body arrives at Havre tomorrow. By order of the French government troops will be drawn up during the transfer of the coffin from the train to the steamer and will render the salute accorded to members of the Legion of Honor, of which Mr. Morgan was a commander.

The funeral party is due at Paris at 11 o'clock tonight and will leave for Havre at midnight. Myron L. Herrick, United States ambassador to France, and Mrs. Herriek will accompany Mrs. John H. Harjes, the wife of the late banker's partner to the train.

Rome, April 3.—The eternal city gave its last farewell to J. P. Morgan, whose body was conveyed last evening from the Grand hotel to the railway station and there placed aboard a train for Havre. It will be transported to the United States by a steamer, probably La Franke, sailing for New York on Saturday.

The German emperor sent a message of condolence to Mrs. Morgan as follows: "Accept the expression of my sincerest sympathy in your great bereavement. Your husband's death is a loss not only for you, your family and your country, but for many friends in all parts of the world shall never forget him."

The funeral procession to the depot was impressive in its simplicity. The hearse was followed by carriages in which rode Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, the American ambassador, Thomas J. O'Brien, the staff of the embassy, the attending physicians, Dr. Nelson of the American church, and a few friends. Platoons of municipal guards acted as an escort. The people in the streets raised their hats as the cortege passed.

Mr. Morgan's pet dog of the imperial Chinese breed, without which he never travelled and which he kept as his constant companion in his apartments, has remained in its kennel since his death, refusing to eat and displaying evident signs of distress.

J. P. Morgan & Co. Resume Business. New York, April 3.—J. P. Morgan & Co. opened for business today for the first time since the former head of the banking house died last Monday in Rome. The notice of Mr. Morgan's death was taken from the front door and the office gave no indication of the event that had caused a suspension of the firm's far-reaching activities for the past three days.

No Buyer for Cox Mill. By Associated Press. Anderson, S. C., April 3.—The plant of the Cox cotton mill of this city which recently was placed in the hands of a receiver, was offered at auction today, but found no buyer at the minimum price of \$200,000 named by the federal court.

Endangered Steamer Safe. By Associated Press. Norfolk, Va., April 3.—The steamer George Hawley, in trouble off Cape Henry last night, is now reported safe inside the capes.

INCOME TAX BILL UNDER DISCUSSION

President and Congress Leaders Working Out Details of Revenue Measure—Wilson Urged to Retain Sugar Tariff with 25 per Cent Cut.

Washington, April 3.—The democratic majority of the house committee on ways and means reassembled at what was expected to be the final meeting before the tariff revision bill is laid before the democratic caucus next Tuesday.

With the points of difference between President Wilson and the committee settled by an agreement on free raw wool, the interest shifted to a large extent to free sugar and the details of the income tax plan.

Members of the committee were prepared to receive a final word from the president regarding the tariff measure and to devote much of today to consideration of the income tax. There was a possibility of a change in the provisional rate of one per cent on amounts above the exempted \$4000 a year, running up to four per cent on \$100,000 or more a year.

In connection with the framing of the new permanent feature of the government revenue system, a consideration of the question of flexibility of the rates so as to meet emergencies in the government's needs has invoked an issue as to the constitutionality of any provision that would permit the president by proclamation or otherwise to change any income tax rate.

The income tax plan will absorb much of the administrative details of the present corporation tax law, will be administered by the present, but enlarged, internal revenue machinery of the treasury department and will be based on the incomes for a single year's operations instead of an average of a number of years as had been suggested to the committee. The cost of collection of the tax, it is estimated, will not exceed one per cent of the aggregate revenue from that source.

It is figured that presumably at least two-thirds of the income tax can be collected under the principle of collection at the source. The purpose of this method is to minimize the incidental features and lessen the basis of individual complaint. This is largely based on the workings of the law in Great Britain which, according to information laid before the committee, collected \$200,000,000 from an income tax.

As to all incomes by which the tax is measured and paid, the individual tax payer would not be required to make a personal return. The government, corporations, co-partnerships and persons paying annual earnings to employees or other persons in excess of the minimum taxable income, now provisionally \$4000, would deduct and withhold this tax and turn it over to the government, a method that would likewise apply to mortgages and leases of real or personal property. The tax payer under the proposed system would not in the bulk of cases come in contact with a revenue official.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT AN EARLY POSSIBILITY

Aero Club of America Believes \$50,000 Prize Will Be Won.

New York, April 3.—The London Daily Mail's offer of \$50,000 for the first trans-Atlantic aeroplane flight was given hearty endorsement by the Aero club of America at a meeting of the board of governors yesterday.

"Crossing the Atlantic in an airship now is only a question of time and not of money," said Allan R. Hawley, president of the club.

Members of the club were optimistic in the prospects of an early fulfillment of the conditions of the offer. Some even predicted that the flight will be within the year.

The two main difficulties to be overcome are the carrying of sufficient fuel and the keeping of a direct course. This latter, it has been suggested, might be overcome by enticing the co-operation of the government and having relays of torpedo destroyers to keep within wireless communication of the aeroplanes to serve as beacons. As for the fuel, a year ago the Aero club mapped off trans-Atlantic air routes, one of which had no jump greater than 800 miles. Distances within a few miles as great as this have been covered by continuous flights in France.

GRAND JURY DESIRES PRESENCE OF SULZER

New York Governor Requested to Give Testimony as to Thaw.

New York, April 3.—Report had it today that Governor Sulzer will be requested to appear before the grand jury here which is investigating circumstances surrounding the various resorts to obtain Harry K. Thaw's release from Matteawan. The inquiry is nearing its end but it is understood the grand jurors desire to have the governor give them any private information he has concerning the case. He will not be subpoenaed, it is said, but will be asked to testify by District Attorney Whitman.

PANAMA CANAL TOLLS

Appears to Be the Most Popular Subject in the Minds of Lawyers. Washington, April 3.—Evidence of the popular interest in Panama Canal tolls controversy is found in the fact that with one exception every subject for discussion at the seventh annual meeting here of the American Society of International Law, April 24 to 26, relates to that problem. Some of the most noted lawyers in the land are expected to address themselves to it and it is expected that the great weight of legal heavy artillery will be trained against the governments' policy.

The meeting will conclude with a banquet on the evening of April 25 which will be addressed by most of the legal prominence of the United States and other countries.

MAY OVERRIDE HOOPER'S VETO

Tennessee House Undertakes to Pass Bill to Punish Filibusterers Despite Governor's Wishes.

RULING OF T. B. REED CITED AS PRECEDENT

Members Absent from State Counted as "Present and Not Voting"—Only Four "oNes"

Nashville, Tenn., April 3.—Despite the absence in other states of a third of its membership, the Tennessee house of representatives today undertook to break a quorum over the governor's veto. Members on filibuster were counted as "present but not voting." It is said the "regular" democrats controlling the house claim a precedent for this procedure in legislative matters was established by Reed, while in the lower house of congress. The roll call was announced as 52 ayes, 4 noes and 28 "present and not voting."

There were 58 actually present. The bill was then ordered transferred to the senate.

Governor Hooper replied to the return by the house of representatives of his veto of the "filibuster bill," the house having alleged that the language of the veto was "unparliamentary."

In a special message today the governor declined to modify the language, declaring he had used no language that was disrespectful or unparliamentary; that the house had no right to censor executive messages and that the house had already spread the message on its records.

"Parliamentary language," said the governor, "may be taught by example as well as by precept."

MRS. CHAMP CLARK WILL NOT ATTEND

Makings of a First Class Rucus Among the Women of the National Capitol.

Washington, April 3.—Fresh fuel was added to the flames that are trying the souls of the promoters of the "national welcome breakfast" to be given for Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall Saturday, when Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the speaker of the house, notified them she would not attend. Mrs. Clark pleaded a previous engagement. Those who have declined to go to the breakfast on the ground that democratic women are being discriminated against were jubilant today when the news of Mrs. Clark's defection was made known.

The question of precedence in the cabinet at the breakfast is solved by the plan of having the wives of the cabinet officers ranged at Mrs. Wilson's table in the same position that their husbands occupy in the cabinet room. Mrs. Clark was to have been placed at Mrs. Wilson's left, Mrs. Bry-an occupying the honor place at the right hand of the wife of the president.

The principal criticism levelled at the committee having the affair in charge is that the breakfast instead of being a democratic affair, will include women whose husbands are of every shade of political faith.

There has been much criticism over the failure of the committee to provide a large enough hall to seat all who desire to attend. The invitation list is now limited to 350 while more than 1200 women have expressed a desire to attend the welcome to the wives of the president and vice-president.

BURIAL OF GEORGE IMPOSING CEREMONY

Athens, April 3.—Such an imposing ceremonial as marked the burial of King George has never before been witnessed in modern Athens. The procession was of great length, consisting of many eastern and western nationalities. The royal princes of Greece and the dignitaries representing the courts of Europe and the states of the American hemisphere joined with deputations from European Turkey, from the islands of the Aegean sea and from Asia Minor, each in distinctive national dress.

Doomed Men Supplied With Poison. Paris, April 3.—The four automobile bandits confined in the prison de La Santé under sentence of death by the guillotine, were searched by wardens today and were found to have hidden in their clothing sufficient poison to kill fifty persons.

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