

AMMONS ASKS JOINT SESSION

Breaks Down and Is Unable to Prepare Message For a Special Session of Legislature.

OUTLINES LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM, HOWEVER

Heavy Patrol of U. S. Troops Gives Feeling of Security—Quiet Over The Whole State.

Denver, May 4.—Exhausted by the strain over events of the last two weeks in the strike zone, Governor E. M. Ammons has been unable to prepare his message for the special session of the legislature which convened today to consider legislation in connection with the strike. Last night while working upon the message Governor Ammons broke down and was forced to his bed.

In consequence it was announced early today the governor would ask that branches of the legislature to meet in joint session and he then was asked them to enact a measure pertaining to the issuance of bonds to pay expenses incurred by the state in maintaining the militia in the strike zone, a debt which now has reached more than \$1,000,000. The legislators were to be asked to enact a law providing arbitration and means of enforcing the dictum of the arbiters in future cases of labor strife. The appointment of a permanent state committee to be used in event of peace disturbances of magnitude and the prohibition of the sale of munitions of war and liquor in infected regions were a part of the legislative program.

Feeling of Security.

Denver, May 4.—Heavy patrols of federal troops scattered throughout the strike zones of Colorado gave the officials a sense of security today which they had not felt since the inception of the industrial strike. Practically all of the Colorado national guardsmen were withdrawn. In every section of the state quiet prevails. The matter of disarmament has not been undertaken yet and probably will be until the arrival late today of Colonel James Lockett with the 11th Regiment, United States Cavalry. Officers of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company declare that as soon as the federal troops are ready to afford protection at the mines their guards will turn over their arms. No intimation has been received as to the manner in which the strikers would observe the proclamation of disarmament.

General Strike.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 4.—The question of calling a general strike in the mining industry of the country will be taken up at a meeting of the international officers of the United Mine Workers of America and the executive board to be held here today. The officers of the organization it was said that petitions had been received from all parts of the country asking that a general strike be called. Charleston, W. Va., May 4.—Reports from the Kanawha coal field today indicated that many of the miners who struck last week would obey the orders of the district officers of the United Mine Workers and return to work until the international officers could pass upon their contention that they have a right to strike. In the eastern part of this city, however, leaders of the radical element were urging the men to stay away from the mines until all the questions at issue had been settled.

GUNMEN KILL GREEK AND POLICEMAN KELLY

Guard Policeman to Be Killed By Gunmen in Brooklyn In Two Weeks.

New York, May 4.—Policeman William J. Kelly was shot and killed today after they had assassinated a Greek restaurant keeper named Bantala. The Greek was shot when he refused the demands of the men for money and Kelly was shot when he refused the murderers.

Pur Border Service.

Mobile, May 4.—The 170th and 20th companies, coast artillery at Fort Mifflin, entrained early today under orders to proceed to Brownsville, Texas, for border service.

WILSON TO MEET SHIP WITH BODIES

Plans For Funeral of the Men Killed at Vera Cruz Are Not Complete.

Washington, May 4.—President Wilson plans to go to Brooklyn Monday and meet the Montana which is bringing to the United States the bodies of the men killed at Vera Cruz. This statement was made early today by Secretary Daniels after a conference with the president. In case public business makes it impossible for President Wilson to leave Washington he will send a personal representative with a letter from him.

Secretary Daniels said he would go to New York to attend the funeral services of the sailors and marines on the presidential yacht Mayflower, leaving probably Saturday night. He will meet the Montana off the Virginia capes and escort her to the New York yards.

As soon as the Montana has reported the hour of her expected arrival in New York Secretary Daniels will complete with the officials of the New York yards arrangements for the funeral. If President Wilson is unable to attend, Secretary Daniels will make an address in his name and will read a tribute to the heroic dead from the president's own pen.

SARGENT MASTERPIECE RUINED BY SUFFRAGETTE

Portrait of Henry James Mutilated by "Mrs. Wood," of "Wild Women."

London, May 4.—The portrait of Henry James, the novelist, by John Sargent, the American artist, hanging in one of the galleries of the Royal Academy was ruined this afternoon by a suffragette. The woman gave her name as Mrs. Wood. She belongs to a group of militants called "the Wild Women."

Mrs. Wood was accompanied by a man who attempted to impede those who restrained her. The crowd turned on him and gave him a beating. When the police appeared on the scene Mrs. Wood was turned over to them.

Arson Squad Busy.

Belfast, Ireland, May 4.—The arson squad of the militant suffragettes resumed its campaign in Ulster today by burning the new grandstand of the Cavehill Tennis club.

SICKLES TO BE BURIED WITH MILITARY HONORS

Last of U. S. Brigade Commanders of War of States Has Passed.

New York, May 4.—While the funeral arrangements for General Daniel S. Sickles, who died last night, had not been finally completed today, it was said the old soldier, last of the brigade commanders of the civil war, would be buried with military honors. He may be buried in Arlington beside the military leaders of the nation.

THINK HUERTA'S POWER WANING

Refugees From Mexico City Say That Feeling Against President's Regime Is Growing.

RUMORS OF HUERTA-BLANQUET RUPTURE

Disposition of Customs Revenue at Vera Cruz Puzzling—Great Demand For U. S. "Change."

Vera Cruz, May 4.—American refugees continue to arrive from the capital and they bring divergent stories of the situation there. Arrangements are being made today to send a naval vessel to Puerto Mexico to meet a large number of refugees due there Tuesday morning. Latest arrivals confirm reports of a growing undercurrent of feeling against the Huerta regime and tell of a rumor of a rupture between Huerta and General Blanquet, minister of war. It was the letter that took the military coup which resulted in the downfall of President Francis I. Madero.

Some of the returning Americans who claim to have authentic information declare Huerta is reiterating to confidants that he will never resign and talks of the possibility of a coup against him. Several of the American business men say the foreign diplomatic representatives counseled them not to leave the capital, saying there was practically no danger and the whole situation would be clarified soon.

The refugees generally expressed disappointment at the lack of any indication of an advance of the American army on the capital. They say the best class of Mexicans share this view.

There is speculation in official circles regarding disposition of customs revenues of this port said to aggregate over a million dollars in gold a month. Fleeing federal officers took important customs house files and it is difficult to clear up business in the warehouses or to ascertain the exact distribution of files formerly made of the revenue.

For the present all the customs receipts will be impounded to await instructions from Washington. Several cargoes have been unloaded during the last few days and more ships are reported as cleared for this port from the United States and Europe so that the accumulated receipts will soon reach a considerable amount.

Ward Liner Arrives.

New York, May 4.—The Ward liner steamer Guantanamo arrived today from Tampico, Vera Cruz and Havana with 29 refugees from Mexico, 15 from Tampico and two from Vera Cruz. Most of them are women and children.

The Guantanamo was at Vera Cruz during the recent fighting. About 50 bullets passed through the chart house and other structures but none of the ship's company was injured.

MEXICAN REFUGEES ON WAY TO FORT WINGATE

El Paso, Texas, May 4.—The three thousand men of the Mexican federal army, accompanied by 1,500 women and children which have been interned at Fort Bliss since they crossed the international border after suffering defeat by the rebels at Ojinaga and were taken in charge by United States troops, were entrained today for Fort Wingate, New Mexico. The federals were ordered transferred to a point away from the border over a week ago when the Mexican situation seemed extremely critical.

HOPE CARRANZA MAY YET ENTER TO GO THROUGH TRUST PROGRAM

Notwithstanding Refusal to Agree to Truce, Mediators Will Try to Bring Rebels Into Proceedings.

INTEREST CENTERS IN NAMING OF DELEGATES

Washington, May 4.—Despite the refusal of Carranza, constitutionalist chief, to declare an armistice with the Huerta government, the South American envoys today resumed their sessions, still hopeful that events of the next three or four days would broaden the horizon of their negotiations to include the entire Mexican problem. Carranza, declining the suggestion of a truce, asserted a suspension of hostilities "would only accrue to the benefit of Huerta in the civil war now going on in Mexico between the usurper Huerta and the constitutionalist army under my command."

HOPE CARRANZA MAY YET ENTER TO GO THROUGH TRUST PROGRAM

Notwithstanding Refusal to Agree to Truce, Mediators Will Try to Bring Rebels Into Proceedings.

INTEREST CENTERS IN NAMING OF DELEGATES

Mediators Base Hope on Possibility That Carranza Will Send Delegate to the Peace Conference.

Washington, May 4.—General Huerta has informed the mediators that D. Emilio Rabassa, a Mexican jurist, and Augustine Garza Galindo, under secretary of justice, have been selected as delegates to confer with the mediators and the third name will be submitted tomorrow.

In making this announcement after a conference with the mediators today, Secretary Bryan said that the American representatives had not yet been chosen.

Washington, May 4.—Despite the refusal of Carranza, constitutionalist chief, to declare an armistice with the Huerta government, the South American envoys today resumed their sessions, still hopeful that events of the next three or four days would broaden the horizon of their negotiations to include the entire Mexican problem.

Carranza, declining the suggestion of a truce, asserted a suspension of hostilities "would only accrue to the benefit of Huerta in the civil war now going on in Mexico between the usurper Huerta and the constitutionalist army under my command."

With the rebel chief's reply in hand the envoys proceeded to their task of attempting to settle issues between Huerta and the Washington government. Hope that Carranza's followers eventually might be brought into the proceedings was based upon a prospect for appointment of delegates of all parties in the dispute to meet with the envoys' request for the naming of delegates was seen here in some quarters in the ordering of Joaquin D. Casasus, former Mexican ambassador, to the United States, from Carlsbad to Washington. While the nature of his mission was not announced, yet it was believed he had been chosen to act for Huerta in the proposed conference. If Carranza were to name a delegate, hope was expressed that the mediators might reach the broad field of negotiations at which they aim.

Mexico City Rumors.

Mexico City rumors heard in Vera Cruz stated suggestions were circulating in the capital that Huerta might resign and a provisional president be appointed with whom Carranza might consent to treat with the object of facilitating mediation. Such reports were received here without comment.

First Opposition.

Carranza's formal declination of a truce was the first opposition the mediators had encountered. Huerta and the Washington government had accepted the "good offices" of the envoys of Argentina, Brazil and Chile in an attempt at mediation and Carranza had accepted them "in principle." Huerta had agreed to a truce between his forces and those of the United States and the constitutionalists. It was believed he would consent to an armistice to bring the entire Mexican question within scope of the envoys' endeavor. Carranza's note replying to the armistice proposal charged that the "international conflict with the United States was intentionally provoked by Huerta." For the solution of that Carranza stated, "I hurriedly accepted, in principle only, the good offices of Brazil, Argentina and Chile and which act is independent of our internal strife for liberty and law."

Possible Delegates.

Before Huerta ordered former Ambassador Casasus to Washington early today, Rafael Zurbarán, Carranza's personal agent, had arrived here. It was believed he would be available as a constitutionalist delegate for postponed conferences with the mediators. However, there had been no definite assurances from the constitutionalist leader that he would name such a representative.

As to U. S. Delegate.

The South American envoys planned, it was said, if the three factors in the Mexican crisis decided to appoint delegates, immediately to take up the pressing issues between Huerta and the United States. As their program developed, it was believed, they would attempt to learn how far the contending Mexican forces might agree to diplomatic measures to bring about peace. A delegate to represent the United States at the conference had not been decided upon today but it was known that no man closely identified with the government would be appointed. Among those suggested were John Bennett Moore, former counselor for the state department; John Lind, Henry White, former ambassador.

CRAMP MITCHELL AND COMPANY HAS FAILED

Philadelphia, May 4.—The failure of Cramp, Mitchell and company, bankers and brokers, was announced today with liabilities exceeding \$3,000,000.

TRUST PROGRAM TO GO THROUGH

President and Congress Leaders Agree on Passing More Important Measures This Session.

RURAL CREDITS BILL TO BE DISPOSED OF

Clayton Omnibus Bill, Interstate Trade Commission Bill and Securities Bill To Be Acted Upon.

Washington, May 4.—After a conference with President Wilson today Majority Leader Underwood announced that an agreement had been reached to put through the Clayton omnibus anti-trust bill, the Covington interstate trade commission bill and a bill to regulate the issuances of stock securities as well as a rural credits measure before congress adjourns.

Mr. Underwood announced that he would call a democratic caucus to ratify the program which he arranged with the president and that it was the aim of the president and himself to have congress adjourn by July 1. "The president thinks it is absolutely necessary," he said, "to pass trust legislation consisting of the Clayton omnibus bill, the Covington interstate trade commission bill and a bill to come from the interstate commerce commission for the regulation of stock securities. Also we will put through a rural credits bill and the appropriation bills before adjournment."

"The president was very desirous of pressing the presidential primary bill and that was on the original program but Judge Rucker, chairman of the committee on elections, has been ill and that has delayed the subject so that it is not now a definite part of the program but the president is still hopeful that we may be able to take it up."

"I expect to call a caucus soon to endeavor to get the program ratified and we expect to drive it through both houses of congress by the first of July."

Mr. Underwood was asked if he thought the program could be gotten through both houses as early as July 1. "Yes," he replied, "it can if we get together and play ball which we will do."

OVER FIFTY DIE IN VALPARAISO FIRE

Several Hundred Buildings are Burned—Fire Fighting Ineffective.

Valparaiso, Chile, May 4.—More than fifty lives were lost early today in a fire in the commercial section of this city. Several buildings were destroyed, their flimsy construction rendered efforts of fire fighters virtually useless.

TWO FACTIONS EXCHANGE VERY BITTER MESSAGES

Howard Makes No Mention of Reported Blowing up of Mexican Liner.

Washington, May 4.—Constitutionalists and Huerta leaders at Manzanillo, Mexico, have been exchanging very bitter messages, according to a report to the navy department today from Rear Admiral Howard, who has read several of the letters. Admiral Howard said all was quiet at Manzanillo. He made no mention of the reported blowing up of the Mexican liner Lualaba.

OLNEY TO HEAD RESERVE BOARD

FLAGG SUPPORTERS GIVEN THIRTY DAYS

School Board Sentenced For Contempt.

Chicago, May 4.—Eight members of the Chicago board of education, including its president, were sentenced today to 30 days in the county jail for contempt of court for refusing to obey the order of Circuit Judge Foell restraining four members of the board. The situation hinges on the dispute over the retention of Mrs. Ella Flagg Young as superintendent of schools.

The four reinstated members voted against Mrs. Young, and their resignations, signed before they took office, were accepted by Mayor Harrison. Judge Foell held that the resignations were void.

Early last winter a vote was taken in the board which resulted in the election of John D. Shoop to succeed Mrs. Young. A storm of protest arose and Mayor Huttman, James B. Dibelka, Charles O. Sethness and John C. Harding, members who opposed Mrs. Young, had filed with him before they accepted office. Four new members were appointed by the mayor and the action ousting Mrs. Young was rescinded. The four whose resignations had been accepted took the case before Judge Foell, who ruled that the mayor had no right to accept resignations which were dated prior to the appointment of the officials. The court ordered the board to recognize as members the four who were ousted.

TROOPS PATROL BECAUSE OF CAR STRIKE TROUBLE

Attempt Made to Blow up Trolley Bridge at Drifton, Pennsylvania.

Hazleton, Pa., May 4.—Seventeen state troopers today are patrolling the section about Freeland on account of trouble during the past two days as a result of the strike of the motormen and conductors of the Lehigh Traction company.

An unsuccessful attempt was made during the night to blow up the trolley bridge at Drifton near Freeland. On the south side of the city stones and logs were piled on the tracks to impede the progress of the cars. The strike began on January 1, but the company made no effort to operate cars until last month.

Killed by Automobile.

Tuxedo Park, N. Y., May 4.—A big touring car, driven and owned by Robert D. Wrenn, president of the United States National Lawn Tennis association, ran down a group of persons at the entrance to Tuxedo Park late last night, killing one man and injuring two men and a woman.

Salary \$12,000.

The complete board will consist of seven members at salaries of \$12,000 a year each. The secretary of the treasury and the comptroller of the currency are ex-officio members. Five other members are to be appointed by the president. The law stipulates that the members should be appointed with reference to the "geographical commercial financial divisions of the country."

Olney Silent.

Boston, May 4.—Richard Olney smiled when informed today that President Wilson had selected him for governor of the federal reserve board but declined to indicate whether he would accept. Mr. Olney, though vigorous and active, was influenced by his advanced years as well as by his business interests to decline the diplomatic office tendered him a year ago. (Continued on page 11.)

President Names Former Secretary of State as Governor And Paul Warburg as Member of Board.

BELIEVED MR. OLNEY WILL ACCEPT PLACE

Warburg Has Accepted—Other Three Members Are to Be Selected Within a Few Days.

Washington, May 4.—President Wilson has selected Richard Olney, former secretary of state in the Cleveland administration, to be governor of the federal reserve board, and Paul Warburg, of New York, to be a member of the board.

Mr. Olney has not yet accepted the governorship but friends here today believed he would not decline. Mr. Olney was offered the ambassadorship to Great Britain by President Wilson early last year, but expressed an unwillingness to leave the country on account of his business interests. He is being strongly urged by friends of the president to accept this place which the president has spoken of as equal in importance to a place on the bench of the Supreme court of the United States. Mr. Olney, though 78 years old, is active and has had a long experience in the business world.

Mr. Warburg, who was connected with Kuehn, Loeb & Co., has been offered membership on the board and has accepted. Formal announcement of his selection as well as the other three members of the board besides the governor, is expected to be made within the next two or three days, as offers are being made to men whom the president has selected. It is understood that a southern banker is to be one of the three but there has been no intimation as to his identity.

Official Washington as well as banking circles generally are awaiting the announcement of the full personnel of the board with intense interest as it formally will set in motion the new currency law. The 12 regional reserve banks are being organized and the expectation of officials is that within another month the entire system will be in full swing.

With Mr. Olney representing New England and Mr. Warburg New York, it was expected other members to be selected would represent the south, the middle west and the far west. The appointees will serve 10 years.

Olney Silent.

Boston, May 4.—Richard Olney smiled when informed today that President Wilson had selected him for governor of the federal reserve board but declined to indicate whether he would accept. Mr. Olney, though vigorous and active, was influenced by his advanced years as well as by his business interests to decline the diplomatic office tendered him a year ago. (Continued on page 11.)

FREE COUPON

IDEAL ART PATTERN OUTFIT AND TODAY'S MAGAZINE

PRESENTATION BY

Gazette-News, Monday May 4

SIX OF THE ABOVE COUPONS ENTITLE EVERY READER TO THESE TWO GREAT GIFTS

GIFT No. 1—IDEAL ART PATTERN OUTFIT—Containing 100 Newest Embroidery Patterns of absolutely the latest designs which, at 10 cents each, regular retail value, would cost more than \$10.00. Best of Complete Lessons in Embroidery Stitching by Miss Du Parquet. The noted French expert.

GIFT No. 2—TODAY'S MAGAZINE—FOR ONE YEAR—The Great New Woman's Magazine—giving you each month for 12 months the most up-to-date Woman's Journal, mailed direct to your home by the publishers of the magazine.

Bring 6 of these Coupons and 60 Cents in this office and receive complete GIFT No. 1, and write name and address to which you wish Today's Magazine (GIFT No. 2) mailed you each month for one year on the blank below. The 60 Cents is to cover the expense of freight from the factory and cost of binding the Pattern Outfit and the cost of mailing to you each month for a year the current issue of Today's Magazine.

Out of Town Readers will add 4 Cents Extra for postage and mailing.

Send TODAY'S MAGAZINE for One Year to

NAME.....

STREET and No.

CITY or TOWN.....