

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, December 7, 1858.

REPORTS OF INTENDANT & TREAS.

the Intendant and Treasurer of Charlotte. The term of office of the present Intendant and Commissioners soon expires. We believe they, as well as all the other Town officers, have labored to discharge their duties faithfully and satisfactorily, and if they have failed in any respect, we do not think it can be attributed to any neglect on their part or the lack of proper attention to their duties. We feel sure that all are gratified at the improvement of our streets and sidewalks within the past year. As to Mayor Parks, we venture the opinion that no town in the State has ever had a better officer, or one who more fearlessly discharged his duties. We say this much in regard to our town officers because it is deserving, and not from any party feeling in their favor, for we had nothing to do with placing them in office, as we have always refused to take part or have anything to do with the municipal elections.

DEATH OF JUDGE NASH.

The Hon. Frederick Nash, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, died at his residence in Hillsboro' on Saturday last, the 4th inst. He was 77 years old, and had been on the bench in North Carolina for a number of years past.

THE BANK OF THE STATE OF N. C. has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent.

ordinary calibre. The resolution was tabled.

CLOUDS OF BUTTERFLIES .- We were recently informed by a gentleman from the Western part of the State, that during the month of August, at Reedy Patch Gap, a cloud of Butterflies passed over that section for eleven days continuously. As he expressed it, "there were considerably more than ninety thousand millions," causing many of the settlers of that region to imagine that the last day had come.

The Grand Jury of the U. S. District Court of South Carolina, have refused to find a true bill against the crew of the slaver Echo for being engaged in the slave trade.

THE AIR LINE RAILROAD.—This Road, marked out from Atlanta, Ga., to Charlotte, N. C., 18 still under way, as will be seen by the following

from the Atlanta Intelligencer: "We learn that Mr B. C. Morse, the Chief Engincer of the Georgia Air-Line Railroad, having tegrity, ability and learning in the law, to be the advertised eleven miles of work from Gainesville towards Atlanta, has let out seven and a quarter to elect one, and the Sheriff to certify the same to at fair rates, to be paid all in stock of the company, the Governor, who commissions the judge accordand says that he can let out a large amount of ingly. work to pay one half stock and one half cash."

THE S. C. CONFERENCE met in Charleston on Wednesday last-Bishop Andrew presiding. We will publish a list of the appointments next week.

U. S. SENATOR.—The Legislature of South Carolina, after nine ballotings, succeeded on the 2d inst. in electing a U. S. Senator. Col. James Chestnut, Jr., having received 92 votes-a majority of 30 over all others-was declared elected for six years from the 4th of March next. At the time of his election Mr Chestnut was Speaker of

Cantwell's New Book .- A correspondent of the Wilmington Journal, writing from Raleigh

"I have had the privilege granted me of look- courts of chancery exercise jurisdiction, etc. ing over the manuscript sheets of the forthcoming yer, and the Magistrate. It makes no new law, extends to life, limb or member. nor does it revise, for the accomplished author has not been invested with authority to do anything of | ter sessions hereafter "County Courts," and gives the kind; but its great, and its intrinsic value, them exclusive jurisdiction of County business. obvious upon a review of it, will consist in the faly classified and arranged, so as to be easy of refer- and every appointment of guardian, \$1. ence. To produce such a work, so successfully Section eighth, provides for taking appeals from as this has been done, has required diligent and in- the judgment of a single justice of the peace, to the telligent investigation, laborious analysis and nice | court of common pleas instead of the county courts. in the forms of practice, and has not been antici- alone. pated, as might be supposed, by Eaton's work. Section tenth, provides for removing the trial

It is said that a Mr Hughes has made an offer to the directors of the Atlantic cable, that if they will allow him the sole management of the concern he will make it work, or receive no pay. If he succeeds, his batteries are to be used at both ends of the line. Mr H. is an American, and notwithstanding the recent monopoly of cable honors by England, the London Times thinks the directors ought to take him up-we mean his offer-and seems highly pleased at finding even an American who can give speech to that which was "born dumb." The next news will be-Queen's message and rise of stocks!

city, on Saturday morning, November 27th.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

It is truly refreshing, after the dark and fearful storms which have shaken the Union to its centre, to look out upon the political sky and see the lowering clouds curl and roll away, burying themselves forever, as we trust, in the deep bosom of the ocean of oblivion, where the vile breath of the fanatic and the hand of the destroyer of his coun-We refer our town readers to the annual Reports of try's peace, shall be alike impotent to stir them from their eternal rest.

The recent efforts of the Frecsoilers in "bleeding Kansas" to hold a Convention for the purpose of forming an anti-slavery Constitution, under which to ask for admission into the Union, having resulted in a complete failure, spikes the longest abolition gun and places a quietus upon that distracting question. The people of that Territory can now turn their attention to peaceful pursuits, and the development of her resources, until such time as, by the increase of her population, she shall be entitled to one Representative in Congress. And not only does this augur a better state of feeling in the territory itself, but it knocks away one of the main props that upheld the hopes of the Black Republicans for success in the campaign of 1860. In addition to this, the ultra views and abominable House-to examine into and report upon the fidoctrines of that arch-enemy of the South, Wm. H. Seward, promulgated in his recent Rochester speech, viz: that the war of sections is bound to be interminable until one or the other is subjugated,

have shorn the strong locks from this Sampson of

fanaticism and reduced his chances for the black

mere cypher. The masterly effort of Gov. Hammond, too, to On our 2d page we publish a very interest- raise the olive-branch above the belligerent feeling debate which sprang up in the Senate, on the ings and prejudices of sections, has contributed in 27th ult., upon a resolution offered by Mr Turner no small degree to planting the seeds of a permaof Orange, censuring the Administration for al- nent peace. And while it is the duty of every ledged interference in the recent Illinois election. true Southron, in defence of the rights of his sec-Mr Turner called upon the Hon. Bedford Brown tion, to stand forth as fearless as the wolf that to respond to the resolution and to raise his voice prowls upon his native hills, and to strike long and in condemning such interference. Mr B. did heavily for State-rights and State equality, it is respond to the resolution, but it was in a manner equally his duty to desire and accept a cessation calculated to give the mover very little comfort. of hostilities upon honorable terms. The real in-He defended Mr Buchanan from the attack made | terests of the South are not subserved by a conujon him in the resolution, giving a portion in tinual clamor against Northern men and every due season to the enemies, not only of the demo-thing that looks to the perpetuity of the Union. eratic party, but of the South Mr B.'s off-hand The South has friends at the North who are so speech fully establishes the reputation he so justly not only from patriotic motives, but from interest; enjoys as a ready debater, and a statesman of no and we believe that whenever any great question arises vitally affecting the South, the latter of these motives will prove strong enough, if the

former does not, to guarantee ample protection. These things, together with the reaction favorable to the democratic party which is bound to take place in those States where the recent fall elections have resulted adversely, hold out the flattering hope that sectional strife will speedily come to an end; and peace, spreading herself upon poised wing over our whole land, shower her blessings upon a rejoicing country.

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS.

The "Bill to create and establish Courts of Common Pleas," for each county, was introduced into the Senate by Mr Houston, of Duplin, the main provisions of which we give synoptically:

The first section provides, that on the first Thursday in March, 1859, and every four years thereafter, polls shall be opened at the several precincts in each county in the State, under the same regulations as in elections for members of the General Assembly, for the elections of persons of injudges of the courts of common pleas; each county

Section second, provides that the judge shall hold his office for the term of four years, and that he may be removed by impeachment.

Section third, establishes the court under the name of "Court of Common Pleas," and provides for quarterly sessions, viz: on the Tuesday next after the Mondays upon which the several county courts are now held; the said court to continue its sittings for ten days if necessary, and to have cognizance of all actions and pleas, civil and criminal, of which the county court now has jurisdiction. The judge shall have power to try and determine all causes of a civil nature whatever, at common law, where the defendants, or one of them reside in his county, when the original jurisdiction is not by any act of the General Assembly confined to a single magistrate, or to the superior court; he shall have power to try and determine all matters relating to orphans, idiots and lunatics, and the management of their estates, in like manner as

Section fourth, gives to the judge the same powwork, "Cantwell's Law Practice." It will prove a er as is by law conferred upon any Judge of the valuable book of reference to the Judge, the Law- Superior court, except in cases where judgment

Section fifth, styles the courts of pleas and quar-

Section 6th, makes the clerk of the County court, cility with which you may refer to any legal point | ex officio, clerk of the Court of Common Pleas. affected by statute. What he claims, and may Section seventh, allows the judge to be selected justly claim, as originating with himself, is the from any county in the State, and not requiring order and arrangement of the subjects, and the di- him to become a citizen of the county in which he vision and the proper classification of them into may be elected; the county paying him not less the Judicial, Executive and Legislative. The than \$200 per annum, payable quarterly; besides Judge, the Superior Court, the County Court, the on every civil action and every indictment, to be Governor, the Guardian, ctc. etc., have all their allowed \$1 each, to be collected from the parties functions under each head properly and convient- convicted and on every grant of administration

powers of discrimination. The arrangement adop- Section ninth, provides for taking appeals from ted amounts in fact to a considerable simplification | the court of common pleas to the supreme court

> and appearance docket, and all papers connected with any civil or criminal cause, of the county court to the court of common pleas.

Section eleventh, provides for the payment of

jurymen and witnesses. Section twelfth, provides that whenever any person shall be served with a capias ad satisfaciendum, and desires to take the oath made for insolvent debtors, he shall give bond for his appear-

ance at the court of Common pleas. The provisions of sections 13, 14 and 15, are of minor importance.

We have received from the press of the entitled: "The influence of Material Agents in developing Man, an Address delivered before the THE FIRST SHAD .- The Columbus (Ga.) Times | Literary Societies of Wake Forest College, June, chronicles the appearance of the first shad at that 1858, by S. S. Satchwell, A. M., M. D." We have perused it with a great deal of interest. He, too, was in favor of free trade in railroads.

Legislature of North Carolina.

In the Senate on the 27th ult., Mr Dobson from the Judiciary committee, to whom had been referred a bill authorizing county courts to abolish or establish jury trials, and a bill for the election of Clerks and Masters by the people, reported said bills back to the Senate with a recommendation that they do not pass.

Mr Houston, from the same committee, who were to enquire into the expediency of so amending the system of vote by ballot as to substitute the viva voce method, reported the same back to the Senate and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the question. Concurred in.

In the HOUSE, Mr Caldwell, of Guilford, introduced a bill to charter the State Improvement and Relief Bank of North Carolina.

Mr Masten, to provide for the election of Clerks and Masters in Equity by the people.

The joint Resolution approving of the naval commission, appointed to examine the Deep River Coalfields, and requesting our Senators and Representatives to press the same upon the attention of the government, passed its second reading.

Monday, Nov. 29, 1858. In the SENATE, Mr Worth offered a resolution proposing that a message be sent to the House to raise a joint select committee of five-two on the part of the Senate and three on the part of the nancial conditon and general management of the North-Carolina Railroad company. Adopted.

Mr McDonald, a resolution instructing the comnittee on finance to enquire into the expediency of taxing pedlars of spirituous liquors, and to report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

Mr Steele moved a reconsideration of the vote republican nomination for the Presidency to a just taken on the resolution of Mr Worth. He did so with a view to making that resolution more comprehensive. Concurred in.

Mr Poole thought the contemplated labor too much for one committee-he proposed a division of the labor.

Mr Edney thought all the roads in which the State had an interest should be included, and moved to amend the amendment to that effectproposing a committee of three in the same proportion for each road.

Mr Steele saw no necessity for Mr Edney's amendment. He did not know that there was any foundation for the rumors affoat-there were no complaints, for instance with regard to the Wilmington road. He proposed his amendment because the three roads were one in interest, so far as the State was concerned.

Mr Edney believed the financial interests of the State were in a deplorable condition. If they were found to be well conducted, no harm could come of the enquiry. But it was the duty of the Legislature to look to all interests of the State. The resolution as modified by Mr Edney's

amendment, was adopted. tax lists was now taken up on its second reading, ments. The committee to whom this bill was referred, reported an amendment as follows: strike out "\$3 per day" and insert "a sum not exceeding \$10."

Mr Carmichael offered to amend by inserting 'such compensation as the county court, a majority of the justices present concurring, in their discretion may think proper." Then the pay might be in proportion to the work.

After considerable debate, in which Messrs Houston, Ashe, Leach, Bledsoe, Ramsay, Miller and Dobson, participated, and during which a mo tion, by Mr Miller, to postpone indefinatly failed (three only voting in the affirmative,) the bill passed its second reading, with Mr Carmichael's The bill to repeal the 37th sec. 61 chap. Rev.

Code, prohibiting the building of canals, roads, &c., without authority of the Legislature, was now put upon its second reading. Mr Davidson of Mecklenburg, who introduced

the bill, had hoped the committee to whom that bill had been referred would have reported in favor of the repeal of the section, as its object was to stimulate and encourage private enterprise .-

Mr Ashe considered that the bill required the most serious consideration. There was great necessity for restraining this desire to tap the great road in which the State and individuals were so deeply interested. We had been too long tributary to South Carolina and Virginia. There were three points at which the road might be tapped at slight expense. We had already built up Charleston and other parts of South Carolina, and are now

Mr Brown knew this to be an important question. He hoped the bill would lay over to give gentlemen time to consider. But he must say of Mr Ashe. There was a great civil right involv- question. ed, which no man could disregard. He would not enter into the question for the present.

Mr Edney was for settling the question at once. He was surprised at the notions of Mr Davidson. prohibit stock-jobbers from destroying our great Mr Davidson had consulted the gentlemen con-

nected with the revisal, and none of them could tell how the section ever came into the chapter .-He was in favor of free trade in railroads, and he considered it the duty of every man to vote to strike out the section.

Mr Houston said the question involved was whether the people of the State had a right to build railroads wherever they pleased. It was important to his constituents. He had always been in favor of a proper scheme of public works .-There was danger in hasty legislation. He was for protecting the interests of the people and the State of North Carolina. He desired to have time for consideration, and therefore moved to make the bill Mackerel, Herring. Mullets, and Trout, just received at the special order on Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock.

Mr Brown followed with a few remarks-he was not in favor of the high protective tariff systemthere was no protection in it to the State or people. He demanded equal and exact justice to all--for they lay at the foundation of all the interests of North Carolina.

Mr Edncy said that in a state of nature man had a right to do just as he pleased; but in a state of civil government he had duties as well as rights. He feared the gentleman from Caswell (Mr Brown) would have to reform his views.

Mr Ashe thought the law right as it stood; our great works were gone to destruction if other States be allowed to tap them where they please. He had said there were three points at which the N. C. road could be tapped, he had since discovered there were half a dozen at which it could be drained by the capitalists of South Carolina alone. No one who had given these subjects a moments consideration could say that if you tap a railroad 200 miles long in half dozen places, you would not injure it. Did the affection South Carolina had for us demand such a sacrifice-an affection equal-Messrs Burr, Wilmington, N. C., a neat pamphlet, led only by that felt for us by Virginia. And

made apon the faith of the State's protection. Mr McDonald considered that the act as it stood at present struck at the rights of the citizens .-

Mr Brown would not discuss the question whether this was the Chinese exclusive policy or that of open and unrestricted dealing. But he considered t one of the most important questions of the ses-

The Whatenan

Mr Ashe repelled the imputation of a Chinese policy-he repelled the imputation, because of his love and affection for his State as between Virginia and South-Carolina.

The bill was postponed till the 8th of Dec.

In the HOUSE, Mr Simpson introduced a bill to incorporate the Greensboro' and Danville Railroad. Referred to the committee on internal im-

Mr Shaw, to prevent horse stealing. [This bill provides whipping for the first, branding on the nesday. forehead for the second, and death for the third offence.]

Mr Barbee, to amend an act concerning Harnett county.

DEEP RIVER IMPROVEMENT. Mr Moore, of Chatham, offered a preamble and oint resolution, stating that the said river has been pronounced by the most eminent and scientific men perfectly practicable, and admirably adapted to slack water navigation; which, if completed in a permanent manner, would be better calculated to convey the produce of that region to of transportation. And as the General Government has been induced to order a corps of Government Engineers to examine and report as to the Mr McRae, was going through the State advocating the expediency of selecting that locality as the site of

a National Foundry, therefore, Resolved, The Senate concurring, a joint select committee of five members be appointed to examine and report to this General Assembly the condition of the works upon Deep River, and whether it be not for the best interest of the State to complete said works in a permanent manner. Adopted. The joint resolution relative to the navy com-

mission appointed to examine Deep River Coalfields, passed its third reading. In the SENATE on the 30th ult., Mr Thomas ntroduced a bill to establish the system of free

banking. Mr Walkup introduced a bill requiring Justices of the Peace to keep a record of their magisterial business, and providing for the payment of fees for

Mr Gilmore, a bill assenting to the purchase, if needed, of a site for a National Foundry on Deep Mr Steele, a bill to amend the charter of the

Wilmington and Rutherford Railroad Company. The bill to provide for the election of Clerks and Masters by the people, was rejected on the second reading.

In the HOUSE, Mr Kerr introduced a bill to establish an 8th Judicial Circuit.

A bill to alter the mode of paying members of years. General Assembly was rejected. Also a resolu-The bill to pay justices of the peace for taking tion to provide the public press with printed docu-A lengthy discussion sprang up on the Me-

> In the SENATE, on the 1st inst., Mr McKoy introduced a bill to incorporate the Fayetteville branch of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad

chanic's Lien Law, which was at last indefinitely

from Fayetteville to Warsaw In the HOUSE, Mr Benbury, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported that E. G. Haywood, member from Wake, was at the time of his election, and is now, Clerk and Master in Equity for Wake county, offering a preamble and resolutions that, E. G. Haywood, a member of the House, being "as a Clerk and Master in Equity," constitutionally disqualified to sit as a member, and declaring that the seat now held by said E. G. Haywood is hereby declared vacant, and that the Speaker of the House of Commons be instructed to issue a writ of election to supply the said vacant

After some discussion, on motion of Mr Kerr, the resolution was made the order of the day on Tuesday, 7th Dec., at 12 o'clock.

BETTER GO BACK AND "TREAT."-The Indiana Legislature, on the 26th ult., passed a joint resolution declaring the election two years ago of Messrs Bright and Fitch to the U.S. Senate, unconstitutional, illegal and void. Bright and Fitch should lose no time in providing the means for having that vote reconsidered, viz: a ten-gallon keg of old "burst head." Treat them-that's the ideasneered at for it. He moved to lay the bill on the first with whiskey, then with contempt; for surely such a foolish move of the black republicans deserve nothing better. The United States Senate declared by resolution last June that those Senathat he dissented very materially from the views tors were entitled to their seats .- That settles the

Quite an extensive little 'muss' has been stirred up in the Hebrew world by the abduction of a Jewish child from his parents at Bologna, The law intended to protect the State interest-to Italy, by the emisaries of the Pope; who, in defence of their conduct, allege that the child had been baptized by a Catholic servant girl, and must therefore be educated in that faith. Our Government has been petitioned for its influence in procuring the restoration of the child, but Gen. Cass refused to interfere in the matter.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27 .- There is no truth in the report circulated throughout the South, that Now occupied by A. Graham. Possession given 1st Secretary Cobb has accepted the position of Minister Dec. 7, 1858. Apply to

English Dairy Cheese, Smoked Tongue, Pine Apple Cheese, (nice articles,) Pickled Salmon,

One door above the Bank of Charlotte. CIDER.—Just received 20 dozen Champaigne Cider in quarts and pints.

FRESH Lager Beer in pints and quarts, just received. Also, Barclay & Perkins' best OLD LONDON PORTER. Also, ALE, just received at J. D. PALMER'S.

42,000 Genuine Segars, Of various brands, for sale by November 30, 1858

State of North Carolina, Union County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1858. Calvin Laney vs. L. H. Funderburk, Henry Funderburk. Leny on Land.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Henry Funderburk, resides beyond the limits of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six successive weeks in the "Western Democrat," a paper published in the town of Charlotte, for said defendant, commanding him to be and appear before the justices of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Union, at the Court House in Munroe, for us demand such a sacrifice—an affection equal-led only by that felt for us by Virginia. And were we to disregard our own private subscriptions,

Witness, J. F. Houge, Clerk of our said court at office in Monroe the 1st Monday in October A. D. 1858 and in the 83d year of our independence. Pr. adv. \$6 [37-6t] J. F. HOUGH, c. v. c. c.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DEMOCRAT. RALEIGH, Dec. 4, 1858. Since my last letter the Legislature has been driving

ahead. The Speaker of the House, Hon. Thos. Settle, Jr., makes a good presiding officer, and is spoken of in complimentary terms by every one. C. H. Wiley has been re-elected Superintendent of

Common Schools. R. P. Waring, Esq., of Charlotte, was a candidate for the office, and received 13 votes. The bill providing aid for the Coal Field Railroad by an exchange of bonds, was under discussion in both Houses on Thursday. Mr Gilmore made an able speech in its favor in the Senate; and Mr McKay, in the House, made an appeal that ought to have convinced all that the bill should pass. It should stand on its own merits, as a matter in which the State is interested. The Senate postponed the bill for consideration on Tuesday, and the House has agreed to take it up again on Wed-

In the case of Mr Moore, a member from Martin county, who is not 21 years old, the House decided to allow him to retain his seat, the Constitution being silent as to the age requisite for a member, although it does not permit a man under 21 to vote. A bill has been introduced to prevent Gipsies from

strolling through the State. The Danville connection bill is now before the Legislature, and is creating some sensation, you may depend. Among its advocates and opponents there are men of ability, who will discuss the question thoroughly. Your Senator, Mr Davidson, introduced a resolution repealing that odious restriction on the statute book prohibiting the building of a road of any kind without a charter, which caused a considerable flutter among the enemies tide water at a cheaper rate than any other mode of the Danville connection. I see a long article in the last Raleigh Register in opposition to granting a charter. The Register would not have published such an

connection. In the Senate on Friday, the Internal Improvement committee reported against granting a charter, but this

was to have been expected. Bills to increase the salaries of the Superior Court ludges, and to add one or more Judges to the Supreme Court bench were introduced. Also, by Mr Davidson, to facilitate the collection of debts.

at Charlotte. Gov. Bragg gave a grand party on Thursday night, and Hon. Mr Branch had one on Tuesday night. Everybody enjoyed themselves and everything passed off

In the House, on Friday, Dr Pritchard introduced a

bill to incorporate the North Carolina Military Institute

MARRIED. In Chester, on the 25th ult., Mr A. P. Clarke to Miss

Margaret Nail. In Augusta, Arkansas, on the 9th ultimo, Mr John R Hood, Jr., (son of the late Jonathan R. Hood, of York Dist., S. C.,) to Miss Cornelia Boggs. In Guilford county, on the 25th ult., Mr H. C. Ben-

DIED.

In Gaston county, on the 27th ult., of Paralysis, Col Ionathan G. Hand, aged 59 years. In Raleigh, on the 28th ult., Mrs Kate Smith Yarborough, relict of the late Ed. W. Yarborough, Jr., and

In Chester, Mrs Martha Hamilton, aged about 88

Everettsville, Wayne county. In York District, on the 29th ult., Mr John R. Wright, in the 21st year of his age. In Salem, N. C., on the 23d ult., Micajah Wilson, in the 74th year of his age.

In Hillsborough, on the 25th ult., after a long and

painful illness, Richard Nichols, Esq., aged about 71 y'rs. 3 or 4 Young Men

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

Will be taken as boarders for the next year. Apply to

FOR SALE. A new frame two story house with FIVE ROOMS and Gas Fixtures, situated on main street, convenien to the business part of town. There is a good Well of water and Well-house on the premises-Kitchen and all out buildings are new. The lot fronts 99 feet on main street, running along a cross street 396 feet, back to church street, where there is also a good frame dwell-WM. HARTY.

ing fronting church street. For terms &c., apply to James HARTY. Dec. 7, 1858

NOTICE. I will sell at public auction, on Thursday the 30th instant, at the residence of the late Rev. C. Johnston, D. D., in the town of Charlotte, Household and Kitchen Furniture, a Library of valuable Books, &c., &c. At the same time I will sell a valuable NEGRO

WOMAN. A credit will be given. JOS. H. WILSON, Adm'r, with the Will annexed. N. B .- All persons indebted to the Estate are requested to pay up; and those having claims are request- | ing. ed to present them for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

At a Meeting

JOS. H. WILSON, Adm'r.

Of the Board of Commissioners held the 4th day of December, A. D., 1858, at their council Chamber, Present David Parks, Intendant, Emor Graham, R. F. Davidson, S. M. Blair, John Harty, R. M. Jamison and Allen Cruse Commissioners, the following proceedings were had, to-wit:

Resolved, That S. A. Harris, Solomon Cohen, H. M. Phelps, John Wiley and Francis Scarr be appointed "Fire Masters" for the Town of Charlotte; and that they be instructed and impowered to proceed immediately towards the formation of a company of slaves, for the working of the Hose and Engine.

Resolved further, That they be authorized to pay the owners of said slaves belonging to the Company the sum of 50 cents for each and every half day's work performed by said slaves, except in cases of Fire; they bemonth, or as often as the Fire Masters may deem pru- stock of J. B. KERR. Charlotte, Dec. 7. Town Clerk.

House and Lot for Sale, OR RENT,

THOS. TROTTER.

GOLD MINES,

IRON WORKS, 15,000 Acres LAND AND 14 NEGROES TO BE SOLD. By virtue of a mortgage made by the High Shoals Mining and Manufacturing Company, the undersigned will sell for cash, at the High Shoals, Gaston county, North Carolina, on the 22d of December next, that extensive, valuable, and well known property called the "HIGH SHOALS," comprising about 15,000 acres of

Land lying on the waters of the South Fork River, Long Creck and other streams in the counties of Lincoln and Gaston. These lands are rich in Gold Mines, Iron Ore, Lime, &c., and are supplied with the best water power | in said Trust, consisting of Also, 14 NEGROES, all, but one, Men and good Me-Nov. 16, 1858. 35-6t] THOS. GRIER, A. Hoyl. 4 TRACTS OF LAND lying in Gaston county P. S .- The sale of this property is postponed till

Chohong Whampoa PRESERVED GIN-GER for sale by J. D. PALMER.

W. P. B. & T. G., Ex'r.

HOUSTON & HUNTER.

Tuesday, 28th of December, when it will

positively take place.

Teas! Teas!!

The following brands: Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Oolong and English Breakfast, for sale by

BREAD and CAKES. Having secured the services of a No. 1 Baker, we are

1st Door from the Court House.

Nov. 23, 1858.

now prepared to furnish the citizens of Charlotte, and mankind in general, with something nice to eat.

Weddings, Parties, &c., furnished at short no-Weddings, Parties, &c., furnished at short notice to order and dispatch.

CHARLOTTE MARKET.

DECEMBER 7, 1858. Corrected weekly by H. B. Williams & Co. COFFEE-Rio, 12] @ 14 Hams, per

11 @ 12 11 @ 114 Sides. Laguira, Hog round, Java 18 @ 22 104 @ 11 SUGARS-LARD. New Orleans. FLOUR-10 @ 11 10 @ 11 Extra superfine Porto Rico. C.coffee sugar 114 @ 124 crushed, 14 @ 00 in bbls 5 00 @ 0 0 do. in bags 2 30 @ 2 40 Superfine " 2 20 @ 2 25 14 @ 15 granulated, " 2 00 @ 0 00 ground, 14 @ 16 GRAIN-85 @ 1 00 Wheat MOLASSES-Corn, (new,) 50 @ 00 Ryc, 70 @ 00 New Orleans 55 @ 60 Sugar House, 60 (a) 70 West India, 55 @ 00 40 @ 45 Beans, white, 1 00 @ 00 BUTTER, Oats, 27 @ 00 45 @ 50 BEESWAX, 10 @ 121 15 @ 00 50 @ 55 CHICKENS, MEAL-COTTON-Eggs. Fair to good, 101 @ 107 FEATHERS, Ordin. to mid. 9 @ 10 BEEF-33 @ 374 On the hoof. 41 @ 0 HIDES-By retail, DOMESTIC GOODS-POTATOES.

SALT, per sack, 1 50 @ 1 60 4-4 sheeting, 9 @ 10 50 @ 62 40 @ 00 h'vy Osnab'gs 11 @ 00 COPPERAS CLOTH, 15 @ 164 CANDLES-Adamantine, 25 @ 30 Linsey, 25 @ 371 COTTON YARN-No. 5 to 10, 1 00 @ 1 10 Tallow, 20 a 25 MACKEBEL-BAGGING-

Rye Whiskey, 75 a 1.00 N. C. " 40 a 45 IRON-Common. Apple Brandy, 75 a 1 00 Peach " 1 00 a 1 50 NAILS. [Nore.-Grain is sold by weight-Corn 56 lbs. per bushel, Wheat 60 lbs., Rye 60 lbs., Oats 33 lbs., and

SPIRITS-

10 @ 11

Gunny,

Peas 60 lbs.]

ROPE, Ky. hemp

No. 1, 79 1 bbl 8 50 a 9 00

REMARKS.

The weather has been so inclement the past week that trade has been rather dull. Cotton has advanced. For alterations in prices see table above. It will be seen that Salt is now selling at \$1.50 to \$1.60 per sack. On Monday trade opened brisk with the prospect of good business through the week.

Pork is worth 64 cents. Eggs wanted. COLUMBIA, Dec. 3 .- The sales of cotton in our market to-day reached 250 bales, at prices ranging from 81 to

CHARLESTON, Dec. 3 .- The sales of cotton to-day mounted to 1,000 bales. Market depressed.

To the Public, and Sportsmen in

particular. Having put on my Farm, two miles Northeast of Charlotte, a Flock of Sheep upon which I place consideroldest daughter of Dr. John Lee Haywood, aged 25 y'rs | able value, (there being amongst them some of the best blooded Sheep that I could procure, and which cost me heavily to import into the State,) I am desirous to protect them against the depredations of DOGS, and de On the 22d inst., at the residence of his father Hon. hereby give notice, that to do so, I am compelled to re-W. H. Battle, at Chapel Hill, Dr. Joel D. Battle, of gard every person who enters upon my land for the purpose of hunting, or with dogs, as a trespasser, and

shall deal with them as the State laws have in such cases provided. All know that prior to this I have interposed no objection to any one who desired to hunt the hare or bag the birds upon my land, and I hope all will appreciate the motive which induces this prohibitory notice. I deem it proper to add, that there is a class of wandering Curs and Hounds which seem to take my fields into the route of their daily travels, for whose special benefit I shall provide, and deposit at convenient places, nice lunches of medicated Beef, in order to secure my stock

against their violence. JNO. A. YOUNG. Nov. 30, 1858.

CHARLOTTE FOUNDRY

Machine Factory. The undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill all orders

for making Steam Engines, Hydraulic Cotton Presses and all kind of Machinery.

ALL KINDS OF CASTINGS n Iron and Brass or other metals MADE AT SHORT NOTICE AND REDUCED PRICES. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Thrashing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Work, and

Agricultural Works of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Jobbing Work, Wagon Work, and Horse Shoeing, done with dispatch. Old Iron and Brass Castings bought at the Foundry, or taken in exchange for Job Work. Wood and Pro-

visions of all kinds taken in exchange for Blacksmith-All Work must be PAID FOR when

DELIVERED, as cash has to be paid for every thing necessary to carry on the establishment. All orders for work must be specified in writing, so that the work and specifications may agree. W. D. PINCKNEY, practical Engineer and Machinist, will give his constant and personal attention to see that all work is done properly and promptly.

This is the only Foundry in the State that casts every day (except Sunday.) All contracts connected with the concern must e made with the undersigned alone. J. A. FOX, Proprietor. Charlotte, N. C. Nov. 30, 1858

REMOVAL.

The Confectionery and Family Grocery Store of MOODY & NISBET has been removed to the stand opposite the Presbyterian Church, where they are receiving required to Exercise the Engine at least once a ing direct from New York large additions to their

> CONFECTIONERIES. FAMILY GROCERIES, &c. Among their stock may be found everything usually kept in a store of this kind. A good assortment of

> Cake Trimmings, Willow Ware, &c., always on hand. They have in their employ an excellent BAKER, and are prepared to furnish Families and Partys with Cakes of all kinds at short notice. MOODY & NISBET. Nov. 16, 1858.

We have also opened a branch of our store at Lincolnton, where Mr Moody will superintend the business, and hopes to secure a share of public patronage in that

MOODY & NISBET. Trust Sale. By virtue of an assignment to us made by David

Smith of Lincoln county, we will expose to public sale at the residence of said Smith, 6 miles Southeast of Lincolnton on the Tuckaseege road, on the 29th and 30th days of DECEMBER, all the property contained

Five Negroes,

W. P. BYNUM, Ex'rs of 3 Men and 2 Women, which will be sold for Cash; 3 or hold and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Tools, Hogs, Cattle, Horses and Mules, and a variety of other articles contained in said Trust, which will be sold on a credit made known on day of sale, to satisfy debts contained J. B. SMITH. in said assignment.

F. M. REINHARDT, N. B .- All persons having claims secured in the Trust will please present them on the 29th and 30th of December, the days of sale, to J. B. SMITH, F. M. REINHARDT.

Land For Sale.

By order of the County Court, I will expose to public sale at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 1st day of 150 acres, subject to the Widow's dower. The land is sold to make assetts in my hands for the payment of the debts of the intestate. W. J. KERR, Adm'r. debts of the intestate.

36-6t Nov. 22, 1858.