Tuesday Morning, Sept. 15, 1857.

COUNTY SUBSCRIPTION.

On the first Thursday in October, the people of Mecklenburg county are called upon to vote on the proposition of subscribing \$60,000 to the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. We had determined to leave the matter for them to decide in accordance with their own views, without attempting to influence their minds one way or another, presuming that they understood the question and were capable of arriving at a decision. But at the request of some friends in the country we have been induced to offer a word of explanation as to the proposition and give a for reasons why we think the subscription should be endorsed by our people.

The order of the Court directs that the County shall subscribe for 1200 shares (a majority of the people concurring.) 600 to he applied to the Eastern and 600 to the Western Division of said Road. Those in favor of the proposition will vote "Yea." and those opposed "No." The funds thus raised are to be expended within the county-the Company to receive the Bonds of bearing 7 per cent. interest.

The question of the greatest importance to be considered is, will the Road benefit the farmer, the mechanic and the merchant? and if so, to what extent? Above every other class of persons we think the farmer receives the greatest benefit from building Every road constructed opens a new market for the sale of produce and increases the demand for the product of In proportion as the number of consumers is increased and brought within reach, so the price of provisions will be enhanced, thus affording a larger remuneration to the agriculturalist for his labor. By opening new avenues to market, farms are frequently doubled in value. Farmers along the line of a Road bar a a constant and ready market for their surplus food. lambs, pigs, corn, flour, or anything else. These articles will bring cash in hand, with but half the trouble it formerly required to market, for by having the advantage of two or three market towns, what is not wanting in one can be readily sold in another.

Italiroads also increase the price of lands forty, fifty and one hundred per cent. This has been the case along the line of the North Carolina Road. It is said that by increasing the facilities and diminishing the cost of getting to market, the quantity of wheat and corn planted in portions of western Carolina has been doubled

Those along the line of the Road are not the only ones to be benefitted. It may be the case that a large amount of their produce will be sent off to another market, thus increasing the demand here at home for the staff of life, and affording to those who have not the advantage of a direct shipment, better prices than formerly.

As to whether the construction of this that it will cut off a large amount of the wagon trade that now comes here; while others contend that what we lose in that way will be gained in another. We do not think that the Road will injure Charlotte; and whether the people endorse the County subscription or not, the town is bound for a subscription of \$25,000.

If any one has different views from the above to advance, we will take pleasure in giving him a hearing through the columns of our paper. In fact we would like to see the subject more fully discussed, pro and

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.

A friend informs us by letter under date of the 14th inst., that James Henry Robin son, son of Wm. Robinson, Esq., of the Goldsboro' Tribune, committed suicide on the 11th inst., by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. No cause has been assigned for the terrible act. He was about 17 years old, had been a student of the University, and bid fair to be a talented and useful man. We deeply sympathize with his father in this his hour of sore affliction. The unfortunate young man was buried in Goldsboro' on Sunday last.

WIL., CHAR. & RUTHERFORD RAIL-ROAD .- We learn that Col. A. P. Cansler has commenced work on his contract for grading the Road from Catawba River towards Charlotte. Other contractors contemplate commencing work about the 1st

The Wilmington Journal has entered on its 14th volume and has come out in a new dress from head to foot. We like to see our friends prosper.

We will publish next week, as requested, an article from the Asheville Spectator, headed "Linville River."

Judge Curtis, of Massachusetts, has on. Rufus Choate are mentioned nection with filling the vacancy.

FROST .- About the Sth September, they had heavy frosts in Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

CHARLOTTE FEMALE ACADEMY By reference to the advertising columns t will be seen that the Female Academy at Charlotte will be opened on the 15th of October, under the auspices of the Rev. Mr Burwell, of Hillsboro. The high reputation which Mr Burwell has already acquired as a successful instructor of youth-his intelligence, prudence and purity-guarantee to the community one of the best instructors in the South. It only remains for its friends, and the Trustees to whose charge it is committed, to sustain the respected Principal in his laudable enterprize, and we shall have a Female Academy worthy they desire constant employment and good the times and the place.

Our friend C. C. Henderson, Esq., of Lincolnton, has sent us about a half gallon of Syrup made from the Chinese Sugar Cane. Several gentlemen have examined it and pronounce it fine-one who had tried four or five specimens expressed the opinion that this was the best he had seen.

In the following note Mr Henderson describes his Mill and the manner of operating

LINCOLNTON, Sept. 7, 1857. MR YATES: I have about two-thirds of an acre of the Chinese Sugar Cane, and have commenced grinding and boiling it into molasses. I have erected a mill at my Tannery, and run it by the Steam Engine that runs my Tanning machinery. It con- for building up a colony in Liberia, will sists of two cast iron rollers, neatly turned, about 12 inches long, and about 9 inches in diameter, placed horizontally, with a pully on one end of each, and the top roller weighted down by levers with weights hung barbarism, idleness and misery of the worst on them, and they pressing on the bearings | kind. of the top roller; so that we might put a weight of 1000 lbs., or more if necessary, on each end of it.

By running the Cane through two or three times it takes about all the juice out. We got one gallon of juice out of 12 Canes at our last rolling. I made about 8 gallons of good thick molasses out of 48 gallons of

first I run it about 80 revolutions in a then, in order to have something placed to minute, but I found that was too fast-it would mash up the Cane very well but did not take out two-thirds of the juice. I have reduced the speed to 30 revolutions per minute, and find it does much better: out I think 20 or 25 revolutions to the minute would do still better.

I have made some excellent Vinegar out the County at par value, to run 20 years, of the Cane after I had pressed out all misdeed more than another, it will be for the juice I could by the mill. Your Friend, &c.,

C. C. HENDERSON.

MORE SYRUP .- Mr Robert Grier brought us a bottle of Syrup manufactured by himself. He planted about one-fourth of an acre in Cane-from one-third of which he obtained 28 gallons of good Syrup. For pressing out the juice he used the perpendicular rollers, and seems to think that mode better than the the horizontal plan. Persons must suit their convenience in extracting the juice, but we think the horizontal rollers best for the reasons given by Mr Henderson. The presure on the Cane can be better regulated and the work more perfectly accomplished.

Judge DeLyon, of Georgia, states that an acre of the cane will produce 300 galwhether milk, butter, cheese, chickens, lons of syrup, 25 bushels of seed and 1200 weight of fodder. Another writer says that 400 gallons can be made from an acre l of cane. In addition to making vinegar throw them into market. Then there is with the stalks after being pressed, it is not as much danger of over-stocking the said that cattle will eat them. The syrup will also make good brandy.

> COACH MAKER'S CONVENTION .- We find in the Standard a call for a convention of the coach makers of North Carolina to assemble in Raleigh during the State Fair. The call is signed by the coach manufacturers of Greenville, Tarboro and Wilson, and begins with the following language: "The undersigned, coach-makers, are painfully impressed with the idea that they are not sufficiently remunerated for their labor in carrying on their business," and then expresses the opinion that the fault lies with the coach-makers themselves-hence the request for a conference. In connection with this matter we publish the follow-

MR YATES: We notice a communication n the N. C. Standard signed by sundry Coach-makers of the East, which please Road will benefit the town of Charlotte, notice. We endorse every word uttered there are two opinions. Some have thought | by those gentlemen. There is a lamentable state of things existing among our brethren of the craft, which should be remedied if possible. Let us meet in convention and make the effort, at the time and place specified by our brethren of the

> OVERMAN & WILSON. Charlotte, Sept. 12th.

AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY .- We are pleased to see that the Baptist Associations of the South, generally, have taken decided steps in regard to the American Tract Society on the subject of slavery. We heretofore noticed the fact of several State Associations recommending the withdrawal of patronage from that society in consequence of its interference with the slavery juestion, and we now see that the Georgia Association has passed resolutions reprobating the action of the American Tract Society, and recommending that patronage be withheld, and the efforts of agents and the raising of funds by colporteurs from the sale of works be discontinued until the Society rescind its action, and go back to its original silence in respect to slavery. This is exactly right. The Association of West Tennessee has

taken similar action.

It is time for southern churches to cease co-operating with the enemies of southern

LET IT ALONE .- We want The Western Democrat to let the Argus alone. We keep that journal for our own use, and do not wish it lambasted by any of our cotemporaries. By the way, some-body must have been throwing dust in its "hundred eyes" of late, increasing the optical infirmities under which it has been laboring for some time.— Its "blind side" is turned towards the Hob. Mr. Stanly at present, and the animal may now be said to be "going it blind" against the democracy and "running back" at the administration with a vengeance .- Fayetteville Carolinian.

Our friend of the Carolinian having been absent, we saw that those merry Argus editors felt themselves rather "foot loose" and were "running out" pretty largely, so we resigned his seat on the Bench of the U.S. | thought we would try and check them in | last night. I suppose there were old maids Supreme Court. Hon. Isaac Toucy and their "wild career" until his return. But there too, but they were neglected. The take them up on one subject and they fly to another, like a June bug on a duck's back. If the Argus can make good its assertion that Mr Buchanan is an abolitionist, we wish the Carolinian would pump it out.

> The citizens of Greensboro', N. C. are making efforts to erect a Monument at that place to the memory of General Greene.

> The Memphis Appeal says: "We have never known such a demand for mechanics as exists at present in Memphis .-Bricklayers and carpenters especially, are in great request. Our city is growing rapidly, demand for labor is great, and remunerating prices are paid. We advise mechanics abroad to come to Memphis if

COLONIZATION A FAILURE.

The news from Liberia, where large numbers of emancipated negroes have been sent from this country, is of a discouraging kind to those who are engaged in establishing a colony there. The negroes, after they land in Liberia, are not capable of making a living by their own management, or they are too lazy to work-the latter cause predominates in most cases. The fact is, but few of the colored population of this country possess energy, industry and capacity sufficient to take care of themselves after being set at liberty. Those persons who have been giving their money soon find that their alms have done no good. It will not be long before the whole colony of negroes will degenerate into

We frequently hear of some one dying and leaving 50 or 100 negroes to be sent to Liberia. We have no doubt their owners, in most instances, while living, worked them nearly to death, half starved and half clothed them. More than likely he was penurious and illiberal in his intercourse with I had the Mill built in this place. At his fellow men, until he amassed a fortune his credit in that book that will be opened at the last day, he emancipates his poor, decrepit slaves, and directs that they shall be forwarded to Liberia. The last act of that person is the crowning sin of his life; and if the devil shakes him for any one sending his negroes off to starve and die in

a free State or free country. To cheat and oppress the poor, while liv ing, then, at death, free your negroes as an atonement, may gratify and satisfy abolitionists, but it will not be so considered by the Master of all things.

NEW RAILROAD ROUTE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND NEW ORLEANS .- The Petersburg Express says:

"We have been favored by a friend with copy of the map showing the railroad route soon to be completed between New York and New Orleans, which will doubtless prove the most popular in the United States. The line commencing at New York passes through Philadelphia to Baltimore, Washington, Alexandria, Fredericksburg, winchburg, via Virginia and Tennessee Railroad to Bristol, thence to Knoxville, Cleveland, Tenn., and, as the route now lies, per force, to Memphis. From here, until the line is complete, the traveler will reach New Orleans by steamboat down the Mississippi. The entire route finished, be will continue from Cleveland, or Chattanooga, via the Alabama and Tenassee Railroad, to Montevello, thence to Mobile and thence to the Crecent City. There route, which will doubtless prove a heavy "drop in the bucket," since preference so invariably follows economy in the age we

travel through." Those who so strongly opposed the connection between Greensboro, N. C., and Danville, Va., will now see, as we predicted last winter, that the through travel will be lost to the Railroads in this State. If the Legislature had granted a charter for the Danville connection, one portion of the State at least might have been benefited by the through travel, but as it is, we fear it is lost both to the east and the west.

We have heretofore noticed the fact that Col. John H. Wheeler, of this State, was preparing a history of Nicaragua. The "Washington States" says:

"We have had an opportunity of looking into the pages of this forthcoming work; and, from a personal knowledge derived from a temporary residence in Nicaragua, we know that it is reliable and accurate. We shall hail its advent into the republic of letters, as adding information of an interesting and lovely country, of which all little accurately about."

----TOGA The editorial correspondence of the Fay-

etteville Observer speaks as follows of the fashionable women at Saratoga Springs:

"Last year there were two great rivals in the fashionable world at this house. They sported so many and such splendid dresses, and were so laughed at for their folly. Within the twelve months the husband of one of them has failed, been sold out, and is not here. Fit end of a career of folly and extravagance. The other I am the extravagance, are any wiser than those who live by making them. I need not say. "I think there is still no small amount

of genius employed in the concoction of patterns for ladies' dresses. In company with two ladies I strolled into the ball room dress simply. But the ladies! for them. ingenuity is exhausted; they shine in the richest and most beautiful of the creations of man's imagination. But their very brilliancy makes men afraid of them. A poor fellow must count the cost before he under-"who toil not, neither do they spin," and who are yet more elegantly arrayed than "Solomon in all his glory." Celibacy and late marriages art undoubtedly more common. The race of unhappy old bachelors by which three persons were killed and and old maids is constantly on the increase. | thirteen wounded. Men and women wait to get rich before they marry; and in the mean time they fall into all sorts of bad habits, become selfish and sour. Such seemed to me to be the kind of men who figured in the ball room

with the young girls. At the same visit to the ball room I was Lancers," (or something of that sound.) is very pretty, and altogether free from the indelicacies of the schottishe, waltz, &c. It is decidedly the fashion. The former fashionable dances having gone to the utmost verge of-indecency, shall I say !it is perhaps not surprising that anything

Who wants one of these butterflies for a wife? Does any sensible man wish to make himself miserable ? If so, let him form a copartnership with a fashionable with the M. E. Church, and, we learn, woman of the kind who "fly round" at others intend doing so soon .- Greensboro' watering places.

EX-PRESIDENT TYLER.

Mr. Tyler has published a letter in reply to the declaration made in the late Commercial Convention, that "the provision in the Treaty of Washington, stipulating on the part of the United States for the maintenance of a fleet of 80 guns for the suppression of the slave trade under the American flag, was an act of discourtesy and insult to the South." He expresses surprise that such an assertion should have been made, when it is remembered that said clause was inserted in the treaty for the purpose of enforcing a previous act of Congress, for which the South had voted with singular unanimity. That act declared "that all citizens of the U. S. engaging in that trade should be regarded, and, if convicted, punished as pirates." Mr. Tyler says that he thought and often declared that the citizens of the southern States were more opposed to the slave trade than any portion of our people, and how it happens that a provision introduced into a treaty to enforce a law, for which the South had voted, can be rightfully regarded as an insult to the South, passes his comprehension. He closes his letter with this remark :

"It might be worthy of consideration, by the next Commercial Convention, whether, before they advise the canceling of the provision in question, and dencounce it as an insult to the South, they should not first repeal the law relative to piracy in regard to the slave trade."

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

By the arrival of the steamer Europe on the 11th, we have the following in regard to the war in India: The mutineers still held Delhi on the 14th of July. They had made three additional sorties, but were defeated n each with heavy loss.

Sir Hugh Wheeler was killed at Cawnpore, the garrison of which being reduced to famine surrendered to Hend Sahib, who, in violation of his solemn promise, massacred the whole garrison. Sahib was subsequently defeated with great loss by Gen. Haverlock, who re-occupied Campore.

Sahib massacred at Cawnpore 240 women and children. Among the officers killed are Sir George Parker, Col. Williams and Brig-

adier Yack. An obstinate battle was fought on the 5th of July before Agra, between the garrison and the Memmush mutineers, numbering 10,000 troops. The British retired with a heavy loss, having several of their officers

In the Liverpool market Cotton had advanced. Wheat and Corn dull.

Ex-PRESIDENT PIERCE.—The Springfield (Massachusetts) Argus says:

ment from the Chief Magistracy, has spent will be a saving of some 600 miles by the a portion of his time in Concord, which had been his residence for many years before his election to the first office in the nation: prevented the ex-President from determining upon his residence, although he has, we think, no idea of leaving his native State.

"The people of Concord, where he is held in the highest respect and esteem, invariably express the hope that he will fix his permanent residence among them. He is now staying temporarily in Andover, where Mrs. Pierce has relatives. We regret to learn that her health, which for a long time has been feeble, is not improved since they eft Washington. We have never seen the ex-President looking in better health than at the present time.'

value of sugar and molasses has been great within a few weeks past. The losses on the stocks on hand must have been many millions of dollars to dealers in this country. and much more to foreign holders.

There is no doubt that speculators have caused the high price of sugar and molasses. A Newbury-port correspondent of the Boston Traveller states that millions of dollars' worth of these articles held on wish to know something, and few know so foreign accounts are stored in that town. Three acres of South Boston wharf are completely covered with molasses hogs-FASHIONABLE LIFE AT SARA- heads, the leakage from which, it is estimated, amounts to forty thousand gallons a day.

NORTH CAROLINA PRINTING PAPER .-A correspondent of the Petersburg Express, writing on board of the steamer Roanoke, at Portsmouth, Va., says: To my surprise the Roanoke took on here about three nundred bundles of paper all manufactured in North Carolina, and shipped to the port of New York via Portsmouth. But the strangest idea connected with this transactold is here. Her husband is a patent pill tion, is the fact, that the most of it is sold man, and pills carry the day. Whether to and consumed by Greelev, in printing those who take the pills and thus support that freedom shricking sheet the Tribune. It is said by some that Greeley married in Warrenton, North Carolina, and, therefore, has some sympathy remaining for the Old North State. This may be assigned as a reason for his purchasing printing paper of one of the hotels last night, and was from a slave State; but the true secret of amused at the variety and elegance of the the matter doubtless is, that Greeley gets costumes there exhibited. The gentlemen it a little cheaper than he could in the free States: and where money enters into any transaction with which a Yankee Abolitionist is connected, you may take it for granted that the pecuniary consideration will outweigh every other. Love for takes to clothe one of these beautiful beings | negroes, country, and all things else, must | give way for the love of mammon.

A smash-up occurred on the Camden and Atlantic railroad on Saturday last,

To carry a Collins steamer from New York to Liverpool, requires eight ordinary family forty years.

The New Orleans Picayune announces Schamyl's hands. old bachelors danced and figured only the arrival, by the steamer Lecomte, Capt. Johnson, of sixty-five barrels new molasses, interested in another matter in which some- made from the Sorgho Sucre, or Chinese ses. It is considered an excellent article.

REVIVAL INTELLIGENCE. - A revival has been going on for the last week or two. and is still progressing, in the Metodist E. Church in Greensborough, under the minisnew should be free from a tendency that try of the very efficient and able Pastor of that Church, the Rev. N. F. Reid. Between 40 and 50 have made public professions of conversion, and many others are still bowing before the penitential altar.-Between 30 and 40 have united themselves Patriot.

CONCORD PRESBYTERY. The Asheville Spectator of the 10th inst

"The Presbytery of Concord has been in Rankin officiating as Moderator. We learn day the 7th instant. that a series of resolutions were adopted endorsing the "North Carolina Presby terian." We have heard of no other busi ness of public interest that was transacted On Sunday afternoon the Rev. Robt. Hett boro' to Charlotte, in the place of J. B. after the publication of the paper. Chapman, D. D. was installed as Pastor of McDade, declined. the church in this place. Rev. Dr. Lacy and Rev. Messrs. Penick and Cunningham officiated on the occasion. A resolution ten dering the thanks of the Presbytery to the citizens of Asheville generally and to the Methodist brethren for the use of their pulpit was unanimously passed."

BALTIMORE RIOT.

It appears that Baltimore is losing none of its reputation for being the scene Monroe, dec. of the most frequent and disgraceful riots that tarnish the name of our country. She is fast acquiring-and meriting, too-the name of mob-city of the Union. It has not been long since her mob population, finding nothing to do in its line at home, ventured over to Washington city to try its hand in its peculiar occupation: "rapine, Anderson. murder and conflagration," and every one knows the result. And we have now to chronicle another riot between Firemen and others, in which several were wounded -some, perhaps, fatally, and the lives and zens put in jeopardy. And in the closing of the account of this disgraceful proceeding by a Baltimore paper, it is quietly added that, "finally, the belligerent companies were separated and sent to their for two years.

FOREIGN ITEMS. .

A letter, speaking of the outbreak in

Since our last there have been two arrivals

The officers were at mess when the wretches sounded the alarm bugle to bring they receive their reward! Nine poor little ensigns doing duty with the regiment were bayoneted to death in the mess-room, and three of the officers who escaped heard their cries as they passed! Poor boys, who had never given offence to any native, nor caused MEDIJINE & SURGERY dissatisfaction to the Sepoys. Five officers were shot belonging to the regiment, besides the nine poor boys. Birch and Innes, with the sergeant-major, in all 17 military VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY men, many merchants and others were most cruelly butchered-in all 59 Europeans fell that night by the hands of the merciless Sepoys. The treasury was plundered, the plundered and fired.

Every day we have had expeditions to burn and destroy disaffected villages and we have taken our revenge.

I have been appointed chief of a commis-I have been appointed chief of a commis-sion for trial of all natives charged with the premises, I will take great pleasure in showoffences against government and persons; day by day we have strung up eight and hardness of the times, not expecting to realize death in our hands, and I assure you we spare not. A very summary trial is all that THE SUGAR TRADE.—The fall in the takes place; the condemned culprit is placed under a tree with a rope round his neck on the top of a carriage, and when it is pulled away off he swings.

> with wet cloths over our heads, but the first class female schools. one funeral, and the shricks of the dying were something awful; two poor ladies who were living over the hospital died, I believe napkins and towels, and to have her clothes disfrom fright. We have now got about 400 men outside the fort, and disease is certainly on the decline. All the village people ran away, and one who had worked for the Europeans these murderers killed, so if the population was to a man against us we should stand but a bad chance. A poor baker was found with both hands cut off, and his nose slit, because he had sent in bread to us. I need not say how anxiously we all look for a large army from England. We can hold our own well enough till it arrives, but India was never in such a mess, and it requires many a strong arm and a wise head to put it in order again. The Bengal army is to a man against us, and I bay; one single mischance, and those two ENGLAND .- A letter from London says

> f the telegraph company should postpone operations until next summer, the present cable will be sold and a new one made, 500 settlement, those indebted to him will please call miles longer, in season to be laid next June. on me and settle. SPAIN .- The Spanish cabinet were considering a proposition to the municipal or note, as I have been engaged to attend to this authorities of Havana for reducing the import duties on flour.

RUSSIA .- The Russians were stated to have been defeated on the banks of the Kuban; they lost 6 guns, and 54 pack horses. It is said that Schamyl, with 25, 000 Circassians, had also defeated the Russian army, which attempted to dislodge the Russians at great cost, for the mainten- them. ance of their communications, fell into Charlotte, Sept. 15, 1857. 74-3t-pd

PRUSSIA .- The news is of rather a war like nature. The garrison of Herat is

WHITE LEAD. At PRITCHARD'S you can buy, for cash pure White Lead at 94 cents per lb.

Drug Store, Irwin's Corner. Another Decline In Quinine At Pritchard's Large Drug and Chemic

House, Irwin's Corner. This article may now be had at \$2 50 p ounce, for Cash ONLY.

CONSTITUTION FOR KANSAS.-The convention elected to frame a Constitution for Kansas, preparatory to her application to be admitted into the Union as a State, met

at Lecompton, in that Territory on Mon James M. Palmer, of Hillsboro' N. C., has been appointed Route Agent on but allowance must be made for the fact the North Carolina railroad, from Golds- that prices frequently change immediately

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 3d instant, by Jos. C. Nicholson, Esq., Mr Wm. R. McLean of Gaston county, to Miss Margaret A. Kerr. In Gaston county, on the 8th inst., Mr. Noah Kiser to Miss Barbry Froneberger, daughter of Daniel Froneberger. In Cumberland county, on the 30th of August Rev. M. N. Taylor, of the N. C. Conference, and Miss Catharine Monroe, daughter of Malcom

In Wilmington, on the 8th inst., Mr Horace H. Munson to Louisa P., eldest daughter of Capt. John Banks. In Rowau county, on the 27th ult., Mr Linzy

Morgan to Miss Sarah Gales. At Eagle Mills, Iredell county, on the 22d ult., Col. Julius Parks to Miss Amanda Gaither. In Raleigh on the 9th inst., Mr. Joseph D. Powell, to Miss Corinua B. Lemay. Also, on the 7th inst., Mr. T. J. Havens, to Mrs. Fannie

DIED.

In this county, on the 28th ult., Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Jos. R. Caldwell, aged I year In this county, on the 10th inst., Sarah Julia property of peaceful and unoffending citi- daughter of R. J. and A. C. Sloan, aged 16 In York District, on the 7th instant, Mrs Margaret Whitesides, aged 50 years. Also, on the

8th inst., Mr Madison Hambright, At Pineville, on the 3d inst., Engenia, est daughter of Dr. E. D. and Mrs M. D. Wil- Pork, per lb 8 to 7 quarters"! Better been sent to prison bnd has been severed hom as parent som the chilling blasts and stern duties of life had left their impress; and Far away among the angels, Now a "golden harp" is hers.

Her loving and affectionate nature rendered ner doubly dear to her parents. The ways of Providence are inscrutable in removing one s young, but we must recognize his Fatherly hand in transplanting our dearest treasure to his heavenly home, that we may be drawn thither; and that our affections be not earthly.

them to the parade, and shot them down as he said while on earth, "Suffer little children right and left! Wretched murderers, may to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D. PRACTITIONER OF

Office No. 5, Granite Row, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

FOR SALE.

The subscriber being desirous of improving his other Lots, offers for sale is residence on the corner of Church and Streets. The situation is high and prisoners released from jail, and the work healthy and one of the most desirable in the The feeble state of Mrs. Pierce's health has of destruction commenced. The whole town. The buildings are all good and have been finished off lately in handsome style, and the station was destroyed, house after house Dwelling House is covered with tin. The domestic part of the building is arranged in a style superior to any building in the country, and in the yard is a Well of excellent water.

This desirable residence is situated within short distance of the Female College, one of the handsomest buildings in the State. As I do not ing the property to any one desirous of purchasing. I will make the price correspond with the ten men. We have the power of life and more than will pay for the cost of the buildings. GEORGE CROSS. Charlotte, Sept. 15, 1857. 74-3m-pd.

FEMALE SCHOOL

Charlotte, N. C. THIS school will open on the 15th of October You can have no idea of the awful weather WELL and lady, assisted by a corps of compe-

The scholastic year will be divided into two applying to W. K. Reid, Charlotte, N. C., orany deaths from sun strokes continue large; that sessions, which immediately succeed each other, one of the undersigned, near said Church. dreadful scourge cholera has also broken with a short recess during the christmas holidays. Pupils are charged from the time of entering, but out and we have lost already 70 fighting no deduction made for absence except in cases of men. We buried 20 three nights ago at protracted sickness. Young ladies from a distance will be required to board with the principal, except under peculiar circumstances. Each boarder will be expected to furnish her own table

tinctly marked. Terms, payable half in advance. Board and Tuition per Session... \$100 00 Music, on Piano or Guitar, 20 00 Use of Instrument,.... Drawing and Painting,..... 10 to 20 00 French and Latin, each,.... Sept. 15, 1857.

Robinson's Patent Barley. Strongly recommended by the Faculty as utritious and cooling food for Infants, and is xcellent for thickening soup,-sold at 25 cents Mr Alfred Hoover, who resides at or near the

Scarr & Co's Drug Store. Effervescing Citrate of Magnesia,

an agreeable and refreshing aperient, for Scarr & Co's Drug Store. am very nervous about Madras and Bom. CONGRESS WATER, CONGRESS WATER.

A fresh case just opened at Scarr & Co's Drug Store.

Notice. DR. PINCKNEY CALDWELL having placed his Books and Accounts in my hands for

Also, those indebted to Drs. Samuel L. & J W. caldwell will call and settle with me by cash

My office is one door south of Springs' corner. S. A. HARRIS, Agt. Charlotte, Sept. 15.

LOST or MISLAID.

The subscriber lost or mislaid, about the 1st Scotember, a Note on E. B. Frazir, for \$1600. him from the banks of a river commanding some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes and the beautiful to be be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes and the beautiful to be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be been some passes are below to be be be been some passes. After a battle which lasted to be be be been some passes are below to be be below to be below to be be below to be be below to be below to be b ten hours, the Russians were driven across sons are cautioned against trading for said Notes, hundred tons of coal—enough to last an the river. Several fortified places, built by as I am the only person authorized to transfer R. W. ALLISON, Jr.

\$200 Reward.

RANAWAY from my Railroad Shantees, in line, will find it a safe, speedy and cheap mode interested in another matter in which some-body's ingenuity has been tasked for the gratification of the sex—nothing less than a new dance. It is called, I believe, "the W. P. Bynum, of the same county, in February, The interest on the State debt of or W. P. Bynum's in Lincoln county, or Wm. Virginia amounts to \$1,700,000 annually Shipp's of Gaston county, as the boy has relations at all those points. I will pay

Two Hundred Dollars for his apprehension and delivery in Charlotte

Jail so that I can get him. D. W. ORR. Sept. 15, 1857. 74-tf

NOTICE FIREMEN! A meeting of the FIRE ENGINE COM PANY will be held on Monday evening next. Sept. 21st, at the Court House, at 71 o'clock. S. A. HARRIS, President.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY T. M. FARROW

Charlotte, Sept. 15, 1857. (It should be borne in mind that the fol lowing are wholesale prices mostly. We endeavor to keep the quotations correct,

BACON, Hams per 1b 17 to 18

" Sides " Butter, per lb 20 to 60 BRANDY, Apple per gal...... COTTON. per lb 13 to 144 Mocha.... Corn, per bushel, per 56 lbs 80 to 85 Mcat, per bushel, per 48 lbs 85 to 00 Oats, per bushel 30 to 33 Chickens, each 124 to 20 CLOTH, Copperas 12 to 15 FLOUR, per 100 lbs 2 50 to 0 00 per bbl...... 5 00 to 5 25 Lard, per ib 15 to 16 4 to 44 6 to 7 by retail MOLASSES, Sugar House..... Common SUGAR, Loaf Brown 124 to 163 Tea, per lb..... 75 to 2 00 Salt, per sack 1 50 to 1 90 Northern per bushel .0 00 to 0 00 Sweet, per bushel ... 0 00 to 0 00 CANDLES, Adamantine 31 to 37 Sperm 40 to 50 Tallow 20 to 25 Herrings, per bb! 4 to 61 REMARKS .- Cotton is advancing; we

quote 13 to 141 as extremes-not much in market. Flour is still declining, and mar-We have a precious promise that the tender lambs will be folded in the bosom of the Saviour, also depressed, with downward tendency; we quote at 80 to \$1. Corn scarce and in demand at 80 to 85 cents.

COLUMBIA MARKET, Sept. 12. There is no material or quotable change in Cotton, all that is offered is freely taken at 12 to 15 cents.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 10 .- Price of Cotton is nominal. About 1000 bales sold at prices ranging from 154 to 154.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11 .- Flour is heavy: sales of Southern at \$5 50 to \$5 90; other brands are firm. Wheat is lower; sales of white at \$1 35 to \$1 45, red \$1 25 to \$1 32 Corn-sales of mixed at 70 to 71 cts. Stocks are firmer.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity that he has re-

J. C. MOORE.

CONFECTIONERY and BAKERY to one door above the Court House where he will be glad to see his friends and customers.

Western Plank Road Meet-

ing. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Western Plank Road Company will be held at Richard A. Rozzell's, on the 3d Wednesday of

this month, being the 16th day of the same. C. C. HENDERSON, President Western Plank Road Company.

To Contractors. SEALED proposals will be received until the and our sufferings from the heat; we sit tent teachers in all the branches usually taught in 20th October next, for repairs to Steele Creek

R. W McDOWELL. T. P. G. FAIRES.

2t-pd

PLANTATION FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale, on low terms, FOR CASH, or partly so, his Plantation lying on the waters of Catawba River, known as the Scott prantation, in Mecklenburg county, 11 miles north-west of Charlotte, and within three niles of the Plank Road. The tract consists of

498 or 500 Acres, About one hundred and fifty acres cleared-the alance finely timbered. I am anxious to sell, and any person wishing o purchase will please call soon on my agent,

Plantation, who will show the Land, or address me at Clay Hill, York District, S. C. J. R. HALL. September 8, 1857. 73-4t

FOR SALE. On Saturday the 26th September, the

undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, A well improved PLANTATION of 675 cres, with good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Giu House and

Barn, situated two miles north-east of Davidson Will be sold at the same time, cattle, farming ools, &c &c. TERMS made known on day of sale.

September 7, 1857 DAILY EXPRESS Between Charlotte and Columbia

EACH WAY. THE ADAMS EXPRESS CO. have commenced running a Daily Line of Express between Charlotte and Columbia and all interme-Leaving their Office in Charlotte at 7 o'clock.

a. m., arriving in Columbia at 3 p. m. Leave their office in Columbia, 117 Richardson street, at 84 o'clock, a m, arrive at Charlotte at 3.40 p m. Freight intended for this line must be left at the Office before 7 o'clock, a m. Merchants and others ordering goods by this

The patronage of the public is solicited. F. M. REA. Agt. Charlotte. J. B. EZELL, Agt. Columbia. September 8, 1857.

"Electric Oil."-The operation of this Oil in removing rheumatic pain and other ills, is indeed astonishing. Like every good article, it has a base counterfeit, enterely useless; but the preparation of Prof. De-Grath, of Philadelphia, has received testimonials from Congressmen, Mayors of Cities, Merchants, Hotel Proprietors, all of the highest character, attesting its beneficial effects in cases under their own observation. It can be had of the agent here, see advertisement in another column. [Sept. 15 .- 2m]