

# The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. IX.--NO. 1315. CHARLOTTE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1863. \$12 PER ANNUM.

## THE BULLETIN:

BY E. H. BRITTON.

TERMS FOR SUBSCRIPTION:  
DAILY BULLETIN: 7.00  
For six months 12.00  
For one year 20.00  
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN: 5.00  
For six months 8.00  
For one year 12.00  
CATAWBA JOURNAL--WEEKLY: 3.00  
For one year 20.00

### An Act to Amend an Act Entitled "Militia"

SECTION 1. Be it further enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That during the war the Governor shall have power to call out the militia for local and temporary service, all able-bodied men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, or such portion thereof in the whole State or any part of the State as he may deem necessary for the public defence. He shall cause the men so called out from each regimental district, as is now established by law to be formed into companies of not less than sixty or more than one hundred privates, who shall select the company officers; whenever any of said districts shall furnish a smaller number than a company, or there shall be a residue after the formation of one or more companies, such smaller number may be attached to any adjoining district and the companies so formed may be organized into battalions and regiments, in which case the commissioned officers of companies shall elect the field officers; the same number of staff officers for each regiment as are provided for in the militia law shall be appointed, and the Governor shall commission all officers during the war, and no longer.

SECTION 2. Be it further enacted; That the officers and men shall be subjected to the rules and articles of war of the Confederate States, and shall receive the same pay, rations and allowances while in actual service as those of like grade in the Confederate States' service.

SECTION 3. Be it further enacted. That there shall be exempted from service under this act the following, to wit: The officers of the State, with their clerks and Secretaries; members and officers of the General Assembly; judges of the Confederate and State courts; the attorney general, solicitors of the several judicial circuits, clerks of courts of record, marshals and sheriffs, jailors, registers, county trustees and keepers of the poor; one salt commissioner of each county, two blacksmiths who have established shops in each captain's district; one miller for each public mill; regular ministers of the gospel; the officers and necessary employees of the insane asylum, and institute for the deaf, dumb, and blind, with their inmates and pupils; physicians who have been habitually engaged in the practice of their profession for four years immediately before this day; the president, superintendent, treasurer, secretary, an agent for each depot, and a reasonable number of engineers, runners, conductors, and mechanics of each railroad company; one editor and the necessary number of compositors for each newspaper; the president professors and stewards of colleges; the principal and teachers of academies; the principal and a reasonable number of employees or manufacturers of cotton and woolen goods, iron, leather, shoes, and other articles manufactured of leather, who are working under contracts with the Confederate or State Government, or who have brought themselves within the terms of the act of Congress, by agreeing to take no more than seventy-five per cent. profit upon their manufactures; but in every case it shall be made to appear to the entire satisfaction of such officer as the Government may appoint, that such contract or agreement was bona fide, and not entered into or pretended merely to escape military duty; and that the Governor shall have power in special and extraordinary cases to exempt any other person.

SECTION 4. Be it further enacted. That in executing this act the Governor is empowered to employ such officers of the militia as may be necessary, and he may appoint a suitable number of drill officers, with the rank and pay of junior second lieutenants.

SECTION 5. Be it further enacted. That whenever the Governor shall deem it expedient to raise secretly in places where it cannot be done publicly under this act, companies for special service, he may commission officers for that purpose, with authority to raise such companies to consist of as many men and officers as he may determine, who when in actual service shall be entitled to the same pay and under the same rules as the force herein authorized except as to the appointment of officers, which shall be made by the Governor.

SECTION 6. Be it further enacted. That the Governor shall have power to appoint field officers to command any force raised under the 5th section that he may think proper and expedient.

SECTION 7. Be it further enacted. That all laws and clauses of laws coming in conflict with this act are hereby repealed, and this act shall be in force and take effect from and after its ratification. [Ratified the 10th day February, 1863.]

## BY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA.

### A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, a number of public meetings have recently been held in various portions of the State, in some of which threats have been made of combined resistance to the execution of the laws of Congress, in regard to conscription and the collection of taxes, thereby endangering the public peace and tranquility as well as the common cause of independence, which we have so solemnly engaged to defend: And whereas, it is my sworn duty to see all the laws of the land faithfully executed, and quiet and order maintained within our borders.

Now, therefore, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my Proclamation, commanding all such persons to renounce such evil intentions, and warning them to beware of the criminal and fatal consequences of carrying such threats into execution.

The inalienable and invaluable right of the people to assemble together and consult for the common good, together with its necessary concomitants, the freedom of speech and the press, are secured to you, my countrymen, by the most sacred compacts. They shall never find a disturber in me. Yet you will remember that the same instruments which guarantee these great rights, also limit you to the exercise of them, within the bounds of law, and impose upon me the solemn duty of seeing that these bounds be not transgressed. The Constitution of the Confederate States, and all laws passed in pursuance thereof, are the supreme law of the land; resistance to them by combination is treason, and without combination, is a high crime against the laws of your country. Let no one be deceived. So long as these laws remain upon the statute book they shall be executed. Surely, my countrymen, you would not seek to cure the evils of one revolution by plunging the country into another. You will not knowingly, to the present desolating war with the common enemy, add horrors of internal strife and entire subversion of law and civil authority! You must not forget the envenomed character which you have always maintained, as a sober, conservative and law-abiding people: nor would I have you forget the plain, easy and constitutional method of redressing your grievances. Meet and denounce any existing laws, if you think proper—you have that right—and instruct your representatives in Congress or the State Legislature, as the case may be, to repeal them. Your own chosen servants made those obnoxious laws—they can repeal them, if you so instruct them. If you regard them as unconstitutional, our Supreme Court sits ready to decide upon all cases properly brought before it. Its decisions are final in the State of North Carolina, and shall be executed while the power remains in your Executive to enforce any law made, but can be most beneficially effected in the way our fathers marked out by the ballot-box, and the other constitutionally appointed means. In times of great public sensibility like the present, any departure from this legal channel is revolutionary and dangerous, and tends to the division and destruction of our people.

It is my great desire, and, I hope, that of all good citizens, that our people should remain united, befall us what may. Should we triumph in the great struggle for independence, let no feelings of revenge, no bitterness, mar the rejoicing of that glorious day. Should we fail, and come short of that great object for which we have struggled so long and bled so freely, let not our strifes and domestic feuds add to the bitterness of defeat.

Attempt suddenly to change the existing order of things would only result in bloodshed and ruin. I therefore implore you, my countrymen, of all shades of political opinion, to abstain from assembling together for the purpose of denouncing each other, whether at home or in the army, and to avoid seeking any remedy for the evils of the times by other than legal means and through the properly constituted authorities. We are embarked in the holiest of all causes which can stir the hearts of patriots—the cause of liberty and independence. We are committed to it by every tie that can bind and honorable people. Multitudes of our bravest and best have already sealed it with their blood, whilst others, giving up all earthly possessions, are homeless wandering through the land, and all have felt, in a greater or less degree, the iron hand of war. A great and glorious nation is struggling to be born and wondering kingdoms and distant empires are stilled with listening hope and admiration, watching this greatest of human events. Let them not, I pray you, be shocked with the spectacle of domestic strife and petty, malignant feuds. Let not our enemy be rejoiced to behold our strong arms and stronger devotion which have often made him tremble, turned against ourselves. Let us rather show that the God of Liberty is in His Holy Temple—the hearts of freemen—and bid all the petty bickering of earth keep silence before Him. Instead of engaging in this unholy and

unpatriotic strife and attempting to resist the laws of the land and endangering the peace of society, let us prepare diligently and with hopeful hearts for the hardships and sufferings of the coming winter.— Heaven has blessed us with abundant crops, but thousands of our poor are unable to purchase. Let us begin in time and use every effort to provide for them and secure them against suffering. And let us exert ourselves to the utmost to return to duty the many brave but misguided men who have left their country's flag in the hour of danger, and God will yet bless us and our children, and our children's children will thank us to our despairing of the Republic in its darkest hours of disaster, and still more for adhering to and preserving a mid the fiery trials of war, conservative sentiments and the rights and civil liberties of the young Confederacy.

In witness hereof, ZEBULON B. VANCE, our Governor, Captain General and Commander-in-Chief, hath signed these presents and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at the city of Raleigh, this 7th day of September, A. D., 1863, and in the year of American Independence the 88th.

Z. B. VANCE.  
By the Governor:  
R. H. BATTLE, JR.,  
Private Secretary.

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## MATTINGS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, &C.

JAMES G. BAILIE & BRO.

ARE now offering for sale the following Goods to which they would respectfully call the attention of the public:

MATTINGS.  
4-4 5-4 and 6-4 White Canton Matting;  
6-4 and 6-4 B. d. Check Canton Matting;  
Brass Matting Staples, (for Matting.)

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.  
Three feet and six feet Floor Oil Cloth;  
Heavy Sheet Floor Oil Cloth.

CARPETINGS.  
English Royal Velvet CARPETING,  
English Wire Brussels Carpeting,  
English Royal Velvet Carpeting,  
English Wire Brussels Carpeting,

CURTAIN GOODS.  
Curtain Damasks; Lace Curtains;  
Muslin Curtains; Curtain Muslins, by the piece or 12 yards;  
Nottingham Lace Curtains;  
Centre Panels; Curtain Loops, Curtain Gimps,  
Curtain Bands, and a general assortment of CORNICES, embracing many new patterns.  
Picture Frames, Picture Nails and Picture Cord.

WINDOW SHADES,  
In 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 feet lengths, with all necessary Trimmings.  
Door Mats, for outside uses;  
Linen Druggels, 16-4 wide, for Crumb Cloths;  
Fine Cloth Table and Piano Covers;  
100 dozen fine Southern made Wire Bound Straw Brooms.

WOODEN BUCKETS, of the best Southern make, always on hand;  
Carpet Tacks, with Leather, in 12, 14 and 16 cts.;  
Carpet Tacks, without Leather, in 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 14 cts.

PIANOS.  
Always on hand, a good stock of the above instruments, of the best make.

James G. Bailie & Bro.,  
205 Broad Street,  
AUGUSTA, GA.  
July 1, 1863—4m.

SAM'L J. LOWRIE  
Attorney at Law  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Office in Brawley Building, opposite Kerrs Hotel.  
Feb. 12 1863

PAPER.  
OFFICE OF S. ORD., WORKS,  
SALISBURY, N. C., June 24 1863.  
This article is being manufactured largely at various points in the Confederacy but the scarcity of rags bids fair to interfere seriously with the manufacture.

In the manufacture of Catridge paper used in the fabrication of ammunition, raw cotton can be used if a certain proportion of hemp be mixed with it.  
I am authorized by the Ordnance Department to purchase materials for the purpose, and I take this method of appealing to the people to assist me in collecting old rags, bagging, waste cordage &c., or any of old hemp.  
A good price will be paid for the above material varying from 10 to 25 cents per pound according to condition, locality &c.  
I will also pay 40 cents per pound for old scap lead delivered at the works.

A. G. BRENIER,  
Capt. Artillery.  
June 26, '63—dtf

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.  
OUR New Style HATS, the "ESMERALDA," for Ladies and Misses, are just open, and attracting general admiration, also other new and handsome styles at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.  
April 27, '63—dtf

NORTH CAROLINA POWDER MILLS.  
1,000 LBS. Superior Blasting Powder for sale.  
S. W. DAVIS, Pres.  
July 18—dtf.

## Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road AND Atlantic, Tenn. & Ohio R. R.

ON and after Tuesday, September 1st, 1863, Passenger Trains making close connections with adjoining Roads will run as follows:  
Leave Charlotte for Columbia, daily at 7, a. m. and 6 p. m.  
Leave Columbia for Charlotte, daily at 8, a. m. and 6 p. m.  
Leave Statesville for Charlotte, daily (except Sundays) at 7 a. m.  
Leave Charlotte for Statesville, daily (except Sundays) at 3 p. m.

THOS. R. SHARP,  
Superintendent.

## WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE & RUTHERFORD RAILROAD.

ON and after MONDAY, the 25th of May, 1863, the Passenger Trains will run on the Western Division of this Road daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

GOING WEST		LEAVE	
ARRIVE	Charlotte	7.30 A. M.	
6.15 A. M.	Tuskegee	8.20 "	
6.55 "	Brevard	9.00 "	
7.35 "	Barton	9.30 "	
8.00 "	Lincolnton	10.15 "	
8.45 "	Cherryville		
GOING EAST:		LEAVE	
ARRIVE	Cherryville	11.30 A. M.	
12.15 P. M.	Lincolnton	12.35 P. M.	
1.00 "	Sharon	2.35 "	
1.30 "	Brevard	1.30 "	
1.45 "	Tuskegee	2.00 "	
2.45 "	Charlotte		

A freight train leaves Cherryville for Charlotte, at 7 o'clock, A. M., on Mondays, and returns the same day.  
For Passenger Trains transporting freight, 50 per cent. to the Tariff rates of freight will be added.  
Fare 6 cents per mile. Soldiers going to and returning from the army, half fare.  
Passengers are required to make the proper change, as the Ticket Agent cannot furnish change for every one.

V. A. McBEEN,  
Agent, Master of Transportation.  
Lincolnton, May 18, 1863—dtf

## EIGHTEENTH DIVIDEND.

CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD COMPANY,  
COLUMBIA, June 18, 1863.  
AN ANNUAL DIVIDEND will be paid in FIRST OF JULY next.

Stockholders resident as heretofore will be paid at Charlotte, Chester, Winesboro and this office. Those whose extra stock dividends for May, 1862, have not been paid, must apply here. Transfers closed until 5th July.

C. BOUKNIGHT,  
Secretary and Treasurer.  
June 27—dtf

C. & S. C. R. C.  
PRIVATE freights consigned to this Road and forbidden by the Governor's proclamation from exportation are requested to be taken from the Depot or storage will be charged upon them.

A. H. MARTIN,  
Agent.  
May 25/63—dtf

OFFICE N. C. RAILROAD CO.,  
COMPANY SHOPS, MAY 12TH, 1863.

NOTICE is given to masters and owners of slaves, that no slave will be allowed to travel on the trains of this road unless accompanied by their master, or agent authorized in writing, and for whom a ticket must be purchased of the railroad agent before entering the cars.

T. J. SUMNER,  
Engineer and Supt.  
may 12, '63—dlm

WHEAT AND CORN WANTED.  
THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WICKES & CO  
Charlotte Flour Mills.  
aug 1, 1863—lv

HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY, HILLSBORO N. C.  
THE second session of the fifth academic year of this Institution will commence on the 1st of July next.

For circulars and information apply to Major WILLIAM W. GORDON, Superintendent.  
may 27, '63—3m

SHOE PEGS.  
THE subscriber offers for sale at his establishment at High Point.  
SHOE PEGS  
of all sizes and quantities, manufactured at the Piedmont Valley Works.

E. B. KING.  
July 15—dim

FOR GENTLEMEN.  
JUST Imported a fine Silk Elastic French SUSPENDER of a superior quality. Call soon at  
KAHNWEILER & BRO.  
aug 19, 1863—dtf

KEEP COOL AND ECONOMIZE  
WE have just received and opened a lot of Fine Wide Bro. Linens, suitable for Coats' Pants, Vests or Shirts, and cheaper than Bleached Shirting. Call soon. (Especially adapted for children's wear.) At  
KAHNWEILER & BRO.  
Jan. 8, 1863—dtf

FAMILY FLOUR FOR SALE.  
AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SHONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.  
Also, MEAL and GRIST.  
JOHN WICKES,  
Charlotte Flour Mills.  
aug. 1, 1863—lv

## WILLIAMS & OATES

have this day associated with them in the Merchants and Commission business  
LEWIS W. SANDELLS.  
The style of this firm will hereafter be WILLIAMS OATES & Co.  
All persons indebted to the late firm of Williams & Oates will please call and settle up, as we wish to close our old business.

WILLIAMS & OATES.  
Dec. 2—tf.

## PIEDMONT SPRINGS. BURKE COUNTY, N. C.

THESE Springs are situated in Western North Carolina, about fifteen miles from Morganton, in a mountainous, beautiful and romantic country. The waters, SULPHUR and CHALYBEATE, are said to be equal to any in the country. Deer, Bear and Pheasant abound in the mountains.  
The Company has succeeded in obtaining the services of an experienced gentleman and lady to take charge of the House, and will be ready for the reception of visitors the 1st JULY.  
Board per day.....\$5.00  
Board per week.....\$25.00  
Board per month.....\$90.00  
Hacks will leave Morganton for the Springs, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.  
One fourth of this property with Three Hundred acres of land attached would be sold to a person competent to take charge of the property.  
PIEDMONT SPRINGS CO.  
June 26, '63—dtf

## STENHOUSE & MACAULAY, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

AT their old stand, on Trade Street, keep constantly on hand a well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES. Orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.  
Also, Cotton in lots, suitable for factories; 700 boxes Tobacco, various grades.

J. E. STENHOUSE,  
May 15, '63—dtf.  
ALLEN MACAULAY.

## WANTED. 20,000 STAVES AT THE C. S. DILLERY

(formerly owned by M. & E. Myle) at Salisbury, N. C., as follows: To be of White Oak timber, clear of sap. STAVES—34 inches long, from 4 to 6 inches wide and 1 inch thick.  
HEADINGS—24 inches long, from 8 to 10 inches wide, and 1/2 inches thick.  
700 staves and 400 headings to a thousand.  
Highest market price will be paid. Address, JAB. T. JOHNSON,  
Med. Purveyor U. S. A.  
July 6, '63—dtf. Charl. N. C.

HOUSE FOR RENT.  
HOUSE and LOT in a good neighborhood, to rent for the balance of the year. House and lot can be seen at the office. A good ironer and washer can be hired, on same terms. Apply at this office.  
July 2, '63—dtf

## A SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

WANTED a substitute immediately, for which a liberal price will be paid. Require of the Editor of the Bulletin.  
June 8/63—dtf

## MERCHANT TAILORING.

THE undersigned having located two floors South of the M. & S. I. N. B. O. C. & E. Charlotte, N. C., is prepared to fill all orders in his line of business, such as Military and Citizens Clothing, Caps, Lace, buttons, &c., &c.  
A liberal share of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited, as all orders entrusted to my care will be promptly and satisfactorily filled. I have competent workmen, and can compete with any other establishment in giving a "good fit," and I warrant my work to give entire satisfaction.  
M. R. ROBINSON, an experienced cutter, is engaged in this establishment, and he will be pleased to wait upon his friends.  
J. A. CALDWELL.  
March 18, 1863—d

## TO COTTON PLANTERS.

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY of the Treasury, Chief Agent for the purchase of Cotton for the Confederate Government within the State of North Carolina, and will pay for the same in 7 per cent. Bonds or Cash.

Sub-Agents visiting the different parts of the State, bearing in my name, will have written certificates of appointment.  
By order of the "Secretary of the Treasury," all Cotton purchased by myself, or my Agents, on and after the 15th day of March, 1863, will be paid for in 7 per cent. Bonds or Cash, and not 5 per cent. Bonds as stated in a former advertisement. Up to that time, however, the 5 per cent. Bonds will be furnished as stated.

Patriotic citizens are now offered an opportunity to aid the Government by selling to its Cotton rather than to private capitalists.  
LEWIS S. WILLIAMS,  
Charlotte, March 20, 1863—dtf

The Charlotte Democrat, Fayetteville Observer, Wadesboro Argus, Raleigh Register and the Goldsboro Tribune are requested to copy the above until forbid.

## SHOES FOR SALE.

WE are now manufacturing to order, and all orders filled promptly.  
Ladies cast skin Bootes and Gaiters.  
Gents do  
Gents Scotch bottom double sole Shoes.  
Thick Brogans and servants shoes all sizes and kinds wished. Have some very large sizes on hand.  
JOHN F. BUTT.  
Mint Street, Charlotte N. C.  
July 24, '63—tfc

## LATEST IMPORTATION.

A GOOD quality of Black ALPACCA GOODS; Debees, assorted colors;  
Kerenee Lawns, equally as cheap as Calico  
Brown Flax Thread;  
Black and White Bone Buttons;  
Military Gill Buttons;  
Tooth Brushes and Hair Brushes,  
at  
KAHNWEILER & BRO.  
July 8, 1863—dtf

## BACON WANTED.

THE Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Company desires 2000 lbs of BACON or its hands and will pay cash or cotton if desired. Call at this office.  
A. H. MARTIN, Agent.  
Charlotte, Aug 1—dtf