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HUERTA PLANS HIS MESSAGE

Provisional President of Mexico Will Submit to Cabinet Address to Congress.

MESSAGE REVIEWS SITUATION TERSELY

Congress Expected to Declare Huerta Election Null—Speculation on Developments.

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, Nov. 19.—General Huerta planned today to submit to his cabinet the message which he proposes to deliver to congress tomorrow. The cabinet meeting was called for this afternoon at which time it was expected General Huerta would ask its members to go over the message with him.

The document is short and it is said to review tersely the most important acts of the Huerta administration dealing frankly with the dissolution of congress and calling attention to the strained relations with the United States.

Will Nullify Election.

It is expected congress will receive the message without protest, thereby giving Huerta a virtual ratification of his acts. It is said the message will open a way to an immediate discussion by congress of the late presidential election. It is a foregone conclusion that the congress will declare the election null.

It is regarded as possible that the congress may name some one else for provisional president for a period ensuing until the election and inauguration of a permanent chief executive, but it would be undoubtedly a big surprise to most Mexicans as well as foreigners if General Huerta should not be instructed to continue at the head of the affairs.

Officials of the Huerta administration have been moved by two emotions since they learned that the constitutionalists had insisted that William Bayard Hale, the representative of President Wilson, should show his credentials before continuing conferences with General Carranza and his advisers. The Huerta officials are pleased that Carranza as a Mexican is still showing a tendency to reject interference and are gratified at what they interpret as indications of a failure of the rebels and the United States authorities to reach a working agreement. So far as had been ascertained all the foreign diplomas here, with the exception of Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American charge d'affaires, will attend the opening session of congress. Mr. O'Shaughnessy will not be present and it is assumed his absence is authorized by instructions from Washington.

"Spain Must Refrain."

Madrid, Nov. 19.—Spain must refrain from taking any step in connection with Mexico, declares today's Imparcial. "The solution of the Mexican problem," says the newspaper, "must be left to the United States alone."

Exodus Continues.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Nov. 19.—The exodus of American citizens from Mexico City continues. Forty persons, most of them women and children, arrived here today by train. The fugitives report that only a few American women and children remain in the federal capital.

No Comments.

Washington, Nov. 19—White House officials made no comment today on dispatches from Nogales saying the constitutionalists had asked William Bayard Hale for formal credentials before pursuing negotiations. Indications were that the parleys would proceed slowly and that the point of presenting formal credentials, which might be construed as an act of recognition, would be delayed until Washington had more exact assurances of the purposes of the constitutionalists.

One official described the entire situation as merely "incubating."

IMMIGRATION STILL AT HIGH WATER MARK

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Immigration to the United States continued around the high water mark during September, when 209,076 persons of all nationalities set out for the shores of this country, according to figures issued today by the department of labor. Of this army of immigrations 2,337 were deported for cause.

American citizens returning home helped swell the figures of the month, 50,051 of them being included in the compilations of the inward passenger movement for the month.

The total number of persons who left the country in September numbered only 58,599, of whom 20,699 were American citizens going abroad for the winter.

SENATE CONCERNED OVER MONEY BILL

With Report From Each Wing of Currency Committee Democratic Leaders Do Not Know Just What to Do—Probable Course of Action.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 19.—What to do with the two currency reform bills now being completed by the two factions of the senate banking committee has begun to give serious concern to senate leaders. Both bills, one representing the administration views and the other the work of the republican committee members and Senator Hitchcock, probably will be ready for the senate before the end of this week.

As the committee is evenly divided there can be no formal report upon the Glass bill which passed the house; and neither of the new bills can be offered as a substitute, with the endorsement of a majority of the committee. Both factions of the committee are anxious to obtain whatever advantage there is to be had before the senate and it will probably be agreed to return the house bill without a report and submit the two new bills simultaneously as amendments.

Efforts will then be made by some of the republican members to have the senate consider the currency bill by item so that each side will have a chance to advance its amendments and have them voted upon as the reading of the bill progresses in the senate.

EVASION OF GAME LAWS IS POSSIBLE

Pot Hunters Not Prohibited From Shipping Through Parcels Post.

By Associated Press.

Washing on, Nov. 19.—Evasion of the game laws through the agency of the parcel post now is possible, for Postmaster General Burleson today replied to interrogations of indignant officials of several states that congress had placed no restrictions on the department as to accepting game. This condition, the state game wardens fear, will nullify in great measure the state laws framed for the protection of wild life.

Postmaster General Burleson pointed out that under the law the postoffice department could not discriminate in the acceptance of packages that conformed with the department's regulations. Postmasters, therefore, were compelled, he said, to accept game for shipment when the regulations were observed.

"This does not, however," he added, "operate against the right of any state official to proceed under such state laws against parties violating them, except that the officers of the department in the discharge of their official duties as required by law and the regulations are not to be interferred with."

Many states prohibit the shipment of game from their territory with a view to put an end to "pot hunting."

50,000 TRACHOMA CASES IN SOUTHERN STATES

Dr. Savage Says Disease is Prevalent in Mountainous Sections.

By Associated Press.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 19.—There are 50,00 cases of trachoma among the mountaineers of southern states, according to estimates presented to the Southern Medical association here today by Dr. G. C. Savage of Nashville, Tenn. Dr. Savage declared the disease is more prevalent in the mountainous districts of Kentucky and Tennessee than in other parts of the country and that it is destroying the sight of persons of all ages. John D. Rockefeller recently had established a fund to fight the disease.

The section of medicine of the association devoted two hours this morning to a symposium on malaria. The section of surgery heard a number of papers.

At noon almost the entire membership of the asociation visited James B. Haggin's Elmdorf stock farm.

Papers on the treatment of malaria were read by Dr. W. S. Thayer, Baltimore; Dr. W. S. Leathers, University of Mississippi; Dr. C. C. Bass, New Orleans; Dr. R. H. von Ezdorf of Mobile, and Dr. H. H. Shoulders of Nashville.

Dr. C. W. Stiles of the United States public health service, read a paper on the method of discovering whether a person has eaten food contaminated with human excreta.

Before the surgical section Dr. E. Dunbar Newell, Chattanooga, presented a paper on "some interesting surgical cases."

Maderos Released.

By Associated Press.

Vera Cruz, Nov. 19.—Evaristo and Daniel Madero, relatives of the late President Francisco I. Madero, and Leandro Aguila and his son, who have been confined several weeks in the fortress of San Juan Ulucа, charged with sedition, have been released on bail. They have taken quarters at a hotel here.

VAST THRONG PAYS ITS LAST TRIBUTE

Hon. W. T. Crawford Laid to Rest in Waynesville Cemetery Yesterday.

The funeral services over the remains of Hon. William T. Crawford of Waynesville, who died suddenly at his home there last Sunday night, were conducted from the Baptist church yesterday afternoon and interment was made in the Waynesville cemetery at 4 o'clock. The services, both at the church and at the grave, were possibly the most impressive ever held in Haywood county, and the great throng of people who gathered for this last rite in honor of the deceased was a glowing tribute to his career. The magnificent floral offerings expressed in a small way the feeling of grief of his innumerable friends and sorrowing relatives.

The services at the church were conducted by Rev. J. D. Arnold, pastor of the Methodist church, who officiated in the absence of the pastor of the church. He was assisted by: Rev. R. A. Sentelle, Dr. George W. Wharton, Rev. M. F. Moore and Rev. C. Anderson, these ministers representing every Protestant church in Waynesville. Music was furnished by the combined choirs of the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian churches. The Haywood County Bar association was officially represented by George H. Smathers. The members of the association and a large number of attorneys from all over the section and state acted as honorary pallbearers. The active pallbearers were: Capt. Allen Howell, George H. Smathers, W. T. Lee, W. J. Haynes, Dr. R. L. Allen, Mayor Clyde Ray, Postmaster T. L. Green and Capt. W. J. Hannah.

At the grave, where a great throng had gathered, the casket was opened for a short while and those attending the services were allowed to pass and view for the last time the remains of a man who had been so generally known and highly honored and respected.

In further memory of the deceased, who was one of the leading citizens of western North Carolina, one day will be set aside at the next term of Haywood Superior court for the purpose of conducting memorial services to him.

GOETHALS MAY BECOME N. Y. POLICE COMMISSIONER

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 19.—Reports that Col. George W. Goethals would be asked by Mayor-elect John Purroy Mitchel, who is now on his way to Panama, to become police commissioner of New York has brought special advices from Panama quoting Colonel Goethals. When asked if he would accept such a post Colonel Goethals replied that no overture had yet been received by him and smilingly added:

"Should the offer be made me I have my answer ready."

CHARLOTTE COMPLAINS OF RATES ON CAST IRON PIPE

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 19.—The city of Charlotte, N. C., and the Charlotte Shippers and Manufacturers association today filed complaint with the interstate commerce commission against the rate of $3 a ton on case iron pipe used in water and sewer system work. The rate from the Virginia point named to Atlanta and Augusta, Ga., is $3.25 a ton, and Charlotte complains this is discriminatory.

ALFRED BROWN WANTS TO SWIM THROUGH CANAL

By Associated Press.

Panama, Nov. 19.—Alfred Brown, a member of a New York life saving corps, has arrived here with the hope of being the first man to swim fram the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean through the canal. He arrived here yesterday and proposes to start the swim as soon as he obtains the necessary permission to go through the locks at either end of the canal.

30 PASSENGERS AND CREW OF A BURNING SHIP WERE RESCUED

Battleship Iron Duke Saves People on Scotsdyke When Fire Breaks Out.

London, Nov. 19.—The British battleship Iron Duke effected a timely rescue of the 30 passengers and crew of the steamer Scotsdyke while the steamer was burning in the English channel early today.

The steamer, bound from Mediterranean ports for Sunderland, caught fire off the island of Wight shortly after midnight. The blaze started in a deck cargo of grass and spread so rapidly through this inflammable material that the crew was unable to stay its progress. It attacked the ship's bridge and several lifeboats, which were destroyed. Owing to the heavy sea it was impossible to launch the few remaining lifeboats. The panic stricken passengers and the crew were forced to retire to the stern of the steamer.

The battleship Iron Duke fortunately was carrying out trials in the channel during the night and when the burning steamer was sighted sailors from the warship put off in boats to the rescue. The fore part of the steamer was a mass of flames when the boats reached the scene and the helpless persons aboard were huddled together aft.

The Iron Duke played her searchlights upon the stern of the doomed ship while the rescue crew took all hands off safely.

TWENTY-FOUR BODIES HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM MINE AT ACTON

Six Men Were Injured in Blast—Thirteen Escaped Without Injury.

By Associated Press.

Acton, Ala., Nov. 19.—When searchers ended their work this morning 24 bodies had been removed from Acton mine No. 2 of the Alabama Fuel and Iron company here, the scene yesterday of an explosion. Six men were injured and 13 escaped unhurt.

All parts of the mine have been explored. C. H. Nesbitt, chief mine inspector for Alabama, here to investigate the explosion, had not decided this morning whether it was caused by dust or gas.

SULZER ADMINISTRATION OF CHARITY ATTACKED

By Associated Press.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Former Governor Sulzer's administration of the charitable institutions of New York state was severely arraigned here today by Professor George A. Lewis, a former member of the board of parole for state prisons, who was chief speaker at the annual state conference on charities and corrections. Sulzer's efforts at "reform by dynamite" declared Professor Lewis, had uprooted and negatived the carefully thought out plans of years.

"The streams of progress toward orderly, systematic development of methods," said Professor Lewis, "in the administration of our public charities, our reformatory and penal institutions is sluggish and intermittent at best. The blighting evils following upon the injection of factional fury into the management of public institutions have had a vivid presentation in the meteoric passing of the recent governor. Reform by dynamite has been the order of the day and one sensational raid has followed another in bewildering succession."

INDICATIONS TROOPS ARE TO REMAIN ALL WINTER

Texas City, Tex., Nov. 19.—Preparations indicating that the second division of the United States army will remain here all winter were begun today. Tents were walled and re-floored and stoves installed. Hundreds of soldiers began digging a sewage system. The big army city here is entirely under canvas. One of the purposes of the mobilization it is said was to produce army life under field conditions as nearly as possible.

CALIFORNIA REPUBLICANS DISCUSSING SITUATION

San Francisco, Nov. 19.—Republicans from all sections of the state met here today to discuss plans for solidifying the party preparatory to the 1914 elections. It was not planned to take any action toward the selection of a standard bearer for the party, btu one of the subjects to be discussed was a statewide public campaign through the press and means of committees. The meeting was called by the republican state central committee.

150,000 WORKERS FACING IDLENESS

Entire Garment Working Industry in New York May Be Tied Up Within 48 Hours as Result of Strike of 350 Firemen.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 19.—One hundred and fifty thousand clothing workers in New York city face idleness within 48 hours because of the strike of a single union of 350 men. Every man in the union has quiet and unless the strike is broken or the men return to work the entire garment working industry of the city will be tied up. This assertion, the strikers claim, is corroborated by the employees association.

The striking organization is the cloth examiners and spongers union. Every yard of cloth converted into clothing in New York passes through its hands. The members examine, sponge and press the cloth as it comes from the mill and pass it on to the garment factories.

The factories are now in the midst of the busy session and it is said the supply of cloth on hand is sdant. The strikers demand an increase of wages averaging 15 per cent and a reduction of ten per cent in working hours. They rejected all offers to compromise and refused to return to work pending arbitration of their demands.

DESCRIBES COAL TRAFFIC METHODS

A. J. Stone of Erie Tells of Loading and Shipping of Hard Coal.

By Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—The first witness to testify today in the interstate commerce inquiry into the coal freight rates and practices of the anthracite carrying railroads was A. J. Stone, general manager of the Erie Railroad, who described the method of loading and shipping hard coal from the Wilkesbarre-Scranton district to tidewater at New York harbor and to Buffalo for the Lake trade. He presented documents requested by the commission. These related to operating statistics, train schedules, carrying capacity of freight and coal cars and hauling power of locomotives.

Mr. Stone also described the method of unloading coal at its terminals at Edgewater, N. J., and Buffalo. He was asked to give this information so as to permit the commission to determine the coast of handling and hauling coal.

In order to obtain comparison of costs Mr. Stone described at the request of the commission the method of hauling freight other than coal. The trend of this class of freight, Mr. Stone said was westward rather than eastward. Mr. Stone also gave similar information with relation to the New York, Susquehanna and Western and the Wilkesbarre and Easton railroads which are controlled by the Erie.

The Philadelphia and Reading railroad's handling of anthracite was then taken up, J. E. Turk, superintendent of the Shamokin division, being the first official called. He said that 15 to 0 per cent of the coal concentrated in the Shamokin division from 40 colliers goes west and is turned over to the New York Central road at Newberry Junction in Central Pennsylvania. The other 80 or 85 per cent goes east to Pennsylvania points or to tidewater at Philadelphia. There are many adverse grades in his division, he said, the incline in one instance being 250 feet to the mile.

EXAMINATION DATES OF P. M.'s ANNOUNCED

Dates For Fourth Class Offices in North Carolina Postponed Until February.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Examinations for appointment as fourth class postmasters, the civil service commission announced today, will be held during January in Delaware, New Mexico, New Hampshire, Vermont, Florida, Virginia and Wyoming. The examinations will be conducted in those postoffices in which the present incumbents were not appointed under the civil service regulations.

Announcement also was made that the proposed examinations in North Carolina in January had been postponed until February, the exact date to be announced soon.

RUSSIAN CROWN PRINCE IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

By Associated Press.

London, Nov. 19.—The Imperial Russian crown prince, Alexis Nicholaievitch, who has been an invalid for many months, was thrown from an automobile in which he was driving today with a sailor attendant, according to a dispatch from St. Petersburg. The little prince escaped with only a few bruises.

Praises Navy.

By Associated Press.

Brunswick, Ga., Nov. 19.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, was the guest of honor and principal speaker at the annual dinner of the Brunswick board of trade here last night. In his speech he extolled the progress made by the American navy in the past 10 years and drew a comparison between the war vessels of today and those in use in 1898 in the Spanish American war.

BRITISH SQUADRON SENT TO MEXICO

Received Peremptory Orders to Proceed to Vera Cruz Last Night.

By Associated Press.

Bridgetown, Barbados, Nov. 19.—The British cruiser squadron in West Indian waters last night received peremptory orders to proceed to Vera Cruz and the vessel sailed at midnight.

The British cruiser squadron consists of three armored cruisers, Suffolk, Lancaster and Berwick, and is commander by Rear Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock. His flagship is the Suffolk.

The three cruisers are of the same type, displacing 9,800 tons each. They each carry an armament of fourteen six-inch, eight 12-pounders and three pounder guns.

When the British cruisers Suffolk, Lancaster and Berwick arrive at Vera Cruz a very powerful fleet of war vessels will be assembled in the Mexican gulf. The American battleships Louisiana, Michigan, Rhode Island, Virginia, New Jersey, Nebraska and New Hampshire, the cruiser Tacoma, the gunboat Wheeling and the scout cruiser Chester alone compose a formidable squadron. To these have been added the German Bremen and the French armored cruiser Condeme.

On the Pacific coast of Mexico are the American armored cruisers California, Maryland and Pittsburgh and the gunboat Annapolis. The German cruiser Nuernberg also is on that side and the Japanese cruiser Idzumo is on the way there.

TALKS OF RESULTS OF OPENING CANAL

Prof. Bingham Thinks West Coast People Likely to Be Disappointed.

By Associated Press.

Worcester, Mass., Nov. 19.—"The inhabitants of the west coast of South America are likely to be disappointed in their belief that an immense prosperity is about to come to their shores," said Professor Hiram Bingham of Yale, in speaking of the results to follow the opening of the Panama canal, at the Clark university conference on Latin-America today.

"At the same time," he continued, "their ardent optimism will undoubtedly arouse them to greater economic efforts. The psychological effect on the business men of the United States is likely to lead them to believe that the canal has opened to them a new market in regions heretofore inaccessible. If the economic and geographic foundations exist for such an extension of trade, then the future has in store for us many wonderfully attractive features. If, on the other hand, sufficient broad bases do not exist, a crash is bound to follow.

"The more cautious the American manufacturer and capitalists the less he will lose in time and money and the less the west coast will lose in reputation and good prospects. The opportunities on the west coast are chiefly concerned with the development of mines of copper, tin and nitrate, and as compared with the great riches east of the Andes, are relatively of small importance."

Schmidt Trial Postponed.

By Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 19.—After having been called for trial today the case of Hans Schmidt, slayer of Anna Aumuller was put over by consent of both sides until November 25.

PINCHOT WARNS OF MONOPOLIES

Former Forester Tells Conservation Congress Water Power is Being Secured by Few.

ADDRESS IN SUPPORT OF FEDERAL CONTROL

Chief Forester Graves Dwells on Activities of Service and Assistance to Settlers.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Gifford Pinchot, chief forester of the United States, leading champions of government control of water power rights, scored in the National Conservation ing before the convention the minor-congress today and succeeded in forcity report of the committee on water power rights.

With former Secretary of the Interior, Walter L. Fisher in the chair, former Secretary of War Stimson, who joined with Mr. Pinchot in the minority report yesterday, moved for a change of the rules that the water power question might be discussed from the floor.

Scores of delegates who favored the majority report which would combine national with state control with less restriction on water power grants protested. Mr. Fisher ruled that a motion to suspend the rules was not debatable and it was carried amid loud cheers. Mr. Pinchot read the minority report and thereby opened the general debate.

Senator Burton of Ohio championed the policy of strict national control of all water power rights and urged the delegates not to get into an "unseemly squabble between state rights and national control."

"It is impossible," said Senator Burton, 'that state control should adequately solve this great national problem. In this matter we are conducting no crusade against capital but there must be a recognition of the danger of monopoly and a desire to provide for public welfare in the use of this great national assembly.

Washington, Nov. 19.—With the declaration that the water power of the United States was rapidly passing under monopolistic control, Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester of the government, told delegates to the National Conservation congress today that stern methods must be adopted to offset the tendency. His address was accepted by some of the delegates as a defiance to those who are said to seek the loosening of federal control and an extension of the regulatory powers of the individual states.

"If the public rights cannot be recognized without a conflict," said Mr. Pinchot with emphasis, "then we shall have to fight, and if we have to fight, now is the time."

Henry S. Graves, head of the United States forest service, and E. A. Sterling, director of the American Forestry association, also were on the program. Each discussed the national forests and methods for their protection.

Mr. Pinchot declared that the development of water power only under proper safeguards was the greatest necessity in the whole water power situation. He quoted figures collected by the federal bureau of corporations and the National Conservation association intended to show that concentration of water power control had nearly doubled in the past two years.

Concentration of Control.

"In the last seven years," he continued, "the concentration of control in the 10 greatest groups has increased about seven times faster than the total of all water power development in the United States. If this is not monopoly in the making, where can it be shown. Commercial power to this degree in political power and there lies the greatest danger.

"The control of any source of mechanical power carries with it control over the industries which require the power, as the rapidly increasing domination of water power interests over electric light and street railway companies well illustrates.

"Under these circumstances we find that the control of the water power business, like the control of the oil business, the meat business and the anthracite coal business is passing into a few strong hands."

Mr. Sterling told of the strides being made in the art of private forestry in the United States. This he regarded as of gratifying importance because of its effect on the future timber supply of the country.

Forester Graves Address.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Henry S. Graves, United States forester, spoke before the National Conservation congress in session today, dwelling particularly on the present policies of the government in respect to the activities of the forest service. Referring to the attitude of the present ad-

(Continued on page 9)