

GERMAN ARMY BEGINS ADVANCE THROUGH THE HEART OF BELGIUM

HARVESTER CO. MUST DISSOLVE

International Harvester Co. Declared Combination in Restraint of Interstate and Foreign Trade.

JUDGES SMITH AND HOOK FILE OPINION Receiver May Be Named Unless Plan of Dissolution Is Filed Within Ninety Days.

St. Paul, Aug. 12.—The International Harvester company was today declared to be a combination in restraint of interstate and foreign trade and ordered dissolved in an opinion filed here by Judges Smith and Hook today. Judge Sanborn dissented. Unless the company submits a plan for dissolution within ninety days the court will entertain an application for a receiver.

The majority opinion held that the International Harvester company was from its organization in 1902 in violation of the Sherman law. The original corporation, formed of five concerns, violated the first section of the Sherman act by restraining competition among themselves. The combined organization also tended to monopolize trade in contravention of the second section of this law.

The decision declares that while the International Harvester company and its selling organization, the International Harvester company of America, control from 80 to 85 per cent of the trade in agricultural implements manufactured by them, their treatment of smaller competitors in general has been fair and just.

The court finds fault with the actions of the corporation, aside from the technical violation of the Sherman law, for only two actions. The opinion declares that there was no excuse for the advertising of the products of D. M. Osborne and company as independent for two years after it had virtually entered the International Harvester company. This advertising was to induce purchasers, the court finds, from those who were opposed to buying from the combination.

The other act censured by the decision was the manner in which the five original concerns were turned over to the International company by William C. Lane, a New York banker, who contended that he had purchased the properties.

"The court is clearly of the opinion," the decision reads, "that the process by which it was made to appear that the properties were sold to Lane was merely colorable." To Be Taken Up.

DECLARE HARDING DEFEATED FORAKER

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 12.—Former Senator Joseph B. Foraker today conceded his defeat for the republican nomination as United States senator. He telegraphed his congratulations to his successful opponent, Warren G. Harding of Marion.

While returns were incomplete this morning, managers for Warren G. Harding assert they have advices which assured his nomination over former Senator Foraker and former Congressman Cole as the republican candidate for United States senator.

Timothy S. Hogan, attorney, was nominated to the senate by democratic Congressman Frank B. Willis of Harris county won the republican nomination for governor and Governor James M. Cox was re-nominated by the democratic party.

Steamers Reach Port. New York, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Steamers Potsdam, Rotterdam; Ausonia, Glasgow.

ARTILLERY BATTLE TO NORTH OF LIEGE

Main Body of German Cavalry Moving Forward Along Front of Allied Armies Says Brussels Dispatch

GREAT RUSSIAN FORTRESS AWAITING BOMBARDMENT

German Commander Declares Liege Forts Will Be Taken Soon—French Claim to Dominate Heights of Alsace and Vosges Mountain Passes

Brussels, (via London) Aug. 12, 11:20 a. m.—The German army is being detached from its position before Liege and is advancing through the heart of Belgium. The main body of the German cavalry is engaged in a forward movement all along the front of the allied armies.

Amsterdam, (via London) Aug. 12.—A dispatch from Maestricht to the Telegraaf says terrific artillery firing was heard throughout the morning coming from the direction of Tongres to the north of Liege. The concussion was felt in the city.

A Dutch dispatch says a terrific cannonade was heard this morning from the direction of Tongres, north of Liege. It was reported yesterday that two divisions of German cavalry with infantry had arrived there.

Belgium was again the scene of outpost fighting between Belgians, French and Germans. The German commander at Liege denies the loss of 20,000 in his effort to take the forts there. He says they will be taken without the loss of a man as soon as German heavy artillery arrives. He asserts that "the Belgian force is numerically superior to ours." He intimates that the assaults were stopped by the emperor's orders to avoid needless sacrifice of life.

On the subject of Liege, the French foreign minister reports all the surrounding forts intact and only a small force of Germans entered the town itself under cover of darkness. It had been pointed out previously that the defect of Liege forts was the inability to see one fort from the next, although the fire of their guns crosses.

A Brussels dispatch says the bulk of the German army is leaving Liege and advancing towards the French frontier through the heart of Belgium.

The French foreign minister described the French position in Alsace as good as could be expected. The opposing armies may, it is pointed out, have been confused in the German entrenchments, said to have been erected in the valley of the river Alsne, which is well inside the French border, as they were not opposed there. There is a small stream named Alsne farther back and this may be the one fortified by the Germans after they encountered Belgian opposition at Liege.

Belgium anticipates an attempt by Germany to cross Dutch territory and has requested Holland to state her intentions regarding the resistance to a breach of her neutrality.

Sveaborg, the great Russian fortress in Finland, awaits a bombardment or a battle as the commander has ordered all civilians to leave there and also Helsinki.

Paris reports Montenegrin troops occupying Tarabosch, overlooking Scutari, Albania, where severe fighting between Montenegrins and Turks occurred during the Balkan war.

Considerable sums of English gold are to be deposited in Ottawa, Canada, to facilitate payments without the risk of shipping money across the ocean.

Vienna, Aug. 12.—(Via London)—An effective blockade of the Montenegrin coast has been established since yesterday by the Austro-Hungarian fleet according to an official announcement here today.

Brussels, Aug. 11.—(Via London, Aug. 12.)—An official report says communication has been restored with a village near Liege. The Belgians blew up several bridges at their front in that vicinity which gave rise to the report of an artillery engagement. No news has arrived showing that such action took place. A German aeroplane flew over Brussels today at a height of 3,000 feet. Civil guards fired several shots at the airship but they fell short

AUTHORIZED TO CHARTER SHIPS

GERMAN CRUISERS NEAR FARRALONES

Three British War Vessels Supposed to Be in Same Waters.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12.—Captains of several vessels making port here last night said they saw the German cruisers Nurnburg and Leipzig cruising about forty miles off the Farralones islands yesterday. The Nurnburg was supposed to be in the far east.

At 2:30 p. m. yesterday the British bark colony spoke to the Nurnburg, twenty-five miles off Farralones islands. The captain of the fishing tug Henry also reports sighting the Nurnburg at the same place. Captain R. E. Barry, of the fishing tug Pedro Costa reported he had seen the Nurnburg and Leipzig about 5 p. m. and was sufficiently near the Nurnburg to read her name on the stern. At this time the two vessels were about twenty-five miles apart, the Nurnburg being near the Farralones islands and the other about thirty-eight miles away from it.

Captain Anstruther Mark, of the British bark colony, which arrived today in ballast from Cruz Grande, Chile, reported that he passed close to the Nurnburg near the Farralones islands. Captain Mark said he was in communication with Captain Schoenberg of the hostile warship through a megaphone and that when the German learned the sailing vessel was without cargo he was given permission to proceed to San Francisco.

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GERMANS ABUSED NOTED RUSSIANS

Several Aristocratic Ladies Severely Handled, Russian Government Says.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 12.—(Via London)—It is announced from government sources that thirty-six prominent Russians who spent the summer at health resorts in the south of Germany, including the Countess Voronow-Dachkow, wife of the viceroy of the Caucasus, her two daughters, M. Schebek, a member of the council of the empire and other titled persons, suffered great hardships at the hands of German officials. According to this report some of these were temporarily imprisoned during their journey to the frontier, which, owing to frequent hindrances, occupied several days. It is asserted that the aristocratic ladies were severely handled by the police and members of the military.

BRITISH CRUISER STILL NEAR N. Y.

Patrolling Entrance to Ambrose Channel According to Observers.

CARRANZA PERFECTING HIS CIVIL GOVERNMENT

Peaceful Transfer of Government at Mexico City Begun Yesterday.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The peaceful transfer of the Mexico City government from the Carranza administration to the constitutionalists actually began yesterday according to official advices to the state department from Consul Silliman.

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 12.—General Carranza has begun perfection of his civil government. In addition to the appointment of Eduardo Hay, as acting secretary of war, it was reported officially today that Alberto Pani had been named treasurer general and General G. Gutierrez governor of Michoacan state. Gutierrez is credited with being the first to rise against Huerta.

Embassies and Legations Throughout Europe Instructed to Help Stranded Americans.

VESSELS WILL NOT BE SENT FROM THE U. S.

Preference to Be Given to Steamship Tourists of Small Means, the Officials are Instructed.

New York, Aug. 12.—J. P. Morgan and company today announced \$16,000,000 additional French gold had been deposited with the firm's Paris house. The firm is now ready to sell checks and cable transfers on Paris in liberal amounts.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Authority was given today to embassies and legations throughout Europe to charter ships to bring home stranded Americans.

Secretary Garrison, as chairman of the relief committee composed of the secretaries of state, war, navy and treasury today sent out instructions. Each consulate and legation is to make inquiry as to available ships and in the event Americans could be concentrated at open ports immediately to charter neutral ships.

The diplomatic officers were told not to pay higher rates than those usually charged by the liners for a similar service because it was feared prices might be suddenly raised in view of the predicament of Americans. All thought of sending vessels over from the United States to bring back Americans and legation is to make inquiry as to available ships and in the event Americans could be concentrated at open ports immediately to charter neutral ships.

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Secretary Garrison said today the diplomatic officers had been instructed to give preference to steamship tourists of small means who would be embarrassed should their return be delayed. He expects no difficulty in transporting the passengers to ports.

The cable line to Germany was still silent today but the latest reports by other routes indicated that no obstacle would be placed in the way of Americans who wished to leave except that all transportation facilities were being used for military purposes. As soon as troops are mobilized, officials expect ordinary traffic will be resumed soon and Americans in Germany will have no difficulty in making their way to Rotterdam to embark.

Landing of Aliens. Washington, Aug. 12.—The British embassy on the request of the state department today telegraphed to the British foreign office regarding the landing of aliens on British soil. This was done because of the report that Great Britain was enforcing such stringent laws that an alien was practically unable to set foot on British soil. It was feared Americans wishing to return to the United States, might not be allowed to go to England even to take passage on vessels.

London, Aug. 12.—It was officially declared here today that the only steps taken by the British government to prevent the landing of aliens in the British Isles were those provided for in the alien restriction act, the object of which was to guard the country from aliens of countries with which England was at war. The order signed by the king, was published by the Gazette on August 5. It limited the entry of aliens to certain ports so that they could be subjected to examinations. This order was not intended in the least to keep out Americans, it was said, and had no effect on the landing of Americans here.

Longworth Named.

Columbus, O., Aug. 12.—Nicholas Longworth was nominated for congress by the republicans.

NEW HAVEN CASE.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Criminal prosecutions under the Sherman law in the New Haven railway cases will not be delayed by the agreement to settle the government's civil suit without a prolonged legal battle, according to Attorney General McReynolds today.