

BOTH TEUTON POWERS AND ENTENTE MAY USE TERRITORY OF GREECE

Athens Government Will Not Hinder Allies at Saloniki and Will Permit Teutons to Enter Country.

LATEST EFFORT TO MAINTAIN NEUTRALITY

Greek Troops Will Be Withdrawn From Places Where They Might Come in Contact With Foreigners.

London, Dec. 13.—The Saloniki correspondent of Reuters' Telegram company in a dispatch dated Sunday relative to the fighting in south-eastern Serbia says: "The evacuation of Dieran and Gievogli was completed today and the Bulgarians are reported to be within five miles of the Greek frontier, following very slowly in the wake of the allied forces."

London, Dec. 13.—The difficulties affecting the efforts of Greece to maintain neutrality in the face of the allied retreat on Saloniki and the pursuit by the Bulgarians and Germans continue the chief matter of interest in the entente capitals. The latest decision of the Greek government, according to Athens dispatches, is to withdraw all considerable bodies of troops impartially from danger of contact with the entente troops at Saloniki and with the Germanic allies on the northern frontier.

Whatever the future may hold for Greece, her efforts to clear her position toward the belligerents seems to dispose of any idea that the allied forces on Greek territory are to occupy a privileged position with anything in the nature of open Greek support.

The Greek army at Saloniki is to be reduced immediately in numbers to assure liberty of action for the entente troops there. At the same time the Greek soldiers along the railways are to be withdrawn to avoid complications whenever German, Austrian or Bulgarian forces enter Greek territory.

So far as is known the hard-fought attacks on the British forces in Macedonia thus far have been delivered entirely by the Bulgarians without German assistance.

A dispatch to the Times says the Bulgarians left 8000 dead and wounded on the field after two assaults on the British line.

"On the second attack," the dispatch continues, "our combined fire of artillery, rifles and rapid fire was opened on the advancing mass of Bulgarians at a range of about 500 yards. The Bulgarians faced the murderous hail at a run for about 500 yards and then broke into flight which quickly became a helter-skelter rout."

The possibility of a flanking movement through Greek territory is opened by the Greek decision to permit the country to become a field of battle for

Third Steamship Held Up By French Cruiser

San Juan of New York and Porto Rico Line Is Searched on Voyage to Porto Rico as Were Her Sister Ships the Coama and the Carolina Only Few Days Ago.

New York, Dec. 13.—The steamer San Juan of the New York and Porto Rico line has been held up and searched by a French cruiser while bound from New Orleans to San Juan, P. R., according to a message received by the offices of the line. Two second class passengers were removed from the steamer by the cruiser.

The San Juan was flying the American flag when stopped. The steamer is the third vessel of the line to be held up during the past five days. The Coama and Carolina were searched off Porto Rico this week. The passengers removed from the San Juan were William Guntherodt and Fritsch Lothar. Both are said to be residents of New Orleans. The message also failed to state whether the cruiser fired shots as was done in the previous cases. Manager Mooney of the line said he would not determine the question as to whether he would make a protest through the state department until the arrival here of the Carolina Monday and a full report of the incident was made by the ship's officers. Manager Mooney indicated that he did not consider as serious the holding up of the San Juan.

Hopewell Rises From Its Ashes; Applies For Charter

Petersburg, Va., Dec. 13.—While Hopewell began to rise from its ashes committees of citizens from the town went to Prince George court house to apply for a charter of incorporation. Although the population was estimated to have been 27,000 before the disastrous fire Thursday, the town had never been incorporated. Application for a charter was to have been made in January to the Virginia legislature, but the need for immediate incorporation is so great since the fire that the citizens decided to apply for a charter to Judge West at once. Petersburg is taking care of 700 people who were made destitute by the fire and upwards of 10,000 are being served with food by Petersburg relief committees. Two car loads of provisions were sent to Hopewell for immediate distribution. The Virginia State bank was one of the first Hopewell business institutions to reopen its doors. The bank began operations in temporary quarters. The Farmers and Mechanics bank is expected to reopen Monday. Both banks saved all their money and papers. The authorities continue their investigations into the cause of the fire. Reports that they were proceeding on the theory that the fire was incendiary have not been confirmed.

Dissention Occurs On Ford's Peace Steamship

On Board Steamer Oscar II, by Wireless by way of Steamer Noordam, Dec. 13.—A resolution condemning President Wilson's preparedness policy brought a protest from some of the prominent members of Henry Ford's peace party last night, when it was presented for adoption. The resolution was drawn by Rev. Jenkin L. Jones, Rev. Charles A. Jones and others, who asked that it be signed by all the members of the peace party as its platform. More than a dozen members, including S. S. McClure and Judge Ben B. Lindsey refused to sign the resolution on the ground that it was unpatriotic. Some even threatened to leave the party on arrival in Europe if the proposed platform was put through. The supporters of the resolution said its opponents had failed to understand the spirit of Mr. Ford's invitation. Appeals to rulers in Europe were sent by wireless to the individual rulers of each monarchy.

ATHLETIC CONFERENCE HAS BEEN ARRANGED

New Orleans, Dec. 13.—The Southern Conference Athletic organization, to be separate from the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic association has been formed here by seven of the large southern universities and colleges, which have representatives at the S. I. A. A. convention, in session here. The new conference was formed, its organizers state, because of the action of the S. I. A. A. Friday night in abolishing the one-year resident rule for football players.

A Correction.

It was stated in The Gazette-News yesterday, through information given by a member of the police force, that C. L. Sluder was arrested on a charge of dangerous and reckless driving of an automobile. This was a mistake. Mr. Sluder was arrested on charges of driving his machine on the wrong side of the street.

SETTLE WAR QUESTIONS.

Paris, Dec. 13.—Questions of urgent character relating to the conduct of the war have been settled on a basis of complete understanding by a conference representing France and Great Britain. Premier Briand and War Secretary Gallieni acted in the conference for France and Foreign Secretary Grey and War Secretary Kitchin for Great Britain.

NOTE TO VIENNA MOST EMPHATIC U. S. HAS SENT

Representations Sent to Austria Concerning Sinking of the Steamer Ancona Do Not Mince Words.

'INHUMAN,' 'BARBAROUS,' ARE TERMS EMPLOYED

Clearly Indicated That Act Must Be Disavowed or Relations Will Be Broken Off Immediately.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The text of the American note to Austria-Hungary regarding the sinking of the Italian steamship Ancona, reveals a formal demand by the United States for prompt denunciation of the "illegal and indelible" act; for punishment of the submarine commander and for reparation by the payment of indemnity for the killing and injuring of innocent American citizens. These demands follow a statement informing Austria-Hungary that the "good relations of the two countries must rest upon a common regard for law and humanity." The note arraigns the shelling and torpedoing of the liner as "inhuman," a "barbarous" and a "wanton slaughter" of helpless men, women and children. "In official and diplomatic circles the communication is regarded as being the most emphatic declaration to come since the beginning of the European war. No attempt is made to conceal the fact that unless the demands are quickly complied with diplomatic relations between the two countries will be in grave danger of being severed. The text of the note, which was handed to the Austrian foreign office Thursday by Ambassador Penfield, follows:

The Secretary of State to Ambassador Penfield. "Department of State, Washington, December 6, 1915. "Please deliver a note to the minister of foreign affairs, textually as follows. "Reliable information obtained from American and other survivors who were passengers on the steamship Ancona shows that on November 7 a submarine flying the Austro-Hungarian flag fired a solid shot toward the steamship; that thereupon the Ancona attempted to escape; that after a brief period and before the crew and passengers were all able to take to the boats the submarine fired a number of shells at the vessel and finally torpedoed and sank her while there were yet many persons on board; and that by gunfire and foundering of the vessel a large number of persons lost their lives or were seriously injured, among whom were citizens of the United States. "The public statement of the Austro-Hungarian admiralty has been brought to the attention of the government of the United States and received careful consideration. This statement substantially confirms the principal declaration of the survivors, as it admits that the Ancona after being shelled was torpedoed and sunk while persons were still on board. "Has Been Advised. "The Austro-Hungarian government has been advised, through the correspondence which has passed between the United States and Germany, of the attitude of the government of the United States as to the use of submarines in attacking vessels of commerce, and the consequences of compliance with that attitude, yet with full knowledge on the part of the Austro-Hungarian government of the views of the government of the United States as expressed in no uncertain terms to the ally of Austria-Hungary, the commander of the submarine which attacked the Ancona failed to put in a place of safety the crew and passengers of the vessel which they purported to destroy, because, it is presumed, of the impossibility of taking it into port as a prize of war. "The government of the United States considers that the commander violated the principles of international law and of humanity by shelling and torpedoing the Ancona before the persons on board had been put in a place of safety or even given sufficient time to leave the vessel. The conduct of the commander can only be characterized as wanton slaughter of defenseless non-combatants, since at the time when the vessel was shelled and torpedoed, she was not, it appears, resisting or attempting to escape; and no other reason is sufficient to excuse such an attack, not even the possibility of rescue. "Position of U. S. "The government of the United States is forced, therefore, to conclude either that the commander of the submarine acted in violation of his instructions or that the Imperial and royal government failed to issue in-

THE ASPIRANTS YAQUI INDIANS ON WAR PATH

Every Man Who Is Being Considered for Republican Presidential Nomination at National Capital.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO MEET TOMORROW

Members of Committee Are Discussing Claims of Various Cities for the 1916 Convention.

Gazette-News Bureau, The Riggs Building, Washington, Dec. 13. More republicans arrived here today for the banquet of the league of republican clubs tonight and for the meeting of the national committee Tuesday.

It had been assumed, after the decision of the democrats to go to St. Louis, that the republicans would go to Chicago, but St. Louis is going to make a strong bid for the privilege of entertaining the G. O. P. and tonight the statement was attributed to some of the Illinois members of the house that the Windy City did not expect to win. However, newspaper men were advised not to be influenced too much by surface indications. Chicago, it was stated, was doing some effective work in the more expensive suites in the upper regions of the hotel. By tomorrow the lineup ought to be pretty well known concerning the convention city. Presidential possibilities abounded, but only a limited number of them were observed to be using about the New Willard tonight, where the committee is to meet. Now and then a likely candidate moved down Peacock alley, flanked by admirers, and constantly conscious of a determination not to appear self-conscious. The University, Metropolitan and other clubs harbored other candidates, and these were visited from time to time by members of the committee and visiting republicans known to be friendly.

A number of presidential booms are booming in a fairly satisfactory way to the boomers, but it was predicted by a number of the knowing committeemen that members would be slow to commit themselves, and it is very likely that when the committee gets ready to adjourn it will be much the same story. Indeed, the remark was made by members who do think that no candidate would be likely to go into the national convention with a majority of the delegates "sewed up."

It remains true that the Burton and Weeks forces have designs on the North Carolina delegation, and the managers are trying very hard to make the right sort of connections, exercising very great care, meanwhile, not to offend any of the real powers. On the eve of the meeting of the republican national committee, which will be held tomorrow to decide the time and place for holding the 1916 republican national convention, members of the committee today were discussing the claims of the rival cities, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and Honolulu all want the convention, with indications that the selection may go to Chicago or St. Louis although Philadelphia is also a favorite.

Every man who is being considered for the republican presidential nomination had arrived in Washington Saturday night. Some are here probably by reason of official duties necessitating their presence in the national capital, some are here to attend dinners, some are here because they are here. "Counting active candidates for the nomination, passive candidates, and near candidates, there is an even dozen of them "in our midst" a kind of "we have with us today" proposition. Reciting them haphazard, and with no suggestion of precedence in their mentioning, the group includes Elihu Root, of New York; Senator Borah, of Idaho; Mr. Estabrook, of New York; Senator Burton, of Ohio; Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania; Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts; Senator William Alden Smith, of Michigan; Senator Sherman, of Illinois; Representative Mann, of Illinois; and former Secretary of State Knox, of Pennsylvania.

And the thirteenth? Mr. Justice Hughes, of course. But remember 13 has proven a lucky presidential number in one instance, President Wilson retaining it as his very own. In addition to these 13 presidential possibilities, former President Roosevelt spent a couple of hours looking around Washington Saturday. Washington hotels are jammed full of republicans today. An effort is to be made in North Carolina by both the Weeks and Burton supporters to capture the delegation of the Old North State. Both Weeks and Burton expect to open headquarters here within the next week and an immediate plan of organization for delegates will be started in North Carolina.

YAQUI INDIANS ON WAR PATH

American Settlements in Yaqui Valley Are Being Raided, and Appeals Are Sent Out for Protection.

500 INDIANS ENGAGE THE MEXICAN TROOPS

Admiral Winslow Sends Cruiser Raleigh to Yaqui District—No American Casualties Are Reported.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Juarez and Chihuahua, Villa's last strongholds in northern Mexico, are believed to be the objective of the Carranza reinforcements which are now being permitted to pass eastward through the United States from Douglas to Columbus, N. M., almost opposite Pecos. Notwithstanding the increase in Admiral Winslow's force of marines on the west coast of Mexico it is not believed it will be necessary to lend protection to the Americans in the Yaqui valley. Today's reports indicate that the Yaqui raiders have retreated into the interior. Consul Canada from Vera Cruz, at home on leave of absence called on Secretary Lansing today. Topolobampo, Mex., Dec. 10.—(By Radio to San Diego, Cal., Dec. 13.)—Yaqui Indians are on the war path and are raiding American settlements in the Yaqui valley, according to a report from Guaymas. The Richardson Construction company, which owns approximately one million acres in the Yaqui valley, has sent an appeal to the American consul at Guaymas, asking that protection be furnished immediately as American colonists are wholly without protection in the valley, where the Indians are reported to be raiding farms, driving away cattle and burning crops and to be moving toward the experimental station. No American casualties have been reported. Five hundred Indians engaged the Mexican troops for three hours Friday along the Porfirio Diaz canal between Cocorit and Esperanza. The result of the encounter has not been learned.

Admiral Winslow, who is here with the cruiser San Diego has directed the cruiser Raleigh to proceed to Topolobampo bay, which is the nearest approach to the American settlement in the valley, where the Indians are reported to be raiding farms, driving away cattle and burning crops and to be moving toward the experimental station. No American casualties have been reported. Five hundred Indians engaged the Mexican troops for three hours Friday along the Porfirio Diaz canal between Cocorit and Esperanza. The result of the encounter has not been learned.

Earlier advices from Guaymas stated that 600 infantrymen had been sent south from Hermosillo for the protection of the people in the Yaqui valley, that they had arrived in that valley as did a part of the cavalry force sent from Esperanza. The Indians attacked the garrison which was protecting the Southern Pacific employes engaged in repairing a bridge at Carral over the Yaqui river. The fighting continued yesterday afternoon and early this morning at that point. The railway officials have sent an appeal to General Diezguiz for greater protection in the district as had been promised.

CAROLINA PLAYERS HAVE RECEIVED THEIR LETTERS

Chapel Hill, Dec. 13.—The Athletic Council of the University of North Carolina met and awarded nine stars and seven letters to the members of the Carolina football team. The business manager of the Athletic association also made his financial report at this meeting, which showed that the association has finished the football season with a balance of \$3,246.69. The following men received stars: Parker, fullback; Reid, fullback; Dave Haylor, right half; Tandy, center; Crowell, right guard; F. Jones, tackle; Homewood, left end; Ramsey, tackle; and Wright, left end. Letters were awarded to the following: Grimes, Boshamer, MacDonald, Hines, J. Tayloe and Love. Manager Frank Norris was awarded a manager's sweater and letter. The council further voted that every man that was given a letter or a star should be given in addition a sweater.

Complaint Filed.

A complaint was filed today in Superior court by I. W. Lanford against the Bee Tree Lumber company, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover \$3,000 damages for personal injuries alleged to have been received while employed by the defendant last August. Zeb F. Curtis is attorney for the plaintiff.

SO. COMMERCIAL CONGRESS OPENS

Program Deals With Developing and Opening Up of the Various Resources of the Southern States.

CHARLESTON IS GAILY BEDECKED FOR EVENT

Atlantic Fleet Sent South for Occasion—House of Southern Governors Will Hold Meeting Tonight.

Charleston, S. C., Dec. 13.—Charleston was gaily decorated today for the opening of the seventh annual convention of the Southern Commercial congress, at which speakers will discuss methods for developing and opening up the various resources of the south. Sailors from warships of the Atlantic fleet lying at anchor in the harbor mingled with the delegates of the congress, adding an unusual appearance to the streets of the city. The sessions of the congress which will continue through Friday, began with the extension of formal welcome to the delegates on the part of the city by Mayor John P. Grace, Governor Richard I. Manning and others. Thomas Southgate of Norfolk, first vice president of the organization, was selected to make formal reply to the words of welcome. Chief interest in the morning program, perhaps, centered on the addresses of Secretary McAdoo, Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, president of the congress, and others dealing with subjects of interest to the congress and the nation. "Today's National Affairs" was the subject of Secretary McAdoo's address, while John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union, was to deliver a speech on the Pan-American situation. Secretary McAdoo and Mr. Barrett arrived here early today. Later in the day there was to be luncheon for the officers of the fleet and an excursion to the navy yard for the delegates to the congress. In the afternoon the opening session of the Women's auxiliary to the congress was to take place. Tonight the House of Southern Governors will convene to discuss the cotton and commercial situations, rural credits and other subjects of interest. "The Changed Outlook," will be the subject of the address to be delivered by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university.

SENATOR NELSON DEFENDS DANIELS

Says Tar Heel Attorney is a Victim of the Land Speculators.

Gazette-News Bureau, The Riggs Building, Washington, Dec. 13. That C. C. Daniels, of Wilson, special attorney of the department of justice, who is investigating the White Earth Indian land speculators in Minnesota, and that obstacles are being thrown in his way to prevent him from trying the government's suits, was the statement made here Saturday by Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, in a letter to a prominent democratic attorney. As already stated in The Gazette-News, Mr. Daniels' services in Minnesota have been anything but satisfactory to Attorney-General Gregory and it had been decided to either remove him from the government service or assign him to other duties. The friends of the Wilson attorney have brought powerful influences to bear to have him retained in the service. Friday the department dispatched another special attorney to Minnesota to investigate and report to the department. Senator Nelson is a republican and his letter declaring that men in his own state were throwing obstacles in the way of a democratic employe of the department of justice was a surprise to Attorney-General Gregory. Probably no action will be taken until the special investigator makes his report, but unless evidence of a convincing nature can be brought out that Mr. Daniels' work is being interfered with, he will certainly be either assigned to other duties or allowed to resign.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 13.—Cotton futures opened weak; December 12.10; January 12.11-11.95; March 12.10-11.87; May 12.25-12.26; July 12.25; October 11.95-11.90.