

## HUERTA DIDN'T TAKE CHANCES

### Purported Instructions As To Mexican Elections Show What Precautions President Took.

## TO OMIT ELECTIONS WAS ONE OF OBJECTS

### Instructions Show Provisional President Took Triple Safeguard Against His Defeat.

New York, Nov. 22.—The facsimile of printed instructions which purport to be those issued by General Huerta in preparation for the recent presidential election in Mexico has been received here. A translation of the document is interesting as showing some of the precautions taken by General Huerta to keep himself in power as provisional president.

The instructions apply particularly to the state of Puebla and read in part as follows:

"1. If any of the municipal presidents are in league with any of the revolutionary parties they must be removed from office discreetly so that there may be entire co-operation between the municipal presidents and the jefe politico.

"2. It is especially advisable that the men appointed to supervise the polling shall be trustworthy persons who will unhesitatingly obey any orders given to them.

"3. If there is still time, orders are to be given that the booths intended to receive the votes of persons living on ranches shall not be installed in the towns or villages corresponding to the ranches but in one of the ranches so that watchers may not attend, the principal object aimed at being to omit elections in at least two-thirds of the polling booths in each district. For this reason not more than two booths are to be installed in your district.

"4. Blank ballots will be used in the polling booths which may be established so that the absolute majority of votes cast shall give the following result:

President—General Victoriano Huerta.  
Vice president—General Aureliano Blanquet.

"5. In spite of the fact that article 31 prescribes that the returns be sent directly to the chamber of deputies the supervisors must be instructed to turn them over to the jefe politico, who will examine them, and if he finds that they are in accord with these instructions he will return them to the supervisor with instructions to send them to the chamber of deputies. If the jefe politico finds that more than one-third of the polling booths in the district have been utilized he will omit the forwarding of a sufficient number of returns so that the chamber of deputies shall receive returns from more than one-third.

"6. Complete liberty must be granted to citizens and political parties in all booths where votes are to be permitted to be cast so that they may formulate protests of any description so long as the protests are against violation of the law by partisans of any of the candidates in the electoral contest, but in no case must such protest be allowed to interfere with the object set forth in part four of these instructions.

"7. If the examination by the jefe politico reveals that the returns do not correspond with these instructions they will make whatever arrangements may be necessary so that the returns shall correspond entirely with the said instructions."

## TO BOYCOTT EGGS TO REDUCE PRICE

Chicago, Nov. 22.—In an effort to reduce the price of eggs from 47 to 32 cents a dozen, members of the Chicago Clean Food club today began a two weeks' boycott of egg dealers. The crusade against the high price of eggs was ordered yesterday by a vote of the club. Representatives of the club have been named to attend meetings of what clubs, afternoon teas, suffragette clubs and bridge parties to enlist the aid of housewives.

## GEO. MCGUIRE, 'FATHER OF LABOR DAY,' DIED TODAY

Manchester, N. H., Nov. 22.—Geo. McGuire, known as "the father of labor day," died here today. McGuire, who was a cigar maker, first made the suggestion of a labor holiday at a labor convention in Chicago in 1884. He continued to urge the suggestion at later conventions until observance of the day became general.

## J. MITCHELL HAS ENTIRE CONTROL

### Reluctant to Succeed Gompers But Has Secured Sufficient Votes.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 22.—The final day of the American Federation of Labor convention opened with the report of the committee on resolutions requesting a federal investigation of charges that Michigan copper companies obtained possession of land illegally. A resolution disposing of the split in the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers recommended reference to the executive council.

The election of officers, fixing for 3 o'clock this afternoon, was the engrossing topic. Second Vice President John Mitchell announced a year ago that he wished to retire from office. When he arrived in Seattle to attend the present convention he learned that a combination of conservatives had been formed to prevent him from naming John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, as his successor.

Mitchell took small part in the convention, but he campaigned for White so well that on Thursday night it was said he had promise of votes to give him control of the entire administration if he wished, including the choice of himself as president to succeed Samuel Gompers.

Mitchell had refused up to today to discuss his position but it was known he was reluctant to displace Gompers and that he had been asked to take the presidency at the 1914 convention. In the balloting John H. Walker, a socialist, held the 3708 votes of the United Mine Workers of America, one-fifth of the total vote of the convention. The Western Federation of Miners, the Brewery workers, the Printing Pressmen and the Machinists were counted on to vote as Mitchell dictated.

It was said to be the purpose of the radicals to stampede the convention for Mitchell, who is the only industrial unionist on the present executive board.

## BROADHURST REPLIES CONCERNING JUSTICE

### Doesn't Care to Make Predictions About Justice's Possible Candidacy.

Special to The Gazette-News.

Greensboro, Nov. 22.—When asked about E. J. Justice's candidacy for the United States senate, Mr. Broadhurst, member of the firm of Justice & Broadhurst, said:

"If Mr. Justice were not attending to special business for the United States government he would be attending to his own private practice; in either event the senatorial matter would not at this time be uppermost in his mind. That will keep for there is plenty of time to look after the senatorial matter between now and next summer. There has been no 'dickering or trading' about the senatorial matter. I heard Mr. Justice say that he had never had any communication with Senator Overman about his present employment, or Senator Overman with him; but that Senator Overman and Senator Simmons, so he had been informed, had spoken in complimentary terms of him, and that he had no reason to doubt their sincerity; further, that he appreciated the compliment. Of my knowledge, I know that his personal relations existing between Mr. Justice and Senator Overman have always been pleasant, and I know that Senator Overman has always thought that Mr. Justice was at least a fairly good lawyer, as is evidenced by the fact that he employed Mr. Justice to represent him in a lawsuit some time ago, which was of considerable interest to Senator Overman."

"I would not care to make any prediction as to his attitude toward the senatorial contest when it comes on before the people, because I do not know how agreeable this employment under the government may prove to be."

## THINK THEY HAVE FLASHER OF CHECKS

Raleigh, Nov. 22.—Raleigh bankers and police believe they have a professional "check flasher" in the person of a man who turned up here a few days ago and opened a small account with the Commercial National bank and also one with Merchant's bank. He gives his name as E. B. Evans. He deposited with the Commercial bank a check for \$40 on a Philadelphia bank. This same bank had sent to the Raleigh banks warnings against a "check flasher" who answered the description of the one wanted in Philadelphia. A telephone inquiry from Raleigh as to the check deposited here showed that it was worthless. Evans was at once arrested. He is being held in the police station until a detective can come to identify him.

## HUSBAND PRETENDED ANGER, AND WIFE JUMPED TO DEATH

New York, Nov. 22.—Mrs. Rosie Roth, 17 years old and three weeks married, sought her husband's forgiveness after their first quarrel in their home in the Bronx last night. Max Roth, her youthful husband, pretended he was unfeeling.

"Good-bye, I'll end it all," the girl cried. She ran to a window and jumped four stories to the crowded street below. She was instantly killed.

## LAST SHOGUN PASSES AWAY

### Death of Prince Tokugawa Severs Link Between the Old and New Japan.

## DE FACTO RULER OF JAPAN 50 YEARS AGO

### In Later Years Discarded All Pomp—Voluntarily Abdicated, Restoring Regal Powers.

New York, Nov. 22.—The death of Prince Keiki Tokugawa, announced in a brief cablegram from Tokyo today severs a connecting link between the old and new Japan. None of the contemporaries of the premeiji era if the days of the Shogunate enjoyed such distinction as hedged about Prince Keiki, "the last of the Shoguns."

In these latter days of the era of enlightenment in Japan it is doubtful if the average foreign visitor or even resident was aware of the unobtrusive existence of a man who barely 50 years ago was the defacto ruler of Japan.

In contrast with the unassailable dignity with which he sat as the lord of lords in the feudal days—when it was a capital crime for ordinary folk to look the Shogun in the face and when he could scarcely stir a step without the observance of a hide-bound code of solemn ceremonial—the Shogun in his modern role of prince adopted such democratic simplicity that he rode about the streets of Tokyo almost unnoticed on a bicycle.

As Shogun or the hereditary commander-in-chief of the army, he wore the old dress of the Samurai with wings and two swords, one long and the other short. Amid twentieth century surroundings, living as a somewhat retiring old man, he discarded all the pomp and even on state occasions appeared in an ordinary frock coat.

He told his exalted office as Shogun for only 10 months in the year 1867-8. During the Shogunate preceding him Japan had enjoyed an unbroken interval of peace and tranquillity for nearly three centuries. Efforts made by Emperor Mutsuhito to re-establish the imperial authority led to such internecine strife that it threatened to exhaust the nation's resources, and Keiki voluntarily abdicated and restored the powers of government to the imperia throne.

## TO PROBE SETTLEMENT OF SUIT FOR DAMAGE

### Claim Agent to Tell How He Induced Woman to Accept \$750.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—R. J. Chester of Mobile, Ala., claim agent for the Mobile & Ohio railroad, yesterday was ordered to be in Chicago Monday to explain to Federal Judge K. M. Landis how he induced Mrs. Mary Panek, a widow, to accept \$750 for the loss of her son, Edward, a United States soldier.

Panek, with others, lost his life in a wreck near Bucatunna, Miss., October 16. Mrs. Panek sued the railroad for \$10,000 and when the suit was called Mrs. Panek notified the court she had settled with the claim agent.

"I got \$750," she said. "At first the agent offered \$400 and gradually raised until I thought that if I didn't take \$750 I would not get that."

"Seven hundred and fifty dollars for a United States soldier," ruminated Judge Landis. "I would like to know how the claim agent persuaded this woman to accept \$750 for the life of her son. Chester must be here Monday."

Attorney Jeffrey said in defense of the settlement that the mother had told him the son never had been any support to her and that when the road offered \$750 she was glad to accept it in lieu of a long course of litigation.

## THINKS SUFFRAGE BILL CAN'T PASS

### Lloyd-George Says Women Have Not Majority Behind Them.

Oxford, England, Nov. 22.—Chancellor Lloyd-George thinks it impossible now for the woman suffrage bill to secure the passage of a bill granting the parliamentary franchise to women in the British Isles as they have not a majority of the people behind them and have not captured any political machine. He gave this reply to three deputations which waited on him here this morning and broached the question of woman suffrage.

Speakers for the deputation from the Oxford Men's Political union told Mr. Lloyd-George frankly that he, being in favor of votes for women, should wreck the government if it did not grant them the parliamentary franchise.

Chancellor Lloyd-George replied that he was ready to do anything within the limits of party loyalty to advance the cause of woman suffrage but for the present he did not feel called upon to go beyond those limitations.

"The militancy of some of the women," said Mr. Lloyd-George, "has set public opinion in the British Isles against them and there is no use in trying to pass a woman's suffrage bill against the wishes of the public."

"As to the forcible feeding of the hunger strikers, the only alternative is to allow them to starve and that is counseled by nobody."

### Campaign Money Raised.

New York, Nov. 22.—It is announced from the New York state suffrage headquarters that the \$20,000 required before the campaign for a suffrage victory in 1915 could be begun has been raised.

## FINAL LEGISLATIVE BATTLE BEGINNING ON CURRENCY BILL

Washington, Nov. 22.—The final legislative battle for President Wilson's currency bill began in the senate today with the presentation of reports from the divided banking committee. Submitting a report for the administration democrats Chairman Owen gave notice he would open debate Monday. Their bill follows closely the lines of the house measure and contains only such amendments as President Wilson was willing to accept.

Senator Hitchcock, democrat, and the five republicans submitted a draft materially changing the bill and proposing four reserve banks owned by the republic and controlled by the government.

## MISS WILSON TO WEAR AN AMERICAN COSTUME

### Home Products Committee Sends Telegram of Congratulation—The Cake.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Numerous requests for a piece of Jessie Wilson's wedding cake caused the issue at the White House today of a statement describing the size of the cake as too small to gratify the desires of the public.

"On account of the erroneous and extravagant statements as to the size and cost of the cake which has been baked for the wedding of Miss Jessie Wilson, Mrs. Wilson wishes it stated that the cake is nine inches high and 22 inches in diameter. It is the usual kind of bride's cake and is not at all elaborate."

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 22.—The fact that Miss Jessie Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, will be married in a costume of purely American production, both as to workmanship and material, has struck a responsive chord in the hearts of the members of the chamber of commerce with the result that a telegram has been sent to the future Mrs. Bayre by the home products committee.

Big Wedding Cake.  
New York, Nov. 22.—Miss Jessie Wilson's 145-pound wedding cake will be sent to Washington tonight. It will go by express, carefully wrapped and boxed, and accompanied by 2000 small satellites made of the same dough, packed in white boxes for distribution to the guests. It took 500 pounds of the cake mixture to fill these boxes.

## NEW HAMPSHIRE QUILTS TUXPAM

### Departure of Battleship Indicates Resolution of Order Between Tuxpam and Tampico.

## INTEREST CENTERED ON NAVAL SITUATION

### Presence of British Ships Taken as Evidence of Harmony Between U. S. and England.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Rear Admiral Fletcher cabled today that the battleship New Hampshire had left Tuxpam to return to Vera Cruz. Taken in connection with the pledge from General Aguilar, the Mexican constitutionalist commander, that his men would not molest foreign property, the movement was regarded as evidence of the restoration of order between Tuxpam and Tampico.

The Madero refugees were transferred late last night to the scout cruiser Chester from the battleship Rhode Island and the Chester sailed for Havana.

With the full realization that there probably can be no immediate developments in a diplomatic sense pending a clearing of the Mexican tangle in which the Mexican congress has involved itself, interest is now centered in the naval situation on the gulf coast.

### In Perfect Harmony.

The approach of two British cruisers was communicated to the state department through the British embassy without eliciting any expressions of disapproval, and that is taken as another evidence that the United States and Great Britain are acting in perfect harmony as to naval forces to protect foreign interests.

It is pointed out in naval circles that with German and French warships in the same waters there could be no objection to the presence of British ships.

Official advices from the government agents in the sections of Mexico where the constitutionalists are operating suggest a revival of a plan to seek recognition from the United States for a defacto government claiming jurisdiction by right of possession; the establishment claiming jurisdiction by right of possession; the establishment of a capital and of an organized administration in all that part of Mexico north of a line drawn about due west from Tuxpam or Tampico.

So far, however, the local constitutionalist representatives here are unwilling to admit that General Carranza would be satisfied with anything less than a conquest of the whole of Mexico and the elimination of General Huerta.

## COULD NOT FIND BAD BOYS IN PITTSBURGH

### Forty-Five Were Examined and Not "Real Bad Boy" Was Found.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 22.—Jack Robbins of Chicago, president of the Glenwood National Fellowship Boys club, who came here yesterday to inspect bad boys, examined 45 of them and found there was not a "real bad boy" in Pittsburgh. The campaign of the club is unique and has for its purpose the rounding up of the "worst" boys available; placing them on a western farm; educating them and trying to make them useful citizens.

Out of the 45 "worst boys" here, 21 are working, nine have jobs and 15 go to school. The average wage of the 21 is \$7 a week.

Two have bank books, one has \$100 invested and another is paying off a mortgage on his father's peanut stand. Five of the lads go to church every Sunday and seven once in a while.

## LATEST ZEPPELIN ON ITS FIRST TRIP

Friedrichshafen, Germany, Nov. 22.—The latest of the Zeppelin war airships, the Zeppelin VI, ascended from Lake Constance today and started on its first trip, a 250 mile flight to Göttingen. The big dirigible is intended for service in the German army.

Work is being pushed on the new naval Zeppelin which is to replace the one destroyed in the catastrophe at Johannisthal on October 17, when 28 officers and men were killed. The airship under construction embodies improvements designed to prevent a similar disaster.

## SAY WILSON WILL RECOGNIZE HUERTA

### Mexican Newspapers Are Very Optimistic Concerning Intentions of U. S.

Mexico City, Nov. 22.—The Mexican morning newspapers under government domination published on their front pages today long articles regarding the alleged intention of the United States government to recognize Provisional President Huerta in the near future.

El Independiente had a seven column headline reading:

"Huerta will be recognized by the American government. The special envoy of President Wilson able to prove anarchy was reigning in the camp of the rebels of the north."

El Diario similarly displayed an item stating that Secretary of State Bryan had already signed a communication recognizing Huerta. The same newspaper quotes Querido Moreno, the Mexican foreign minister, as saying he has "no official knowledge" of the fact but that from private sources he has received "very optimistic news and has hopes of an early adjustment," of the difficulties between Mexico and the United States.

El Independiente at great length recited that the failure of the conference between William Bayard Hale and Carranza, the constitutionalist leader, was due to the conviction of President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan that the rebel chief could not give assurances for the safety of the lives and property of foreigners. The newspaper continues:

"President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan after listening attentively to the report of their envoy decided that Provisional President Huerta was the only man capable of dominating the situation."

The same newspaper assures its readers that an official announcement of the recognition of Provisional President Huerta is expected "within a few days."

The foundation for the optimism of the Mexican press appears to be certain cablegrams received here by foreign business men describing the horror felt by President Wilson at the killing of federal prisoners when the rebels took Juarez. These cablegrams were at first erroneously translated as referring to the killing of American army men there.

## WHERE WE MUST GET FUTURE TIMBER SUPPLY

Washington, Nov. 22.—After the remaining virgin timber of the United States is exhausted, forest supplies will have to come from national forests, state forests, or from privately-owned land; but federal and state forests, or from privately-owned land; but federal and state forests, according to E. A. Sterling, director of the American Forestry association, constitute only one-fifth of the total forest area of the country.

"On private lands," he says, "the timber of the future will be either such growth which has sprung up voluntarily on cut-over land and has managed to escape fire, or that from areas which have been devoted to forest production as a business enterprise. So far the practice of private forestry has been mainly confined to small operations, often more for pleasure than for profit. An intensive forest policy on a scale large enough to establish its commercial feasibility has not yet been undertaken."

"Private forestry in the United States has been retarded by many influences among which the more important are large stored-up timber supplies, comparatively low stumpage and lumber values, lack of market for many minor forest products, and a public sentiment which has not realized that forest production is essentially the growing of successive crops."

"Present tendencies in private forestry indicate a more logical development than at any time since forest conservation became an issue. Instead of attempting to put immediately into effect complete policies and an intensive management which are scientifically correct, the things now being attempted are the logical steps which will ultimately lead to systematic, long-time management of private forest lands. The private owner is learning that fire protection is possible and that it pays. With this fact established, other things will be taken up and worked out until he progressive timberland owner will find that he is practicing the kind of forestry which pays in this country."

"In a word, private forestry, as it can be properly practiced in the United States today, is not the intensive forestry of Germany, but the application of protective and close utilization measures with provisions for natural regeneration. These principles, applied as economic conditions permit, will build up the art and practice of forestry in America."

## CHAMPIONSHIP OF EAST ISSUE

### Yale and Harvard Football Teams Well Matched but Betting Favors Harvard.

## GEORGIA AND AUBURN CONTEST FOR TITLE

### Auburn Favorite for Southern Championship With Little Advantage—Other Games.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 22.—The football championship of the east hung on the issue in the stadium today. Harvard went into the contest a pronounced favorite in the general betting, although Yale's backers did not not hesitate to accept the alluring odds of 10 to 7 and 10 to 6 awarded against the Yale team. Football experts declared that the two teams were on such an even terms that the contest was practically an even money proposition.

The game drew a record-breaking crowd of 47,000 people. No other athletic event in this country at which a paid admission was required has ever drawn such a multitude. The weather as the crowd reached Cambridge was fine from a spectator's standpoint but the Indian summer air lacked the encouraging snap which puts life and speed into football events. It was because of the somewhat enervating conditions that the matter of the physical fitness of the players was expected to play a prominent part in the contest.

### Other Eastern Games.

Delaware vs. Dickinson, at Newark; Gettysburg vs. Johns Hopkins, at Baltimore; Lehigh vs. Lafayette, at Bethlehem; Muhlenberg vs. Bucknell, at Lewisburg; Navy vs. New York University, at Annapolis; Stevens vs. Rutgers, at Hoboken; Washington and Jefferson vs. West Virginia Wesleyan, at Clarksburg; Wesleyan vs. Trinity, at Hartford.

### Southern Contest.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 22.—With victory this afternoon meaning a clear title to the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association championship, the University of Georgia and Auburn this morning were ready to face each other in what promised to be one of the best football games played in the south this season. Both teams had been trained to the highest tension.

The Auburn squad arrived in Atlanta yesterday afternoon. The Georgia team reached here at noon today accompanied by a train load of students and supporters.

A comparison of games played this season has led observers to pick Auburn as winner, but the most sanguine supporters of the Alabama eleven conceded that its advantage was not great.

### Western Game.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Middle western football interest centered today in the Chicago-Wisconsin game here. Chicago's chance for clean cut championship of the "big nine" added to a well defined feeling that the Wisconsin team would make a hard struggle to regain lost laurels, attracted unusual attention to the meeting.

### CAMERON MORRISON IS NOT A CANDIDATE

Does Not Think Overman Can Be Beaten—C. A. Webb in Washington.

Gazette-News Bureau.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Cameron Morrison of Charlotte said yesterday that he is not a candidate for the senate to succeed Senator Lee S. Overman. Not only that but the Charlotte man says he does not believe that any one will defeat the junior senator.

"I am not a candidate for the senate," said Mr. Morrison. "I think Senator Overman should be re-elected and I believe any one who runs against him will be defeated."

Mr. Morrison said he had heard of the letters being sent out by former Governor Glenn asking "advice" as to the advisability of his being a candidate against Mr. Overman. It is understood that Mr. Morrison himself was honored with one of those letters.

State Chairman Charles A. Webb called on Attorney General McReynolds and talked over the marshaling appointment. Mr. McReynolds told Mr. Webb that he would make the appointment immediately after the fall term of the federal court adjourns.

### WILSON EXPRESSES REGRET AT DEATH OF J. H. MARBLE

Washington, Nov. 22.—President Wilson today expressed regret at the sudden death of John H. Marble, of the interstate commerce commission, and sent flowers and condolences.