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ASHEVILLE, N. C., TUESDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 3, 1914.

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RETIREMENT OF MURPHY ASKED

Resolution Declared Passed by New York Democratic Club Demands a Change of Leadership.

FRIENDS OF MURPHY WILL ENTER APPEAL

Insist Resolution Was Illegally Declared—Meeting Ends In Disorder—Fists Are Shook.

New York, Feb. 3.—Friends of Charles F. Murphy, whose retirement as leader of Tammany hall was demanded in a resolution adopted last night by the national democratic club, today announced their intention of appealing to the board of governors of the club on the ground that the appeal and nay vote was illegal.

Thomas F. Smith, secretary of Tammany hall, denounced the action of Edward F. O'Dwyer, president of the club, in refusing to put the question to a rising vote as "the worst instance of boss rule I ever saw." It was announced that another meeting of the club probably would be called and an attempt made to rescind the action or declare it illegal.

The full membership of the club is 725. Only 125 attended the meeting last night. The board of governors consists of 24 men, most of them independent democrats. Among them are Thomas F. Smith, Judge Warren W. Foster, Nathan Straus, Richard Croker and Richard Croker, Jr.

The attack on the resolution, Smith announced, would be based on a provision of the club's bylaws which, he said, states that the club shall take no action in state or municipal politics.

The resolution adopted follows: "Resolved, That we favor the immediate reorganization of the democratic state committee and of the county committee in the greater city; that we are opposed to the present leadership of Charles F. Murphy and declare our belief that the interests of the democratic party, its future prestige and success, demands his immediate retirement from all participation in party affairs."

The meeting of the club ended in disorder, after the resolution demanding that Charles F. Murphy be retired from the leadership of Tammany hall had been declared adopted on an aye and nay vote.

When the chairman announced the result of the vote the Murphy partisans and those favoring his retirement started a demonstration against each other. Fists were shaken freely, threats were made and hard names used. It was fully ten minutes before a semblance of order was restored.

Prior to introducing the resolution, Justice O'Dwyer reviewed past successes of the democratic party in state and city and declared the defeat of the entire democratic ticket at the last election, "for the first time in the history of the party by a majority of the voters," was not the fault of the candidates, "for they are as good as a set of men as ever ran for office."

"The cause that led to our defeat," he continued, "was the issue that was presented to the people charging us with corruption and with being grafters. Evidence has been produced since in a court of record that proved some of those charges. The people have determined that the charges are true. They showed that at the last election, and if we ever want to go before the people again with candidates we will have to get rid of that element in our party that is responsible for this state of affairs."

Mr. Smith, in reply, said that it was amazing that Justice O'Dwyer should say that what had been brought out in the John Doe inquiry "constituted the guilt of every man mentioned." Mr. Smith then began a defense of Mr. Murphy, concluding with a motion to lay the resolution on the table. Justice O'Dwyer declared the motion not in order and said the vote would be taken on the adoption of the resolution.

A thunderous "aye" was the response, and a moment later seemingly just as loud a "no" was given. President O'Dwyer then announced the resolution passed. Smith demanded that a ballot vote be taken, but his demand was unheeded and the meeting adjourned. After the meeting Mr. O'Dwyer stated the resolution had been adopted in a regular manner and that the club would go ahead with its plans to change the leadership and reorganize the party.

CONGRESSMAN BREMNER REPORTED WEAKER

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 3.—Although he passed a fairly comfortable night, Robert O. Bremner, New York congressman, who is suffering from malignant cancer at a sanatorium here, was reported to be weaker today. The radiation applications have been discontinued as all hope for the patient's recovery have been abandoned.

331,000 Men Are Out of Work In New York City

Report Made by Employment Bureau Says Most of Employees Feel That Business Relief Is Nigh and that Conditions Are Abnormal.

New York, Feb. 3.—Statistics gathered by the employment bureau of the society for improving the condition of the poor showing that 331,000 men in New York city are out of work, furnished an interesting study today for employers and social economists. As a result of a canvass of manufacturers, contractors and merchants, the bureau reported that present conditions are abnormal and the worst since the winter of 1907-1908.

Of the total unemployed 140,000 are unskilled laborers. The building trades come next with 70,000. Then follow: Longshoremen, 18,000; cloak and suit makers 18,000; waiters 6,500; tailors and pressers 6,000; clerks, bookkeepers and accountants 5,000; mechanics 4,500; boatmen barge men and sailors 4,200; barbers, 3,800; drivers 3,000; engineers and firemen 3,000; and other trades in smaller proportions.

The bureau acknowledges that these figures are only approximate but says the most conservative information was followed.

ANOTHER NEW FEATURE IN HEARING ON RATES

Reasonable Charges to Be Fixed for "Free Services" for Industrial Plants.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Another new feature in the case before the interstate commerce commission in which eastern railroads are seeking to advance their charges five per cent, developed today when Commissioner Harlan announced the commission intended to hold supplementary hearings on the question of fixing reasonable charges for free services railroad systems now perform for large industrial plants.

The recent decision in the industrial railways case indicated that such free services to so-called trusts not only cost the railroad systems about \$15,000,000 a year but discriminated against smaller industries.

ZAMOR PROCLAIMS HE IS CHIEF EXECUTIVE

His Army Defeated Theodore's—Three Hundred Men Killed in Battle.

Port Au Prince, Haiti, Feb. 3.—Three hundred men of the rival revolutionary armies were killed in the battle at Gonaves, according to advices received here today. The adherents of Senator Davilmar Theodore were signally defeated by the followers of General Oreste Zamor, who today proclaimed himself chief executive of the republic. Fire broke out in the city of Gonaves during the battle, but no foreign property was damaged.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP TROJAN IS AGROUND

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 3.—The British steamship Trojan has been floated by the Virginia pilot boat Relief, and proceeded to Norfolk apparently unharmed.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 3.—The British steamship Trojan, captain Nicholas, from New Orleans to Hamburg via Norfolk for Bunker coal, was today aground off Cape Henry, where she struck this morning. With clear weather and a light sea the Trojan is in no immediate danger. She is a vessel of 2573 net tons. The Trojan struck on a bar just off Cape Henry at low water shortly before 10 a. m. today. She was proceeding slowly at the time and is believed to be on the edge of the outer bar. The sea was quite smooth today and it is believed the Trojan can be floated at high tide. The Virginia pilot boat Relief, which was cruising off the Virginia Capes at the time had a line to the Trojan within less than an hour after the ship struck.

BRYAN IS HOPEFUL OF COLOMBIAN TREATY

Washington, Feb. 3.—After another conference today with Senator Benham, the Colombian minister, Secretary Bryan was encouraged to believe that a new treaty between the United States and Colombia could be agreed upon in the near future.

In its present form the convention was understood to provide for the acquisition by the United States of coaling privileges on the Colombian coast; the exclusive right to construct a canal through Colombian territory connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and the payment to Colombia of a lump sum believed to be \$25,000,000.

CASSIDY AND WALTER IN JAIL AWAITING SENTENCE

Convicted of Selling Nomination For Judgeship to William Willett.

New York, Feb. 3.—Sentencing of William Willett, Jr., former congressman, convicted of paying a bribe for a supreme court nomination to Joseph Cassidy, erstwhile democratic leader of Queens was deferred today until tomorrow. Then probably he will be sentenced along with Cassidy, convicted last night of receiving the bribe, and Louis T. Walker, Jr., the go-between, also found guilty. All face a maximum penalty of two years in prison and \$3,000 fine.

New York, Feb. 3.—Joseph Cassidy, former democratic leader of Queens county, and Louis T. Walker, Jr., lieutenant, who were found guilty late last night of conspiracy in selling a nomination to the state supreme court bench to William Willett, a former congressman, are in jail today awaiting sentence. The maximum penalty is two years in prison and a fine of \$3,000.

Willett, who was convicted ten days ago of buying the nomination for a judgeship, was arraigned for sentence today.

Cassidy is the third leader of a wide political influence to be convicted in the courts of New York city. The others were Tweed and John V. McKane. Cassidy's power in his district, which included Long Island city, Jamaica, and the Rockaways, had never been seriously questioned for years until the scandal over the judicial nomination was made public by a Brooklyn newspaper in October, 1911. Then his influence began to wane and some time later he was deposed from the leadership.

The Queens county grand jury, the home county of Cassidy, failed to take action in the scandal after an inquiry, but public pressure was strong and District Attorney James C. Croseye of Kings county, where it was charged the bribe money was passed, took up the case. On June 29, 1912 the Kings county grand jury found true bills against Cassidy, Willett and Walter.

S. C. STATE HOSPITAL INVESTIGATION BEGINS

Both Senator Tillman and Governor Blease Expected to Figure Prominently.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 3.—The special committee from the general assembly was ready to begin its investigation of the state hospital for the insane this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when the first of a series of hearings held in the Supreme court room. The investigation is the result of a sensational message from Governor Blease enclosing a personal letter alleged to have been written by United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman in which it was stated that there would be an effort made to oust the hospital authorities and that Governor Blease's underlings and satellites want to manipulate the sale of the property.

Dr. J. W. Habcock, superintendent of the asylum, the board of regents, the state park commission, the secretaries of the board and others will be subpoenaed, while the governor and Senator Tillman will also be asked to appear.

Murder Dead.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 3.—Captain John Twoby, aged 73 years, prominent in Atlantic coast marine circles and holding large financial interests at this point, died today. He was a native of County Limerick, Ireland.

MR. ROTH TESTIFIES IN ASSAULT CASE

Patrolman in Store Before Attack and Constable When It Happened.

MAGISTRATE GUDGER'S COURSE ATTACKED

Plea of Former Judgment Sustained in Lee Case—Morris Decision Is Held Over.

The plea of former conviction, entered in Police court this morning by Judge W. P. Brown, counsel for Bob Lee, charged with assaulting M. L. Roth, manager of the Guaranty Shoe store last Thursday, was sustained and the case against Reynolds Morris for assault, was taken under consideration by the court, the decision to be announced later.

Testimony was given in the hearings this morning, in regard to the conduct of Magistrate W. R. Gudger in the issuing of warrants against Lee; and Mark W. Brown, attorney for Roth, severely attacked the magistrate in his speech to the court after the conclusion of the evidence.

On the direct examination of Magistrate Gudger by Mr. Brown, it was brought out that Constable Mack Jones appeared at the Magistrate's office, just after the alleged assault and asked that a warrant be issued against him. It was brought out that Lee suggested the warrant be drawn charging simple assault, which was done; although the magistrate testified that "in his own mind he said" if, when the case came up for trial he found that it was assault with a deadly weapon, over which it did not have jurisdiction.

Magistrate Gudger went into this in detail. It was brought out that when the time came for the Lee case to appear with his attorney, his witnesses and Mack Jones, and without the state being represented at all, Magistrate Gudger allowed the defendant to waive examination in a case in which he did not have jurisdiction and held to Superior court under a bond of \$300, the defendant.

Mr. Hall's Testimony. In the hearing of the Lee case, T. E. Hall, a clerk in the shoe store, was the first witness called. He testified that on last Thursday he noticed a crowd, composed of Bob Lee, Reynolds Morris, Ward Mitchell, "Budgie" Earwood and possibly five or six more, standing in front of the store about noon, and on until about 3 or 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Witness said that he was sitting in back of store and saw Patrolman Snyder across the street. Came to front door and heard the officer say that some one had complained about the crowd standing in front of the store.

Went on to say that Bob Lee and Ward Mitchell asked who it was that had complained. Later Patrolman Snyder, Morris, Lee and Earwood came in the store. Snyder in the lead. Witness heard a conversation between the officer and Roth, but could not understand what was being said. Heard Lee ask Roth what he had said about the crowd gathering out in front, Roth replying that the men were talking among themselves but that it was hurting his business. Snyder and two or three others said, "Let's go out, we don't want anything like that to happen in here." Witness did not know what was meant by the remark, as he could not tell who it was talking. He then testified that Snyder and several of the men went out, but Lee staid, asking again what was meant by asking the men to leave the front of the store. Roth made no reply to this question. It was then that Lee struck Roth in the mouth with his fist, witness said. Witness made an attempt to get to Roth, he says, when Reynolds Morris blocked his way, by putting up his hands and making the remark, "What the hell are you going to do?" Then Lee struck Roth on the head with the crooked end of the stick he carried. Witness swore. Witness said that he (Continued on page 9)

ARMS EMBARGO TO MEX. LIFTED

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Wilson has decided to lift the embargo on exportation of arms to Mexico.

A proclamation under the authority of the congressional resolution of 1912 which will restore the status of the arms question to where both Huerta forces and constitutionalists may export arms from the United States soon will be issued from the White House.

TO FILE PETITION TO MAKE ELLIS ANSWER

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Representatives of the interstate commerce commission were prepared today to file a petition in Federal court asking for an order to compel Frederick W. Ellis, vice president of the Armour Refrigerator Car lines to answer questions regarding business being done by his company. On the contention that the commission had no jurisdiction over its business because the Armour Car company was engaged in transporting its own product, Ellis recently declined to answer questions in the private car line inquiry.

Escaped From Mexico After Perilous Journey

Mr. and Mrs. Jones and Infant Son Travelled 200 Miles in Open Boat and Rebels Burned Their Home—Come Back to Old Home in Georgia.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 3.—Forced to leave their ranch at Los Pinos, state of Jalisco, Mexico, after rebels had looted and burned their home, Mr. and Mrs. Jones, a Georgian, Mrs. Jones and their three year old son made a perilous trip in a small open launch along 200 miles of sea coast and were taken aboard the United States collier Nan Shan which arrived here yesterday from Matlan.

A detachment of seventy-five of the revolutionists that captured Los Pinos on January 10, surrounded Dr. Jones tobacco ranch, stole \$4,000 in cash and Mrs. Jones' jewelry and then set fire to the house and outbuildings. After many hardships Jones and his family reached the coast, sixty miles away, and chartered a launch. They will return to their former home in Georgia.

NEW SEA SAFETY LAWS ARE LIKELY

Prompt Action Is Expected When Conventoin Is Given To Senate Feb. 15.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Although ratification of the convention of the international congress of safety of life at sea has not yet been made a part of the administrative legislative program, it is believed here today that prompt action will be taken by the senate when the convention is laid before it February 15. The recent Monroe disaster is expected to hasten action on the treaty which will serve to make the ideas of the convention the law for ships which sail from American ports.

The convention takes up the construction of ships along stancher lines; provides rules for more careful navigation and demands better equipment for steamships in passenger traffic. Among the requirements, it is said, will be more water light compartments, higher bulkheads extending these departments to higher decks, sufficient life boat and life raft equipment to care for all passengers, wireless on all steamships and a continuous watch by operators. Wireless apparatus shall have at least a 250 mile radius and storage batteries must be provided to take care of the wireless in case of flooding of a steamer's engine room.

Every passenger ship must carry three "life boatmen" for the smallest size boat and when motor boats are used men trained to run them must be employed. The convention provides for slower speed at night and will force the trans-Atlantic companies to steer away from iceberg regions. The convention declares that a ship is a passenger vessel if it carries 12 persons in addition to its crew.

HAYES AMENDMENT IS TAKEN UP BY HOUSE

Fight Resumed Over Asiatic Exclusion Feature of Immigration Bill.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The modified "Hayes amendment" was before the house today when it resumed the fight over the Asiatic exclusion feature of the immigration bill.

As modified by Representative Lenoort's amendment, adopted last night, it would bar Asiatics and Africans except those whose entry to the United States has been provided for by treaties or passport arrangements which now exist or may later be entered into. Its supporters contend that in such a form it did not disturb nor affect the status of Chinese or Japanese immigration. In its original terms the Hayes amendment would have excluded all Asiatics.

Chairman Burnett of the immigration committee and his followers began work early today, however, in an attempt to kill the amendment entirely and leave the immigration bill entirely free of Asiatic exclusion features. They contend that exclusion clauses would invite a presidential veto of the entire immigration bill.

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ANOTHER BIG REALTY DEAL

S. A. Lynch Purchases Cherokee Inn, Located at Corner Oak and Woodfin Streets.

PURCHASE PRICE IS SAID TO BE \$32,500

Purchase Included Furnishings—Mr. Lynch to Make Big Improvements—His Plans Indefinite.

A real estate transaction of unusual magnitude occurred yesterday, when Cherokee inn changed hands. That well known hostelry was added to the large real estate holdings of S. A. Lynch. The Cherokee inn, a house of 70 rooms, located in a beautiful grove of two acres at the corner of Oak and Woodfin streets, is an Asheville landmark. Of late years it has been owned by R. P. Robinson, and has been conducted successfully. The purchase price is understood to be \$32,500, and the transaction was made through J. W. Wolfe of the Western Carolina Realty company.

When asked concerning his plans affecting the Cherokee inn, Mr. Lynch stated that it might be for sale at the right price, like most of his realty holdings, but that in the meanwhile he purposed making a number of improvements, such as repainting, improving the grounds and the like. The inn is now well furnished and the purchase included all the furniture. It was reported on the streets about noon that Mr. Lynch had taken over the Cherokee inn, and the transaction stimulated no little interest and discussion, especially in real estate circles.

PREPARED TO BEGIN TRIAL OF DEPUTIES

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 3.—Course in the trial of the five deputies who were indicted for the murder of two striking copper miners last August today to begin taking testimony today. Search was under way by bondsmen for Thomas Raleigh one of the deputies who has disappeared and whose bond of \$5,000 was forfeited yesterday.

Proud of your Uncle Sam? Get this book and there'll be a reason.

COUPON

Save it for a Copy of THE PANAMA CANAL

By Frederic J. Haskin

Author of "The American Government"

Gazette-News Tuesday Feb. 3

Colonel Goethals says: "Accurate and Dependable"

HOW TO GET THIS BOOK

On account of the education value and patriotic appeal of this book, The Gazette-News has arranged with Mr. Haskin to distribute a limited edition among its readers for the mere cost of production and handling.

It is bound in a heavy cloth. It contains 400 pages, 100 illustrations and diagrams, an index, and two maps (one of them beautiful bird's-eye view of the Canal Zone in four colors). IT IS ACTUALLY A \$2.00 VALUE.

Cut the above coupon from six consecutive issues of the paper, present them with 50 cents at our office, and a copy of the book is yours. Fifteen cents extra if sent by mail.

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