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Wednesday April 22, 1914

THE KANSAS RATE CASE.

The decision of the Supreme court of the United States in the Kansas insurance case, an action testing the validity of a State statute undertaking to fix fire insurance rates, is apparently one of the most important in recent years. While attempting to differentiate insurance from other business and asserting that the broad question of price-fixing was not involved, the court upheld the action of the Kansas state superintendent of insurance in reducing rates in the State about 12 per cent. The desire of the majority that this shall not be construed as a general approval of legislative price-fixing is quite evident in the opinion of Justice McKenna. "We have shown that the business of insurance has very definite characteristics, within the reach of influences and consequences beyond and different from those of ordinary business of the commercial world, to pursue which a greater liberty might be asserted," said Justice McKenna. He reasons that there is involved a broad and definite public interest and that prices are not made over the counter but "in councils of the underwriters and promulgated in schedules of practically controlling constancy."

In the dissenting opinion read by Justice Lamar and concurred in by Chief Justice White and Justice Van Devanter a directly contrary view of the status of the insurance business is taken: "Insurance is not production, not manufacture, nor transportation, nor merchandise. The fact that insurance is strictly a private and personal contract of indemnity puts it on the extreme outside rim and removes it as far as any business can be from those that are in their nature public. So that if the price of a private and personal contract of indemnity can be regulated, if the price of a choice in action can be fixed, then the price of everything within the circle of its transactions can be regulated.

Considering, therefore, the nature of the subject treated and the reason on which the court's opinion is based, it is evident that the decision is not a mere entering wedge, but reaches the end from the beginning and announces the principle which points inevitably to the conclusion that the price of every article sold and the price of every service offered can be regulated by statute.

State regulation of prices has heretofore been held inconsistent with constitutional liberty of contract. There is small doubt but that this decision will greatly encourage those furthering the minimum wage movement and the fixing of prices by government commissions.

AN ECHO OF "WATCHFUL WAITING."

In the current issue of the Commoner, whose proprietor has promised its readers authentic information and reliable comment on the show at Washington there appears an article signed "W. J. Bryan" and concluding as follows:

"If our nation desires to be measured by intellectual and ethical standards, how unworthy to brag of our strength and threaten to use that strength. 'We are ready to fight' does not arouse the enthusiasm that it did a few centuries ago. Brute force is not the level upon which this nation settles controversies today; the question is not what we can do, but what we ought to do.

The path of history is strewn with the wreck of nations that boasted that they were all powerful; they went down under Jehovah's inexorable law—and the God who ruled over Babylon is the God who is ruling yet." This question must be decided on moral principles and not by the counting of our regiments and battalions.

What shall it profit a nation if it conquers the whole world and loses

its faith in the doctrine that "righteousness exalteth a nation?"

On the day readers of the Commoner were favored with this emanation Mr. Bryan's official chief was asking congress for authorization to use the armed forces of the United States against Mexico. Is the author of those affecting and exquisitely worded sentiments off his job as journalist or as secretary of state?

WALT MASON
THE EARLY FLY.

The early fly is here; you see him buzzing near; so take your stand with club in hand, and soak him in the ear. The early flies are worst of all the breed accused; for they'll give rise to countless flies which cannot be dispersed. One active April fly, unless you make it die, will bring a slow, your meat to chew, and spoil the milk and pie. So, like the Maid of Arc, arise in helm and sark, and swat the flies between the eyes, from daylight until dark. Thus serve your native land, a swatter in your hand, and then your name in hall of fame, on sculptured stone will stand. There is no better plan to help your fellow man, a peril dies with dying flies, so swat them while you can. Just so you kill the brutes, the method little boots; one takes an axe and breaks their backs, one takes his gun and shoots. I know one earnest gink who drowns his flies in ink; some fellows boil their flies in oil—a first rate scheme, I think. But any plan will do, just so you kill a few, each passing day, so sly and slay, with purpose high and true.

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**BELLES OF DIXIE
VIE AT REUNION**

Brilliant Fetes Planned For Jacksonville Meeting

May 6, 7 and 8 To Be Memorable Dates in Florida's Metropolis—Large Crowd Assured the Reunion City.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Southern social circles are again taking an interest in the great social, military and sentimental annual meeting that brings together a crowd of from 75,000 to 150,000 people to do honor to the ex-Confederate soldier—the reunion of the survivors of the Confederate armies.

The reunion is to be held this year at Jacksonville, Fla., May 6, 7, 8 inclusive. It is the first time that the ex-Confederates have selected Florida as the reunion state, and uncommon interest attaches to the meeting here and throughout the South. Owing to the comparatively early date of the reunion, the divisions, brigades and camps made their appointments of sponsors and maids early, and these ladies compose the social side of the reunion. They are known as the official ladies of the meeting, entertained as such, and courted by the entire social fabric of the South.

The Sons of Confederate Veterans, following in the footsteps of their fathers, maintain organizations in every Southern state, and hold their reunions on the same dates. They appoint sponsors and maids of honor. The two organizations, closely allied, therefore, send to each Confederate reunion several hundred official ladies, selected from the best families of the South, that stand high in the social scale in their communities.

Mapping out a social program, therefore, for a Confederate reunion is a task that demands the best of talent in the entertainment line. There must be dinners, receptions, balls, trips to points of interest around the reunion cities and anything else in the line of social entertainment the committees may devise. The crowning event of the week in society, however, is the annual ball for maids and sponsors. If the reunion is held in a city where a hall large enough to accommodate several hundred dancing couples at once can not be secured, a dancing pavilion is constructed for the occasion. This pavilion consists of a large canvas tent, well floored and lighted; it is also supplied with comfortable seats on the grandstand order, where several thousand spectators may witness the ball. If a reader has not seen one of these annual balls at a Confederate reunion he has but limited idea of its size and brilliancy. Nothing to equal it in splendor can be seen in the United States, unless it be the inauguration ball at the national capital, now fallen into social desuetude. If the inauguration ball is put out of the contest, the annual ball of the Confederate reunion, at which the maids and sponsors hold sway, is the greatest social function of the United States.

The social side of the Jacksonville reunion will be participated in by representatives of all Southern States, the border states and a few western commonwealths. There are sixteen state divisions of the United Confederate Veterans' Association, as follows: South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Louisiana, Tennessee, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Kentucky, Texas, Oklahoma, Missouri, and Arkansas. Each state sends large delegations of young women to the reunion, selected with regard to their social standing at home. In addition

to the state delegations, the commander-in-chief has his own official ladies, chosen from the South at large. There are three departments, known as the Army of Northern Virginia department, Army of Tennessee department and Trans-Mississippi department. Each department appoints maids and sponsors and sends them to all reunions. The scope of country covered by these many organizations has about half the population of the United States; hence, the interest in a Confederate reunion is always widespread. Society circles in all of this territory are interested in the Jacksonville reunion, and the event will bring here one of the largest crowds of young people ever assembled in the South. Florida appeals to the young, because of its flowers and its wonders—its poetry, its songs and its attractive history. Rivers and ocean, gulf and bays have interest all their own. The palm and the pine, live oak and holly, and a hundred other forest trees that abound throughout the state as nowhere else on the continent, invest Florida with an interest as wide as the nation. Greater interest attaches to the Jacksonville reunion than to any recent meeting of the Confederates, and preparations are being made to entertain a large crowd of people in May.

The population of Jacksonville is about 85,000. The assessed value of taxable property is \$58,000,000. Twelve years ago it was but \$12,000,000, showing an increase of more than 400 per cent for the period. The municipal tax levy is 11.5 mills, one of the lowest in the country.

Jacksonville's bank clearings for 1912 were \$168,422,388. Aggregate bank deposits approximate \$22,000,000. Number of banking institutions, 16.

"Willie" said the teacher, "what shape is the earth?"
"It is an oblate spheroid."
"And what kind of shape is that?"
"I asked father, and he said he guessed it was a scientific way of saying the world is in mighty bad shape at present."—Washington Star.

Next!
Mr. Wright went to the telephone and called up Mr. Reed.
"Hello, Reed; this is Wright," he said.
"Where's Rithmetick?" the office boy asked the stenographer in subdued tones.—Indianapolis News.

Take After Nobody.
Visitor—Little Willie takes after his father, doesn't he?
Sister—No, he doesn't. You ought to see him at the table! He always grabs drat.—California Pheasant.

The great thing in the world is not so much to seek happiness as to earn peace and self respect.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR CONGRESS
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Democratic Congressional District, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
ROBERT H. REYNOLDS.

FOR CONGRESS
In announcing myself as a candidate for nomination to come before the democratic primary, I wish to say to the voters of the Tenth Congressional district that I shall solicit their support upon my individual merits as a representative of the people, and my past record as such, and not upon the merits of any of the gentlemen who have, or will announce themselves as candidates.
I firmly maintain that harmony within the democratic ranks is the first rule to be observed by any candidate; and that any true loyal party man, who aspires to office at the hands of the party, and who attempts to further his candidacy by casting aspersions on his opponents or pays others to do so, and who does not place harmony above party office, is not worthy of the office to which he aspires.
— J. M. GUDGER, Jr.

FOR STATE SENATOR.
I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of State Senator for the Thirty-sixth Senatorial District of North Carolina, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
ZEBULON WEAVER.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE NO. 1.
I hereby announce that I will be a candidate in the Democratic primary for the office of Representative No. 1 from Buncombe county in the General Assembly of North Carolina.
GALLATIN ROBERTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE NO. 2.
I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Representative No. 2 from Buncombe county in the Lower House of the General Assembly of North Carolina, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.
L. W. MORGAN.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE NO. 2.
I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Representative No. 2 from Buncombe county in the next general assembly of North Carolina, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.
ALLEN COGGINS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE NO. 2.
I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of Representative No. 2 from Buncombe county in the next general assembly of North Carolina, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.
H. L. NETTLES.

FOR SOLICITOR.
I take this means of announcing that I will seek the nomination of the Democratic party for the office of Solicitor for the Nineteenth Judicial District of North Carolina.
J. E. SWAIN.

FOR SOLICITOR.
I take this means of announcing that I will seek the nomination for the office of Solicitor for the Nineteenth Judicial District of North Carolina, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
J. SCROOP STYLES.

FOR REGISTRAR.
I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Registrar of Deeds of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary. I appreciate the favors shown me in the past and promise faithful service in return if nominated and elected.
J. J. MACKIEY.

FOR REGISTRAR.
I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Registrar of Deeds of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary. Although I have been a lifelong party worker, this is the first time that I have asked a favor at the hands of the Democrats of the county.
Very respectfully,
H. C. BLACKSTOCK.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.
To the democrats of Buncombe county: I am a candidate for the nomination for registrar of deeds in the coming primaries, and will be glad to have the support and influence of all democrats who are opposed to a life tenure in public office. I have been a loyal party worker all my life and have contributed much time and means toward the success of the ticket.
I have no money with which to obtain this nomination, therefore, I hope you will consider my application from a purely meritorious standpoint. Will thank you for your support. Yours very respectfully,
J. M. CARVER.
Lester, N. C., 11th April, 1914.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for office of Tax Collector of Buncombe County subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
C. P. (BUCK) GASTON.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.
I desire to herewith make announcement of my candidacy for the office of Tax Collector of Buncombe County and submit myself to the vote at the Democratic Primary.
B. A. PATTON.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.
To the voters of Buncombe county I do hereby declare myself a candidate for tax collector for Buncombe county subject to the action of the democratic primary. Any favor shown me will be highly appreciated.
Respectfully,
CLAS L. RICE.
With Clayton Fakes & Co.

FOR TREASURER.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary. Very respectfully,
T. M. DUCKETT.

FOR TREASURER.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Buncombe county, subject to the action of the democratic primary.
J. EDD. BROOKSHIRE.
Asheville, N. C.

We Put The "EE'S" In Eyes

CHARLES H. HONESS.
OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN.
54 Patton Ave. Opp. Post office

FOR AUDITOR.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Auditor of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
Very respectfully,
E. M. LYDA.

FOR COUNTY CHAIRMAN.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, subject to the Democratic Primary.
S. D. HALL.

FOR COUNTY CHAIRMAN.
To the Democratic voters of Buncombe County:
Having received encouragement and approval from many of our best Citizens in Asheville and the County, of my efforts to give a businesslike and economical administration of our County's affairs, I announce that I will be a candidate for Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners in the coming primary.
N. A. REYNOLDS.

FOR COUNTY CHAIRMAN.
At the earnest solicitation of many friends, I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of chairman of the Buncombe county board of commissioners, subject to the Democratic Primary.
D. H. WEBB.

FOR COUNTY CHAIRMAN.
I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners subject to the action of the democratic Primary. Respectfully,
W. E. JOHNSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.
I announce that I will be a candidate for Clerk of Superior Court in the Democratic Primary. For fifteen years I have endeavored to conduct this office in a capable and efficient manner. I trust my experience and intimate knowledge of the requirements and duties of the office will be considered by the intelligent voter in my favor.
MARCUS ERWIN.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of county commissioner of Buncombe county, subject to the action of the democratic primary.
Z. V. CREAMAN.
Blitmore, N. C.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the office of county commissioner of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
J. C. COWAN.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
I wish to announce myself as a candidate for the office of county commissioner of Buncombe county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
J. M. BROOKSHIRE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election to the office of County Commissioner of Buncombe county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
R. C. SALES.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
I hereby announce myself as candidate for commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
C. P. WHITSON.
Swannanoa, N. C.

FOR CONSTABLE.
Being recently appointed by the board of county commissioners to fill the unexpired term of F. M. Jones I hereby announce myself as candidate for the office of constable of Asheville township, subject to the action of the democratic primary.
CHARLES B. (BILL) JOYNER.

FOR CONSTABLE.
I am a candidate for Constable; a union man and an experienced officer; a loyal democrat; a total abstainer from strong drink, and if chosen will establish an office and pledge my best service. Thanking you in advance.
H. R. JAMER.

FOR CONSTABLE.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of constable of Asheville township, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.
BEN M. COLLINS.

FOR CONSTABLE.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Constable of Asheville township, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.
W. H. WYATT.

FOR CORONER.
I wish to announce my candidacy for the office of coroner of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary. I am in close touch with the city and all parts of the county by a good telephone system and the schedules on the Weaver-ville line are such that my services would be available, if elected, as if I lived in Asheville. I promise in advance that I will give my best services if nominated and elected.
J. N. GILL, M. D.
Weaverville, N. C.

FOR CORONER.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of coroner of Buncombe County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.
EUGENE T. MORRIS.

Battery Park Bank
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
Capital \$100,000
Surplus and Profits \$145,000
OFFICERS:
James P. Sawyer, Chairman of the Board.
E. C. Cox, President. J. E. Rankin, Cashier.
Erwin Studer, Vice-Pres. C. Rankin, Asst. Cash.

Ladies, What Is Your Time Worth in Dollars and Cents?
A gas range will save you at least three hours kitchen work daily because you have no fires to build, no coal or ashes to contend with, no kindling to handle and you save all the time usually spent in waiting for the fire to catch-up and burn freely.
If you do three hours less work daily for 365 days it amounts to 1095 hours in the course of a year, or on a wage scale of 25 cents per hour, a total of
\$273.75 WORTH OF YOUR TIME SAVED ANNUALLY
Now, a GAS RANGE will not only lighten your culinary duties but the actual saving in fuel bills is well worth consideration in every home where household economy is appreciated.
If you cut your fuel bill down only 50 cents per week for 52 weeks you save in the course of a year the sum of \$26.00 which is more than the actual cost of having a gas range installed in your home. Think it over then phone 69. Have our representative call. Let us explain our divided payment plan, that makes owning a GAS RANGE EASY.

Asheville Power & Light Co.

STREET CAR SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 22, 1913

ZILICOA AND RETURN	8:00, 8:15, 8:30 a. m.
RIVERSIDE PARK	8:00 and every 15 min. until 11 p. m.
DEPOT VIA SOUTHSIDE AVENUE	8:30 a. m. and every 15 minutes until 1:15 p. m.; then every 1 1/2 minutes until 2:45 p. m. Then every 15 minutes until 11:00.
DEPOT VIA FRENCH BROAD AVE.	8:00 and every 15 minutes until 11:00 p. m.
MANOR	8:30, 9:00 a. m. and then every 15 minutes till 11:00 p. m.
CHARLOTTE STREET TERMINUS	8:30, 9:00 a. m. then every 15 minutes till 11:00 p. m. 11:30 car comes through. Return leaves end of line 12:00.
PATTON AVENUE	8:00 a. m. and every 15 minutes till 11:00 p. m.
EAST STREET	8:00 a. m. and every 15 minutes till 11:00 p. m.
GRACE VIA MERRIMON AVENUE	8:00 a. m. and 8:30 a. m. Then every 15 minutes till 10:30 p. m. Then every 30 minutes till 11:00 p. m.
BILTMORE	8:15 a. m. and then ever, 15 minutes till 10:30 p. m. Then every 30 minutes till 11:00 last car.
DEPOT & W. ASHEVILLE VIA SOUTHSIDE AVE.	8:30 a. m. and every 15 min. until 11:00 p. m. last car.

Sunday schedule differs in the following particulars:
Car leaves square for Manor at 8:00 a. m., return 8:15.
Car leaves square for Depot via Southside Ave. 8:15, 8:30, 7:05, 7:30, 8:00 and 8:30. Car leaves square for Depot via French Broad Ave. 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 7:15, 7:45 and 8:15.
Car for Depot leaves Square 8:45, both Southside and French Broad.
First car leaves Square for Charlotte street at 8:00 a. m. and every 30 minutes until 8:30 next 8:45.
First car leaves Square for Riverside 8:30, next 8:45.
First car for West Asheville leaves Square 6:15, 7:00, next 8:30.
With the above exceptions, Sunday schedules commence at 9 a. m. and continue same as week days.
On evenings when entertainments are in progress at Auditorium the last trip on all lines will be from entertainment, leaving Square at regular time and holding over at Auditorium. Car leaves Square to meet 8 1/2 night train, 30 minutes before schedule of announced arrival.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
Schedule Figures Published as Information Only and Not Guaranteed
EFFECTIVE MONDAY, JANUARY 4, 1914.

ARRIVES FROM—	Eastern Time	DEPARTS FOR—	Eastern Time
No. 5. Brevard and Lake Toxaway	11:30 a. m.	No. 6. Brevard and Lake Toxaway	5:30 p. m.
No. 7. Brevard and Lake Toxaway	6:15 p. m.	No. 9. Brevard and Lake Toxaway	9:05 a. m.
No. 9. Savannah and Jacksonville	2:10 p. m.	No. 10. Savannah, Jacksonville	4:10 p. m.
No. 11. Washington, N. Y., York, Norfolk and Richmond	2:45 p. m.	No. 11. Cincinnati, St. Louis, Memphis & Louisville	5:05 p. m.
No. 12. Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis	2:05 p. m.	No. 13. Washington, N. Y., Norfolk and Richmond	2:35 p. m.
No. 13. Charleston and Columbia	9:15 p. m.	No. 14. Atlanta & Charleston	7:00 a. m.
No. 15. N. Y., Philadelphia, Washington	10:05 a. m.	No. 16. N. Y., Philadelphia, and Washington	7:00 p. m.
No. 17. Murphy & Waynesville	8:30 p. m.	No. 17. Waynesville and Murphy	5:20 a. m.
No. 19. Murphy & Waynesville	1:47 p. m.	No. 19. Waynesville and Murphy	3:20 p. m.
No. 23. Waynesville	9:00 a. m.	No. 24. Waynesville	7:55 p. m.
No. 21. Goldsboro and Raleigh	7:40 p. m.	No. 23. Raleigh and Goldsboro	9:10 a. m.
No. 27. Charleston and Columbia	7:30 p. m.	No. 27. Chicago and Cincinnati	7:50 p. m.
No. 28. Cincinnati and Chicago	10:20 a. m.	No. 28. Columbia, Charleston	10:20 a. m.
No. 25. Washington, N. Y., and Richmond	2:40 a. m.	No. 25. Memphis, Chattanooga and New Orleans	10:30 p. m.
No. 26. Memphis, Chattanooga and New Orleans	6:50 a. m.	No. 28. Washington, Richmond and N. Y.	7:10 a. m.
No. 41. Atlanta, Macon and New Orleans	11:15 a. m.	No. 42. Atlanta, Macon and New Orleans	8:30 p. m.
No. 193. Bristol, Knoxville & Chattanooga	10:15 p. m.	No. 191. Bristol, Knoxville & Chattanooga	7:10 a. m.

Through sleeping cars daily to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, Charleston, Chattanooga, Memphis, Jacksonville, Savannah, St. Louis, Louisville, Atlanta, Macon, Montgomery, Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans.
Full dining car service trains Nos. 8, 9, 15, 12, 27, 24, and Buffet dining car No. 15 and 16.
Through cars Goldsboro and Waynesville.
ALEX. H. AKER, City Pass. & Ticket Agt. **J. H. WOOD, Dir. Pass. Agt.**