# AT, CHARLOTTE, N. C. AUESTERN Memorial.

OFFICE

SIDE OF TRADE STREET

CHARACTER IS AS IMPORTANT TO STATES AS IT IS TO INDIVIDUALS, AND THE GLORY OF THE ONE IS THE COMMON PROPERTY OF THE OTHER.

\$2 per annum IN ADVANCE.

WILLIAM J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 20, 1858.

SIXTH VOLUME --- NUMBER 305.

#### THE TERIORIZO Published every Tuesday,

WM. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. EDWIN A. YATES, Associate Editor.

TERMS. PER ANNUM: If paid within six months,..... 2 50 If paid after the expiration of the year, ...... 3 00 Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription (\$10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year.

Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

Rates of Advertising: One square of 14 lines or less, for 3 months, \$ 4 00 6 " 10 00 One square, or less, first insertion, ....... \$ 1 00 Each subsequent insertion, ..... Transient advertisements must be paid for in For announcing Candidates for Office, \$5 in

Bey" Advertisements not marked on the manuscript for a specific time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

## Yegal Motices.

SAM: P. SMITH,

January 26, 1858.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law AY ALWAYS BE FOUND AT THE OFFICE of Wm. Johnston, Esq. Beg Prompt attention given to Collections, writing of Deeds, Conveyances, &c.

W. A. OWENS ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLOTTE, N. C. WILL practice in the Courts of this and the adjoin-ing Counties.

OFFICE NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. January 19, 1858.

WILLIAM J. KERR. ATTORNEY AT LAW & SOLICITOR IN EQUITY, Charlotte, N. C.

WILL practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg and the adjoining Counties. Special attention paid to collection of claims. OFFICE in the building formerly occupied by the State Bank. January 12, 1858.

H. Laf. ALEXANDER. Attorney at Law, Charlotte, N. C. Office over China Hall.

R. P. WARING, Attorney at Law, Charlotte, N. C., No. 5, Springs' Building,

Will in future devote his time exclusively to the duties of his profession.

S. W. DAVIS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Medical Notices.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D. MEDICINE AND SURGERY,

Office No. 5, Granite Row, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

February 19, 1858.

DR. R. WYSONG,

CHARLOTTE, N. C., RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the citizens of the Town and vicinity. Office in Springs' Building. April 28, 1857.

DR. L. L. PCLLCCK OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO tion, the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity.

OFFICE on Trade street, two doors South of the Court House. December 29, 1857.

NOTICE. have this day placed in the hands of SAM'L P. in town, where they intend keeping a supply of all SMITH, Esq., for collection, all the Notes and Ac- kinds of Lumber for building and other purposes. Mr arrears are requested to call at his Office and settle im- be made to him or to either of the undersigned.

mediately; in so doing they will save costs. J. B. F. BOONE. T. H. BREM & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, HATS, AND SHOES,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

New Millinery AND MANTUA MAK-ING ESTABLISHMENT.

RS. P. M. SMITH would inform the public that she intends carrying on the above business at her residence, next door to the new Episcopal Church. She would also inform the ladies that she has just received a supply of Bonnet Trimmings, consisting of Flowers, Feathers, Brouches. &c. Oct. 27, 1857.

MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING.

MRS. WHEALAN respectfully informs the ladies of Charlotte and vicinity, that she has returned, and offers her services to her old customers and friends. Residence one door above the Post Office. June 30, 1857.

LUMBER.

or \$1 delivered on the cars at Fort Mills. W. I. & C. L. CLAWSON. February 2, 1858, 3m-pd

### SCARR & CO., Druggists & Chemists,

No. 4, Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C., NVITE the attentionn of Physicians, Planters, Merchants, &c., to their new and complete stock of DRUGS, CHEMI-CALS, &c. The extensive patronage they have received from the Physicians of Charlotte and its vicinity is the best guarantee of the PURITY OF THE DRUGS sold by March 30, 1858.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.—SILVER'S PLASTIC Cheap, Durable and Protective; Weather and Fire Proof. For sale Wholesale an Retail by

SCARR & CO., Chemists & Druggists. ATENT MEDICINES just received from the Warehouse: Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Rogers' Liverwort

and Tar, Wistar's Balsan. Guysott's Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock, McLane's Pills, Strong's Pills, Ayers' Pills, &c., &c., at SCARR & CO.'S, Druggists.

Wood's Hair Restorative. A fresh supply of this invaluable preparation for the Hair has just been received direct from New York, by SCARR & CO.

SAVAGE'S URSINA, or CANADIAN BEAR'S GREASE, an elegant application for imparting a beautiful gloss to the hair, for sale at SCARR & CO.'S Drug Store.

Bouquet D'Orleans, or xx Bourbon, From groves of sweet flowers this perfume was culled, Where deep golden summers exalt the perfume, Where the breeze from the South in the deep glen is

Where flowers exhale, but forever resume-To impart this aroma, 'tis the sweetest, the best, It steals o'er the senses like the nectar of Jove. To the bouquet of beauty it gives a new zest, Is the pride of the toilet and the perfume of love. Distilled with great care from the choicest flowers of the South, expressly for the Boudour, Toilet and Handkerchief. For sale in Charlotte by F. SCARR & CO.

KID GLOVES.

ANCASTER'S KID GLOVE CLEANER, an un-A failing preparation, easy and simple in application, removing all stains and grease from the Glove; at SCARR & CO.'S Drug Store.

The Great English Remedy. SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS.

PREPARED FROM A PRESCRIPTION OF SIR J. CLARKE, M. D. PHYSICIAN EXTRAGRDINARY TO THE QUEEN. THIS well known medicine is no imposition, but a Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly

These Pills have never been known to fail where the Directions on the 2d page of Pamphlet are well observed. For full particulars, get a pamphlet, gratis, of the

N. B .- \$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 Pills, by return mail. Sold in Charlotte by F. SCARR & CO., sole Agents, and by Haviland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston, Wholesale agents. March 2, 1858.

FRESH BAKER'S BREAD.

SUPERIOR Bread baked every morning for families, at J. D. PALMER'S Confectionery, one door above the Bank of Charlotte. February 2, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE TAX LISTS for 1856 are now in my hands ready for inspection. I request all persons to inform me of any Taxables which have been listed. Come now and pay your Taxes.

N. B .- Delinquents for 1854-'55, do you ever intend to pay your Taxes? If you do, now is a favorable time; if you do not, come, and I will take pleasure in handing over your receipts, as they are accumulating on my E. C. GRIER, Sheriff. March 30, 1857.

A Reliable NOTICE.

THE Firm of BREM & STEELE was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1858. The business of the Firm is in my hands for collection

and settlement; and I hereby respectfully request all persons idebted to the late firm by Book Account to ome forward and settle between this date and the 1st day of July, 1858, as I do assure you that all accounts due the firm at that time will be put in suit for collec-A. C. STEELE.

Charlotte, Feb. 16, 1858.

Lumber Yard. THE subscribers inform the citizens of Charlotte and vicinity that they have established a LUMBER YARD

counts due me at the Shoe Store. All persons in Jonas Rudisill is their agent in town-application may MILLER & PORTER. Oct 6, 1857.

> FIRM. ME AN

THE undersigned having entered into Copartnership for the purpose of carying on the CONFECTIONERY, BAKERY, FRUIT

Beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Char- and Swiss Collars and Sleeves. lotte and surrounding country to their New Stand Trade Street, between Brem's and Frankenthall's, at Spratt & Daniel's old Stand, where they would be pleased to see all their friends and acquaintances. MOODY & NISBET.

NOTICE.

January 25, 1858.

VIRTUE of a DEED OF TRUST, executed to The by Alexander Graham, I will sell at Public Auction, on Tuesday of April Court, several

Valuable Negroes. Also, a PRIVATE RESIDENCE,

Wagon and Team, and many other articles. Terms made known on day of sale. H. B. WILLIAMS, Trustee.

Town Taxes. I now have the Tax Lists for 1857 ready for settlement. Persons liable to pay tax will please call on the E will deliver Lumber of all descriptions in ment. Persons liable to pay tax will please call on the Charlotte at \$1 25 per hundred, board measure undersigned and settle forthwith. It is hoped that this undersigned and settle forthwith. notice will be sufficient, as the money must be collect-S. A. HARRIS, Tax Collector. June 16, 1857. tf

## BOOTS AND SHOES. Spring Stock.

BOONE & CO. A RE now receiving and opening the CHEAPEST stock of BOOTS and SHOES they have ever had

the pleasure of offering to the public, and as they wish to do an entire cash business, they will offer

Rare Inducements to Cash buyers. In every instance where goods have to be charged, an additional charge of 25 per cent. will be made.

April 6, 1858. tf BOONE BOONE & CO.

Ladies fine black Lasting Gaiters at \$1 cash, at BOONE & CO'S. Gents' fine Calf (kid top) Gaiters, for \$2-plain do. \$1 75. BOONE & CO. ILES' best Ladies' Goat BOOTS and Buskins, for \$1 40, cash. BOONE & CO.

ISSES, Boy's, Youths, children's and infants Boots, Shoes & Gaiters in endless variety, and at unprecedented low prices, at BOONE'S.

GENTS' FINE CALF pegged BROGANS, \$1 25 to \$1 50-Extra \$2, cash, at

GENTS' Bay State SLIPPERS,.....\$1 00 Enamelled " BOONE & CO.

ADIES' fine Kid Buskins and Slippers, at \$1 cash, BOONE'S. Ladies' fine col'd silk Lasting Gaiters, \$1 25-Con-BOONE & CO. gress do. \$1 50, cash.

GENTLEMEN who wish a fine pair of Boots or Gaiters, and have the CASH, can be suited at BOONE'S for less money than at any other house in the State. We mean what we say. BOONE & CO.

FAIR NOTICE. ALL Notes and Accounts due us, not settled by the first of May next, will be put out for collection. BOONE & CO. April 6, 1858.

Men's un-bound Kip Brogans, lood article, at \$1-prime do. \$1 25.

BOONE'S is the only House in town that Il sell Miles' fine DRESS BOOTS for \$7.

T. H. BREM & CO. AVE just opened a magnificent stock of New Goods suitable for the SPRING and SUMMER

wear, embracing every novelty of the season

I sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Chantilly and Brussels Lace, Mantillas, Scarfs, Talmas, &c., We have now in Store a magnificent collection of tirely new shapes, just received from New York. T. H. BREM & CO.

March 30, 1858. First Spring Exposition of Paris Bonnets and Head-Dresses, Flowers and Ribbons.

Ladies are respectfully invited to examine our stock, as unusual care has been employed to obtain the most recherche articles of the season. We confidently solicit the inspection of the Ladies, satisfied that for extent, beauty and variety, our assortment will be found superior to any ever exhibited in the State. T. H. BREM & CO.

MOURNING GOODS. T. H. BREM &. CO. have opened a large stock of the above named Goods, suitable for the Spring Trade.

Superior Family Linen Sheeting, Damasks, Napkins, Doylies, Towelings, Table Cloths, &c., &c., full Spring stock now ready.

T. H. BREM & CO. NEW SPRING SHAWLS,

At Wholesule and Retail.

500 Elegant Stella Shawls just opened, and for sale at very low prices, by. T. H. BREM & CO.

PICH Flounced and Aquilla ROBES, also, Chene, fuller account of the attace plaid, and Bayadere SILKS, BROCADES, son, mentioned last week: MOIRE ANTIQUES, and every variety of Spring DRESS SILKS, just received T. H. BREM & CO.

T. H. BREM & CO have a large stock of Dress and Mantilla Trimmings, Buttons, Braids, &c. Berlin, Zephyr, and Wool Cheniele, Embroidering Cotton, Embroidering Silk, Canvass, &c.

tan and Whalebone Skirt; the Balmoral Skirt, or RED PETTICOAT, the best ever oficred, made to order and T. H. BREM & CO.

brellas ever offered in the State.

Goods in great variety at T. H. BREM & CO.

B50 Berage Flounced ROBES—beautiful Spring style; also, a full assortment of Tissue, Grenadine, and Board Cambric Robes-new designs.

ackonet and Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Flouncing, Dimity bands, &c., just received. T. H. BREM & CO. est to the finest quality, kept constantly for sale by

CARPETINGS, Upholdstery, Curtain Materials, Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Cords Secreta and Tassals, Lace Curtains, &c., Spring assertment, -ALSO-Oil Cloths, Duggets, Rugs, Mats, &c.,

T. H. BREM & CO.

at reduced prices. T. H. BREM & CO.

retailed at wholesale prices by T. H. BREM & CO. RENCH, English, Chintz and American Prints, Paris Brilliants, printed and in plain colors, Fig'd Marseilles, Organdies, Jackonets, Cambrics, and choice cotton fabrics in every variety, for Spring wear, at T. H. BREM & CO.

Western Democrat. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

From the Baltimore Sun.

MARYLAND CONTESTED ELECTION. We have received a public document containing the papers in the contested election case of the 3d Condressional district. Wm. P. Whyte, contest- fun of the game, and that is the principle of the request of the relief committee, has been sent down ant, against J. Morrison Harris, contestee. The whole of them. matter is presented at length, occupying a volume of three hundred and twenty large octave pages. It comprises the letter of Mr Whyte, announcing tickets in that lottery until he had spent \$500,000, his intention to contest the election; the reply of he would lose just \$200,000. He might draw and forty-four witnesses, conducted before Justices money to keep it up, he is liable to lose all his mo-

We have looked through a considerable portion get for the balance of his life. of the testimony, with a view of making some seat random, anywhere, and it would afford a revolt- draw these lotteries so often. Swan or Don Roding exhibit of the whole. The volume is, in fact, riguez advertises a lottery to be drawn in a month. a record of the most shameless and audacious vio- There is one prize of fifty, sixty, or a hundred lations of law, public order, the rights of suffrage thousand dollars, and others of smaller size. If and the decencies of society, that any official docu- you will examine the number of tickets to be sold laid bare to public inspection, and if we are to infer more than about three-fifths of the money. But from the manner in which the system was carried the tickets are never sold; yet the drawing goes on. out in practice in the lower wards, the same sort of Then how are the prizes to be paid? Why, out of thing in the upper, we must confess that the ag- your money of course. Take the scheme which is really the best evidence extant of the extreme tickets at \$20 each; this makes \$500,000; the prizes moderation of the American party at the Congres- amount to \$300,000. Now, suppose half the ticksional election. For instead of 7,000 for Mr Davis ets are sold-that is \$250,000; but the whole \$300,and 3,000 for Mr Harris, it would only have been | 000 is to be drawn. Well, you have half the tickat the cost of a little more effort to have doubled ets-the lottery man has the other half. His half the majority in each case.

exclusion at will of naturalized persons from the \$250,000; he has put in nothing. You draw\$150, polls; the determination to do this; the attrocious | 000, and so does he. He pays you and has \$100, manner in which it was done; the deliberate con- | 000 of your money left to pay towards the \$150, nivance of the regular police; the outrage and vio- | 000 which he drew. lence committed against individuals; the daring frauds by which the ballot boxes were crowded with illegal votes; the perversion of the ballot by striped tickets, and, in short, a history of wrongs so great as to justify the unqualified assertion, that the civil and political rights of the people were utterly subverted by organized ruffianism, throughout the whole mockery of the election of the 4th

of November. A considerable portion of the testimony is that of well known citizens, men of undoubted character, some acting officially, and some of the most striking facts were elicited from members of the American party, also acting officially. The tone of the wole voluminous record is the same from beginning to end, and the reiterated assertions of the witnesses, together with the overwhelming testimony, is direct to the fact that it was not "possible for the people of the District, at that election, freely and fairly to express their choice for a representative to Congress." The record is a sad commentary upon our boasted civilization and political liberties, for the conclusion is irresistable, that no despotism could more effectually disfranchise a people, and in a manner more humiliating than the democratic party of Baltimore were disfranchised by mob law at the late Congressional

election in Baltimore. It will be remembered that at or fifty or a hundred; it is the \$50,000 prize that the time the democrats charged that the know-nothings seduces them. If out of the 30,000 tickets the carried the election by fraud and violence, electing lottery man can sell 10,000, he is safe, and he will Henry Winter Davis (who always votes against the clear \$40,000 by the operation. Now, what is the south) and Harris, whose seat was contested as above remedy? Why, to repeal the laws against lotte-

ATTACK ON THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

fuller account of the attack on Secretary Thomp-

This forenoon, at about 10 o'clock, Mr Peter Besancon, Jr., of Louisiana, late a clerk in the Pension office, called on the Secretary of the Interior in the Department, and in answer to his inquires, was informed by that functionary, as the reason why he was dropped last year, that he was not reported among the most efficient clerks, when, THE Skeleton Steel Spring Skirt, with 11 springs, under the law, it became necessary to reduce the I made of watch spring steel; also, the skeleton Rat- clerical force of the Pension bureau. Besancon then told the Secretary that whoever reported him to be inefficient, was a damned liar; and the Sec- and lawless banditti, he was suffered to pass with their names changed without assistance. T. H. BREM & CO are offering the most extensive assortment of Parasols and Um- that he should listen to such abuse of the officers alone—let him pass he is a man of God." This a habit of keeping himself and everybody else to con followed him, (the Secretary,) exclaiming "I from perishing by famine, when the neighboring circuit dinner, having asked a country magistrate BLEACHED and Brown Shirtings, Cotton Flannel, demand to know who was your informant!" when heathen rafused to supply it with provisions on If he would take venison, and receiving what he Tickings, Sheetings, Osnaburgs, and domestic Secretary Thompson again declined to converse any other assurance than that of his word. Even with him again upon the subject. Besancon then the tyrant Hyder Ally, while he refused to negoti- I am going to take boiled chicken"—his lordship

seizing him so as to pinion his arms to his side, religion. Grocery Business, Real Lace Setts, which we are offering very low; also, a large lot of Cambric, Jackonet, eate his (Resencen's) about low and dislocated the setting forms as to pinion his arms to his side, threw him to the floor with such force as to dislocate his (Resencen's) about low and dislocated the setting forms are setting from the setting forms and the setting force as to dislocate his (Resencen's) about low and dislocated the setting from the setting cate his (Besancon's) shoulder, and, we believe, and placed in an adjoining room for safe keeping, by those who had rushed to the scene of the oc-

surgical treatment.

life must have been the result of the derangement of Besancon, whose mind has for some time past

A witness in a Hoosier court being asked how he knew that two certain persons were man and dence was held as conclusive.

LOTTERIES.

It is a strange thing that men will buy lottery tickets. We have before us the scheme of the celebrated Havana Lottery. There are twenty-five thousand tickets at \$20 each-making \$500,000. tain parts of that country, amongst whom, they Then if a man were to buy all the tickets and draw alleged great destitution and distress existed. In all the prizes, he would lose just \$200,000; that is, consequence of the truth of their statements havhe would pay the lottery men just that much for the ing been questioned, a special reporter, at the

Now, the doctrine of chances is just as certain as Mr Harris and other preliminary papers. Then \$100,000 the first time; but he would in the end follows the testimony, which includes the state- come out loser just two-fifths of all the money he ments and particular examination of one hundred put in. The misfortune is, that not having the Hugh J. Morrison, Daniel E. Myers and John Mc- ney before he draws anything; and perhaps a still Alister. The examination seems to have been congreater misfortune is, that if in the early part of his ducted invariably by Mr Whyte in person, and on career he draws a prize, he will come to the conthe part of Mr Harris by Mr R. J. Gittings, his clusion that he is a lucky man, and will not only spend what he has drawn, but all that he can

It is on account of the certainty of the operation lections for publication, but we might take a page of the doctrine of chances, that they are able to ment presents in the United States. It betrays a and the amount of the prizes, you will find that if systematic and persistent fraud at the polls, thus the tickets are all sold the prizes do not amount to gregate of the sitting members from Baltimore is now before us: There are twenty-five thousand of the tickets will draw one-half of the prizes; yours The evidence establishes beyond controversy the will draw the other half. But you have put in

Now whether he sells the whole of the tickets or a half, a fourth or a tenth of them, is a matter of very little consequence to him. He is just as certain of two fifths of all the money he receives as if you were just to hand him \$10 and tell him to give you back \$6 of it and keep the other four. It is this which makes lotteries as at present

all the tickets were sold, it would be a long time between them; but they can draw every month, and they can make big prizes as well as little ones. There is only one thing to be guarded against. We have said that his half of the tickets will draw half the prizes. If you could have access to the books of these lottery men, you will find that in a series of drawings he has drawn prizes, both in number and amount, precisely in proportion to his unsold tickets; but just for one lottery it may

ful not to draw until he has sold tickets enough to pay the large prize.

Now what is the remedy for the evil of lotteries? The evil is this: A man advertises a lottery to be drawn in a month, with a prize of \$50,000; tickets not clad, unless you could call a shapeless garment, \$10 each; 30,000 tickets at \$10 each make \$300,-000; the prizes all amount to \$200,000. Men who want to get rich, or who are hard pressed for money [The above is in relation to the last Congressional | think there is a chance, and they spend ten dollars ries. Men will gamble, until they get better than they are now. But how is the repeal of the laws to remedy the evil. By removing the temptation, at least by diminishing it. A hundred men will buy The "Washington Star" gives the following a ticket in a lottery where there is a \$50, 000 prize, to one who will buy a lottery with a \$10,000 prize. Now, men make lotteries, and they retain two-fifths of all the money. Repeal the laws and others will engage in it, and competition will reduce the profits. They cannot make the prizes so large or draw so ofton. The profits will be so reduced that they cannot afford to advertise and the thing will die out .- Columbus Corner Stone.

THE RIGHTEOUS REVERED.—The Lutheran retary told him he could have no further conversa- his catechumens through contending parties, unof his Department: Turning to leave him, Besan- modern apostle preserved the inhabitants of a fort the precise matter in hand, that once, during a instantly struck him a violent blow behind the ear, ate in a certain treaty with others, said : 'Send me sharply replied-"That, sir, is no answer to my as he, (Secretary Thompson) was walking away.

The Secretary turning instantly, discovered Besancon in the act of drawing a revolver, and a tribute is this to the influence of the Christian further prevaracation.

break his arm also; the Secretary falling heavily eling the Far West, when they stopped to take written this epitaph: on him, and preventing him from cocking his re- suppor at a small road-side tavern, kept by a very Underneath this turf doth lie, volver by seizing his hand and holding it. The rough Yankee woman. The landlady, in a calico bystanders had time to interfere and wrench the sun-bonnet and bare feet stood at the head of the Shirt Bosoms and Collars—assorted sizes—and in all the different plain and fancy Styles, from the coars—tary Thompson released him and he was taken up they chose long sweetening or short small the sweeten tary Thompson released him, and he was taken up they chose long-sweetening or short sweetening in their coffee." The first officer, supposing that "long sweetening meant a large portion of the article, chose it accordingly. What was his dismay Secretary Thompson has made out an order for when he saw their hostess dip her finger deep down his admission to the Washington Infirmary, for into an earthern jar of honey that stood near her, and then stir it (the finger) round in the coffee. It seems to us that the attempt on the secretary's His companion, seeing this, preferred "shortsweetening;" upon which the woman picked up a large lump of maple sugar that lay in a brown paper on PRING Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Linens, Mar-seilles, and Tailor's Trimmings of every description, ficulties.

been somewhat unsettled through his domestic dif-into the cup. Both gentlemen dispensed with coffee that evening.

> Hook was walking with a friend, when they wife, replied: "Why, dog on it, I've heard 'em came to a toll-bridge. The friend asked if Hook scolding each other more'n fifty times." The evi- knew who built the bridge. "No," replied Hook, "but if you go over, you will be tolled."

FRIGHTFUL DESTITUTION IN IRE-LAND.

The Catholic clergy of Donegal, some time ago, issued an appeal on behalf of the peasantry of cerby the proprietors of the Dublin Evening Post to make investigation on the spot, and in a communi-

cation to that paper of Tuesday, the 16th, we find the result of his visit and inquiries. Gweedore and Cloughaniely, the districts in question, embracing a territory of mountain and bog, with an occasional strip of land, lying on the north west of Donegal. The weather at the time of the visit was very severe, and the ground covered with snow. On reaching the scene of destitution, says the reporter, "I perceived perhaps one hundred or one hundred and fifty persons, male and female, waiting with petitions and memorials in hand, to be presented for relief. Of these the majority were matrons, barefooted and without stockings, and some of those who possessed the luxury of stockings had not shoes or brogans. The bare limbs of these women appeared to be swollen and

covered with chilblains. He visited some of their houses-if houses they can be called. Here is a description :- "I entered one on all fours through a hole in the wall, and I there found an aged matron. Father Doherty preceded and led the way, or I dare say I should have been denied admittance to that abode of misery and destitution. She was seated before a fire on the hearth, the turf of which had been dug by the male members of the family. There was no window or aperture to admit the light of day, save the hole by which I enterred. There, and elsewhere, there was no time to be lost. The inquiry was proceeded with by Father Doherty, who showed me the bed on which some of the family lay, and here is a true description:

"The head of the bed was in the corner, a few sods of earth at the head and foot to support it: board for the side, with a few sticks thrown across, one end inserted in the wall, and the other end supported by stones and turf. There was no bedtick, no clothing, with the exception of a woolen rag, which could not bear the name of blanket, nor was it sufficient in size for a single grown adult, certainly not fit to cover a person of full growth. Here in this hovel, unfit for the habitation of a single human creature, there were seven persons.

Of their food he says-"In another house we asked what their food was, and they exhibited a metal pot which contained the meal for the family. conducted so fatal. If they could not draw until This was chopped or pounded potatoes in a pulp, and with this pulp re-heated, and with some seaweed which they exhibited in a wooden vessel. called a noggin, they made their dinner and supper

The two following pictures of distress, he says, apply to hundreds of cases :- "The day was awfully severe, and all who could remain inside doors without the pressing necessity of going abroad were huddled about the fire. In one of these domicils there was a female, and she was one of many in happen that the large prize may fall on your side. Then if he has no funds on hand he must be carethe fifteen or twenty houses I explored in this part of the Gweedore. She was about sixteen, and when called upon by Father Dougherty to come forward, she advanced with an air of confidence, perfectly unconscious of her gracefulness and beauty of her form. This poor helpless child was

> thrown over without inner covering, clothing. "But in this house there was another female older than the one whom I have just now introduced. The girl was about twenty, or thereabouts. This poor creature had neither shoe nor stocking, and avoiding the presence of strangers, she shrunk away back into the obscure corner in the dark, from which she had been reluctantly drawn by the priest she revered.

> In conclusion, the report states-"What I have now said of a few cases might apply to all I have seen of deplorable distress in this district of the Gweedore. But I was informed by many that there are more miserable and desolate in the more remote and isolated parts of Gweedore."

AN OFFICIAL JOKER.—It is said that Gov. Weller, of California, has perpetrated two jokes since he went into office. One was to recommend the appointment of a night-watch to guard the State Treasury while the Legislature is in session; the other was the expression of a hope, in a message announcing to the Assembly the approval of a bill for the change of a woman's name, that as Missionary Schwartz had acquired such a character | there are a great many more men than women in among the heathen that when among a barbarous the State, hereafter the women will be able to have

There is a town out in Texas, in which it is said A SITUATION .- Two young officers were tray- there is but one grave, upon the slab of which is

Back to back, my wife and I, Generous stranger, spare the tear For the two who slumber here; Happier far than when in life-Free from noise and free from strife; When the last trump the air shall fill, If she gets up, I'll just lie still.

The ladies say they are opposed to stopping the males on the Sabbath, especially in the evening, unless they stop at their houses.

People of mean capacities always despise and ridicule more what is above the reach of their own intellect, than that below its standard. One of the most beautiful expressions of Longfellow, is this: "Sunday is the golden clasp, that

POEM .- The wind it blew, the snow it flew, and raised particular thunder-with skirts and hoops and chicken coops-and all such kind of plunder.

binds together the volume of the week."