CHARLOTTE.

Tuesday Morning, Feb. 24, 1857.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. The Spring Terms of the Superior Court in this (the 6th) Circuit will be held as

follows:		
Surry county,	Menday	y, 23d February
Yadkin	44	2d March.
Ashe	44	9th do.
Wilkes	**	16th do.
Alexander	44	23d do.
Davie	**	30th do.
Iredell	**	6th April.
Catawba	144	13th do.
Lincoln	4.6	20th do.
Gaston	44	27th do.
Union	44	4th May.
Mecklenburg	44	11th do.
Cabarrus	. 44	18th do.
Rowan	44	25th do.

Judge Dick will ride the Circuit .-- Wm. Lander, Esq. Solicitor.

We are gratified to find that our circulation is steadily and rapidly increasing. We are determined that no one shall be disappointed in patronizing the "Western Democrat,"-we spare no trouble to furnish our readers the latest news, commercially and politically. Those who subscribe are certain to get the worth of their money; and whenever a man thinks he is not gett ing the value of the subscription price, we hope he will discontinue. No offence caus ed by discontinuances, especially if arrears are settled.

We never drum for subscribers (prefering that the paper shall be its own recom mendation), therefore these wanting to subscribe need not wait to be solicited.

On our first page will be found speech on the Bill to charter the Danville and Greensborough Railroad, delivered it the Senate at the late session of the Legis lature, by Wm. R. Myers, Esq., Senator from Mecklenburg county.

THE CABINET .- A correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, writing from Washington

It is believed by members of Congress and others, both from letters and verbal new election for members of that body .inet will be composed of Mr Cass as Secre tary of State; Mr Cobb of Georgia, Sec'y of the Treasury; Ex-Gov. Floyd of Va., Secretary of War; Ex-Gov. Brown of Tenn. Secretary of the Navy; Mr Toucey, Attorney General; Mr Jones of Pennsylvania. Postmaster General, and Jacob Thompson of Miss., Secretary of the Interior.

We learn that the last named gentleman (Mr Thompson) is a native of Caswell county, N. C.

The names of Weldon N. Edwards, L. O'B. Branch, Warren Winslow, T. L. Clingman and others, of North Carolina. are mentioned in connection with Cabinet appointments.

In the Congressional proceedings of the 19th, we notice that Mr Davis of Mary land, by direction of the investigating committee, made a special report in the case of Mr Gilbert of New York, conclu ding with a resolution for his expulsion. Mr Letcher moved that the report be print-

Reports were also made recommending the expulsion of Messrs, Edwards, Welch and Matteson; also Mr Simonton, as re porter. Mr Kelsey made a dissenting report. All the reports were ordered to be printed, and their consideration was to have taken place yesterday. They are all from the State of New York.

They all swear innocence, and protest that they were misunderstood; but the evidence, in some cases, is positive.

MR BUCHANAN, the President elect, is expected to be in Washington on Thursday. when the members of his Cabinet will b certainly known.

The treaty recently made by Mr Dallas with the British Government has been rejected, or at least postponed till the 5th of March, by the U. S. Senate. The cause for this action is thus stated by a Washington correspondent:

"I have just ascertained what I suppose to be the difficulty in the Dallas and Clarendon treaty, which has caused its virtual rejection by the Senate. The matter has leaked out, but comes to me in so direct a shape that I have entire confidence in it. It appears that a treaty was made not long since between the British and Nicaraguan Governments, one stipulation of which was that slavery should be forever prohibited in the territory of the latter. The treaty to which Mr Dallas was a party, without alluding directly to this fact, nevertheless recognizes and endorses that stipulation, and it is this which has caused the unexpected hostility of the Democratic Senate and Administration.

Gen. R. C. Cotten of Chatham county, has been appointed by Gov. Bragg. Adjutant General of the State in place of Gen. R. W. Haywood, resigned.

The last Legislature chartered a Company to build a Railroad from High Point, in Guilford county, to Danbury, in Stokes county, via Salem. Winston, and Germantown. No State aid.

A terrible accident occurred to a freight train on the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad. The freshets had carried off one of the river bridges, and the whole train, consisting of seven or eight car loads of horses, plunged into the stream, drowning everything but one horse. The Eugineer is to blame for the accident.

SOUTHERN TOUR OF PRESIDENT PIERCE. We notice that the City Council of Augusta have adopted a resolution authorizing the Mayor to appoint a committee of Council to join a committee of the citizens, to exvisit to the South.

GEN. PIERCE'S CABINET.

In a few days (says the St. Louis Leader,) the present administration will be no change will be made in the Cabinet during that time. If not, Gen. Pierce's Cabi net will have remained in office for the whole term of four years, without any change in either of the departments. Every member now holds the position assigned to him the day the President assumed the reins of government. It is the first instance of the kind in the history of our government. Gen. Washington's Cabinet remained entire two Secretaries of War.

It is a high compliment to the present able Cabinet.

Some of the opposition papers in Southern democrats who voted for the ad- were agreed upon. mission into the Union of Minnesota, bethat it would be wrong, and just cause for at Whiteville. dissolution, for the North to refuse the admission of any more slave States-that the men intend to require action on a principle sections. (which is correct) when it works for their own benefit, and repudiate it when it does cause for dissolution for the North to refuse the admission of a State on account of slavery existing therein, would it not be equally so for the South to refuse to admit a State because slavery was prohibited? Let us act consistently in this matter.

CONGRESSIONAL.

But very little business has been defin itely transacted by either House the pas week. A petition, numerously signed b citizens of California, asking the expulsion of Mr Herbert, has been referred to the committee on elections of the House.

The House considered and passed-yeas 99, nays 79-the bill for the relief of the people of Kansas, repealing the laws enact ed by the Legislature which assembled at the Shawnee Mission, and providing for a reports from Wheatland, that the new Cab- | The following are the names of all the members from the non-slaveholding States joined the southerners in voting against this odious bill: Messrs. Allen, Brown, Cadwallader, English, Florence, Fuller of Maine, Hall, Harris of Illinois, Kelly, Miller of Ind. Morrison, Packer, Peck and Whitney.

> In the Senate, a resolution was adopted directing the committee on commerce to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the Secretary of War and Navy, under the direction of the President, to employ such officers as they may think proper to make such exploration and verification of the canal near the Isthmus of Darien, to conneet the waters of the Pacific with the Atlantic by the Atrato and Truando rivers.

> A proposition is before Congress to refund to Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina. and other States, the amounts of money contributed by them towards erecting the national Capitol.

The Senate has passed the bill confirming the titles to the States to swamp lands, and has passed the bill introduced to secure an equal distribution of the public lands to

passed by a vote of 110 yeas, to 84 nays.

When Gen. Pierce, in March, 1853, entered upon the administration of govern-

The new tax debt..... 2.750,000

\$71,879,937 In the extinguishment of this debt and premium there has been paid \$45.825,319. and the balance of debt is \$30,953,309, "all of which," says the late message, "might be extinguished within a year, without embarrassing the public service, but being not yet due and only redeemable at the option by the government."

17 The bill increasing the pay of the officers of the army, which now awaits the signature of the President, will give Lieut General Scott \$1.828, making his yearly compensation \$10,620. The increase pay of each brigadier general is \$1,100; colone \$800; lieutenant colonel \$650; major \$550; captain \$400; lieutenant \$300-making their salaries respectively-\$7,500, \$3,000. \$2,000, \$2,500, \$2,200, \$1,800, \$1,600. The average increase is \$500 to each officer, or in all \$525,000.

IF Mr Thompson has been elected Senator to Congress from New Jersey.

The South Carolina Railroad Com-\$6,000, to the city of Augusta, Geo., for the privilege of connecting the tracks of the Georgia and South Carolina Railroads. A large majority of the citizens of Augusta quirer says: "Great interest and some in their petition to Council on the subject impatience are felt in regard to the deciexpressed a willingness to accept that sum conferred by the city to the railroad com- judgment has been caused by the affliction annually as a consideration for advantages panies. The Council however, have determined that the privilege is worth ten thousand dollars per annum, and the negotiation bench. It is well understood that six of the is therefore suspended.

The use of rosin and turpentine seem to in- but raises some side issues, which prevent crease with every development of inventive talent. In painting, in printing, in soap making, and especially in lighting, iss use seems to be almost universal. It forms an operation of their decision; and, it will be his last written decision; and, it important element in many chemical operations, and it is estimated in a late communication to the London Society of Arts, that tend to President Pierce the courtesy and from two to three hundred thousand dollars hospitality of that city, in the event of his worth is consumed annually in the American India rubber manufactories.

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERFORD ROAD.

The Directors of the Wilmington, Charbrought to a close, and it is presumable that lotte and Rutherford railroad company met in Wilmington on Thursday the 12th inst, and continued in session the remainder of

We learn that they decided to call for the second instalment of ten per cent. on subscriptions of stock, the same to be paid

on or before the 1st May next. They have likewise called a general meeting of the stockholders, to be held in this town on Tuesday, the 17th of March through his first term, with the exception of next, to pass upon the amendments to the a single change in the Post Office Depart- | charter recently made by the General Asment, and John Quincy Adams made only sembly, and which, among other things, one change during his term, having had authorize the counties on the line of the Road to subscribe to the capital stock of the company.

We learn also that the difficulty as to the town subscription (\$200,000) to this work, was fully adjusted, and the instalments due the South are finding fault with the twelve from the town with the details of the bonds

A committee was appointed to confer cause it is a free State; but a little reflec- with the Wilmington and Manchester comtion will show that they did no wrong in so pany as to the details of any connection voting. We of the South have contended that may be made between the two roads

It is expected that, at the meeting in March, the eastern terminus will be settled territories, after complying with constitu- and that the road will be put under contional provisions, and applying for admis-tract. From Lumberton to Rockingham is sion, should be admitted regardless of their now under contract, and many of the condomestic policy. Now, we ask, if southern tractors, we learn, are engaged upon their

We rejoice that one of the great stumbling blocks in the way of the Companynot accomplish their desires ? If it is just the difficulty concerning the corporate subscription of the town of Wilmington-has been settled, and the details, agreeable to both Company and corporation, agreed upon. If an eligible sale of the town bonds can be made, the Company will be placed in the possession of means which will enable them to prosecute the work with

Another serious obstacle still exists which e trust will be harmoniously surmounted at the meeting of the stockholders in March next. We refer to the location of the terminus at this end of the road .- For the present we will content ourself with the expression of the hope that past differences of pinion on this point may be forgotten; and that all interested may discuss this subject with unprejudiced eyes, looking not so much to the gratification of preferences, as to the building of the road, a consideration which ought to override all other considerations .- Wilmington Herald.

We further learn that the Road has been ocated from Charlotte to Lincolnton and to Newton, and that work will soon be comlet all do what they can to help it along.

SUPREME COURT.

The following decisions have beeen devered since our last report:

By Nash, C. J. In Propst v. Roseman, from Rowan, affirming the judgment. In Purvis v. Robinson, from Sampson, reversing the order. In Journey v. Sharp from several surveys already made for a ship Iredell, reversing the judgment, and directing a venire de novo.

By Pearson, J. In State v. McLelland, rom Bladen, declaring there is no error.-In Elliott v. Pool, in equity, from Pasquo tank. In Boyd v. Small, from Beaufort, in equity, dismissing the bill with costs. In Union, directing a decree for plaintiff. In In Scarlet v. Hunter, in equity, from Mecklenburg, plaintiff entitled to a decree for specific performance upon payment of purhase money and interest. In Turner v White

from Orange, affirming the judgment. By Battle, J. In Garrard v. Dollar, from Orange; judgment reversed and judgment for plantiff upon the special verdict. In On the 20th, Mr Campbell's tariff bill Daughtry's Ex'rs v. Booth, from Gates, af- United States. Nature has settled the firming the judgment. In Gwynn v. Hodge from Caswell, affirming judgment. In Kimel v. Kimel, from Davidson; judgment reversed and venire de novo. In Stack v. Williams, in equity, from Union; decree or plaintiff and reference. In Montgomery The public debt was\$69.876,937 v. Henderson, in equity, from Mecklenburg

> Per Curiam. The ex dem Mann v. Tayor from Stanly; judgment at this term va-

CORRUPTION. The Iowa State Gazette publishes an extract from the proceedings of the Legislature of that State, giving evidence intended to establish the charge that Horace of the holder, cannot be pressed to payment Greeley received at Washington one thousand dollars for certain services rendered to a navigation company. In connection with this charge, it is noticed by a New York Journal that four or five members of Congress have already been implicated in taking money for legislative purposes, in some way or other. It has also been openly alleged that one of the leading journals of New York is the organ of stock gamblers, and that its columns are used to aid the speculations of its principal proprietor.

EARTHQUAKE .- A shock of an earthquake was distinctly felt in various parts of Pennsylvania and New Jersey on the night of the 10th instant. It was attended with slight undulations and sounds resembling the rumbling of a very heavy vehicle,

pany recently offered to pay an annuity of and was of about twenty seconds duration. THE DRED SCOTT CASE .- A Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati En-Scott case. The delay in delivering the of Judge Daniel, who lost his wife in a very melancholy manner, and has not been able to resume his position and duties on the nine judges have decided that the Missouri Compromise is unconstitutional; that Judge USE OF TURPENTINE IN THE ARTS .- Grier concurs in the general conclusion, his general acquiesence in the decision. Judge Curtis moderately and Judge McLean stallation of Mr Buchanan.

> chased the interest in the Charleston Mercury, lately owned by the lamented W. R. Taber.

THE COTTON INTEREST. We copy the following highly interesting

article from the Washington Union: Among the mass of information found our foreign files by the Baltic, nothing appears to us more important than the proceedings of a meeting of the manufacturers in England in regard to cotton. It is announced officially, by English authority. that at the end of this commercial year there will not be one bale of cotton on hand in Liverpool.

To appreciate the immediate importance of this great commercial fact, a glance at the question in its many ramifications in Europe is necessary. In 1846 the "stock on hand" in Liverpool was over 450,000 bales American cotton, or twenty weeks' supply, working full time; in 1856 the stock on hand was 332,000 bales, which, allowing for the additional number of spinners. furnished only eight weeks' supply. Esti mating the present crop at 3,000,000 bales -a liberal estimate-the increased demand for the raw material all over Europe, from the Baltic to the Black Sea, will take up. at high figures, every pound of that 3,000,-000 bales, work up the present limited stock on hand, and leave the markets of the world bare. "There will not be one bale of surplus cotton in Liverpool." The increase of consumption over produce during gentlemen, residents of Savannah. the last ten years, has been at the rate of 16.64 per cent. against 9.77 per cent. This shows an increase of consumption over production of 6.87 per cent. for ten years. Before the year 1845 the proportion was the reverse.

If this condition of things continues, the market in October, 1858, will open on cash orders from actual consumers in Europe. for every pound of cotton we can possibly produce or spare from our own manu-

It appears, from the various data before us, that this destruction of the surplus at Liverpool, and with it the monopoly long exercised by that market, is owing entirely to the policy inaugurated on the continent of Europe during the last six or seven years. The spinners on the Rhine in Holland, in Belgium, and even in Austria formerly purchased their supplies in Liverpool. Russia alone took at the rate of 150,000 bales of our cotton annually from the English depot. The movement to establish a direct trade between the American planters and the continental spinners, gave a sudden impulse to the cotton manufacturing interests throughout the continent. The Prussian Commercial League gave attention to it, the Netherlands Trading Society took it up, the merchants of Bre men, Hamburg, and Antwerp, entered into nenged. Push the enterprise forward and it, and the continuous agitation in the cotton States of America attracted the attention of those European official influences always on the lookout for important movements. We find the duties on cotton were first reduced and then repealed. Every drawback to the free importation of the great American staple was removed, and at last the peace policy of Russia adds to the imposing character of this great comnent of Europe for a direct trade with the

cotton-growing States of America. With the surplus at Liverpool destroyed -with the monopoly there broken up, and Richardson v. Williams, in equity, from a direct trade based on the continental demand, thus a fixed and leading feature in the cotton trade-the United States possesses another bond of peace, not only upon England, but on all Europe.

The English manufacturers are calling on the East India Company for assistance! They had better rely upon peace with the matter: Cotton is King, and the planters now control the power.

THE GREAT SNOW STORM.

Lieut. Maury has written to Secretary Dobbin a letter embodying such facts as he has been able to gather with reference to the rise, progress and phenomena of the difficulty, to sell her servant, a little girl, to cated-appeal dismissed-certiorari grant- great storm of the 17th and 18th January. save travelling expenses, and then, pocket-The letter is too long for publication in the ing the proceeds, went out on pretence of Express and is accompanied by a tabular statement of figures of a width that does not admit of transfer to our columns, so that we can only make mention of the more striking and remarkable points given in it. The returns are as yet by no means so full from observers in various parts of the country as Lieut. Maury could desire, and as to enable him to generalize satisfactorily concerning the storm throughout its whole extent, but enough is known to afford matter for useful comment with regard to the means of precaution to be adopted in future upon the eve of great elemental violence. The storm was about twenty-six hours in making its way, against a violent head-wind, from North Carolina to Maine, it having the "Sinks," so called from the depressed commenced in Bertie county, in the former condition of the mountain at that point. State, at 8 o'clock on the evening of the 17th, and at Portland, in the latter, at 10 o'clock on the evening of the 18th. The lowest gives the statistics of emigration from Great depression of the mercury at the beginning Britain during the year 1856. The total of the fall of snow was at North East, emigration was 136,000, of whom 97,000 Duchess county, N. Y., where it fell to 10 emigrated to the United States. The Albion deg. below zero, and the highest range at says: Augusta, Geo., where it stood at 38 deg. These figures show that while about above zero. The greatest depth of snow re- one-half of the emigration to Australia and loss. In the several relations of husband, father ported was at Philadelphia, in Duchess Co., the whole to New Zealand are composed of and master, he was affectionate and kind. To N. Y., Blackwell's Island, near N. Y. city. Englishmen, more than two-thirds of that his family the loss is irreparable; to his neighbors and Smithfield. Long Island, where it lay to the United States is composed of Irish- it is great and will be seriously felt:-in matters sion of the Supreme Court in the Dred 24 inches on the ground, and the lightest men. The Mormon exodus continues on of litigation he was their counsellor and adviser, covering was at Edisto Island, on the Car- the increase, the number who have sailed which part he performed at all times with chee olina coast, where it barely whitened the from Liverpool for American ports on their fulness. His hand and pocket were always open surface, a half inch being given as the meas-being upwards of 4,000. Accounts from the way a communicant in the Episcopal Church. urement--while at Wheeling, Virginia, the Great Salt Lake show, however, that Mr B. was a native of the county of Granville, there was no snow at all. Lieut. Maury | considerable numbers are continually leav- N. C., and removed, in 1808, to Western Caropoints out the great advantage, in view of ing the "New Jerusalem"-some for Cali- lina, and commenced the practice of the Law. the comparatively slow line of march of fornia, and others to more decent cities in He was successful in his profession, and estabthese periodical tempests, of telegraphing the United States" their approach from one end of the Atlantic Northern Lakes, in order that means may operation. We have seen some of their is said, he will resign shortly after the in- Had the Harbor masters of Boston, New Had the Harbor masters of Boston, New These shops have been got up almost ex-York, and other Northern seaports been clusively for the manufacture of agricul-R. BARNWELL RHETT Jr., Esq., has pur- placed on their guard against the coming tural and farm implements. Experienced of the recent storm, there is little doubt and competent workmen are employed valuable lives might have been saved.

IMPORTANT FROM NICARAGUA. The steamer Tennessee, with San Juan

lates to the 10th inst., has arrived. Cols. Titus and Lockridge went up the river and attacked and def ated 300 Costa Ricans, at Cody's Point. The steamer getting out of order, was sent back to Panta Arenas, repaired, and again went up .-The enemy's loss in battle believed to be large; American's, trifling.

Dates from Walker to the 3d, per Oriziba, via Panama, state that the enemy, under Covas, appeared in the neighborhood of Rivas on the 28th. Gen. Henningsen, with a force 400 men, attacked 1500 of the enemy, driving them from their position, and then returned to Rivas.

Walker's whole force is now 1300; 1100 fit for duty-all in excellent health and spirits, with provisions and ammunitions for

A private despatch from the agent of the associated press at Arenas confirms the

DUEL .- The Savannah Georgian of the 17th instant, states that much excitement was evident in that city yesterday, when it was known that a duel had been fought, with a fatal termination to one of the parties, between Daniel Stewart Elliott, Esq., and Thos. R. Daniel, Esq., both well known

The weapons chosen were rifles, the distance twenty-five paces, the time Monday at noon, and the place Scriven's Ferry, S. C., about three miles below the city.

On the first fire Mr Daniel fell mortally wounded and Mr Elliott received no hurt.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE .- A singular case has just occurred at Detroit, which goes to show that circumstantial evidence. though sometimes the most reliable, is not always to be depended upon. A German pedler was seen to enter a certain house, but was not seen to leave it. Suspicion of course rested there-the house was searched, and the supposed traces of a foul murder were discovered-such as blood, bones and burnt clothing. The family were arrested and tried. A complete case was made out, the circumstantial evidence being deemed overwhelming, and the prosecuting attorney was summing up, when the pedler presented himself to the court, and turned into a farce what might have resulted in a judicial tragedy.

RAISING TEA-CASHMERE GOATS .-- A correspondent of the Western Recorder, writing from Greenville, South Carolina,

"I am within a few miles of the place where the experiment was made of raising tea. It has proved a failure. The plant will grow well enough, but wages are too high in this country. We cannot afford to for a half a dollar a pound. In China, where a man is hired for a dollar a month and boards himself, it may be done.

I am glad to learn that the Cashmere goat, introduced by J. B. Davis, does well here. The goat is hardy, prolific and produces a heavy fleece of wool, so fine that the finest French Merino is coarse mercial and industral party on the conti- in comparison, and then it is from six to nine inches long.

A son of his-Mr Scott Davis-has a cargo of fresh Angora Cashmere goats on their way to Gallatin, Tennessee, where he intends to establish a colony of these Asiatics. Our ladies in Kentucky may therefore expect, in a few years, to find themselves employed in knitting Cashmere stockings and gloves, as I find some of the ladies here

Scoundrelism.—A case of unadulterated character is mentioned in the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph, which occurred in Macon last

week. That paper says: married her and brought her here as he residence. Here, while stopping at the Lanier House, he obtained possession of all her money, and persuaded her, after much business, and has not been heard of

Smith is about forty years old, fair com- Editor of the N. C. Whig. lexion, auburn hair, hazle eyes, one of his ront teeth out, and a scar upon one of his

A VIRGINIA VOLCANO.-It is said that the statement in reference to a volcano having recently made its appearance in Pendleton county, Va., on the great Backbone Mountain, is true. The Cumberland Telegraph says:

It is at a point on the mountain directly between the heads of the dry fork of Cheat and the south branch of the Potomac rivers, at a place known by the name of

THE LIVING TIDE.—The Liverpool Albion

The Foundry and Machine Shops of the coast to the other, and to the chain of Messrs. Boyden, in this place, are now in

that a large amount of property and r any ed in reference to a vigorous and successful business .- Salisbury Watchman.

General Entelligence.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20 .- The friends of General Cass here state that he to-day received the appointment of Secretary of

The Hon. J. Glancey Jones, of Pennsylvania, declines a Cabinet appointment.

The Burdell Murder.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20 .- The testimony before the Grand Jury in the Burdell case, is unusually interesting. A new and startling theory of the murder has been developed. The police are on the track of a new party. who is suspected as the perpetrator of the

Death of Dr. Kane.

PHILADELPHIA, February 18. Advices have been received by Judge Kane, at Philadelphia, which induce the belief that his son, Elisha Kent Kane, M. D the distinguished explorer, has died at Havana, whither he had gone for the restoration of his health.

Advance in Tea. NEW YORK, Feb. 17.-Private advices from China have caused great excitement in the tea market. Seven thousand chests of tea were sold here to-day at prices higher than ever was before obtained in this market.

Abolition Convention.

UTICA, Feb. 16.—The Radical Abolition Convention assembled here to-day, and was attended by about one hundred persons. The resolutions adopted fully endorse the disunion sentiments of the Worcester Convention.

Honorably Adjusted. A personal difficulty between Col. Wm. Wallace and James G. Gibbes, acting as editor of the South Carolinian, in the absence of the editor, has been honorably adjusted .- Columbia Carolinian.

The Inauguration Ball. Washington, Feb. 16.—Eleven hundred tickets have already been subscribed for the national inauguration ball. These, at \$10 each, make an aggregate of \$11,000. The number of tickets taken is likely to reach over fifteen hundred.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15 .- The Coroner's verdict in the Burdell case is, that Mrs. unningham and Eckel are the principals and Snodgrass accessory in the murder.

Washington, Feb. 16 .- The War Department has received intelligence from Gen. Wool, dated Benicia. California, Jan. pick, to roll up and dry any sort of leaves | 3d, saying that peace and quiet prevailed throughout the department of the Pacific, and he has no doubt will continue as long as the Indians are treated with ordinary justice. The disposition of the troops is such as not only to give protection to the white settlements, but to restrain the Indians should they exhibit any intention to renew the war, which, from the information he has received, he does not in the least apprehend.

GARROTING A LADY AT THE N. YORK HOTEL .- In New York on the 12th inst., while Mrs. Bates was sitting in her parlor alone, a scamp entered and without deigning even to notice Mrs Bates, at once proceeded to force open her trunk with a chisel or jimmy. With as much composure as possible, Mrs Bates ventured to remonstrate with the villain for thus invading her premises for the purpose of robbing her, whereupon he turned, and seizing the defenceless woman by the throat with one hand, at the same moment thrusting the other one over or into her mouth, so that she could not cry The hero, one George A. Smith, succeed- for help. Unable to speak or to help hered in gaining the confidence and affection | self in the least, Mrs Bates was held firmly of a respectable woman in Macon county; by the throat till she was nearly exhausted, and, in fact, almost suffocated. Having alleged, en route for Missouri, his place of properly subdued his victim, the robber released his grasp, rushed down stairs, and so into the street, before Mrs. Bates recovered herself sufficiently to sound the alarm.

MARRIED,

In Charlotte, on the 17th instant, by the Rev. James Stacy, Mr John L. Deaton to Miss Sarah R., eldest daughter of Thomas J. Holton, Esq.,

The Printers acknowledge the reception of

some very nice cake from the happy parties, and wish them much joy and prosperity.] On the 11th instant, by Rev. N. Talley, Rev. John T. Wightman, of the South Carolina Methodist Conference, to Miss Amelia, daughter of the Rev. H. Spain, of Sumpter district, S C. In Union County on Tuesday the 10th inst., Capt. Julus Friedeman, of York District, S. C. to Miss Elizabeth Wolf.

In Rowan county, on the 11th inst., Mr. Daniel and Eggs 10 ets. per doz. Irish Potatoes, M. Lefler of Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., to Miss Isabella Barr.

DIED,

In this county, recently, Mrs. Margaret Hall. wife of the late Archibald Hall, aged about 70 years. Also, Mrs. Serena Hall, wife of Mr James Hall, aged 35 years, leaving six children to

At his residence at Beattie's Ford, very sud-

denly, on Thursday morning the 12th instant, Alfred M. Burton, Esq., in the 72nd year of his age, leaving a wife and five children, with numerous relatives and friends to mourn their lished for himself, by his talents and industry, the defendants in this case, is not a resident a high and most respectable reputation as a Lawyer; he had long since retired from the Bar. and devoted his time and attention, for the balance of his life, to his family and farm .- [COM. ". Raleigh Standard and Register, and Charlotte Whig please copy.

In this vicinity, on the 15th instant, Mr John W. Hutchison, in the 21st year of his age.

In Rowan county, at Mt. Ulla on Sunday last, Mr. James Cowan, aged about 55 years. In Davie county, on the 26th ult., Silas Dani

aged about 20 years.

MR BRODERICK, who has just been elected to the United States Senate for six years from California, was formerly foreman of Engine Company No. 34, in New York. It is said that when he started for California, seven years ago, he had just enough money to take him there and \$25 over. He returns now with a fortune of about

\$5 REWARD.

STRAYED from Charlotte on the 29th of anuary, a bay horse MULE, about 12 years old, and has a white mark behind the right ear. Last seen going towards Salisbury The above reward will be paid and expenses on delivery of said Mule to the subscriber at St.

Catherine's Mills. JOHN WILKES, Jr. February 23, 1857

MOTIOE.

The subscriber having disposed of his entire stock of Saddlery to Mr J. S. Lyles, takes great pleasure in recommending him to his friends and customers.

All those indebted, either by Note or Book Account, will please come forward and settle. They will always find me at the old stand prepared for settlement. Feb 24, 1857. R. SHAW.

NEW SADDLER'S SHOP.

Encourage HOME INDUSTRY THE SCRSCRIBER having purchased the entire stock of Suddlery belonging to Robert Shaw, informs the citizens of Charlotte and

Saddle and Harness Business in all its various branches, at Mr Shaw's old stand, where persons desiring any article in his line can be supplied. A supply of

the public generally, that he intends to carry

Saddles, Harness, BRIDLES, &c.,

Of every description, will always be on hand, and the citizens generally are invited to call and examine his articles, as they shall be made of the best materials and afforded on he most reasonable terms.

REPAIRING of all kinds done at the shortest notice and with neatness

J. S. LYLES. Charlotte, Feb. 24, 1857.

Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Railroad Company.

SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders A of this Company is appointed to be held in the town of Wilmington, on Tuesday, the 17th day of March next, to pass upon the amendments to the charter of the company By order of the Board

H. W. GUION, Pres't. Feb. 23, 1857.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY T. M. FARROW. Charlotte, Feb. 24, 1857. BACON, Hams per 1b..... 121 to 00 11 to 00 " Hog round...... 104 to 11 Bagging, cotton, per yard..... 20 to 00

Beef, per lb..... 4 to 7 Becswax, per lb 20 to 22 Beans, per bushel 75 to 00 BRANDY, Apple per gal..... COTTON. per lb 75 to 00 Laguira 15 to 16 Mocha..... 20 to 22 CANDLES, Adamantine 33 to 37 Sperm 40 to 50 Tallow 20 to 25 Corn, per bushel Chickens, each 124 to 15 CLOTH, Copperas 12 to 15 Linsey 25 to 30 Eggs. per dozen Herrings, per bbl 4 to 61 Lard, per lb 114 to 00 Mackerel, per bbl 10 to 24 MOLASSES, Sugar House 100 to 00 Common 60 to 75 SUGAR, Loaf 18 to 20 Brown 124 to 164 Stone-ware, per gal 10 to 12 Nails, per lb 5 to 6 Oats, per bushel 55 to 56 Pork, per lb..... 64 to 7

Varn, bale..... 90 to 95 Clover Seed, per bushel...... 12 to 00 BEEF, on the hoof, per lb by retail REMARKS .- During the past week a large amount of Cotton came in and sold readily at 10 cts. for common and 124 for fine quality. The market is well supplied with Corn. Butter 124 to 15 cts. per pound,

POTATOES, Irish, per bushel.... 0 00 to 0 00

Northern per bushel 2 25 to 0 00

Sweet, per bushel .. 0 00 to 0 00

Peas, per bushel.....

COLUMBIA MARKET, Feb. 21.

Trade brisk.

northern, \$2 25 per bushel. Wheat \$1 40.

There was a fair supply of cotton on sale; and also a fair demand for the article .-Some 400 bales changed hands, at 11 to 13 cents extremes; most sales 114 to 124 cents.

15; shoulders 11 to 12 cts. per lb. Flourcountry, \$9 50 to \$10 per bbl. Graincorn, \$1 per bushel. Outs, 75 to 80 per bushel. Peas, \$1 to \$1 10 per bushel. NEW YORK February 19. Cotton was firm to-day, with sales of 5 ...

Bacon-hams, new, 15 to 16; sides 14 to

firm-white \$1.80; red 60c. Corn 74c. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

000 bales-more buyers than sellers. Flour

heavy-Southern \$6.75 to \$7.10. Wheat

LINCOLN COUNTY. Marcus Boyd Middleton King Original Bill in Equity.

and others. In this case it appearing upon the affidavit of Marcus Boyd, that Middleton King, one of of this State, and is beyond the ordinary process of this Court: It is therefore ordered

that advertisement be made in the Western Democrat for six weeks, notifying said Middleton King that he be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Lincoln, at the Court House in Lincoluton on the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday ir. February next, then and there to plead, an-wer or decuur to plaintiff's bill of complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against him, and the case set for hearing as to him

ex parte, and a decree made accordinly. WM. J. BOKE, C. & M. F. Feb. 20, 1857 .- 31-6w]Pr's fee \$6.]