

WONDER if the present tendency for the brilliant linings and the more or less sombre garb of to-day can be taken as a forecast of brighter times in the future. So many of our street costumes to-day are of grays, drabs, and more often black. But open a coat, turn back a drapery, or lift a flounce and you will find yourself faced with the most brilliant 'silver" linings that has ever glad-

dened the eye.

In outer dress the most attractive effects can be got with just black and white, and it is only a question of balance of these two colors that makes them more or less startling.

I give you this week a really interesting costume with a coat in black and white The skirt is a striped effect and reminds one of the zebra more than anything else I can think of for the moment, so curious the irregular lines caused by the pleating and draping of the skirt, which, you will see, is amply full at the feet. The coat is of white and lined with the same material of black and white stripes which also borders a little muslin blouse with frilled neck and cuffs. A little black and white bonnet is worn with this, and the last note is again repeated in the shoes and gloves, which are white with black

Another coat and skirt, this time of gray gabardine, is faced and bloused with this striking black and white effect. The skirt in this case is composed of four enormous box pleats that are brought into a close-fitting yoke at the top. The coat flared with a broad cuff and a large collar, all of the palest gray gabardine and depending entirely on the black and flowered silk for its decoration. This silk is to be found in the lining of the box pleats, the facing of the coat and the blouse, which is strapped with the same gabardine as the suit itself.

Another is a natural pongee costume which to all intents is plain in color from the head down, so long as the coat remains closed, but, hey, presto! the coat is open, one sees a radiant lining of orange, black

and mauve, while the dress from below the waist up is composed of orange chiffon, piped and buttoned with black and white. A little black hat with an orange quill completes the scheme.

For the last I have a violet coat of faced cloth worn over a printed chiffon gown of the softest gray blue, with pipings of gray. The front is open to the knees, showing a petticoat of Swiss embroidery. A double row of buttons and the belt are of black and white to match the lining and the little vest worn inside the front of the coat. A black hat trimmed with gardenias is worn

The zebra effects are produced easily by

Gabardine, with Black and White Silk Lining. "Lucile"

Model. Gardeners Ought to **Protect Toads** 

and White Striped Silk. The Coat Lined with the Same Striped Silk and Blouse of Plain Muslin - "Lucile" Model.

OST persons are unaware of the great value of the toad.

We have heard of the gardeners of some of the European countries purchasing toads for their flower and vegetable gardens from men and boys who catch them throughout rural sections, but the idea of breeding and protecting thes homely creatures in our own land, and possibly supporting toad farms, and organizing toad protective associations, seems rather odd to us, but the time has arrived when we simply must take our hats off and actually toady to the toad.

The time will come when, along with certain snakes ch are known to be of great value to our farmers and gardeners, the toad will be given every protec-tion needed to maintain its value as a wonderful de-

tion needed to maintain its value as a wonderful destroyer of almost every type of insect that is injurious to our great variety of crops.

One great advantage of the toad is the fact that the family is divided into several groups, including those living in trees as well as upon the ground. The different types are in position to combat many kinds of pests, under widely varying conditions. A number of expert agriculturists are now making our native toads a careful study and experimenting fully to determine the varieties best adapted to our needs. Toads found in different countries are being imported and are being allowed to multiply to determine their value as compared to the value of those found in this country.

The most general species is the common toad, of which there are four varieties to be found almost over the entire country. These are commonly seen in gardens and about the dooryards after sunset.

Besides the common toad there are many varieties that are rare. This is especially the case with the tree toads, some of which are so colored as to be difficult to see, as hey resemble the bark and moss upon which they crouch. The tree toad is smaller than the ground variety, and a very pronounced vocal sac distinguishes the male. The awamp tree toad, the cricket toad and the gray tree toad are the most frequently seen. The latter are so numerous in many locations, especially in the great fruit belts of the Central and Eastern States, that their chirpings resemble the sound of hundreds of sleighbells. They feed upon insects between the hours of sunset and sunrise.

The cricket toad prevails along the Atlantic States.

along the Atlantic States, as well as westward to the Mississippi. The swamp tree toad ranges over territory east of the Rockies as far south as Texas.

Anderson's tree tond is so seldom seen that its real territory is a matter of doubt. It is beautifully colored, with pea-green back and purple stripes, the abdomen being of a pinkish white. Pickering's tree tond resembles the bark, moss and Hebens so closely as to render it almost invisible even a few feet distant.

If the estimate made upon the amount saved by a single consumption of insects in a year is approximately true regarding vegetation in general, the estimate would be greater where certain valuable crops are grown, and as there is a tendency to conservation of our natural resources, etc., the yearly loss to farmers

by insect pests runs into millions, despite the legislative efforts at compulsory spraying.

An eminent authority. connected with the agri-cultural department of one of the leading East-

one of the leading Eastern States, says:

"Toads, especially, are rapidly coming to have a recognized value in the protection of fields and gardens. I am glad to say that the propagation of them in this country is already beginning. I may say that I have always maintained that toad raising was both practical and profitable, while frog-raising was neither. All one has to do to raise toads is to provide puddles of water for them during the breeding season, in April, May and June. They will take care of themselves, and multiply rapidly if protected. Linards and copperheads are fond of insects, as also are land turtles. One of the latter will eat literally a handful of June bugs without showing a sign of a diminishing appetite."

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A suit of sand-colored taffets has skirt that looks scant, but being this with deep inset plaits in front and at sides furnishes generous walking face A broad belt fastened in front and tached to the skirt is of the same materal. The coat, of medium length, has the viskirt, and broad revers of the tallets. over a gay lining of red and brown be cade. The loose blouse is of the same with which the coat is lined, and is is ished with a rolling collar. A small turn of sand-colored straw, saucily trimwith two red wings, adds to the same audacity of the costume.

Plain New Stripes and the

Very Gorgeous New

Linings Described by Lady

Duff-Gordon.

the colors this season in vogue. Black and

white combine to form them. Blue and

white combine to form them. Blue and white appear in them, and the regallooking purple, combined with silver-colored stripes that look white in all but the revealing sunshine. Contrast seems to be the keynote of the Spring costume.

This taste has a psychological source. In time of war we think of war, and our thoughts take on its character. They are bold, definite, clear cut in outline. Our

bold, definite, clear cut in outline. Our

thoughts are great, crashing chords. Ab-

mosphere.

is open to the charge of being "pudgy" can introduce a bit of the zebra effect in a

touch of trimming of her gown or in her scarf—enough, I heard a bright one say, "to

let people know we know it is the mode."

A charming evening gown of cloth of silver, with raised stripes of black satin, was regally worn by a countess from the

Faubourg Saint Germain at a recent ball r the relief of French soldiers. Simpler

brics, as crepe de chines and chiffons.

are being exquisitely fashioned in cross

stripes of contrasting

colors. This may be said to be the reign of

King Zebra. Contrast is notice-

able even in the less striking Spring cos-

tumes. In the smart

costume there must be

sounded a note of con-

trast. For example,

on the gown of white voile, whose irregular

folds are edged with

narrow bands of white satin, there is a

row of tiny black buttons defining the front. With it is worn

a belt of black and

white ribbon. A long

military coat is of black faille.

sent from them are deli-

cate nuances, tender blend-

ings. These thoughts are reflected in our speech. And in our clothes. There

will be this season few of the pastel shades, the dovelike tones in color,

that are seen in time of

peace. And they will be

worn by persons little af-fected by their surround-ings and the world at-

The zebra effects are carried into evening cos-

tumes. Shunned by them

in their extreme effects by the short, stout woman they are welcomed by the tall, slender one. More-

over the inventive woman

and adaptable woman who

Hats more brilliant than at any te I remember display zebra effects. S close-fitting turbans or the brimmed sailors are daringly made stripes. Stripes in black and white blue and white, in orange and white green and white, and even in red as white. Although I believe that the vogue will be briefer than that of a gowns. A zebra gown, or suit, is cious, but may be rich and, if well make lend distinction to the wearer. But the wearer must have great personal dis tion to be able to "carry off" a zebra be Indeed, it requires the courage of leader of a cavalry charge or the bea of a Hebe to essay one of them.

Heroism is shown, too, in the wear of the cranial colors of this season. hats are always trying. Yet a hat of the brightest blue, adorned with cherries the reddest, surmounts determined in of those who will wear the mode or the Assuredly heroism is in the air.

The hats shown on this page are had ionable, yet not extreme. Small turbus wide-crowned, narrow-brimmed sales and small hats with soft crowns and re ways is the note of contrast apparet ways is the note of contrast apparet The red hat (and there will be many of these) may have a bunch of yellow be-ers. On the black hat inevitable fiames a flower of red, a quill of re

low, or at least a chou or pompon Contrast is the keynote, and the stripe is king of the Spring seaso

"Zebra" Costume of Black



Coat-"Lucile" Model