

Office Building.—A Locomotive editor in State says, "next August we will make clean sweep of Whiggery."

But you made as clean a sweep as you will make next August, if you call being decently "licked" a victory.

The Southern Cultivator for the month of September has been received. It is published at August, Ga., by J. W. & W. S. Jones, and edited by Jas. Gamble, Esq. Price \$1. A good work.

The attention of merchants is directed to the advertisement of the Charleston Wholesale Dealers, in to-day's paper.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 23rd ult. says that the health of that city continued good, and adds—"The salubrity of the climate is almost without parallel for the month of August, and there is every indication that the season will, to its close, continue to wear the same auspicious aspect."

Truly the Locomotives are a ravenous set of fellows! Already are there some five or six aspirants for the post of United States Senator from Tennessee.

The Gallatin Union, Loco, declares itself in favor of Gen. Trousdale, and thinks that justice is rather tardy in her movements in relation to him.

The editor of the Union has doubtless anticipated a clear field for himself in this election, looking upon the office it may be as his appropriate and merited reward for services rendered the cause.

The Cherokee Advocate of the 24th ult. reports two recent murders in the Nation, and attributes them to the intemperate use of ardent spirits.

We have received a copy of the proceedings of the South Carolina State Temperance Convention, held at Pendleton, August 15, 1845.

Mr. John G. Bowman then offered the following resolution, which he supported by a few remarks, to wit: That this Convention appoint delegates to the State Temperance Conventions of Georgia and North Carolina.

The Little Rock (Arkansas) Gazette says that Dr. Powell, upon his return from the north-western part of that state, reported the discovery of extensive beds of excellent Chalk, said to be the first and only discovery of the kind made in the United States.

Go to the ant to learn industry; to the dove to learn innocency; to the serpent to learn wisdom; to the Plover to learn patience, for of all men he is the best qualified to instruct in lessons of forbearance.

The number of bones in the frame work of a human body is 260, 108 of which are in the feet and hands, there being in each 27.

The richest endowments of the mind are temperance, prudence, and fortitude.

Different nations have different modes of salutation. The Laplanders rub their noses strongly against the person they salute.

North Carolina was first settled in the year 1050, by the English. Tennessee in 1750, by the French.

Mark Anthony, after the battle of Actium, challenged Augustus, who took no further notice of it than by sending back this answer, "If Anthony is tired of life, there are other ways of despatch; I shall not trouble myself to be his executioner."

Lightning travels at the rate of 200,000 miles in a single second of time.

There are no solid rocks in the arctic regions, owing to the severe frosts.

We are gratified to learn from the Newbern and Wilmington papers that both those places remain remarkably healthy for the season.

We have been furnished by the officers of the Historical Society of the University of North Carolina with their first Report, which we will publish in a week or two.

Trial for Insurrection.—At a session of Charles County Court, Maryland, Bill Wheeler and Mark Cesar were indicted for being prime movers and instigators in the late negro insurrection.

One house in Philadelphia, says the U. S. Gazette, has prepared and sold within the last three years, 17,000 pounds of Calomel.

The consumer pays the apothecary for the medicine, at prices varying from \$50 to \$500 per pound. Putting the above quantity at only \$50, it would appear that the price paid for it has exceeded a million of dollars.

Exercise.—Throughout all nature, want of motion indicates weakness, corruption, immaturity and death. Trenek in his camp prison, leaped about like a lion in his fetters of seventy pounds weight, in order to preserve his health, and an illustrious physician observed: "I know not which is the most necessary to the support of the human frame—food or motion."

In order to love mankind, expect but little from them; in order to view their faults with out bitterness, we must accustom ourselves to pardon them; and perceive that indulgence is a justice which frail humanity has a right to demand from wisdom.

The commerce of Boston, for August, included 302 foreign and 473 coastwise arrivals, and 281 foreign and 243 coastwise clearances.

New York, September 2, 1848.

Editor of Messenger.—From a combination of circumstances, I have been unable for some time to write to you from this city.

The monster steamship, Great Britain, has been at our port for two weeks past. She created quite an excitement on her arrival, and during her stay was visited by 25 or 30,000 G. citizens, at 25 cents per head.

The city is full to the brim of strangers—visitors and merchants. The fall trade has been going on briskly for a few weeks, and to judge from appearances and the amount of business transacted, one would think that the great fire had but little effect on the enterprise of the New York merchants.

There was a Temperance mass meeting in the Park last night, which was a frightener to rum dealers. The Legislature of this State, last winter, "in its wisdom," passed a law giving to the people in each town and city, (except New York) full control of the traffic in intoxicating liquors.

When such are seen to be the fruits of infidelity, contrasted with those of the Bible, can it be considered of no consequence what children read, or what a man believes?

Manufactures.—The able correspondent of the Richmond Whig, makes the following striking observations in his last letter dated from Paterson, in New Jersey:

"All the farmers around the place are making ten times as much off their farms, in proportion to the capital invested, as the manufacturers do. Hundreds of them make more from four acres of ground, and that all hill, than a majority of ours in Virginia do from three hundred acres.

I relate the following as a fact, on my own veracity, and I do not feel the least daggish nor sheepish in so doing. In September, 1844, I left home and traveled six and a half miles east, and when I stopped I missed my pocket book, containing a large amount of papers, &c., &c.

The writer of the foregoing signs himself a "Southerner;" and no doubt before he visited the North he heard the Tariff stigmatized with all the volubility of phrase and ignorance of facts which characterizes the loudest denouncers of the protective policy.

We collect the following facts relative to Paterson from this communication: "There are about five thousand persons engaged in the factories, ranking about nine thousand men, women and children, who are dependent on these establishments, directly or indirectly.

There are about five thousand persons engaged in the factories, ranking about nine thousand men, women and children, who are dependent on these establishments, directly or indirectly. In fact, the whole population of the place, about twelve thousand, is kept together by them; the destruction of the factories would cause the town to be deserted.

The writer states that the Savings Bank Association told him that there was not a week that some of the operatives were not at his office to deposit money or to buy his to build on. "Many before they came here," says the letter, "were unable to read or write, and at the very point of starvation, now are changed in all these relations. On the Sabbath, you could hardly tell them from the wealthiest families, and their demeanor is every way praiseworthy and commendable."

We commend these paragraphs to the attention of those who denounce the tariff as a system of oppression to all classes except the master manufacturers and capitalists. Here then there is indubitable evidence that the encouragement of manufacturers in this country has no tendency to degrade the operative class, to reduce them to poor law and low wages, to permanently sink them into ignorance and helplessness, and to fix upon the country a pauper population.

The falsity of any analogy between this country and England has been shown again and again—but what matters that? The protective system is to be denounced—and denounced it must be. It sounds well to talk of wealthy capitalists; it is democratic to assail them; nothing is easier to pretend to extreme regard for the laborer and the poor man, unless indeed it be easier for such pretenders to care nothing for them in reality.

Poets, however, in the face of all sorts of misrepresentations, will have their effect: the force of truth will vindicate itself at last.—National Intelligencer.

The Last Notion.—The last notion of which we have seen any notice is patent right bustles which they have got up in Boston. A lady supplied with one of them, when about to travel on a steambath, has nothing to do but blow up her bustle, and she thereupon need not fear a blow up of the boat. Thus, by sinking a few dollars in a bustle she can keep herself afloat.

Extraordinary Cradling.—A farmer in Charleston, Va., lately cradled nearly nine acres of heavy wheat in one day, and on returning home, found that his wife had cradled an infant!—A striking couple, truly.

Daniel Lambert was a great man, but the instrument with which you powder muzzles is a—greater.

Washington, S. C. Sept. 8.

First.—On Sunday morning last the dwelling of ex-Governor John L. Wilson, in Brownstown, was totally destroyed by fire, which is supposed to have originated in carelessness.

The Governor of New York has issued a Proclamation, declaring the county of Delaware to be in a state of insurrection. The outrages perpetrated by the anti-reformers, and the extent of their associations made that step necessary.

Say—Quit That.—When you see your son making a bad trade, say—quit that. When you see two urchins fighting in the street, say quit that. When you see your daughter shyly glancing at a top or looser, say quit that.

Two young men were hung at Belvidere, N. J., a few days since, convicted of the murder of the Cutner family in 1843. They died protesting their innocence.

Some of the papers are discussing the propriety of admitting an Indian State into our Confederacy. This idea has been suggested in consequence of the rapid improvements in civilization now going on among the Choctaw and Cherokee Indians.

Cats and Babies.—The Pottsville Journal states that a woman left her infant on the bed, while she went down stairs to attend to some domestic duties and on returning, she found a large cat lying upon the infant's breast, with its head near the child's mouth, as if in the act of sucking its breath.

Mr. Clay, it is said in his late trip up the Ohio, on his way to the Virginia Springs, travelled in the steamer Senate. As he went on board of her, he joyously remarked that he had hoped his public life had ended, but he perceived that he must go into the Senate again.

Helping poor Land, &c.—Sidney Weller, Esq., in a letter to the Editor, says, "One improvement as to helping poor land, I have had in progress several years, viz, that of covering small grains, viz, that of wheat, rye, oats, &c. with a thin coating of pine straw or boards, after the grain is up, or when first sowed. If with rye, it can be coated over with the pine straw at the farmer's leisure in the winter I have doubled my wheat and rye crops in this way, and left the ground improved for future crops, by the decayed coating. And one great advantage of the plan is, that in our sandy soil covering enable us to prevent clover from burning out by the hot sun in summer."—N. C. Farmer.

Mr. Donelson, Charge to Texas, arrived at Nashville on the 30th ult, on his return from Texas. The construction of the line of Magnetic Telegraph between Albany and Utica is advancing rapidly.

The Union says: One of the best and highest officers in the service, has expressed his opinion that 2000 United States soldiers, under Generals Taylor and Worth, will be competent to keep at bay any number of Mexican troops who may threaten to cross the river, for six months.

The Dog Star.—Those who are out early in the morning will notice a very bright star preceding the sun. It is Sirius, the Dog Star.

New Patent.—A patent has just been taken out by Capt. Daniel Nelson Jr., of Kennebec, Me., for an entirely new method of making ship's sails.

The steamer Great Britain, which left New York on the 30th ult. took out \$145,000 in gold.

The Nashville Whig states that \$50,000 worth of goods manufactured by Allison, Morgan & Co., in Wilson county, are sold annually by Morgan, Gardner & Co., they are said to be of a superior quality and at a reasonable price.

Mr. Todd, charged with seducing a respectable young lady named Earle under promise of marriage, has been tried at Harrisburg, Pa., fined \$100 and cast into one year of solitary imprisonment in jail.

Vermont Election.—It is now ascertained that Slide is not elected by the people, and that the Whig majority in the Legislature will be somewhat reduced.

THE LEGISLATURE.—In the counties heard from, 9 Whigs and 5 Locomotives are elected to the Senate. No change from last year.

Massachusetts.—The election in the Ninth Congressional District, held on Monday, resulted as follows in the nineteen towns heard from: Hale, (Whig), 2385; Williams, (Locomotive), 2225; Scattering, 708.

There are an entire change of Ministers, we regard as ominous of a pacific policy on the part of Mexico; and these events, we think, very much lessen the probability of war between that government and the U. States relative to Texas.

Did you ever see a young lawyer who was not extremely wise, and who did not understand your case in every particular? Did you ever see a man brag about his business, who was not forced into an exceedingly small corner?

LANGUIR CIRCULATION.—Repeated changes in the temperature have a very bad effect upon the blood; a sudden change from a full generous to a less pure diet will be equally injurious to the health or sudden changes of weather. If we would have health we must endeavor to prevent, as far as we can, the great extremes of all kinds.

When the atmosphere becomes impure and oppressive to mankind, it requires the utmost vigilance, to give it purity and life. When the bowels are better they require the administration of BRADFORD'S PILLS, which, by exciting a commotion, or accelerated movement in that organ, will occasion all morbid humors to be expelled, thereby producing purity to the blood and health to the system generally.

THE UNDESIGNED, Merchants in the city of Charleston, are now receiving and will have by the 15th inst., full and complete assortments of all

GOODS

in their respective lines, which they offer for sale on the most accommodating terms. Country Merchants who have been hitherto in the habit of visiting other markets, would find it to their interest to examine this, which affords as many facilities for commerce as any other in the country.

DRY GOODS.—TOWNSEND & ARNOLD, No. 1 Hayne st. WILEY, BANKS & CO., 3 WELLS & DEAS, 5 GILLILAND & HOWELL, 7 HARRATT, M'DURNEY & CO., 9

SADDLERY. HARRAL, HARE & CO., 4 Hayne st.

SHOES. D. F. FLEMING, 4 Hayne st. H. STODDARD & WOOD, 13 Hayne st. J. S. BEACH, 10 Hayne st. L. M. & B. W. FORCE & CO., 16 " "

GROCERIES. S. J. FARRAR, 22 Hayne st.

HATS, CAPS, &c. F. D. Fanning & Co., 6 Hayne st. Rankin, Spruells & Co., 16 Hayne st.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES. Haviland, Harral & Allen, 11 Hayne st. P. M. Cohen & Co., 19 " "

HARDWARE. Morton & Courtney, 8 Hayne st. Roosevelt & Barker, 17 " "

CROCKERY. G. S. & H. Cameron & CO., 21 Hayne st. Brown & Spaul, 14 H. B. Gleason, Meeting st, opposite Charleston Hotel.

BONNETS AND STRAW GOODS. Dewing & Thayer, Meeting street.

BOOKS, STATIONERY &c. M. Carler & Allen, Meeting street, near the Charleston Hotel. September 19, 1845.—89.

DAGUERRETYPE. J. W. CONRAD, OF N. C. Photographer.

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Asheville and vicinity, for a few days only.

Persons interested, and others wishing miniatures, are invited to call and examine specimens of this most interesting and valuable Art, by which individuals may now obtain the most correct likenesses in a few minutes. "The light of Heaven alone constituting the pencil, and Nature the artist."

For a single miniature, in a neat morocco case, 4 4 00 3 7 00 3 10 00 4 13 00

Miniatures neatly set in lockets or bracelets, 5 00

Portraits may be copied with great neatness, Room over Messrs. Patton & Osborn's office, Sept. 19, 1845.—11.

LOST. ON last Friday, between the Court House and Mr. S. Mc. Roberts, on the Southern road, 10 Trunk Keys, on a steel ring. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving them at this office. Sept. 19, 1845.—14.

TO PRINTERS. Type Foundry, and Printers Fur-nishing Warehouse.

THE subscribers have opened a NEW TYPE FOUNDRY in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of JOB or FANCY TYPE, and every article needed, every for Printing Office.

The Type, which are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrices, with deep counter, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices as low as the times.

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns. N. B. A. Mechanic is constantly in attendance to repair Presses and do light work.

Editors of newspapers, who will buy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the cash type to their insertion in their papers, and send above six months' insertion to the subscribers. COCKCROFT & OVEREND, 68 Ann Street, Sept. 19, 1845.—6m. 958