ted to you for authority to refund the duties and cancel the bonds thus received. The provinces of Canada and New Brunswick have also anticipaled the full operation of the treaty by legislative arrangements respectively, to admit free of duty the products of the United States mentioned in the free list of the treaty, and an arrangement, simifar to that regarding British fish, has been made for duties now chargeable on the products of those provinces enumerated in the same free list, and introduced therefrom into the United States; a proposition for refunding which will, in my judgtment, be in like manner entitled to your lavorable consideration.

There is difference of opinion between the United States and Great Britain as to the boundary line of the Territory of Washington adjoining the British possessions on the Pacific, which has already led to difficulties on the part of the citizens and local authorities of the two governments. I recommend that provision be made for a commission, to be joined by one on the part of her Britannic Majesty, for the purpose of running and establishing the line in controversy. Certain stipulations of the third and fourth articles of the treaty concluded by the United States and Great Britain in 1846 regarding possessory rights of the Hudson's Bay Company, and property of the Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, have given rise to serious disputes, and it is important to all concerned that summary means of setting them amicably should be devised. I have reason to believe that an arrangement can be made on just terms for the extinguishment of the rights in question, embrecing also the right of the Hudson's Bay Company to the navigation of the river Columbia; and I therefore suggest to your consideration the expediency of making a contingent appropriation for that purpose.

France was the early and efficient ally of the

United States in their struggle for independence. From that time to the present, with occasional ship have existed between the governments and to extensive social and commercial interconese, which, I trust, will not be interrupted or checked by any casual event of an apparently unsatisfactory character. The French consul at San Fran-States district court at that place, by compulsory negotiations to a termination. process, as a witness in favor of another foreign consul, in violation, as the French government conceives, of his privileges under our consular convention with France. There being nothing in the transaction which could imply any disrespect to France or its consul, such explanation has been made as I hope will be satisfactory. Subsequently, misunderstanding arose on the subject of the French government having, as it appeared, abruptly excluded the American minister to Spain from passing through France on his way from London to Madrid. But that government has un-States: and, after explanations to this effect, he has resumed his journey, and actually returned through France to Spain. I herewith lav before Congress the correspondence on this subject between.our envoy at Paris and the Minister of foreign relations of the French government,

The position of our affairs with Spain remains as at the close of your last session. Internal ngitation, assuming very nearly the character of political revolution, has recently convulsed that country. The late ministers were violently expelled from power, and men of very different views in relation to its internal affairs have succeeded. Since this change, there has been no propitious opportunity to resume, and press on negotiations for the adjustment of serious questions of difficulty between the Spanish government and the United States. There is reason to believe that our minister will find the present government favorably inclined than the proceeding to comply with our just demands, and to make suitable arrangements for restoring harmony and preserving peace between the two countries.

from as a matter of right. It is admitted on all dispossess it. hands, that this exaction is sanctioned, not by the

the United States for the purpose of organizing the last session of Congress. hostile expeditions against some of the States of activity of our civil and military authorities have | sought to recover their property, frustrated the designs of those who meditated ex-

ceseso mano

ready commenced.

secure to us the free navigation of the river La fact, no recognised dependence on or connexion which, at the commencement of the last fiscal ministration. The present organization is the re-Plata, and some of its larger tributaries; but the with any one to which the United States or their year, was sixty-seven millions three hundred and sult of partial legislation often directed to special same success has not attended our endeavors to injured crizens might apply for redress, or which torty the usand six hundred and twenty-eight dolfree use of that river, I had occasion to present rages committed. Not standing before the world tieth day of November, 1854, the sum of twenty- years ago from the British code, are not always year, was nine hundred and seventy thousand a se cordial relations, which have long existed between being neither competent to exercise the rights nor one hundred and seventy-two dollars; leaving a therefore, that the system should be deficient, in increase, however, can be anticipated for the special relations, which have long existed between being neither competent to exercise the rights nor this government and Brazil, it may be expected to discharge the obligations of a government, it balance of out-standing public debt of only fortythis government and Brazil, it may be expected to discharge the obligations of a government, it distance of outstanding patient debt of outsta

government. Separated as are the Atlantic and ments of civilized States. Pacific coasts of the United States by the whole

tirle wholly independent of them, of citizens of the was declined. Most of the buildings of the place, continue the practice of levying tolls on our ves- the Isthmus. The company resisted their ground. destruction of life. I do not doubt that we can claim exemption there- some of its buildings, and attempted violently to America, it was confidently hoped and expected similar frauds in the public service may be per-

general principles of the law of nations, but only for the purpose of demolishing the establishment life." Instructions to that effect were given to vious. For other material modifications of the by special conventions, which most of the com- at Punta Arenas, but this mischievous design was her commander; and no extreme act would have revenue laws which seem to me desirable, I refer mercial nations have entered into with Denmark. defeated by the interposition of one of our ships been requisite had not the people themselves, by The fifth article of our treaty of 1826, with of war, at that time in the harbor of San Juan. their extraordinary conduct in the affair, frustrated | That report, and the tables which accompany it, Deamark, provides that there shall not be paid, Subsequently to this, in May last, a body of men all the possible mild measures for obtaining satis. furnish ample proofs of the solid foundation on on the vessels of the United States and their car- from Greytown crossed over to Punta Arenas, faction. A withdrawal from the place, the object which the financial security of the country rests, This may be regarded as an implied agreement to Transit Company. Being well aware that the Cyane found himself, have been absolute abandon- operations. submit to the tolls during the continuance of the claim to exercise jurisdiction there would be re- ment of all claim of our citizens for indemnificacountry has been negotiated; and in order to give house in which he was, avowing that they had plunder. full effect thereto, it only remains to exchange come to arrest him by order of some person ex-

peditions of this character, except in two instances. my consideration, and proved by trustworthy evibalance remaining in the Treasury at the comsufficiently attest the wisdom of maintaining a subject is earnestly commended to your consideration to the experience and action of the subject is earnestly commended to your consideration to the experience and action of the subject is earnestly commended to your consideration. One of these, composed of foreigners, was at first dence. I could not doubt that the case demanded unencoment thereof, amounting to twenty-one mil- military peace establishment; but the theory of tion. countenanced and aided by the Mexican government itself, it having been deceived as to their required that reparation should be made for so

ber last, has been organized, and the work is al- and might easily seize on the unarmed hoats, millions of dollars. I shall, therefore, continue ditional expense would be comparatively light. Our treaties with the Argentine Confederation, almost daily within its reach. It did not profess far as can be judiciously and economically done, army should, I think, be combined certain meaone dollars, and a diminution of deficiency, and a diminution of deficiency and a diminution of defic open the Amazon. The reasons in favor of the could be held responsible in any way for the outfully, in a former message; and, considering the in the attitude of an organiz d political society, two millions three hundred and ninety-mine dollars. No proportion Convenient means of transit, between the seve- unpunished, and yet incapable of being treated in able at different periods within fourteen years. The present organization, by maintaining large ent that the Post Office Department, instead of ral parts of a country, are not only desirable for any other way than as a piratical resort of out. There are also remnants of other government staff corps or departments, separates many offithe objects of commercial and personal commu- laws, or a camp of savag s, depredating on emi- stocks, most of which are already due, and on cers from that close connection with troops, and time of its creation, is now, and under existing to nication, but essential to its existence under one grant trains or caravans and the frontier settle. which the interest has ceased, but which have not those active duties in the field, which are deemed must continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent, a characteristic continue to be, to no small extent ext

each are closely bound together by community of repair the injuries they had done to our citizens, bits the fact, that the annual income of the Gov- from their regiments, it is believed that the special origin and institutions, and by strong attachment and to make suitable apology for their insult of ernment greatly exceeds the amount of its public service would be equally well performed, and the dollars. I again call your attention to the all to the Union. Hence the constant and increasing our Minister, and that a ship-of-war would be debt, which latter remains unpaid, only because discipline and instruction of the army be improvintercourse, and wast interchange of commercial despatched thither to enforce compliance with the time of payment has not yet matured, and it ed. While due regard to the security of the rights productions, between these remote divisions of the these demands. But the notice passed unheeded. cannot be discharged at once, except at the option of officers, and to the nice sense of honor should Republic. At the present time, the most practi- Thereupon a commander of the navy, in charge of public creditors, who prefer to retain the secu- be cultivated among them, would seem to exact cable and only commodious routes for communi- of the sloop of war "Cyane," was ordered to rities of the United States; and the other fact, compliance with the established rule of promotion cation between them are by the way of the Isthmus repeat the demands, and to insist upon a compli- not less striking, that the annual revenue from all in ordinary cases, still it can hardly be doubted of Central America. It is the duty of the govern- ance therewith. Finding that neither the popul sources exceeds, by many millions of dollars, the that the range of promotion by selection, which is ment to secure these avenues against all danger lace, nor those assuming to have authority over amount needed for a prudent and economical ad- now practically confined to the grade of general them, manifested any disposition to make the re- ministration of the Government. United States, for the purpose of opening such a templated bombardment. No steps of any sort much used route in the transportation of our citi- regarded themselves as not responsible for the equivocally disavowed any design to deny the zens and their property between the Atlantic and misconduct of the community, adopted any means that effect. right of transit to the minister of the United Pacific. Meanwhile, and in anticipation of the to separate themselves from the fate of the guilty. completion and importance of this transit way, a The several charges on which the demands for number of adventurers had taken possession of redress were founded had been publicly known to be essential to the protection of the disproprotionate to the whole force, and greater in its application it is not enough that the value of the old Spanish port at the mouth of the river all for some time, and were again announced to government. There is no express provision of than the wants of the country demand. I there- lands in a particular locality may be enhanced; that San Juan, in open defiance of the State or Statee them. They did not deny any of these charges; law, requiring the records and papers of a public fore commend the discontinuance of a distinction, in fact, a larger amount of money may probably le of Central America, which, upon their becoming they offered no explanation -nothing in extenua. character, of the several officers of the government, which has no foundation in either the arms used received, in a given time, for alternate sections, the independent, had rightfully succeeded to the local tion of their conduct; but contumaciously refused to be left in their offices for the service expected to be could have been realised for all the sections, without sovereignty and jurisdiction of Spain. These ad- to hold any intercourse with the commander of cessors, nor any provision declaring it felony on performed. venturers undertook to change the name of the the "Cyane." By their obstinate silence they their part to make false entries in the books, or . In connection with the proposition for the in ments. A prudent proprietor looks beyond limited place from S in Juan del Norte to Greytown, and, seemed rather desirous to provoke chastisement return false accounts. In the absence of such crease of the army, I have presented these sug. sections of his domain, beyond present results to be though at first presenting to act as the subjects of than to escape it. There is ample reason to be- express provision by law, the outgoing officers, in gestions with regard to certain measures of re- ultimate effect which a particular line of policy the fictitious sovereign of the Musquito Indians, lieve that this conduct of wanton defiance on their many instances, have claimed and exercised the form, as the complement of a system, which likely to produce upon all his possessions and they subsequently repudiated the control of any part is imputable chiefly to the delusive idea that right to trade into their own possession, important would produce the happiest results from a given terests. The government, which is trustee, in the power whatever, assumed to adopt a distinct po. the American Government would be deterred books and papers, on the ground that these were expenditure, and which I hope may attract the matter, for the people of the States, is bound to take litical organization, and declared themselves an from punishing them through fear of displeasing their private property; and have placed them early attention, and be deemed worthy of the ap. the same wise and comprehensive view. Prior by independent sovereign State. If, at some time, a a formidable foreign Power, which they presumed beyond the reach of the government. Conduct proval of Congress. faint hope was entertained that they might become to think looked with complacency upon their ag. of this character, brought in several instances to a stable and respectable community, that hope gressive and insulting deportment towards the the notice of the present Secretary of the Treasu- Navy, having reference to more ample provisions soon vanished. They proceeded to assert un. United States. The "Cyane" at length fired ry, naturally awakened his suspicion, and resulted for the discipline and general improvement in the this character pending before Congress, founded claims to civil jurisdiction over Punta upon the town. Before much injury had been in the disclosure that at four ports, namely, Os- character of seamen, and for the re-organization A careful review of the whole subjected me Arenas, a position on the opposite side of the done, the fire was twice suspended, in order to wego, Toledo, Sandusky, and Milwaukie, the and gradual increase of the Navy. I deem eminriver San Juan, which was in possession, under a afford opportunity for an arrangement, but this treasury had, by false entries, been defrauded, ently worthy of your favorable consideration. | lands restored to market; and instructions were

> that no occasion would arise for "a resort to vio-At a later period they organized a strong force lence and destruction of property and loss of

you to the report of the Secretary of the Treasuam invested to defeat such oriminal proceedings, suers were driven back by its people, who not only made in redemption of the public debt, including my judgment, inadequate compensation. and bring to punishment those who, by taking a protected the wrongdoers and shared the plunder, interest and premium, amounted to twenty four ment itself, it having been deceived as to their required that reparation should be made for so hundred and ninety-two dollars; and at the close real object. The other, small in number, cluded many and such gress wrongs, and that a course of the same year, a corresponding balance amount. The other small in number, cluded limits of the same year, a corresponding balance amount. The other small in number, cluded limits of the same year, a corresponding balance amount. The other small in number, cluded limits of the same year, a corresponding balance amount. The other small in number, cluded limits lation to this important and rapidly extending branch. The other small in number, cluded limits lation to this important and rapidly extending branch. The other small in number, cluded limits lation to this important and rapidly extending branch. The other small in number, cluded limits lation to this important and rapidly extending branch. The other small in number, cluded limits lation to this important and rapidly extending branch. the vigilance of the magistrates at San Francisco, of insolence and plunder, tending directly to the ling twenty millions one hundred and thirty-seven and frontier relations. While scrupulously ad-

gerous to be disregarded, and too guilty to pass sand four handred and fifty-six dollars, redeem- a careful revision. yet been presented for payment, amounting to two requisite to qualify them for the varied responsi- upon the general treasury. The cost of mail was a superior of the cost of Seasonable notice was given to the people of hundred and thirty-three thousand one hundred bilities of high command. Were the duties of the portation, during the year ending June 30 breadth of the continent, still the inhabitants of Greytown that this Government required them to and seventy-nine dollars. This statement exhi-

In relation to Central America, perplexing ques- quired reparation, or even to offer excuse for their | The estimates presented to Congress from the to the public service. Observance of the rule of tions existed between the United States and Great conduct, he warned them, by a public proclama. different Executive Departments, at the last sesseniority sometimes leads, especially in time of Briain at the time of the cession of California. tion, that if they did not give satisfaction within sion, amounted to thirty-eight million four hun- peace, to the promotion of officers who, after These, as well as questions which subsequently a time specified, he would bombard the town. By dred and six thousand five hundred and eighty- meritorious and even distinguished service, may slight interruptions, cordial relations of friend- arose concerning inter-oceanic communication this procedure he afforded them opportunity to one dollars; and the appropriations made, to the have been rendered by age or infirmity incapable of across the Isthmus, were, as it was supposed, ad provide for their personal safety. To those also sum of fifty-eight million one hundred and sixteen performing active duty, and whose advancement. people of the two countries, The kindly senti. justed by the treaty of April 19, 1850; but, unlor- who desired to avoid loss of property in the punments, cherished alike by both nations, have led funately, they have been re-opened by serious ishment about to be inflicted on the offending. Of this excess of appropriations over estimates, the army. Suitable provision for this class of ofmisunderstanding as to the import of some of its town, he furnished the means of removing their however, more than twenty millions was applica- ficers, by the creation of a retired list, would reprovisions, a re-adjustment of which is now under effects by the boats of his own ship, and of a ble to extraordinary objects, having no reference medy the evil, without wounding the just pride of consideration. Our minister at London has made steamer which he procured and tendered to them to the usual annual expenditures. Among these men who, by past services, have established a strengous efforts to accomplish this desirable ob. for that purpose. At length, perceiving no dis. objects, was embraced ten millions to meet the claim to high consideration. In again commendcisco was, not long since, brought into the United ject, but has not yet found it possible to bring the position on the part of the treaty between the United ing this measure to the favorable consideration of his requisitions, he appealed to the commander of States and Mexico; so that, in fact, for objects of Congress, I would suggest that the power of plac-As incidental to these questions, I deem it her Brittanic Majesty's schooner "Bermuda," ordinary expenditure, the appropriations were ing officers on the retired list be limited to one proper to notice an occurrence which happened in who was seen to have intercourse, and apparently limited to considerably less than forty millions of year. The practical operation of the measure Central America, near the close of the last session much influence, with the leaders among them, to dollars. I therefore, renew my recommendation would thus be tested, and if, after, the lapse of of Congress. So soon as the necessity was per- interpose and persuade them to take some course for a reduction of the duties on imports. The years, there should be occasion to renew the proceived of establishing inter oceanic communica- calculated to save the necessity of resorting to the Treasury presents vision, it can be reproduced with any improvetions across the Isthmus, a company was organ. extreme measure indicated in his proclamation; a series of tables, showing the operation of the ment which experience may indicate. The presized, under authority of the State of Nicaragua, but that officer, instead of acceding to the request, revenue system for several successive years, and ent organization of the artiflery into regiments is object. but composed, for the most part, of citizens of the did nothing more than to protest against the con- as the general principle of reduction of duties liable to obvious objections. The service of arwith a view to revenue and not protection may tillery is that of batteries, and an organization of transit way, by the river San Juan and Lake were taken by the people to give the satisfaction now be regarded as the settled policy of the batteries into a corps of artillery would be more in aid of the constructions of railways, were less full Nicaragua, which soon became an eligible and required. No individuals, if any there were, who country, I trust that little difficulty will be encountered in settling the details of a measure to part of the troops now called artillery are, and subsequent developments would seem to render

> petrated, render the necessity of new legal enactments, in the respects above referred to, quite obyou to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The experience of the last year furnishes adtreaty, and, consequently, may embarrass the as- sisted then, as it had been on previous occasions, tion, and submissive acquiescence in national ditional reasons, I regret to say, of a painful char- wealth and commerce of the United States. I legislation, and pressed forward by the amanual sertion of our right to be released therefrom. they went prepared to assert it by force of arms. indignity. It would have encouraged in these acter, for the recommendation heretofore made, to cordially approve of the proposed apprentice sys. energy of private enterprise, only seventeenthy There are also other provisions in the treaty which Our minister to Central America happened to be lawless men a spirit of insolence and rapine most provide for increasing the military force employed tem for our national vessels, recommended by the sand miles have been completed in all the Sum ought to be modified. It was to remain in force present on that occasion. Believing hat the cap- dangerous to the lives and property of our citizens in the territory inhabited by the Indians. The Secretary of the Navy. al hazards.

lawless adventurers to embark in these enterprises, of mixed blood-had previously given other indi- and forty-nine thousand seven hundred and five enlistments, but in obvious improvement in the and greatly increased the difficulty of enforcing cations of mischievous and dadgerous propensi- dollars; and that the public expenditures for the class of men who enter the service. I regret that our obligations of neutrality. Regarding it as my ties. Early in the same month, property was same period, exclusive of payments on account of corresponding consideration was not bestowed on solemn duty to fulfil, efficiently, these obligations, claudestinely abstracted from the depot of the public debt, amounted to fifty-one millions the officers, who, in view of their character and

The valuable services constantly rendered by part therein, violated our laws. The energy and but treated with rudeness and violence those who military authorities have sought to recover their property. three hundred and eighty dollars. To the sum nucleus around which the volunteer forces of the the States, and where such delinquencies can be social well being, as to claim, in anticipation, Such, in substance, are the facts submitted to total of the receipts of that year is to be added a nation can promptly gather in the hour of danger, reached only by the power of Congress? The whole severest analysis. Entertaining these views, I may consideration and receipts of that year is to be added a nation can promptly gather in the hour of danger, reached only by the power of Congress? The whole severest analysis.

consideration a proposition which will be submit- and succeeded in reaching the Mexican territories; insecurity of the lives of numerous travellers, thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven dollars of hering to this principle, I find, in existing circum- the year ending June 30, 1854, including one but the effective measures taken by this govern- and of the rich treasures belonging to our citizens, receipts above expenditures, also remained in the stances, a necessity for increase of our military dred and thirty-three thousand four h but the effective measures taken by this govern- and of the rien treasures belonging to our citizens, receipts above expendences, also remained in the stances, a like stances passing over this transit way, should be perempted in the perempter of the The commission to establish the new line be- respects, the community in question, in power to rent fiscal year are not likely to equal in amount sufficient to meet the present and seven dollars. tween the United States and Mexico, according to do mischief, was not despicable. It was well pro- those of the last, yet they will undoubtedly ex- necessary carefully to weigh the cost in a case the provision of the treaty of the 80th of Decem- vided with ordnance, small arms and ammunition. ceed the amount of expenditures by at least fifteen of such urgency, it would be shown that the ad-

freighted with millions of property, which passed to direct that the surplus revenue be applied, so With the increase of the numercial force of the

officers, might be somewhat extended with benefit have been, on duty as infantry; the distinction proper and desirable. Of the soundness of the In connexion with this subject, I recommend a between the two arms being merely nominal .- principle then asserted with regard to the limitation change in the laws, which recent experience has This nominal artillery in our service is entirely of the power of Congress, I entertain no doubt:

The recommendation of the Secretary of the within the four years next preceding March, 1853, The principles, which have controlled our policy immediately given to that effect. The applica-United States, interested in the Nicaragua Transit of little value generally, were, in the sequel, de. of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight thou- in relation to the permanent military force, by sea tions at the last session contemplated the constnet Company, and which was indispensably necessary stroved, but, owing to the considerate precautions and dollars. The great difficulty with which the land, are sound, consistent with the theory of lion of more than five thousand miles of mi Negotiations are pending with D nmark to disto the prosperous operation of that route across taken by our naval commander, there was no detection of these frauds has been attended in our system, and should by no means be disturbed. and grants to the amount of nearly twenty me consequence of the abstraction of books and papers But limiting the force to the objects particularly lions of acres of the public domain. Event sels and their cargoes passing through the sound. less claims; whereupon they proceeded to destroy When the "Cyane" was ordered to Central by the retiring officers, and the facility with which set forth in the preceding part of this message, we mitting this right on the part of Congression should not overlook the present magnitude and unquestionable, it is quite clear that the proposet prospective extension of our commercial marine, grants would be productive of good, and notes nor fail to give due weight to the fact, besides the The different projects are confined, for the pretwo thousand miles of Atlantic seaboard, we have | sent, to eleven States of the Union, and one Tetnow a Pacific coast, stretching from Mexico to the ritory. The reasons assigned for the grant, Bruish possessions in the North, teeming with show that it is proposed to put the works spendig wealth and enterprise, and demanding the constant in process of construction. When we telest presence of ships of war. The augmentation of that since the commencement of the constructed the Navy has not kept pace with the duties pro. of railways in the United States, stimulated# goes when passing through the Sound, higher arrogating authority to arrest, on the charge of of his visit entirely defeated, would, under the and of the salutary influence of the independent perly and profitably assigned to it in time of peace, they have been by the large dividends realist duties than those of the most favored nations. murder, a captain of one of the steamboats of the circumstances in which the commander of the large field of its op. from the earlier works over the great thorogether. erations, not merely in the present but still more fares, and between the most important points in the progressively increasing exigencies of the commerce and population, encouraged by Sa

for ten years, and until one year after either party | tain of the steamboat was innocent, for he wit- at Punta Arenas, and probably emboldened them | settlers on the frontier have suffered much from | The occurrence, during the last few months, of pled condition of many works commenced at should give notice to the other of intention to ter- nessed the transaction on which the charge was to grasp at the treasures and valuable merchan. the incursions of predatory bands, and large marine disasters of the most tragic nature, involv. prosecuted upon what were deemed to be some minate it. I deem it expedient that the contem- founded, and believing, also, that the intruding dise continually passing over the Nicaragua route. parties of emigrants to our Pacific possessions have ing great lost of human life, has produced intense principles, and safe calculations;—when next plated notice should be given to the government of party, having do jurisdiction over the place where It certainly would have been most satisfactory to been massacred with impunity. The recurrence emotions of sympathy and sorrow throughout the template the enormous absorption of capital and they proposed to make the arrest, would encoun- me if the objects of the "Cyane's" mission could of such scenes can only be prevented by teaching country. It may well be doubted whether all drawn from the ordinary channels of business. The naval expedition, despatched about two ter desperate resistance if they persisted in their have been consummated without any act of public these wild tribes the power of, and their responsi- these calamitious events are wholly attributable the extravagant rates of interest at this month years since for the purpose of establishing rela- purpose, he interposed, effectually, to prevent force; but the arrogant contumacy of the offend. bility to, the United States. From the garrisons to the necessary and inevitable dangers of the sea. paid to continue operations, the bankrupich tions with the empire of Japan, has been ably and | violence and bloodshed. The American minister | ers rendered it impossible to avoid the alternative, of our frontier posts, it is only possible to detach | The merchants, mariners, and ship-builders of the | not merely in money, but in character, and | skilfully conducted to a successful termination by afterwards visited Greytown, and whilst he was either to break up their establishment, or to leave troops in small bodies; and though these have on United States are, it is true, unsurpassed in far inevitable effect upon finances generally; -out the officer to whom it was intrusted. A treaty there a mob, including certain of the so-called them impressed with the idea that they might per. all occasions displayed a gallantry and a stern de- reaching enterprise, skill, intelligence and cour- be doubted that the tendency is to run to the opening certain of the ports of that populous public functionaries of the place, surrounding the severe with impunity in a career of insolence and votion to duty, which on a larger field would have age, by any others in the world. But, with the in this matter? Is it wise to augment this em commanded universal admiration, they have usual increasing amount of our commercial tonage in by encouraging hopes of sudden wealth expense This transaction has been the subject of com- ly suffered severely in these conflicts with superior the aggregate, and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from magnificent schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from the schemes dependent and the larger size and improved to flow from the schemes dependent and the schemes depen ratifications, and adopt requisite commercial regu- ereising the chief autority. While parleying plaint on the part of some foreign powers, and have sometimes been entirely sacri- equipment of the ships now constructed, a defiwith them, he was wounded by a missile from the has been characterized with more of harshness ficed. All the disposable force of the army is ciency in the supply of reliable seamen begins to has produced such results, need to be stimulated. The treaty lately concluded between the United crowd. A boat, despatched from the American than of justice. If comparisons were to be insti- already employed on this service, and is known be very seriously felt. The inconvenience may, or checked? Is it not the better rule to leave States and Mexico settled some of our most em- steamer "Northern Light" to release him from tuted, it would not be difficult to present repeated to be wholly inadequate to the protection which perhaps, be met, in part, by due regulations for these works to private enterprise, regulated, barrassing difficulties with that country, but nu- the perilous situation in which he was understood instances in the history of States, standing in the should be afforded. The public mind of the country the introduction, into our merchant ships, of in- when expedient, aided, by the co-operation merous claims upon it for wrongs and injuries to to be, was fired into by the town guard and com- very front of modern civilization, where commu- has been recently shocked by savege atrocities dented apprentices; which, while it would afford State? If constructed by private capital, our citizens remained unadjusted, and many new pelled to return. These incidents, together with nities, far less offending and more defenceless emigrants and border useful and eligible occupation to numerous young stimulant and check go together, and furnish cases have been recently added to the former list the known character of the population of Grey. than Greytown, have been chastised with much settlements, and hardly less by the unnecessary men, would have a tendency to raise the character of the population of Grey. of grievances. Our legation has been earnest town, and their excited state, induced just appre- greater severity, and where not cuies only have destruction of valuable lives, where inadequate ter of seamen as a class. And it is deserving of extravagance. But it is manifest that, with in its endeavors to obtain from the Mexican gov- hensions that the lives and property of our citi- been laid in ruins, but human life has been reck- detachments of troops have undertaken to furnish serious reflection, whether it may not be desirable most effective guards, there is danger of god ernment a favorable consideration of these claims, zens at Punta Arenas, would be in imminent lessly sacrificed, and the blood of the innocent the needed aid. Without increase of the military to revise the existing laws for the maintenance of too fast and too far. but hitherto without success. This failure is, danger after the departure of the steamer with made profusely to mingle with that of the guilty. force, these scenes will be repeated, it is to be discipline at sea, upon which the security of life We may well pause before a proposition combet probably, in some measure, to be ascribed to the her passengers for New York, unless a guard was Passing from foreign to domestic affairs, your feared, on a larger scale, and with disastrous con- and property on the ocean must to so great an ex- plating a simultaneous movement for the disturbed condition of that country, It has been left for their protection. For this purpose, and in attention is naturally directed to the financial conmy anxious desire to maintain friendly relations order to insure the safety of passengers and prop- dition of the country, always a subject of general that the plainest duties and responsibilities of gov- ready been given by Congress to the proper con- sive of the great Pacific road and all its branches with the Mexican republic, and to cause its rights erty passing over the route, a temporary force interest. For complete and exact information enument are involved in this question, and I doubt struction and arrangement of steam vessels and nearly one-third the entire length of such and territories to be respected, not only by our was organized at considerable expense to the regarding the finances, and the various branches not that prompt action may be confidently antici- all passenger ships, still it is believed that the now completed, in the United States, and which is the line of citizens, but by foreigners, who have resorted to United States, for which provision was made at of the public service connected therewith, I refer pated when delay must be attended by such fear achievments of science and mechanical skill in cannot cost, with equipments, less than one hundred. This pretended community—a heterogeneous ry; from which it will appear, that the amount of reason exists for the marked distinction, which result from combinations of interests of this che that Republic. The defenceless condition in assemblage, gathered from various countries, and revenue during the last fiscal year, from all crease of the pay of the rank and file of the army appears upon our statutes between the laws for acter, can hardly be over estimated. which its frontiers have been left, has stimulated composed for the most part of blacks and persons sources, was seventy three millions five hundred has had beneficial results, not only in facilitating protecting life and property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where it is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations, where it is the standard property at sea, and those for pendently of these considerations. protecting them on land. In most of the States curate knowledge, the comprehensive intelligence severe penalties are provided to punish conductors which shall discriminate between the relative of trains, engineers, and others employed in the of these 28 proposed roads, in eleven transportation of persons by railway, or by steam- and one Territory? Where will you begin, not only towards Mexico, but other foreign na. Transit Company and taken to Greytown. The eighteen thousand two hundred and forty-nine services, and the expenses to which they are boats on rivers. Why should not the same principles the companies to the same principles to the companies to the same principles the companies to the tions, I have exerted all the powers with which I plunderers obtained shelter there, and their purlocated in defeat such eximinal proceedings of insubordination, cowardice, one works, it is necessary that the proposed works it is necessary to th or other misconduct on the part of masters and aid of the general government be primarily give mariners, producing injury or death to passengers the policy will present a problem so comprehens

gross receipts during the same period amount six million nine hundred and fifty-five thousan hundred and eighty-six dollars; exhibiting and penditure over income of one million seven hand one thousand seven hundred and fifty-six d all postmasters. From these statements it is an dred and ninety-five thousand and seventy of mail transportation by ocean steamers, and mend the suggestions of the Postmaster General your early attention.

During the last fiscal year eleven million sevents thousand nine hundred and thirty-five acres of the public lands have been surveyed, and eight milks one hundred and ninety-thousand and seventse acres brought into market. The number of line sold is seven million thirty-five thousand seven has dred and thirty-five, and the amount received the for nine million two hundred and eighty-five the sand five hundred and thirty-three dollars, The aggregate amount of lands sold, located under mi itary scrip and land warrants, selected as swanlands by States, and by locating under grants to roads, is upwards of twenty-three millions of acre The increase of lands sold, over the previous year, about six millions of acres; and the sales during the two first quarters of the current year present thees. traordinary result of five and a half millions sold exceeding by nearly four millions of acres the sale of the corresponding quarters of the last year, this increasing to an extent unparalled during any liperiod in our past history the amount of revens provided from this source for the Federal Treasur

The commendable policy of the government is relation to setting apart public domain for these who have served their country in time of war is illustrated by the fact : that since 1790 no les thin

The suggestions, which I submitted in my annual message of last year, in reference to grants of lands the impulse and influence of the proposed improve and during the last session of Congress, unwashed thirty millions of acres of land were withdrawn from public sale with a view to applications for granted

to direct that all such orders be abrogated, and the

in a quarter of a century :- when we see the