UP-STAIRS OPPOSITE SCARR'S DRUG STORE } A Family Paper, devoted to State Intelligence, the News of the World, Political Information, Southern Rights, Agriculture, Literature, and Miscellany.

BY WILLIAM J. YATES,

TOE. A. YATES, OF

ASSOCIATE EDITOR.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

-CHARLOTTE, MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1857.

\$2 PER ANNUM In Advance.

(VOLUME 5.

New Series NUMBER 46.

THE -Published every Tuesday-Containing the latest News, a full and accurate Report of the Markets, &c.

TERMS: For the year, if paid in advance, ... \$2 00 If paid within six months,..... 2 50 If paid after the expiration of the year, 3 00 To Any person sending us five new subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive a sixth copy gra

Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

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One square of 16 haes or less, for 3 months, \$1 00 One square, 16 lines, or less, first insertion, Each subsequent insertion, Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance. For announcing Candidates for office,

\$5 in advance. To Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly WILLIAM J. YATES.

BLANKS At the Western Democrat Office. Warrants, Marriage Licenses,

Tax Receipts, Subpoenas, Jury Tickets, Administrators' Bonds and Letters, Guardian Bonds, Indentures. Deeds for conveying Lands or houses,

Prosecution Bonds, Ca Sa Bonds, Attachments, Delivery Bonds. Fi Fas, county and superior court. Constables' Bail Bonds, county and superior court Writs.

Commissions to take Depositions. Witness Tickets.

Blanks of all kinds printed to order at short notice.

Notice.

HAVING returned to Charlotte, I am again at the disposal of those who may require my services in the practice of Medicine and Surgery. ROBERT GIBBON, M. D. Feb. 3d, 1857.

A. J. HOWELL MURCHISON & HOWELL, COMMISSION MERCHANTS No. 101 Wall Street, N. Y.

Feb. 3d, 1857.

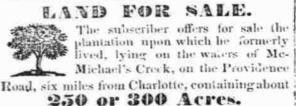
DR. R. WYSONG. Charlotte, N. C.

HAVING located in this place, respectfully offers his Professional Services to the citizens of the town and vicinity. OFFICE in the new brick building. opposite the burnt district, Main Street. April 28th 1857.

BREM & STEELE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers

Dry Goods. Hardware, Hats, and Shoes,

CHARLOTTE, N. C. May 5, 1857.



The Land is well improved, about one-half cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the wood-land well timbered; with a good | Dwelling House, three good Kitchens, Barn and Stables, all in good repair; also, a first rate Gin House and Screw; Cotton Gin, Thresher

and Fan; also, a First rate Saw Mill

suit purchasers. Any person wishing to purchase would do

well to call and examine the Plantation, as I am determined to sell. They can call on Mr N. Botick, who lives adjoining, on the main Previdence road, where Mrs Hutchison formerly fived; he will show the premises with pleasure and direct any information about said land to the subscriber in Statesville.

JAS. H. KENNEDY. May 5th, 1857.

The 41st Annual Convenpal Church in the Diocese of N. Carolina, will be held in St. Luke's Church, Salisbury, on the Fourth Wednesday (27th) of May EDWARD LEE WINSLOW, Sec'y

DR. B. CHEARS Having located at MONROE, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the Town and surrounding country, and respectfully solicits their patronage. Office at J. Bickett's. April 28.

Notice.

HAVING obtained Letters of Administration upon the estate of W. P. Trotter, deceased, I give notice to all persons indebted to the late firm of T. Trotter & Son, by note or book account for the last four or five years, to come forward and pay the same without delay, and thereby save cost, as the concern must be set-THOS. TROTTER, Adm'r and Surviving Partner. Feb. 3d, 1857.

The Watch and Jewelry business will in the future be conducted by the subscriber, who will spare no pains or expense to give general satisfaction. Watch repairing done in a superior manner, and at the shortest notice. THOS. TROTTER.

W. W. QUINN & Co., ECCHANGE SALOCH. MINT STREET, Charlotte, N. C

The Charlotte Mutual Fire

Insurance Company, CONTINUES to take risks against loss by Fire on Houses, Goods, Produce, &c., at usual rates. Office nearly opposite Kerr's Hotel.

President-M. B. TAYLOR. Vice President-C. OVERMAN. Sec'y & Treas'r-E. NYE HUTCHISON. Directors:

M. B. TAYLOR, C. OVERMAN. J. A. YOUNG. WM. JOHNSTON J. H. CARSON, S. T. WRISTON, F. SCARR. April 28, 1857.

BELTS! BELTS!! BELTS!! India-Rubber Belts from the Boston Belt ing Company, at manufacturer's prices.

17 cents per foot. 3 inch, 3 ply 22 27 44 32 3860 73 92 . " BOONE & CO. Charlotte, April 14, 1857.

BOOKS For Sale

CHARLOTTE BOOK STORE. THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN: containing hints to Sportsmen, notes on shooting, and the habits of the Game Birds and Wild Fowl of America, by LEWIS.

THE GOLDEN LEGACY: a story of Life's RILLS from the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, or Ser mons to Children, by Rev. R. NEWTON, D. D. THE DAISY CHAIN or Aspirations: a Family

SHOEPAC RECOLLECTIONS : A Way-Side Glimpse of American Life, by WALER MARCH. KATHE BRANDE: a Fireside History of a Quiet Life, by HOLME LEE.

EL GRINGO, or New Mexico and her People. VEVA, or the War of the Peasants and the Conscript: two interesting Romances bound in

THE NAPOLEON DYNASTY, or the History of the Bonaparte Family; an entirely new work, by Portraits.

P. J. LOWRIE'S Book Store.

March 31, 1857. BOOTS & SHOES.

Just Received

SPRING & SUMMER TRADE, As fine an Assortment of Boots and Shoes As has ever been offered to a

Southern People. Call and see them at BOONE & CO'S STORE. Terms, CASH.

March 17, 1857.

H. B. Dowler & Co's CELEBRATED

WHEAT FANS The subscribers are now engaged at Monroe, Union county, N. C, in putting up the above named Fans. In their manner of construction and operations and entire adaptation to the pur-Road, six miles from Charlotte, containing about | poses for which they are designed, these Fans are unequalled by any that have heretofore been offered to the public. They are constructed of the best materials, and none but the best work-

> in the business justifies the belief that entire satisfaction will be given. All our work is warranted All orders will receive prompt attention and the machinery delivered according to order.

> men are employed. An experience of five years

in good repair, all of which I offer with the land. D. A. Covington, J. P. Houston, Munroe, N C. them at the very low prices annexed: The Land can be divided to advantage to James B Robinson, Benj Morrow, Mecklenburg

Wm G Smith, Dr Wadkins, Anson county ROSE & STEEL. MONROE, Union county, March 20th. 6m

LAND FOR SALE. The subscriber offers for sale the situa-

"White Hall," In the Sicele Creek neighborhood, Directly on the main road leading from Charlotte to Yorkville, seven and a half miles from the former place and about four miles from the Charlotte and S. C. Railroad.

The tract contains FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES, of which about one-fourth is uncleared, the remainder nearly all under fence, and mostly in a good state of cultivation. The fences are in good repair and the buildings second to none in the country. The Steele Creek lands are noted for their fertility, and this place ranks among the best. There are four churches, a flourishing Male Academy, and female school within convenient distances.

The community is unsurpassed in the general intelligence, public s toned morality, and social qualities of its

Persons wishing to purchase will apply to M. N. Hart, Esq. to W. S. Prather on the premises, or to the subscriber in the immediate neighborhood. An indulgence of one, two, and three

years will be given. J. B. WATT. March 9, 1857.

SOMETHING NEEDED. A New Tailoring Estab-

lishment. JAMES BRIANT informs his friends and former patrons, that he has reopened his TAIL-ORING ESTABLISHMENT in the up-stairs of the Building next to the Bank of the State, where he will be happy to see all those wanting any thing done in his line. All work warranted. Oct. 28th, 1856.

FOR THE LADIES

TOILET. A large assortment of Fancy Hair and Tooth Brushes of every quality; French, English and American Pomades for the hair; Lubin's Extracts of Jockey club, violet, marechale, tea rose, cedar, heleotrope, rose, new mown hay, sweet scented shrub, sweet pea, mouseline, bouquet Napoleon, summer, blossom, milleflowers, upper ten. jasmine, caroline, musk. Cologne, Verbena, Jasmine, and Geranium Waters, &c. Just received at SCARR & CO'S April 14th. Drug Store.

Soap Potash. Just received a fresh barrel of Potash, at SCARR & CO'S

Charlotte Drug Store.

Ready-Made Clothing Furnishing Establishment.

April 14th.

SPRINGS & HEATH RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally that they have received and

are receiving an extensive assortment of Ready-

side of Mint street, to which they invite atten-Gentlemen's COATS: Among their stock may be found Black Cloth Coats, single and double breasted; black and drab Alpacca in Sacks, Frocks and Raglans;

French and English Drap-d'Ete; plain and fancy Cassimeres, gotten up in nice suits; plain and fancy Linen Marseilles, in suits; white Linen Drill and Linen Duck; each style embracing the different cuts, Sacks Frocks and Raglans. PANTALOONS:

Pants of French and American Cassimeres. black and fancy; black and fancy Alpacca, steel cloth and French and English Drap-d'Ete; plain and fancy Linen and Marseilles of all grades. They would call especial attention to their lot VESTS,

and figured Silk, black Satin, and the prettiest lot of Marseilles Vests ever offered in this market. Gents Furnishing Goods, The largest lot in this market, consisting in part of plain and fancy Linen and Cotton

both single and double breasted, embracing black

SHIRTS: Collars, Byron & Bishop; linen and cotton Drawthe Berkley Men, with twenty-two authentic ers; plain and tancy Hosiery; Gloves, silk, kid,

&c.; a variety of Cravats, silk and linen; Handkerchiefs, siik and linen; Suspenders, &c., &c. ALSO. A fine lot of HATS for the Summer wear, embracing all the latest styles of the Silk, Cassimere

They offer the above Goods VERY LOW FOR CASH. or to punctual dealers on time, with the express understanding that accounts are due when they

They return their thanks to their customers for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and hope to merit a continuance of the same by diligence in business and untiring efforts to please. Call and examine their Goods.

SPRINGS & HEATH, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Cigar, Tobacco, FRUIT STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he has just received a splendid assortment of SPANISH CIGARS

CHEWING TOBACCO, FRUITS & CONFECTIONERIES.

JAS. D. PALMER.
Opposite Boone & Co.'s Shoe Store.
Charlotte, April 7, 1857. 40-tf

A Rare Chance To get Bargains at Flint Rock, Catawba county, N. C.

The undersigned, not having sufficient water-power to drive all their machinery profitably, are determined to sell the ar-A complete sett of Carding Machines, \$400. Power Loom \$40, and Cotton Gin \$40. Apply to T. & M. M. MOSER. Flint Rock, N C, April 7. 6m-pd

State of North Carolina.

Office Court of Equity-Cleaveland County. NOTICE is hereby given that, I. Durham and wife Ann, Jacob Carroll and wife Sarah, B. D. Durham and wife Elizabeth, John Cline and wife Lucinda, Thompson Evans, Thomas Evans, and Louis Evans non-residents of this State, be and appear before me at my office in Shelby, on Monday the first day of June next, then and there to file their several and respective claims to the money arising from the sale of the lands of Jesse Evans, dec'd., late of Rutherford, now Cleaveland county: that their several claims may be reported to the next term of the Court of Equity for Cleaveland county, to be held at the Court-House in Shelby, on the 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in March, A. D., 1857, for the further orders Cleaveland county, N. C., 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in September, 1856. . THOS. WILLIAMS, C. & M. E.

Shelby, North Carolina. 6w [Pr's fee \$6.] April 7, 1857.-40-6w

Lightning Rods. L. J. HAWLEY & CO. offer their ser-

vices to the public for the purpose of supplying buildings with LIGHTNING RODS. Having been engaged in the business for over six years Having permanently located in this place, all

work done by me will be kept in good repair free of charge, Orders addressed to me through the Post Office, or left at the Residence of N. Wilkinson, will meet with prompt attention.

L. J. HAWLEY & CO.

Charlotte, April 7, 1857.

MRS. M. J. CRAIG, Dress Maker. Three doors below Trotter's Carriage Manufactory CHARLOTTE.

April 22, 1856.—ly

WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

CHARLOTTE.

NEW USE FOR COTTON. A few months since we directed attention to this subject, stating that some useful substitute for leather would be a most valuable invention to the community, owing to its scarcity and increasing price. We notice in late European exchanges that prepared moleskin (thick cotton twill, with a nap) has been substituted to a large extent in France for calf-skin leather in the upper part of shoes, and this has arrested a further advance in the price of leather in that country. In our own markets, the price of leather has till now kept steadly increasing. The principal cause of this, we are told, has been drain upon hides from our own markets to those of France, Germany, and England. At present, the tide appears to begin to ebb as regards the price of the sole leather, but not of fine l Made Clothing at their old stand on the north | calf skins employed for the uppers of shoes; nor is it to be expected that the price will fall, as the demand for it is greater than the supply. We regret this, for the finer kinds of it have almost ceased to be employed in the manufacture of ladies and 'children's gaiters, bucskins, &c. Sheep-skir leather half tanned, thin as wrapping paper and almost as tender, has been used as a substitute for it, while coarse paper, of a most

> The uppers of foot clothing made of such material cannot withstand the action of water; rain penetrates nearly as freely as blotting paper, and to use a common but appropriate term, "they have no wear in them." Some substitute for such material would be of great importance for the cheap shoes of children and youth, especially girls.

The employment of strong moleskin for this purpose, as has been done in France, tion? If so, without the adduction of new would be an improvement, as we therefore suggest its use; it is cheap, light, and would prove more durable, we believe, than sheep-skin leather .- Scientific American.

A NOVEL FINALE .- We find in the New York paper the following account of a closand Felt Hats; Straw, Leghorn, and Panama do. ing scene in the recently adjourned Black Republican Legislature of that State:

Shortly after 6 o'clock, the Senate chamber becoming densely packed with spectators and lobbymen, some industrious wag busied himself in sprinkling cavenne pepper over the carpets in the room and on roborated by the experience of every one the registers, the effects of which were almost instantly perceptible on those present. The slight and irregular coughs and experience of our own army in Florida, and eral and prodigious cough, sneeze, hawk- prevalence and malignity of bowel affecing, spitting and blowing of noses, the tions among those who are subjected to pu-"noise and confusion" of which at times trid exhalations. Nor is this confined to entirely precluded the possibility of hearing those who are confined to the wretched length become that nearly every Senator, | time of war, or to the ill ventilated apartwith the mania. The chamber, which was towns, but often invaded the luxurious dwellcrammed to an uncomfortable degree, in- ings of the more opulent classes. of the choicest brands. Also, a fine article of cluding a number of colored persons, now and blowing of proboscis, so as to render he has often been enable to detect, by the it impossible for business to proceed.

Dean, who recently kicked up a great hubbub among the Codfishtocracy by marrying | crafty nurse, says he, may hide much from the wealthy Miss Boker, is rusticating in the eye, but she can conceal but little from the pleasant little village of Prankville, a few miles east of Riverhead. He is boarding in the family of Mr John N. Sayer, and ticles named below, and therefore offer is being tutored and polished by the Rev. Mr Reid, a Congregational clergyman, pre- Hospital under his charge of defective sewparatory to his debut among the fashionsent down there by his lawyer, and to avoid recognition he assumed the name of John Johnson. The manner in which his true name and character leaked out was on this wise: A few days after his arrival a letter was received by the worthy Postmaster of that village, directed to John Johnson, and concluded it was not for him, as he was not the owner of such a piece of animated of the Court. By order of the Court of Equity for luxury, so he returned it to the Post office, amount of diarrhea. Mr Thompson had i. e. John Dean, called and claimed it.

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.—Some few days since a negro man named Albert, in the service of Messrs. Crew and Pamberton, Richmond, in attempting to blow his nose forced one of his eye balls from the socket. and experienced no excessive pain by the in Virginia and North Carolina, and being pro- accident. He was immediately placed unvided with the best recommendations, I hope to be able to give entire satisfaction to all who ing well. The case is certainly a novel one, but is nevertheless true.

> An old maid recently died at Newton N. H., who left property to the value of nearly \$40,000. She was all her lifetime getting ready to be married, and had stored up 182 sheets, 63 coverlets, 50 blankets, J. E. Wharton, of Guilford. 37 beds, with 1,120 pounds of feathers, 54 pillows, 43 handkerchiefs; while the whole exceed ten dollars in value.

The New York Academy of Medicine held its regular meeting on the evening of

ty, and a large attendance was present. Wynne, from Baltimore, was present, who a few years ago on the line of the great information to the Academy concerning the ton. He (Dr. M.) felt great interest in the | consciousness that there is something of subject, and was very desirous to hear Dr. the angel still in the common nature : Wynne. He was sure all the members entertained the same feeling. He was not at all satisfied with the reports and explanations that had heretofore been offered. We at a distance hardly knew what judgment to form upon this interesting subject. Facts and information, therefore, would be very acceptable; by which they might come to some definite conclusion.

Dr. Wynne was cordially received by the Academy, and occupied their attention for nearly an hour, in first briefly detailing the facts as they have already been stated by wise: the press, and then upon these deduced a theory referring the cause of the disease to the offensive effluvia arising from the sewer and also the bad ventilation to which the house was subjected, especially in cold weather. Several examples given by Dr. Wynne, from medical history, proved that precisely such a disease has often been produced in establishments, hospitals, armies, &c., from putrid effluvia. He stated that wretched description, is employed for inner | Dr. C. T. Jackson, of Boston, who was at Washington during the prevalence of the disease, very justly remarks that "no chemical or reliable medical evidence, has yet been adduced to prove that any one of the persons who were sick with this disease had taken poison of any kind into their stomachs." Now the question arises, can disease, presenting the characteristics of the one just described, be produced by putrid exhalations arising from deficient ventilaevidence, the endemic must be attributed

to this cause. Doctor, afterwards Sir John Pringle, the president of the Royal Society, than whom no man of his day was a more acute observer, in his observations on the diseases of the English troops in Flanders, says that whenever the marsh, near which the army was stationed, was foul with animal impurities, the soldiers were invariably seized with bowel irritation, amounting even to dysentery. This observation made by this distinguished army surgeon, has been corhaving the medical care of bodies of garrisoned or field troops since his day. The

Dr. Rigby, in his evidence before the became the scene of a general cough, sneeze, health board of town commissions, says that captain directed the boat for starting. sense of smell, the poisonous exhalations from sewers in the more fashionable parts | impulse they walked aboard the boat, and A BRIDEGROOM RUSTICATING .- John of London. He considers the sense of in a few hours after, another committee was smell as very important to a physician. A sent to the captain, entreating his presence the nose of a medical man who is at all experienced in these matters. He is clear in attributing an attack of puerperal fever which seized the inmates of the Lying-in his forgiveness. It was a touching scene. erage and ventilation. Dr. Dray, of King's in a heart of nature, of all present. On the ables in Fifth avenue. It seems he was College, is equally positive in tracing con- instant a purse was made up for the sick sumption to the same cause, and Dr. South- man, with a "God speed" on his way home wood Smith bears ample testimony of its to die in the arms of his mother.

powers to produce fever. There are instances in which the attacks from this cause assume each one or the other of these forms, and others in which two or more are conjoined. This was espeas there was a young farmer living in that cially the case in the Croydon epidemic neighborhood by that name he took it out which occurred in 1852. Mr Granger, who and opened it. It proved to be from Dean's | was sent by the board of Health to investiwife, and as it was filled with such matters gate the cause of the outbreak, and who, as a good wife knows only how to write to among other like causes, attributed the an absent husband, John Johnson farmer epidemic to the effluvia which escaped from the gully-holes of the old sewers, says: Besides the attacks of fever, there was a large and in a day or two John Johnson No. 2, fifty cases in his practice, all evidently attributable to and forming a part of the epidemic. In the Croydon epidemic, a leading characteristic of all the cases of fever was diarrhœa, and Dr Granger says that, n this outbreak, gastric disturbance, trace able to putrid effluvia, was uniformly pres-The negro was in good health at the time, ent. A case, nearly allied to this, is that quoted by Christison, in his work on poisons, of the school of Clapham.

We gather from the Chapel, Hill Gazette that the following named gentlemen will graduate in June next with the first distinction, viz: A. C. Avery, of Burke Robert Bingham, of Orange, Benjamin F Grady, jr., of Duplin, Joseph Venable, of Granville, Jas. L. A. Webb, of Tennessee

It has been decided that J. L. A. Webb shall speak the Salutatory; B. F. Grady, jr. amount of her wearing apparel did not the Greek Oration; Jos. Venable, the French Oration, and J. E. Wharton the Valedictory.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL MALADY. DO UNTO OTHERS AS YE WOULD HAVE CTHERS DO UNTO YOU.

A correspondent of the Blair county (Pa) the 6th inst., in the chapel of the Universi- Whig furnishes that paper the particulars of the following interesting incident of Dr. Mott informed the meeting that Dr. which he was an eye witness. It occurred would communicate certain interesting in- ternational improvement of that State. It was one of those acts of genuine kindheartsickness at the National Hotel, Washing- edness which fill the mind with involuntary

"At the point this side of the mountain where occurred the transhipment of passen gers from the West, was moored a canal boat, awaiting the arrival of the train ere starting on its way through the East. The Captain of the boat, a tall, rough embrowned man, stood by his craft superintending the labors of his men, when the cars rolled up, and a few moments after a party of | tortured in a fiery pool ? about half a dozen gentlemen came out

"Sir, we wish to go on East, but our further progress depends on you. In the cars we have just left a sick man whose presence is disagreeable. We have been appointed a committee by the passengers to ask that you will deny this man a passage in your boat. If he goes, we remain, what say

"Gentlemen," replied the captain, "I have heard the passengers through their committee. Has the sick man a representative

bowed in his hands, and he was weeping; than truth. the captain advanced and spoke to him

"O, sir," said the shivering invalid, look ing up, his face now lit with trembling expectation, "are you the captain, and will you take me ? God help thee! The passengers look upon me as a breathing pestilence, and are so unkind! You see, sir, I am dying ; but ob, if I am spared to reach my mother, I shall die happy. She lives in Burlington, sir, and my journey is half performed. I am a poor painter, and the only child of her in whose arms I wish to

"You shall go," said the captain, "if I loose every passenger by the trip."

By this time the whole crowd of passengers were grouped around the boat, with delicate sneezing soon increased to a gen- more recently in Mexico, shows the great | their baggage piled on the path, and they themselves awaiting the decision of the captain before engaging their passage.

A moment more and the decision was made known, as they beheld him coming anything else. So general did the scene at quarters of the soldiers of an army in the from the cars with the sick man cradled in his arms. Pushing directly through the not excepting the President, was seized ments of the more wretched in populous crowd with his dying burden, he ordered a mattress to be spread in the choicest part of the boat, where he laid the invalid with all the care of a parent. That done, the

But a new feeling seemed to possess the astonished passengers. With one common among the passengers in the cabin. He went, and from the midst there arose a white haired man, who with tear-drops in his eyes told that rough, sunbrowned man that they felt humble before him, and asked The fountain of true sympathy was broken ber of the best disciplined troops in the

THE BOY ON THE WITNESS STAND Judge Grosh, of Pennsylvania, communicates the following to the "Ambassador."

After the plea "not guilty" was entered, and the jury was sworn or affirmed, a small very intelligent looking boy was called to the witness stand. The defendant's attorney objected to his testifying on account of his age, &c. The attorney for the Commonwealth said the boy was unusually intelligent, and requested the court to examine his competency, and I proceeded accord- ho and the great canals were to have been

ingly, very mildly: Judge -- What is your name, my son ? Boy .- . . (Giving his name very distinctly, which I do not now remem-

Judge.-Where do you reside, my little

Judge.-Have you a parent or parents alive and residing here ? Boy .- One only; my mother. Judge.-Do you attend school, my son ?

Boy .- In this city, sir.

Boy .- Yes, sir. Judge.-I presume, from your intelligence and praiseworthy conduct here, that you will soon be allowed to attend the High School, and become a useful man and, if

necessary, assist your good mother. This drew tears of pleasure to his eyes, and he replied that by the favor of the School Directors he had attended the High Indies. It is into such a war that England School for the last six months.

Judge.-How old are you, my good boy? for the extension of British dominion.

Boy .- My mother says that on to-morrow I will be thirteen years old.

Judge.-Are you here to give evidence to the court and jury in this case? (nam-Boy .-- Yes, sir; if required so to do.

Judge .- Do you know the solemnity of the obligations of a judicial oath, my son ! Reflect before you answer. Boy .- (Very modestly.) I think I do. Judge .- What will be your punishment,

my dear boy, if you swear falsely, or speak a lie on oath? Boy .- I will be sent to the penitentiary. (weeping.) and thus break my dear mother's heart. (There were other eyes besides his

in that house overflowing with tears.) Defendant's Attorney, (frowning.)-Boy den't you know that if you tell a lie on your oath, when you die you will be endlessly

Boy .- That would be an additional inand deliberately walked up to the captain, ducement to speak the truth, the whole and addressed him after something of this truth, and nothing but the truth; but that punishment can be avoided by a timely repentance; but repentance will avail nothing to keep me out of the penitentiary.

Judge .- You are a noble boy! Who gave you these excellest instructions?

Boy .- My mother, sir.

Judge.-Such a nother deserves such a son! May our heavenly Father bless you both! Mr. Clerk qualify the witness. He has, in this examination, given us more common sense information on the binding nature of judicial onths than all the musty books in the court room could do. Repeal To this unexpected interrogatory there your laws for the punishment of perjury. was no answer, when without a moment's and false swearing will be as common as it pause the captain passed over to the car, is now rare. An honest person will speak and entering behind, in one corner, found a the truth without an eath; but a dishonest poor emaciated worn out creature, whose one, were it not for fear of immediate punlife was nearly eaten up by that canker- ishment, would never testify truly, if a lie worm, consumption. The man's head was would, in his estimation, benefit him more

ENGLAND AND CHINA.

The instructions of the British government to Lord Elgin, the newly appointed envoy to China, are represented in foreign papers to be as follows: To provide for the establishment of a college at Pekin for the instruction of British youth in the language and policy of China; to secure the opening of eight ports, instead of five, for consular residence and commerce; to obtain the right of hunting anywhere on the coast, for the purpose of discovering, repairing and refitting vessels; and the right of establishing forts at Canton, at Shanghai, and at several other places. These demands are much more moderate than was expected, and fall very far short of what is supposed to be the object of the war. It is probable, therefore, that these demands constitute merely the ultimatum, to be presented immediately, as the alternative to war. China may secure peace by yielding at once to these demands, which, by the way, are made in behalf of France as well

as of England. Will the Emperor of China yield ! It is impossible. The feeling of the people is so hostile to the English, that the Emperor can make no concessions for the sake of peace. In fact, as we have already seen, the Emperor has issued a proclamation which is tantamount to a declaration of war, and a war of extermination. The consequence is that, on the other side, it will be a war for subjugation.

The armament equipped for the China seas will be the largest and best appointed that has ever floated from the shores of England. It will comprehend the effective steam floatilla which was prepared for the destruction of Cronstadt, and a great numworld. The moment the British ultimatum, as above given, shall be rejected, a novel and magnificent scene of war is to be opened; and one, perhaps, which is not to end until England shall bring under her dominion the southern provinces of China, or until the English shall be as completely expelled from China as the Portuguese were from Japan.

John Chinaman is not idle, meanwhile, nor at all unaware of the designs of the "foreign devils." With a remarkable degree of sagacity and forecast, the Chinese have anticipated the plan of the British operations as completely as if they had been officially advised of it. The river Peiseized by the British forces, whereby communication with the interior would have been commanded by them, but the Chinese have taken measures to block this game.

Chinamen by thousands will be sacrificed in this war; but that, though it is sickening to humanity, is of little moment in the view of the Chinese, who do not, as a nation, cherish strong attachment to life, nor estimate it as highly as is done in less crowded nations. Suicides are very common among them, and in war they can stand killing as well as any people in the world. They are gradually becoming more skilled in artillery practice, and have great facilities for casting cannon, and are diligently preparing for the conflict. They will not be frightened into a peace, and it will take years of war and desolation to bring China into a state of sujection like the East invites the United States to enter -- a war