WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

Charlotte, N. C.

Tuesday, April 13, 1858.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. To-morrow the Democratic State Convention meets in this town. We cannot foretell the action of that body, but we suppose the claims of all sections will be duly considered and a kind and liberal feeling prevail among the delegates. Old and well-tried democrats will be in attendance, and to their discretion and action we feel satisfied to leave the interests of the party.

The following extract from an article in the Wilmington Journal, concerning the action of the Convention, we publish as being pertinent to the

"The representative body, acting, to some extent, as of policy as well as of principle, and more may be expected of it than fairly comes within its province or its be introduced, embarrassing alike to the democratic party and to the State. The general principle of extending a fair and liberal assistance to works for the development of the State and its different interests, as fast as the resources of the State will prudently admit ceded, as it is also conceded that, in regard to the works to be assisted, and the extent and character of the assistance to be granted to them, a wise discretion should be used. Thus far, all are prepared to go. But how much farther can any party be expected to go without establishing tests as arbitrary as the bed of Procrustus, and as impossible of enforcement. Men of any party may fairly concede every general principle claimed and yet find it impossible to agree about particular works. their practicability or usefulness. Take Deep River for instance. A may think the work impracticable; B may think it every way practicable. They do not differ about the principle of assisting a meritorious work, but they differ in opinion about the deserving of this particular work. To require or to attempt to enforce conformity of opinion in such a case would be evidently foolish and tyrannical. The same will apply to the demands of the mountain district for an extension of the Central Road through to the Tennessee line. While conceding the general principle, men may fairly and honestly differ in reference to the expediency and discretion of going farther at present. They may form different estimates of the resources of the State-of the probable cost of the proposed work-of the advantages likely to arise from its construction, &c.; this is almost inevitable, as it is certainly natural, and therefore no rigid line can be drawn; above all, no Convention remaining in session but a day or two at farthest, without documents or data, without time for a full understanding of all the details of the subject, can be expected to go into these details. Unfortunately, some warmth has been imparted to Democracy that mere antagonisms of men will sink into insignificance before the majesty of the Democratic

REVIVAL.

interests of our State and our party.'

party. Let us meet as friends and brethren, inflexible

where principle is concerned, anxious to yield, concede

to, and prefer each other in every other case. Not de-

manding too much from the Convention nor from our

brother Democrats. We may thus promote the solid

Very interesting meetings have been held in the Methodist Church in this place for the last 10 or 15 days, conducted by the excellent pastor, Rev. Mr Menardie. The altar has been crowded with anxious inquirers, and many have professed. Services are to be continued the present week.

We have never known a more general revival of religion throughout the country than is at present progressing. Our exchanges teem with accounts of the good work, and it is engaged in by all denominations-mostly by the Methodists, Presbyterians and Baptists. We notice that wherever these denominations have united their efforts, much good has been accomplished.

Last Wednesday evening we had the pleasure of being present at a musical entertainment given by the young ladies of the Charlotte Female High School, under the supervision of Professor Echard. The young ladies acquitted themselves with credit; giving evidence not only of their proficiency in the science of music, but also of attention having been paid to a correct manner at the instrument-exhibiting a cheerful, yet modest, readiness to perform. We think the Principal of the School (Rev. Mr Burwell) fortunate in obtaining the services of Prof. Echard; as we are satisfied, judging from his reputation and our short acquaintance with him, that he combines the qualities of a gentleman with a thorough knowledge of his profession.

We fear our cotemporaries at a distance disappointment sometimes, owing to the fact that the report as published here is sometimes 6 or 8 days old before it appears in their papers. Our friend of the N. C. Christian Advocate, in his issue of the 8th of April, publishes our report of the market of the 30th of March, nine days intervening between the time it was made and the time of its publication. In such a case as this, we respectfully suggest to the editor the impropriety of one week will not do for the week following.

We call attention to the letter of Henry W. Miller, Esq., published in another column. seems to us that Mr Miller has pursued the only course that southern men can, consistently, pursue. Now is the time to unite with the democratic party for the sake of the South.

two weeks ago.

the public that he will hereafter issue the work | who visit the hallowed spot. fom Raleigh-a new volume to commence with the May number.

The county of Burke has agreed, by 47 majority, to subscribe \$50,000 to the Western Extension Railroad.

The Columbia Carolinian says that Mr Werett will deliver his lecture on Washington in that city during the latter part of this week.

tween the counsel of the Mt. Vernon Association and Every southern democrat, of course, voted against proprietor of the premises, for the Home and Grave of

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

At the request of a number of democratic friends, presume our democratic friends will act as to them

MR GILMER'S SPEECH.

We stated last week that Hon. John A. Gilmer, of North Carolina, made a speech in the House of Representatives against the admission of Kansas with the Lecompton Constitution. We were not prepared to find Mr Gilmer acting in this way, the organ of the acknowledged dominant party of the and the announcement that he had taken sides State, its recommendations may be potential on matters with the abolitionists on this matter, surprised us Hotel" is kept by our friend James Richards not a little. We had formed a better opinion of powers, and thus tests be introduced, or attempted to him from the manner in which he conducted the arrangements to such an extent that an old patron Gubernatorial canvass in this State two years ago.

The speech was made on the 1st instant. Of course he received the hearty congratulations of of such assistance being extended, is one generally con- the black republicans, and we learn they have subscribed liberally to have his speech circulated in pamphlet form.

The Washington Star gives the following as one of the scenes that took place immediately after Mr Gilmer finished his speech:

"No one who heard the speech of Mr Gilmer, of N. C delivered on the day before yesterday, was surprised on finding him yesterday doing the work the Republican mitting-misdemeanors. party managers so nervously desired him to do. Of the enor of that speech it is sufficient to say that it instanty drew a rush of congratulating Republican membersbolitionists-around him at its conclusion. As the venerable Joshua, who was at their head, bent over beaming with delight, blessed him, as it were, for the effort, Mr George S. Houston, of Ala., moved doubtless by the pregnant points of the passing scene, fixed the attention of those present upon it, by exclaiming, in a voice ningly inquired if he desired to "pack the Jury?" heard by all-"Kiss him Giddings! Kiss him Gid-

This exclamation, under the circumstances, told, peraps, with more force upon the mind of the House and the spectators in the galleries, than any hour's speech

This must have been a disgusting spectacle for North Carolinian to behold. A North Carolina newspaper discussions of the claims of candidates for member of Congress receiving the congratulations the nomination. Let us have so full a gathering of the of a man who is willing to do anything to incite a rebellion among negroes! We presume no one envied Mr Gilmer's position at that time.

> THE "SOUTH CAROLINIAN."-Dr. R. Gibbes has retired from the editorial chair of the daily South Carolinian at Columbia. For some time past we have had the pleasure of Dr Gibbes' acquaintance, and when we say that he is a polished gentleman, a high-minded and liberal South Carolinian, we but feebly express our profound respect and admiration for the man, and for the manner in which he has conducted one of the best Southern rights Journals in the country. We wish him long life and prosperity in his retirement. The paper will hereafter be edited by Franklin Gaillard, Esq., who, we have no doubt, will sustain its high reputation.

A FLIMSY EXCUSE.

The opposition papers are endeavoring to justify the votes of the southern know-nothings against the Lecompton Constitution, on the ground that the democratic party had a majority in the House and that 22 northern democrats voted against the bill. This is offered in extenuation of Mr Gilmer's conduct. If 22 northern democrats chose to vote against the South, co-operate with the black republicans and keep Kansas out of the Union, does that justify John A. Gilmer of this State in his opposition to the measure? If all the southern know-nothings had voted with the southern democrats for the admission bill as it came from the Senate, the question would have been settled and the black republicans checked in their onward march. No. Mr Gilmer could not afford to do so as it might strengthen the hands of the Administration-it would be carrying out the recommendation of a democratic President. As the democratic party in North Carolina gave him a death-blow when he ran for Governor, so he have been thrown out of such a movement, but strange who quote the Charlette market may cause a little thought he would give it a death-lick by making a speech and voting against Lecompton. A young gentleman in the Guilford District last aummer came very near depriving the gentleman of this opportunity to take revenge, and we think a little more exertion next time will place Mr Gilmer out of public life forever.

MOUNT VERNON.—A man named Washington owns Mt. Vernon, where repose the remains of the publishing the report at all, as the quotations of Father of his Country. For this place (containing about 200 acres) he asks \$200,000. To purchase it the Ladies' Mount Vernon Association was formed. Against their efforts it is unnecessary for us to say anything, more than to remark that they are endeavoring to enrich a penurious, narrow-minded individual, who certainly has little if any of the blood of the great Washington in his veins. The present proprietor of the premises knows with how much veneration the American people look upon A friend in Montgomery, Ala., informs us the tomb of General Washington, and he has that they have had ripe strawberries in that city taken advantage of this feeling in order to fill his pockets. Probably it is right and proper to make "STEDMAN'S MAGAZINE-"-A. J. Stedman, an effort to get it out of his possession, for we Esq., who commenced the publication of a Maga- heard a gentleman say that he (Washington) fre- alone. Hence, he will graciously take Messrs Winter ders, has been holding the Superior Court for Forline at Salem, N. C., publishes a card informing quently fails to treat with common courtesy those

THE KANSAS BILL IN THE HOUSE.—The vote by which the Kansas bill was amended in the House so as to comply with the demands of the black republicans by referring the Constitution back to the people, was 120 to 112. The following southern know-nothings voted for the amendment: Davis, of Md., Gilmer, of N. C., Harris, of Md., Marshall, of Ky., Ricaud, of Md., Underwood, of Ky. These, together with 92 black re-We learn from the Richmond Enquirer that on publicans, and 22 northern democrats, constitute 6th inst., a contract was formally entered into be- the opposition to the Lecompton Constitution.

the amendment.

MONROE, N. C.

Last week we visited the village of Monroe, we again direct attention to the call for a County Union county. The county was organized, we Convention in this place on Taesday of April think, in 1845, and was formed out of portions of Court, being the 27th day of the month. We are Mecklenburg and Anson. The county seat, Monrequested to urge upon the democracy of the dif- roe, was named after President Monroe, and is ferent Districts in Mecklenburg county the impor- situated on an elevated spot, pretty sandy, giving tance of sending delegates to said Convention for the wind a fine chance to raise clouds of dust in the purpose of nominating candidates to represent dry weather, filling ears, mouth and eyes. But the county in the next Legislature. We can say notwithstanding the dust, the people of that secno more than direct attention to the matter, as we tion appear to be as far-seeing as of any other, and we have sometimes thought that they can see a little better than those of some other places, judging from the liberal manner in which they patronize the "Western Democrat" and vote the democratic ticket. This is merely our individual opinion, and of course we don't ask anybody else to

The village contains eight or ten stores and shops, with two Hotels, and a few mechanical establishments. What is known as the "Village who has cleaned up and improved the inside of the House would hardly know it now. He is accommodating and makes low charges, as we

The County Court was in session, and some interesting trials took place, which might afford great excitement for a New York reporter and daily paper, but they would be entirely too amusing for our readers. Gen. Walkup, the Solicitor, knows how to manage a bad case pretty well, and if he continues to discharge his duties as he does now, the b'hoys of Union will have to quit com-

Application was made to the Court on Tuesday for a license to retail spirits. There were ten Magistrates on the bench, and the vote stood 5 for im, and with outstretched hands and countenance and 5 against; whereupon the lawver who made the application called to another Magistrate to take his seat on the bench, when the Chairman cun-The matter was immediately dropped and nothing Paulding, disapproving in strong terms the course of

We understand there is a large Division of the Sons of Temperance in the village, but of course Cubans, though approving of annexation, will not risk everybody don't belong to it, as we saw some whose walk indicated that every step would be the last if Spain attempts to enforce despotism on Mexico, under for a few hours at least. No county is without Santa Anna, it may become necessary for the United those who love to imbibe "red-eye" freely, and Union, no doubt, contains as

warm friends, personal and political, and from what we could learn, the democracy of the county is ready for the approaching contest, and prepared to roll up handsome majorities for the democratic House to adjourn till Monday.

OUTRAGES IN WASHINGTON .- To such an extent have rowdyism, murder and robbery been carried on in Washington city, that Congress has felt compelled to interfere and take action in order to protect good citizens. A Washington paper gives a list of outrages for one day, among which we

On Saturday evening as Mr Cornell was passing along Fourteenth street, on his way to "Columbian College," where he is a student, he was overtaken by a party of men, who demanded his money. He gave them some change, but they not being satisfied with the amount, one of the rascals placed a pistol at his head, while the others stripped him of his gold watch, chain, breast-pin, and money. He afterwards identified one of the men arrested on a charge of murder as one of the

On the same evening a gentleman from New York whose name is not given, was knocked down and robbed of two hundred dollars near the Park. He was returning from the Military Asylum.

A NEW PARTY.

As fast as men become dissatisfied with old associations they will form new ones, and arc frequently found joining hands with those whom they had previously viewed as enemies. It is said that efforts are being made at Washington to organize a new party, the main object of which is, of thing for which the black-hearted Abolitionist, course, to over-ride the democratic party. A cor- Giddings, congratulates him. Will he not repent? respondent of the "South" speaks of this plan as

A plan is on foot for the formation of a party, to be composed of the three sections of the anti-Lecomptonites, to act in opposition to the Democracy. This has peen in progress for some time, and one or two hints to say, they have not excited public attention. The irst intimation came from Mr Seward, in his speech on the Army bill, in reply to Mr Hale. It is very likely that the sagacity of Mr Seward has planned this unio of the wings of the opposition. He is shrewd enough to foresee that the mere change of name by a party will not effect its tendencies and sympathies, and that when the Douglas bolters and South American Sepovs are absorbed into the mass of Black Republicans, that their political compexion will follow that of the body which gives them life and sustenance in the same degree that the worm takes its color from the bark. There is no danger that the freesoilism of Mr Seward's party will be n anywise diminished by the admixture. On the contrary, it is clear from the speeches made by the chiefs of the Douglas bolters and Sepoys, that they want to enter the Republican church, not as probationers or neophytes, but with a full confession of faith, and on the trength of good works already performed in opposition to the "slave power"

Mr Seward is aware that the control of this new part will not pass from his grasp. He has met know-nothingism before, in its early strength, and made it subservient to his designs, whilst he scorned to adopt its dogmas. He will be the Magnus Apollo of the new party, which will be but the Republican party in a new guise. Douglas, Stanton, Winter Davis and Humphrey black republicans in a recent election. Marshall, will be his satellites, and utterly powerless to control the organization. The accession of the Sepovs would not be particularly desired save for the fact that he means to run in 1860 as the head of this party for the Presidency, and hopes in this way to give it the "odor of nationality." He is aware that there is danger the South would resist the installation of a President elected on a sectional basis, and by the North so as to create a division in the South on the question of resistance.

Another mode of obviating Southern resistance and secession, will be the avowed purpose of the new party. It will proclaim itself as par excellence the Union party. and may possibly take that very name. It is thought by the contrivers of this scheme, that there is magic enough in the name of Union, to lead the South to acquiesce in the election of Seward, and to submit to the loss of that liberty and equality which the Union was formed to secure.

An important part in the programme, and a leading step towards the consummation of their designs, is the defeat of the Lecompton Constitution. This accomplished, they feel that their onward course to victory that the defeat of Lecompton will knit their party together and give them irresistible strength.

Hon. Jas. D. Treadwell has been re-elected Mayor of Columbia, S. C.

CONGRESSIONAL.

在键位的时间(其位) · 经过过上产的,从

The Senate, on the 5th instant, was engaged all day on the Washington police bill, which was final-

Mr Douglas, from the committee on territories. reported a bill for the admission of Oregon into he Union.

The House concurred in the Senate's amendments to the Army increase bill, which provides for three, instead of five regiments, including one

In the Senate on the 6th inst., Mr Stuart said he had ascertained that the Kansas bill was not sent back to the House, because Mr Slidell wished to reconsider his vote. He strongly condemned the course of Mr Slidell, and said he had sufficient reasons for retaining the bill, which he declined giving. The Minnesota bill was then taken up and discussed.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Deficiency Bill.

The Senate, on the 7th inst., passed the bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union by a vote of 48 to 3-Messrs Clay, Kennedy and Yulee voting nay. The motion for the publication of the obituaries of Senators was discussed, bringing into the debate the strictures on the previous unlimited expense for printing fancy reports, surveys, expeditions, etc. The motion was finally rejected. Mr Douglas, of Illinois, and Mr Fitch, of Indiana, had a misunderstanding in the Senate yesterday. The northern papers erroneously report that Senator Iverson, of Georgia, was engaged in it.

The House resumed the consideration of the deficiency bill. Mr Letcher defended the bill, and proceeded to show that the three millions of money asked, was with the view of enabling the gov- are now under water. ernment to take advantage of the market in supplies for Utah. In regard to clear statements and strict adhesion to the subject, Mr Letcher's speech is said to be superior to any delivered this session.

In the Senate on the 8th inst., Mr Douglas reported a substitute for the Arazona bill. Mr Slidell made a long speech upon the presentation of a medal to Commodore Gen. Walker, and also that of Com. Paulding, but spoke in high terms of Gen. Henningsen. He also said the civil war to accomplish it: therefore, nothing could be done with Cuba at present, except by negotiation; but States to interfere. His speech is looked upon as foreshadowing the policy of the administration in this

The House adhered to its amendment to the Senate Kansas bill, by the same vote as when it was adopted, We had the pleasure of meeting a number of with the exception of Messrs Marshall and Bowie, who

In the House on the 9th, the deficiency bill was reconsidered, and, after discussion, was passed without amendment-ayes 110, nay 97. An announcement that Col. Benton was dead (which is untrue) caused the

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The steamer America has arrived, bringing ad vices from Liverpool to the 27th ult.

The sales of cotton for the week amounted to 6,500 bales, of which speculators took 4,500 and exporters 9,500 bales. The market opened at an advance of \$d, to 1 fathing, but closed at \$d. de cline on middling, and 1 fathing on lower qualities It is stated that a bill has been introduced into

the Spanish Cortez abolishing slavery in the Spanish territories.

Affairs in India appear to be quiet.

A Washington correspondent of the Charleston Mercury says:

"When Mr Gilmer, of N. C., finished his speech on Wednesday last, in opposition to the Lecompton Constitution, Joshua R. Giddings, and several others of his party, crossed the House to shake his hand and congratulate him upon his successful effort. It is said that the congratulations received by Mr Crittenden at the close of his speech in the Senate, from Seward and his crew, scarcely exceeded those lavished upon Mr Gilmer."

We cannot help entertaining a feeling of sorrow for Mr Gilmer. He certainly must feel bad to think that he (a southern man) has done some-

The Banks of Savannah and Augusta, Ga., have agreed to resume specie payment on the 1st

The Legislature of Virginia has passed an act for running and marking the boundary line between Virginia and North Carolina. Also, one authorizing the connection of the Danville Railroad with the N. C. Railroad.

The Legislature appropriated \$2,000 for the purpose of removing the remains of President Monroe from New York to Virginia.

ACCIDENT TO MR MULLINS .- We learn from the Cheraw Gazette that Wm. S. Mullins, Esq., President of the Wilmington and Manchester Rail road, met with a very serious accident on the 5th instant, near Marion Depot, in attempting to get upon the train while it was in motion. He missed his hold and was thrown on the track between the rails, the train passing over him, cutting his head and bruising his person dreadfully.

The State of Connecticut went for the

Illness of Col. Thos. II. Benton. WASHINGTON, April 9 .- Col. Thos. H. Benton still living, but is in a sinking condition

SUPERIOR COURT .- His Honor, Judge Saun-Davis, Humphrey Marshall & Co., into the new party, syth county during the present week. After the disposal of several cases of minor importance, the Court on Wednesday last took up that of the State versus Edward Land and Jesse Weaver, charged with passing counterfeit bank bills. The jury, after several hours' absence, returned with a verdict of guilty in the case of Land, and acquittal in that of Weaver. Land received 39 lashes, and was committed to prison. - Winston Sentinel.

Brigham Threatens Extensively.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 9 .- An arrival from Fort Kearney on the 30th ult, states that Brigham and the spoils of empire is open. They are persuaded Young has notified Col. Johnson to leave the territory by the 10th inst., or that his command will Who are indebted to the late Firm of THOS. TROTTER supply of provisions. Our informer met a supply train of one hundred and sixty wagons at Little made. Blue. Indians on the route peacable.

NEW SCHEDULES

Have been arranged on the North Carolina and Charlotte and Columbia Railroads so as to put passengers through as quick on these Roads as on the lower route. On the N. C. Road, the accommodation or mail train arrives at Charlotte at 7 p. m., and departs at 5 30 a. m. The Express train arrives at 11 30 p. m., and departs

On the Charlotte and Columbia Road the Express train leaves Columbia at 6 55 p. m., and arrives at Charlotte at 1 a. m. Leave Charlotte at 12 m., and arrive

at Columbia at 5 35 a. m. The mail or accommodation train leaves Columbia at 7 30 a. m., and arrives at Charlotte at 3 45 p. m. Leave Charlotte at 6 15 a. m., and arrive at Columbia at

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE & RUTHERFORD RAILROAD COMPANY .- The Directors of the above Company were n session here from Tuesday until yesterday afternoon, when they completed their labors in time to allow those

at a distance to get off by the evening trains.

The Directors were mainly occupied with the financial arrangements necessary for the operations of the Company and the progress of the work. Questions of location were also acted upon. A line passing on the Northward instead of the Southward of the town of. Wadesboro'; also, the Depot at Charlotte was located on the North side, or at the North end of that town. A resolution was passed for letting out the contracts for all the grading between this place and Charlotte forthwith. They will be mainly taken by stockholders, or worked out for the bonds of the counties at par. The Directors appear to be in good spirits, and think they will be able send the locomotive up to the Pee Dee within the

We understand that a change has occurred in the directory by the resignation of P. K. Dickinson, Esq., and the appointment of R. H. Cowan, Esq., in his place. Mr Cowan was one of the original directors, but resigned on account of a pressure of active business engagements which no longer exists .- Wilmington Journal of

St. Louis, April 8 .- Accounts below state that much damage has been done by a great rise in the Mississippi and Arkansas rivers. From the mouth of White River to the Louisiana line there are but few places that will escape being submerged. Whole cotton plantations

The town of Napoleon is completely inundated from the depth of two to ten feet.

Attempted Assassination of the Secretary of the Interior.

Washington, April 8.—A man named Besancan, formerly of New Orleans, attempted to shoot the Secretary of the Interior, Mr Thompson, to-day. The Secretary grappled with him, and threw him on the floor, dislocating his (Besancan's) shoulder. It is thought that the man is temporarily insane.

MARRIED.

In Salisbury, on the 1st inst., by Rev. R. S. Moran. Mr Arthur P. Newson, of Salisbury, to Miss Mattie R. Rush, of Greene county, Ala. In Concord, on the 27th ult., Mr John C. Moore and

Miss Mary C. Keasler, both of Salisbury. In Rowan county, on the 25th ult., Mr Alexander Lyerly and Miss Rosina Klutts. In York District, on the 1st inst., Mr J. T. Whitesides and Miss Sallie Crosby.

On the 30th ult., Mr Wm. F. Millen, of Gaston co., N. C., and Miss Elizabeth Clark, of York District. In Wilmington, on the 8th instant, Allen H. Cutts, Esq., to Miss Anna L. Holmes, daughter of Owen

DIED.

At Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county, at the house of M. Barrier, Esq., Mr O. L. McGinnas, of Gaston county, a student of Western Carolina Academy, aged about 21 years. In relation to his death, the students, at a meetng called for that object, passed resolutions of condolence and sympathy.

In Cabarrus county, on the 1st instant, Mrs Nancy H Moss, wife of Mr J. B. Moss, in the 48th year of her age.

NOTICE.

The Board of Common Schools for Mecklenburg county. will meet at the county Court Clerk's office, in Charlotte on the 3d Monday in April, for the purpose of electing one of their number Chairman; also to attend to any business that may come before them. J. P. ROSS, c. B. S. C. S. April 13, 1858

State of N. Carolina, Mecklenburg Co., Court of Equity-Fall Term, 1857.

C. B. Cross and Cornelia, his wife, vs. W. W. Eln J. S. Means, C. E. Spratt, and Wilson Wallace. In this case, it appearing upon affidavit, that C. Spratt, one of the defendants, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made six weeks in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in Charlotte, N. C., commanding said defendant to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Mecklenburg at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 11th Monday after the 4th Monday in February, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said Bill, otherwise the same will

be heard exparte as to him. WITNESS D. R. Dunlap, Clerk and Master of said Court, at Office in Charlotte, the 7th day of March, D. R. DUNDAP, C. M. E. April 13, 1858. 6t [Pr's fee \$6]

A. BETHUNE, Tailor. ROOM formerly occupied by the Atheneum, Carson'

Building up stairs. Particular attention given to Cutting and Repairing-for CASH ONLY. April 13, 1858.

The Legislature.

The Democrats in each Military District will please meet together and appoint Delegates to a Convention, to be held in Charlotte, on Tuesday of April Court next, for the purpose of selecting three candidates to represent this county in the next Legislature. This is the old, time-honored, democratic way. March 23, 1858. te MANY DEMOCRATS.

The Democrats of Providence Beat Company will meet at the Providence Academy, on Saturday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the County Convention to nominate candidates to represent us in the next Legislature. MANY CITIZENS.

DRS. FOX & WHITE. copartners in the practice of

Medicine and Surgery.

C. J. FOX, M. D. W. E. WHITE. W. E. WHITE, M. D.

NOTICE.

LL those indebted to the subscriber will make im-A mediate settlement, or their Notes and Accounts will be placed in other hands for collection.

WATCHES! WATCHES!!

HE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he still keeps a large assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER and PLATED WARE. and FANCY GOODS.

Which will be sold low for Cash. Call and judge for yourselves. THOS. TROTTER. N. B .- Watch Repairing done in all its branches. April 6, 1858.

All Delinquents,

be annihilated. Young had tendered Johnson a & SON, by Note or Account, are requested to come forward and pay up, or they will have to settle with an officer, as this is positively the last call that will be THOS. TROTTER. April 6, 1858.

CHARLOTTE MARKET

APRIL 13, 1858. Corrected weekly by H. B. Williams & Co.

8	BACON-	COFFEE-
ij	Hams, per fb, 12 @ 00	Rio, 13 @ 14
è	Sides, 12 @ 00	Laguira, 14 @ 16
1	Hog round, 114 @ 12	Java 20 (a) 00
i.	LARD, 12 @ 15	SUGARS-
	FLOUR-	New Orleans, 8 @ 10
j	Extra superfine	Porto Bico, 10 @ 09
1	in bbls. 4 30 @ 0 00	
g	do. in bags 2 15 @ 0 00	
	Superfine " 2 06 (a) 0 00	
	Fine " 2 00 @ 0 00	ground, 14 @ 15
١	GRAIN-	loaf, 16 @ 00
d	Wheat 85 @ 97	MOLASSES-
ú	Corn, 53 @ 58	Sugar House, 50 @ 00
V.	Rye, 80 @ 00	West India, 37 @ 40
į	Peas, 90 @ 00	BUTTER, 18 @ 20
Ė	Beans, white, 1 00 @ 00	
	Oats, 33 @ 37	CHICKENS, 15 @ 20
	MEAL- 58 @ 00	Eggs, 10 @ 00
d	Corron—	FEATHERS, 33 @ 37
J	Fair to good, 11 @ 00	BEEF-
	Ordin. to mid. 10 @ 00	On the hoof, 6 @ 0
J.	HIDES—	By retail, 7 @ 9
j	Dry, 10 @ 12	SALT, per sack, 1 50 @ 1 6
	Green, 5 @ 6	Potatoss,
	Domestic Goods-	Irish, 75 @ 10
į	4-4 sheeting, 10 @ 00	Northern, 200 @ 00
d	h'vy Osnab gs 12 @ 00	Sweet, 1 50 @ 20
	COPPERAS CLOTH, 15 @ 20	CANDLES-
Ŋ	Linsey, 371 @ 00	Adamantine, 26 @ 30
Ì	COTTON YARN-	Sperm, 40 @ 00
1	No. 5 to 10, 1 00 @ 1 10	Tallow, 20 a 25
1	BAGGING-	MACKEREL-
1	Gunny, 163 @ 00	No. 1, 22 1 bbl 8 50 a 0 0
1	Iron-	SPIRITS-
١	Common, 5 @ 0	Rye Whiskey, 75 a 00
1	Rolled, 54 @ 0	N. C. " 37 a 42
-	Swedes, 7 @ 0	Apple Brandy, 75 a 1 0
1	NAILS, 5 a 6	Peach " 1 50 a 0 0
-	DEM	

REMARKS.

The market was not very active last week, farmers being busy about this time with preparations for plant-

Coттох-A little offering each day, and sales at 101 o 103. Towards the latter part of the week prices adanced and 11 cents was offered. The last foreign news having reported an advance, a good article will command 11 cents readily, with buyers rather anxious.

Conn has advanced a few cents, and is in demand. We also advance quotations for Meal.

WHEAT is rather scarce—not much offering. FLOUR has declined. The market has been well sup-

Bacon remains about the same, and finds ready sale at quotations. Lard is scarce and much wanted-some ots sold last week at 14 cents.

COLUMBIA, April 10 .- The prices of cotton are steadily advancing. The demand, yesterday, was very active, and 12 cents was paid for strictly fair.

CHARLESTON, April 9 .- The cotton market was buoyant and active to-day, and prices have further advanced to to. The transaction amounted to 2,560 bales at 91 to 121c. The market closing firm at 12c. for strict middlings; 121 to 121c. for good middlings, and 12 to 121 for middling fair to fair.

RECEIVING,

A Large Stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Bonnetts and Ribbons, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' Shoes, a large Stock of Groceries, a

Full Supply of Hardware, Fancy Goods: Watches and Jewelry, and 10,000 other articles not mentioned. Please call at Springs' Corner before buying and be satisfied that it is after all the best place to buy

HENDERSON & AHRENS. N. B .- We have also a full Stock of the above Goods

MORROWS' TURN OUT. To which we would invite the attention of the public that neighborhood. HENDERSON & AHRENS.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Spring Stock.

BOONE & CO.

A RE now receiving and opening the CHEAPEST stock of BOOTS and SHOES they have ever had the pleasure of offering to the public, and as they wish to do an entire cash business, they will offer

Rare Inducements to Cash buyers. In every instance where goods have to be charged, an dditional charge of 25 per cent. will be made. BOONE & CO. April 6, 1858.

Ladies fine black Lasting Gaiters \$1 cash, at BOONE & CO'S.

Gents' fine Calf (kid top) Gaiters. for \$2-plain do. \$1 75. BOONE & CO. ILES' best Ladies' Goat BOOTS and Buskins, for

ISSES, Boy's, Youths, children's and infants Boots, Shoes & Gaiters n endless variety, and at UNPRECEDENTED LOW PRICES,

April 6, 1858. at BOONE'S. GENTS' FINE CALF pegged BROGANS \$1 25 to \$1 50-Extra \$2, cash, at BOONE'S.

GENTS' Bay State SLIPPERS ... Enamelled BOONE & CO. ADIES' fine Kid Buskins and Slippers, at \$1 cash,

A for sale at Ladies' fine col'd silk Lasting Gaiters, \$1 25-Congress do. \$1 50, cash. BOONE & CO. GENTLEMEN who wish a fine pair of Boots or Gaiters, and have the CASH, can be suited at

BOONE'S for less money than at any other house in the State. We mean what we say. BOONE & CO. FAIR NOTICE.

ALL Notes and Accounts due us, not settled by the first of May next, will be put out for collection. BOONE & CO.

Men's un-bound Kip Brogans, Good article, at \$1-prime do. \$1 25. BOONE & CO. BOONE'S is the only House in town that

will sell Miles' fine DRESS BOOTS for \$7. CASH PAID FOR HIDES. BY S. M. HOWELL.

THREE DOORS SOUTH OF THE MANSION HOUSE.

R. M. OATES & CO.

ARE now receiving 1000 SACKS SALT, which they will sell for \$1 60, and in lots of 50 or 100 Sacks a deduction will be made. April, 6 1858,

SELLING OFF AT COST: THE LADIES are respectfully informed that, as Trustee of Leroy Springs, I am offering, at cost, a large and well-selected Stock of very superior

Laces, Silks, Crapes, &c., &c., Indeed, almost every description of valuable merchandise in the Ladies' Department. Give us a call at the New Brick Store below Williams'

corner. Mr Caldwell and Mr McLeod will take pleasure in waiting on you. Trustee. March 9, 1858.