

MEXICAN ISSUE BEFORE SENATE

Senator Penrose Demands to Know the Status of William B. Hale in Mexico City.

INFORMATION REFUSED BY SENATOR BACON

Penrose Says unless Lind's "Mysterious Mission" Develops Results He Will Offer Resolutions.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 15.—Senator Penrose forced another debate on the Mexican situation in the senate today by introducing a resolution calling upon President Wilson to inform the senate whether William Bayard Hale is in Mexico City as the agent of an executive department of the government and if so by what authority he was appointed and what compensation he has been given.

The White House explanation of Hale's presence in Mexico has been that he was there supplying information as the personal friend of President Wilson.

Senator Penrose declared that he did not desire to further complicate a delicate situation or to indulge in jingoism. He referred, however, to dispatches from Mexico telling of the serious plight of Shirley C. Hulse, son-in-law of Lieutenant-Governor Reynolds of Pennsylvania, who with his wife and little daughter are believed to be in danger from revolutionists near the city of Chihuahua.

The senator declared that unless the mission of Mr. Lind produces any tangible result in the event that it does not early next week I expect to address the senate on conditions in Mexico and will offer a resolution which, I hope, will go some way toward asserting the dignity of the United States and its intention to protect the lives and property of Americans in Mexico.

Mr. Penrose asked Chairman Bacon of the foreign relations committee if he could reveal the status of Mr. Hale. "I decline to answer," replied Senator Bacon.

"Declining to answer will not continue to be satisfactory to the senate or to the people of the country," rejoined Senator Penrose.

Attacks Dr. Hale. Senator Penrose said he had known Hale several years and that he left Ardmore, Pa., about 13 years ago under circumstances which he need not "more than mention."

The senator Dr. Hale's connections are severed the better for the unfortunate Americans now in Mexico," he concluded.

Senator Lodge charged that the democrats were trying to treat the Mexican question as a party affair. His statement, made in bitter terms, followed a declaration by Senator Bacon, that "force meant war."

"I want to support the president in every way on this Mexican matter," Senator Lodge said, addressing the democrats. "He is not your president alone; he is the president of the American people; as much mine as yours. But I want no partisanship in the handling of this situation. You can do nothing worse than to exercise the power of your majority on the Mexican question."

Another resolution by Mr. Penrose calling for consular reports as to happenings at Durango since January 1, one by Senator Poindexter calling for information as to measures to protect Americans in Mexico, and one by Senator Brandegee calling for a joint investigation by the house and senate naval committees to determine what increase in the navy was being made and what naval program was under consideration, was introduced.

Objections carried all the resolutions over for another day without reference to committees.

ARE TAKING STEPS AGAINST THE JAPANESE FRUIT PEDDLERS

By Associated Press. Grass Valley, Cal., Aug. 15.—A resolution providing for the appointment of a special committee to cooperate with business men of the city in keeping out Japanese fruit peddlers was adopted last night by the chamber of commerce. All citizens will be asked not to patronize Asiatics. The committee will formulate plans to keep the Japanese fruit men out of the city.

Canal Excavation.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 15.—The Ishikawa canal commission announced today that the total number of excavations from the Panama canal in July was 3,341,948 cubic yards as against 2,558,754 cubic yards in June, the average daily output being 121,691 yards. Concrete laid in July totaled 17,344 cubic yards as against 12,642 cubic yards in the previous month.

ROBBERS CRACKED H. J. OLIVE'S SAFE

Secured About \$100 in Money Last Night—No Clue to The Perpetrator.

The store of H. J. Olive, in West Asheville, was broken into last night, the safe was blown open and nearly \$100 was taken. The robbers made their entrance by the front door, which was pried open evidently by a pick and chisel which were found near the door this morning. The safe that was robbed is in the rear of the store and is only two feet away from another safe that is used for the books of the store. The door of the safe was carried nearly half the length of the store, by the explosion, knocking down a stove that was in the middle of the store and one of the hinges of the safe tore a hole in an oak cabinet about four feet away.

The safe-cracker got about \$100, an insurance policy belonging to A. B. Davis, the manager of the store, and several papers that were in the different compartments.

Deputy Sheriff Mitchell went out this morning with two bloodhounds, but the dogs could not get the trail.

The store was closed last night about 9 o'clock by Mr. Daves. About 11 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Wright was nearby, and Dave Nicholson, a street car conductor, passed the store about 1 o'clock and these men did not notice anything out of the ordinary and heard no noises. The store was opened this morning at 7 o'clock by Mr. Daves, who discovered the robbery and telephoned the sheriff's office.

The pick and chisel that were used by the robbers were identified this morning by J. R. Price, who runs a blacksmith shop near the store, and later it was found that a window of the shop had been broken open.

Mr. Daves says that several days ago a well dressed man of middle age came to the store and represented himself as being with a company that manufactures safes, and he asked to see the safe in this store. Mr. Daves said that he examined it thoroughly. He had no catalogues or other papers that a traveling man usually carries, however. This man had never been seen by Mr. Daves before, and no one can remember just how he looked. However, the sheriff's men are on the lookout for him.

This store was purchased several years ago by Mr. Olive from Mr. Jarrett, and it has been broken into and robbed on several occasions, but this is the only time that any considerable amount has been stolen.

DECISION HOLDS VALID McALESTER'S PARDONING

Supports Act of Lieut-Gov. of Oklahoma While Governor Was Absent.

By Associated Press. Oklahoma City, Aug. 15.—A decision of the Criminal Court of Appeals, handed down yesterday, holds as valid a pardon granted to George Crump by Lieutenant Governor McAlester, who recently acted as governor for 24 hours during the absence of Governor Lee Crump. Crump's attorneys instituted habeas corpus proceedings when prison officials refused to honor the pardon granted by McAlester. The court ordered that Crump be given his liberty.

McAlester, while acting governor, issued pardons to three others besides Crump and also signed school book contracts involving an expenditure of more than \$1,000,000, which acts caused Governor Crump to cut short his vacation and hasten back to Oklahoma City. Supporters of the lieutenant governor contend that the decision of the Criminal Court of Appeals in effect establishes the legality of all his executive acts.

CAN'T STAY AWAKE UNLESS STANDING UP

Miss Alice Geiser of Weehawken Becomes Unconscious if She Sits or Lies Down.

By Associated Press. Weehawken, N. J., Aug. 15.—Miss Alice Geiser of Weehawken is the victim of a peculiar malady which physicians say is without parallel in medical annals. She cannot keep awake unless she stands up. If she sits or lies down, she soon becomes unconscious.

The affliction differs from the sleeping sickness of Africa in that Miss Geiser has been troubled with her unusual somnolence for two years while the course of the African disease is run in about two weeks.

Although she has been under constant medical treatment for two years, no headway has been made toward a cure. Miss Geiser, in all other respects, is a normal, healthy young woman.

WATER FAMINE MORE SERIOUS

Large Shipments Made by Rail to Relieve Conditions Where Drought Has Cut Supply.

MERCURY CLIMBING TO HUNDRED MARK

Scattered Showers Fail to Affect Temperature—Mines Close for Lack of Water for Engines.

By Associated Press. Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 15.—How to get water for man and beast and how to save a little out of wrecked crops of corn and other late summer products presented to Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma an increasingly serious problem today.

It was the twelfth day of intense heat. Scattered showers last night were ineffectual and while so much as half an inch of water fell yesterday at Topeka it was in restricted limits. Clusters are dry all over the country. Springs that never before were known to fail have ceased to flow. In many sections a good deep well is a gold mine. Long trains of tank cars supply several Oklahoma and western Kansas towns with all the water they get.

A train of 20 cars of water was shipped from Pittsburg, Kan., today, to the mines of a coal company in the Pittsburg district to be used by the hundreds of miners and their families and for operating the company's engines. The expense of shipping water, however, is so great that several smaller mines have shut down. In a section of Seward county, Kansas, where no rain has fallen in two months, the few wells that still give water are surrounded by campers' families that have closed house and gone to tent near a water source.

By noon in most sections of Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma the mercury was well on the way to the hundred mark. In Topeka last night was the eleventh hand-running during which the thermometer had not gone below 75. Last night's minimum there was 77.

Wichita and surrounding country had had an abatement of heat during the last two days, the thermometer not passing 98 degrees. But the country is parched. The people of the city and orchardists throughout are working hard to save fruit and share trees by digging holes near the roots and carrying water to them as regularly as they would to horses.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 15.—Unique schemes have been adopted by many residents of this city to obtain sleep during the hot nights which have prevailed for more than two weeks.

Scores of wealthy families on the South Side at night start for the country in their motor cars. When they come to an elevated spot where the prospect of a breeze seems good they get out, pitch their beds in the open and sleep there until driven back home by the hot rays of the morning sun.

Bert Golis, swimming instructor of the Kansas City Yacht club, said today that he sleeps with a damp blanket over him.

"I am always in the water and don't take cold, but I would not advise anyone else to adopt my plan," he said. "Many persons sleep in motorboats on the Missouri river, where the air is cool after dark."

FINGER PRINTS VALID AS FORMAL SIGNATURE

So. U. S. Experts Hold in Case of Indian Who Sought to Avoid Paying Debt.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 15.—Two or three finger prints are as valid as a formal signature, in the opinion of the finger print expert of the United States marine corps.

In a statement to the secretary of the interior today the expert established the genuineness of nineteen finger prints which were given to him for identification and the finding is expected to cause a certain Pawnee Indian considerable embarrassment.

The Indian signed a memorandum acknowledging his indebtedness of several hundred dollars to an attorney and, in addition to affixing his signature, made several finger impressions on the paper. The attorney sent his claim to the department of the interior for his fee, but in the meantime the Indian denied having signed the paper. In order to determine the question the department submitted the memorandum for expert examination, which disclosed that the prints are identical in nineteen different characteristics.

This is sufficient, the expert holds to establish their identity. The department will now pay the fee.

NINE COWS EAT DYNAMITE AND WITH FATAL RESULTS

By Associated Press. Readburg, Wis., Aug. 15.—Nine cows were killed on a farm near here yesterday by eating dynamite. A stray cow had stored some of the explosive on the farm and the cows found it and ate it. The nitro-glycerine injured them.

STATE RESTS CASE AGAINST DIGGS

Story of Lola Norris Differs Little from that of Marsha Warrington.

By Associated Press. San Francisco, Aug. 15.—The government closed its case this morning against Maury I. Diggs, former state architect of California, with the testimony of Nettie Barton, a friend of Marsha Warrington, who followed her on the witness stand. The government charges that Diggs transported Marsha Warrington from Sacramento to Reno for purposes which the Mann act defines as a felony.

San Francisco, Aug. 15.—Lola Norris, who followed Marsha Warrington on the stand yesterday in the trial of Maury I. Diggs, charged with violation of the Mann white slave act, was the first witness called today. She resumed the story that was related with such a mass of detail by her companion in trouble and sorority sister.

Only in the matter of his delivery did the testimony of Lola Norris differ from that of the other girl. Her answers were sharper and more spirited than those of her companion's. She was able to supplement nothing to the narrative of the Warrington girl. She could only confirm statements and descriptions of events already described.

Step by step she went over the flight to Reno and Marsha Warrington had made with Diggs and Drew Caminetti. When her cross-examination began she retained her composure, answering the searching questions of the defense evenly with no show of hesitation. Throughout she clung to her original story.

In accordance with the announcement of Judge Van Fleet, the case was to be adjourned at the close of the afternoon hearing until next Tuesday morning. It is probable that the defense will then begin the presentation of its case.

DISTRICT COURT AWARDS M'FEE \$8000 DAMAGES

Verdict of Jury Damage Suit Against Champion Fibre Company.

In United States District court yesterday afternoon, in the case of H. R. McFee vs. Champion Fibre company, the jury returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff \$8000 as damages for personal injuries received by him while an employe of the defendant, and held by the jury to have been caused through the negligence of the defendant company. The amount asked in the original complaint was \$20,000.

The suit was brought originally in the Superior court of Buncombe county, and the complaint was filed April 2, 1912. In this complaint it was alleged that the plaintiff, while employed by the defendant company, was sent to a store room to get a keg of nails and that in carrying it to the place ordered he fell into a ditch that he did not know existed, owing to insufficient light, and thereby received permanent personal injuries. The suit was later transferred to the District court and the hearing began on Wednesday of this week.

The court is now engaged in the hearing of the J. C. Wallace bankruptcy case, and it is expected that this will be concluded this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

CIVIL SUIT FOR \$15,000 REMOVED TO U.S. COURT

Case of Montgomery Smith et al vs. Brown Bros. Lumber Co. et al.

The civil suit entitled S. Montgomery Smith, H. B. Stevens and John R. Anderson vs. Brown Brothers Lumber company and Ward F. Brown, which was begun in the Buncombe county Superior court several months ago, has been removed to United States District court on the petition of Ward F. Brown, a party to the defense. The suit is for \$15,000, claimed by the plaintiffs to be due them on a contract as commission for the sale of certain timber lands, the contract being signed by Ward F. Brown.

The removal is made on the grounds that Ward F. Brown is not a resident of the state of North Carolina; that the Brown Brothers Lumber company is not properly a party to the action, but was included because it is organized under the laws of North Carolina; and that the sum asked exceeds \$1000.

Parliament Prorogued.

By Associated Press. London, Aug. 15.—The British parliament was prorogued today and will not reconvene until February next year, unless something extraordinary happens.

The king's speech, as read in the house of lords, was colorless.

MASS MEETING FOR SUFFRAGE

National Council of Women Voters at Washington Closes Session with a Big Noise.

HOUSETOP PREACHING THE LATEST WRINKLE

While This Goes on Antis Tell Chairman Henry Few Women Really Want Ballot.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 15.—Preaching the cause "votes for women," from the housetops, speakers for the National American Suffrage association have gone back to Bible times for an inspiration for publicity. The suffragists have launched a campaign on the roofs of the scores of apartment houses with which the national capitol is dotted, and women orators of national repute have been drafted into the aerial squad.

In one fashionable quarter of the northwest section the apartment buildings are so closely packed together that speakers for the "cause" have been enabled to address audiences on two and sometimes three roofs at one and the same time. The roof garden rallies are said by the crusaders to be highly successful, as enabling them to reach unbelievers who will not attend their street meetings.

Last Day of Council. While their unconverted sisters were instating before the house rules committee that a majority of their sex did not want the ballot, delegates to the National Council of Women Voters today met to discuss ways and means for winning universal suffrage through the country. This was the closing day of the council's three day conference. The sessions were devoted to consideration of policies and reforms to be passed in 1914.

At the morning session the principal subject considered was the legislative proposals to be advanced by women next year in those suffrage states in which the legislatures meet. Miss Helen Todd of California, led the discussion. Reports on suffrage conditions in Alaska were made by Mrs. James Wickersham, wife of the delegate from the territory; in Illinois by Mrs. Claudius E. Stone and in Kansas by Mrs. Victor Marlock, wife of a representative from that state. Dr. Cora Smith led a critical analysis of the attitude of the national political parties toward suffrage. The conference ends tonight with a public mass meeting.

The anti-suffragists had their innings today when, led by Mrs. F. W. Scott of New York, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, they appeared for an informal hearing before Chairman Henry Few. They told the committee that the agitation was kept up by a comparatively small number and that the great majority of American women looked with disfavor upon their sex entering the turmoil of politics.

Chairman Henry, with no other committeemen present, heard the arguments and promised a formal hearing next December.

Miss Anna Hock of Los Angeles also argued for the anti-suffragists. She asserted that of 4,000,000 American women enfranchised not more than 400,000 really desired to use the right. She said the suffragettes were accurate congressional hearings for "campaign thunder" and used "a bludgeon and a threat" the argument that 4,000,000 women already have the right to vote.

SHE DRANK POISON TO AVOID ARREST

Mrs. Blair, Beautiful Woman, Accused of Statutory Offense Took Her Own Life.

By Associated Press. Crosby, Minn., Aug. 15.—With her two babies in her arms and a towel over her face to protect them from the acid she had taken, Mrs. Lola Blair, 23 years old, an exceptionally beautiful woman, died here today just after she had been served with a warrant for her arrest. The warrant, sworn out by Mrs. William Guith, wife of a local contractor, accused her of a statutory offense. Guith was arrested later.

Before her marriage Mrs. Blair was known as one of Duluth's handsomest high school girls. She was married in 1904.

HEARING POSTPONED

In Case of Eck Gattis, Who Is Charged With Assaulting Umpire McBride.

By Associated Press. Southampton, England, Aug. 15.—A memorial in celebration of the tercentenary of the departure of the Pilgrims from Southampton for America was unveiled here today by Walter Hines Page, the United States ambassador. It is a column erected on the site of the pier from which they embarked on the Mayflower. The ceremonies were presided over by the mayor of Southampton. Speeches were made by members of the Alden, Winslow and Brewster families, and by Joseph G. Butler of Youngstown, Ohio, who unveiled the "Ohio panel" at the base of the monument.

Ambassador Page dedicated the monument with an oration in which he quoted James Russell Lowell, saying that the Pilgrims were only colonists who went in search of God instead of gold.

SULZER REFUSES TO QUIT OFFICE

U.S. SOLUTION NOT LIKED BY JAPAN

California Difficulty May Be Allowed to Remain As a Grievance.

By Associated Press. Tokio, Aug. 15.—It was announced here today that the United States has intimated readiness to favor in principle the payment of an indemnity to Japanese subjects who have been affected by the California allian land ownership legislation. The United States has also recognized the right of Japanese to adopt a measure similar to the California bill.

From intimations given in official circles it appears unlikely that Japan will adopt either idea. What Japan desires is permanent friendly relations with the United States and therefore she seeks a fundamental solution of the difficulty. If the United States has no solution to offer, it is stated, Japan will probably allow the matter to remain as a grievance.

The public feeling of humiliation in this connection continues to be fanned by inflammatory comments in the newspapers. The Hochi Shimbun, which is so often sensational, urges as an object lesson to the United States the expulsion of American missionaries to Korea on the ground that they are undesirable aliens.

TWO DAYS ROAD RALLY IN HENDERSON COUNTY

One Thousand People Agree to Work on Hendersonville-Bat Cave Road.

The big two days' road rally, in which all good roads enthusiasts of Henderson county are expected to take part, began at Hendersonville this morning. The citizens of the county volunteer their services to work the road from Hendersonville to Bat Cave, and it has been announced that at least 10000 people agreed to work for the two days.

This is the culmination of a movement for better roads that was started in that section a short time ago by Col. John T. Patrick, when a large force of citizens went out for two days to work the lower end of the Hickory Nut gap road. Col. Patrick stated that the Henderson county people are thoroughly aroused to the need of better roads and that there has been much enthusiasm expressed over this good roads building.

Recognizing the importance of this good roads rally, the passenger department of the Southern railway decided several days ago to put on special rates from Asheville to Hendersonville for these two days, these tickets to be good for the return trip until Monday. A number of Buncombe county people took advantage of these rates to go over and join in the enthusiasm of their neighbors in Henderson.

Secretary N. Buckner of the local board of trade went over this afternoon, accompanied by Photographer C. F. Ray, and the latter will make moving pictures of the work on the road. These pictures will be used in the "Mutual Weekly," and it is estimated that they will be seen by seven million people all over the country, thus giving the section some very valuable publicity as showing the spirit of community advancement that exists here.

OBSERVE TERCENTENARY OF PILGRIMS DEPARTURE

Memorial Unveiled at Southampton—Ambassador Page Delivers Address.

By Associated Press. Southampton, England, Aug. 15.—A memorial in celebration of the tercentenary of the departure of the Pilgrims from Southampton for America was unveiled here today by Walter Hines Page, the United States ambassador. It is a column erected on the site of the pier from which they embarked on the Mayflower. The ceremonies were presided over by the mayor of Southampton. Speeches were made by members of the Alden, Winslow and Brewster families, and by Joseph G. Butler of Youngstown, Ohio, who unveiled the "Ohio panel" at the base of the monument.

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Replying to Glynn's Formal Demand, He Denies Validity of the Impeachment Proceedings.

LET COURTS DECIDE SULZER'S CHALLENGE

Attorneys for Contending Officials to Confer as to Proceedings to Test Their Status.

By Associated Press. Albany, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Formal demand for the surrender of the executive chamber and offices, the privy seal and all books, papers, records and documents relating to the executive department was made upon Governor William Sulzer this afternoon by Lieut.-Governor Martin H. Glynn. Governor Sulzer refused to comply with the demand.

Included in Governor Sulzer's refusal, according to D. Cady Herrick, chief of his counsel, is a proposal that Glynn and Sulzer prepare an agreed statement of the facts in the impeachment controversy and submit them to the courts to determine who is governor of New York.

Mr. Glynn's letter is addressed to Mr. Sulzer, simply as "Hon. William Sulzer, Albany, N. Y.," is signed by Mr. Glynn as acting governor and reads as follows:

"In the performance of the duty which has developed upon me by article 4, section 6, of the constitution, I officially demand that you deliver and surrender to me as acting governor, during the eriod of your constitutional disability to act as governor, the use, possession and occupancy of the executive chamber and offices; and that you likewise deliver and surrender to me the executive privy seal of the state of New York; and also all books, papers, records and documents in said chamber or offices or elsewhere, in your charge, possession or custody, relating to or in any wise connected with or pertaining to the executive department. The bearer hereof is authorized to receive your answer to this communication.

"Respectfully,
(Signed) "MARTIN H. GLYNN, Acting Governor."

Governor Sulzer's reply was given promptly to Mr. Glynn's messenger. It was addressed to "Hon. Martin H. Glynn, Lieut.-Governor," and said:

"Governor Sulzer's Reply.
"Sir: Yours of August 15th, demanding that I deliver and surrender to you as acting governor the use, possession and occupancy of the executive chamber and offices; and that I likewise deliver and surrender to you the executive privy seal of the state of New York and also all books, papers, records and documents in said chamber or offices or elsewhere, in my charge, possession or custody, relating to or in any wise connected with or pertaining to the executive department, received.

"In response thereto, I decline to recognize you as acting governor of the state; and decline to deliver to you the use, possession and occupancy of the executive chamber and offices or in any way comply with the demands and requests in your letter.

"I shall continue to exercise and discharge the constitutional duties of the governor of the state of New York; first, among other reasons, because I am advised that the assembly at its present extraordinary session possessed and possesses no power on authority to prefer articles of impeachment; and, secondly, because the Lieut.-Governor of the state is not authorized to act as governor in case of impeachment of the governor, unless such impeachment is sustained.

"For the purpose of preventing any unseemly struggle I suggest that counsel for the lieutenant-governor and for myself agree upon a method of submitting the question to the courts for decision; and for that purpose, that extraordinary sessions of the courts be forthwith called, in order that a speedy determination may be had.

"Respectfully,
"WILLIAM SULZER, Governor."

Counsel for Lieutenant-Governor Glynn later made an appointment to confer this afternoon with D. Cady Herrick, counsel for Governor Sulzer, in an effort to devise a way in which the courts could speedily settle the controversy.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The second day of the dual administration in New York state dawned on a whirlpool of confusion in the capitol. A steel chain with a heavy padlock decorated the great seal; the privy seal lay under lock and key; the way to the executive chamber, William Sulzer's citadel, was bolted and barred, and from two offices the rival claimants to the governor's chair continued to exercise their functions.

Control of the national guard, access to the great seal, recognition by New York secretary of state and by the governor of the neighboring state of New Jersey were prerogatives striped from Governor Sulzer by Lieutenant Governor Glynn, who claimed to be the acting chief executive.

Possession of the privy seal, whose imprint validates all documents coming before the governor on affairs wholly within the state and occupancy of the executive chamber, vestiges in the grandstand.

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